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J. L. RYAN, B.A., LL.B.
Attorney-at-Law
Offices Bank of Nova Scotia Bldg.
Campbellton, N. B.
P. O. BOX 297 PHONE NO. 113

The Winter Term
—OPENS AT—
FREDERICTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
—ON—
Monday, January 4th
Full particulars furnished on applications. Address
W. J. OSBORNE, Principal.
Fredericton, N. B.

I wish to thank the public for their most generous patronage and to announce that our new term will begin Monday, Jan. 4.

S. KERR,
Principal

SUCCESS TALK
The man who tries to discourage you—the person who informs you "There's no chance any more" has prepared himself properly for success. He's a winner. He's a quitter. All the big jobs of the day are held by men who when boys "didn't have a chance." There are better chances to-day. Write us.
SUCCESS BUSINESS COLLEGES
Amherst and Truro.

OPEN SEASON

REMINGTON,
ROSS and
SAVAGE RIFLES

—A Full Line of—
HEATERS and STOVES

BOOTS and SHOES

LEATHER GLOVES, MITTS

BROTHERHOOD

OVERALLS

HARD, SOFT, and

BLACKSMITH COAL

AT LOWEST PRICES

W. T. COOK

GENERAL MERCHANT

Original

and

GENUINE

Beware of

Imitations

Sold on

Merits of

Minards

NOTICE OF SALE

To Philip, Bois de Dundas in the County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick, and all others whom it may concern:
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage bearing date the second day of July A. D. 1909, and made between the said Philip Bois of the one part and James Martin of the other part, duly registered in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the County of Restigouche as Number 11, 955 in Book "A.2" on pages 341, 342 and 343 of the Records of said County, there will for the purpose of satisfying the money secured by the said Mortgage of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in the Town of Dalhousie, in the County of Restigouche, on Tuesday the ninth day of March next at two o'clock in the afternoon, the lands and premises mentioned and described as follows: "ALL AND SINGULAR the Eastern half of that certain lot or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the parish of Dalhousie, in the County of Restigouche and having a frontage of three acres, the whole of the said land being bounded as follows: Beginning at a Beech tree standing at the north Eastern angle of Lot F in Colebrook's lot running by the margin South eight-seven degrees and forty five minutes East 17 chains to a Maple tree thence South fifty-nine chains to a Birch tree thence North eighty-seven degrees and forty-five minutes West seventeen chains to a Fir tree and thence North fifty-nine chains to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres more or less and distinguished as Lot G." together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any manner appertaining.
Dated the eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1914.

JAMES MARTIN,
Mortgagee.
E. RENE RICHARD,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.
Dec. 24th-10 ins.

IN THE PROBATE COURT

OF RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY

To the Sheriff of the County of Restigouche, or any Constable within the said County, GREETING:
Whereas James Harquail and Charles Stewart, Executors and Trustees of the Estate of John Harquail, late of the Parish of Dalhousie in said County, deceased, have filed in this Court an account of their administration of the said deceased's estate, and have prayed that the same may be passed and allowed in due form of law, and that an order may be made for the distribution of the surplus or residue of the personal property of the said estate which may be found remaining in their hands;

You are therefore required to cite the heirs, devisees, legatees, and next of kin of the said deceased, and all the creditors and other persons interested in his said estate, to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held in and for the said County, at the Office of the Registrar of Probates for the said County, in the Town of Dalhousie in the said County of Restigouche, on Monday the twenty-ninth day of March, A. D. 1915, at one o'clock in the afternoon, thence to attend the passing and allowing of the said account, and the making or decreeing of any order for distribution of any such surplus or residue as before mentioned.
Given under my hand and seal of the said Probate Court, this seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1914.
(Signed) FRANCIS F. MATHESON, Judge of Probate.

(Signed) HARRIET E. MOTT, Registrar of Probates, County of Restigouche, Dec. 24th-10 months.

PROBATE COURT,

COUNTY OF RESTIGOUCHE.

In the matter of the Estate of Sarah A. McDonald, deceased.
To the Sheriff of the County of Restigouche, or any constable within the said County, GREETING:
WHEREAS Jane Harris, Administratrix of the estate of Sarah A. McDonald late of the Town of Campbellton in the County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick, deceased, has prayed that she may be allowed to pass her accounts as Administratrix and that an order for distribution may be made in the said estate.

You are therefore required to cite the heirs, next of kin, creditors and all others interested to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held in the Council Chamber in the Murray Block in the Town of Campbellton, on Tuesday the sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1915, at two o'clock in the afternoon to show cause if any, why the accounts of the said Administratrix should not be passed and an order made for distribution.
Given under my hand and seal of the said Court this eleventh day of January, A. D. 1915.
(Sgd.) FRANCIS F. MATHESON, Judge of Probate.

HARRIET E. MOTT,
Registrar of Probate.
Jan. 14th-4 ins.

ESTATE NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have appointed Executors of the Estate of Arthur H. Hilyard, late of the Parish of Dalhousie in the County of Restigouche, deceased. All persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make payment forthwith, and all creditors of the Estate are requested to file their claims duly proven, within three months from this date.
Campbellton, N. B., January 7th, 1915.

HERBERT A. HILYARD,
GEORGE A. HILYARD,
WILLIAM S. SMITH,
Executors.
H. A. CARR,
Froctor.

PROBATE COURT,

COUNTY OF RESTIGOUCHE.

In the matter of the Estate of John Miller, deceased.
To the Sheriff of the County of Restigouche or any constable within the said County, GREETING:
WHEREAS John McNicol and Margaret Ann McNicol, Executors and Executrix of the estate of John Miller late of the Parish of Durham in the County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick, deceased, have prayed that they may be allowed to pass their accounts as Executor and Executrix and that an order for distribution may be made in the said estate.

You are therefore required to cite the heirs, next of kin, creditors and all others interested to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held in the Council Room in the Murray Block in the Town of Campbellton, on Monday the thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1915, at 2 p. m. in the afternoon, to show cause if any, why the accounts of the said Executor and Executrix should not be passed and an order made for distribution.
Given under my hand and seal of the said Court this eleventh day of January, A. D. 1915.
(Sgd.) FRANCIS F. MATHESON, Judge of Probate.

HARRIET E. MOTT,
Registrar of Probate.
Jan. 14th-4 ins.

PROBATE COURT,

COUNTY OF RESTIGOUCHE.

In the matter of the Estate of Allan K. Thomson, deceased.
To the Sheriff of the County of Restigouche or any constable within the said County, GREETING:
WHEREAS Jane Thomson, Administratrix of the estate of Allan K. Thomson late of the Town of Campbellton in the County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick, deceased, has prayed that she may be allowed to pass her accounts as Administratrix and that an order for distribution may be made in the said estate.

You are therefore required to cite the heirs, next of kin, creditors and all others interested to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held in the Council Chambers in the Murray Block in the Town of Campbellton, on Monday the twenty-second day of February, A. D. 1915, at two o'clock in the afternoon to show cause if any, why the accounts of the said Administratrix should not be passed and an order for distribution made.
Given under my hand and seal of the said Court this eleventh day of January, A. D. 1915.
(Sgd.) FRANCIS F. MATHESON, Judge of Probate.

HARRIET E. MOTT,
Registrar of Probate.
Jan. 14th-4 ins.

LIVERY STABLE

I have a first class equipment, good horses and prompt attention.

I also drive passengers from Campbellton to Cross Point station every morning. Phone 123 and I will call anywhere in town. Fare—the usual rate.
N. W. LIVEQUE,
O'Leary Street
2nd Stable Opposite St. Louis Hotel.
Jan. 4th-6 mons.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the International Railway Company of New Brunswick will, at the next session of the Legislature of New Brunswick, make application for the passing of an Act empowering the company to sell and convey to the Ministry of the King (in right of the Dominion of Canada) the Railway of the Company extending from the Intercolonial Railway at Campbellton to St. Leonard's on the St. John river, likewise its Charter, Franchise, Rolling Stock and other property.
Dated at Campbellton, N. B., January 7th, 1915.
THOS. MALCOLM,
President.

NOTICE

This is becoming a most popular game for the long winter evenings. Sent post paid upon receipt of coupon and 46 cents. Order quickly as only a limited number in stock. Address,
GRAPHIC LIMITED,
Campbellton.

CANADIAN EXPRESS CO.

ABOUT TO CELEBRATE

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY

Within a few days, the Canadian Express Company as such, will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary, letters patent having been granted to the forwarding company under this name by the Federal Government early in February, 1865. The original name of the company was the British American Express, established in the early '50's, when it operated stage lines during the winter months, supplementing these with steamboat connections during the months when water navigation was possible.

The Canadian Express is therefore actually older than the Grand Trunk Railway System, on which it operates to-day, although the Grand Trunk was the second railway opened on this continent. As early as 1858 a branch office had been opened in Liverpool, and for many years this was the only express company with headquarters in America having offices in Great Britain. To-day, with European head-

WOOD ASHES AS A

POTASSIC FERTILIZER

The ashes of wood have long been recognized as a fertilizer of very considerable value, indeed their use in agriculture is historic. In all countries, including Canada, practicing agriculturists have been highly prized, especially for clover, grapes and fruit trees and leafy crops generally, on sandy and light loams and it was only with the advent of the German potash salts that their use fell off, though, of course, their production in decreasing quantities of late years, owing to the disappearance of our forests, has been an important factor in making it more and more difficult for the farmer in the older settled districts to obtain them.

They are essentially a potassic fertilizer, ashes of good quality, that is, dry, unmixing with sand, etc., and leached, containing between 4 per cent and 6½ per cent potash—the average potash content being about 5½ per cent. This potash is in a soluble form and is immediately available for crop use; moreover the writer considers that it exists in these ashes in a condition (the carbonate) much more favourable for the nutrition of plants than that in the German compounds and should be worth at least 1 cent there per pound more than in the latter. There is in fact no better potassic fertilizer.

In addition to their potash they contain some 2 per cent phosphoric acid and from 20 to 30 per cent carbonate of lime, enhancing their fertilizing value and making them, in a sense, an all-round fertilizer required by crops. And, further, their correct acidity, a condition detrimental to the growth of most farm crops. The German potash salts are of no value for neutralizing acidity.

Naturally, genuine wood ashes are somewhat variable in composition, depending partly on the nature of the wood producing them and partly on the care with which they have been collected and stored. Willful adulteration of a gross character has been occasionally detected in commercial samples. In addition of sand and other inert matter and leaching being the most common forms of adulteration.

There is a general belief that ashes from hardwoods, as a class, are richer in potash than those from soft woods but our analyses scarcely confirm this impression. As might be expected, woods differ very considerably in their potash content and the ashes of twigs and boughs are much richer than those of trunk woods. Pine and other soft woods as a rule contain less ash than the hardwoods and are much lighter in character and it is this latter quality or property we think that has given rise to the common belief. It is not according to our results we cannot find that weigh for weight the ashes of soft wood are much, if any, poorer than those from hardwoods.

Our advice in these times must, therefore, be to conserve more carefully the home source of potash, not merely collecting the ashes from the house stoves but burning such brush piles, old roots, etc., as may result from the clearing of land, pruning of orchards, etc., and saving the resulting ashes. Storage in a shed or receptacle protected from the weather is essential to prevent deterioration.

From 25 to 50 bushels of wood ashes will furnish from 60 to 120 pounds of potash, the latter an ample dressing for very light soils. They are no needed on heavy clay loams, indeed their use on such may destroy good tilth and do more harm than good. Their application is best deferred till spring, broadcasting, preferably on a quiet damp day, on the ploughed land and incorporating with a thorough harrowing.

For clover, corn and mangels, they will be found very valuable. Especially are they beneficial for orchards and for grapes on sandy loams. For turnips, mixed with one-third to one-half their weight of bone meal, they have similarly proved advantageous. But indeed there are few crops on light and gravelly soils, as also on vegetable lands, inclined to be sour, for which wood ashes cannot be employed with profit.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR

FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Try It! Hair gets soft, fluffy and beautiful—Get a 25 cent bottle of Dandruff.

If you care for heavy hair that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Dandruff. Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. You can not have nice heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots flamb, become and die; then the hair falls out. Surely get a 25-cent bottle of Dandruff. Dandruff from any drug store and just try it.

quarters at 17 Cockburn street, London, it has branch agencies at Liverpool, Birmingham, Manchester, Glasgow and Antwerp. With thousands of employees, 9,676 miles of railway lines and inland water routes are served, including the entire system of the Grand Trunk, the Grand Trunk Pacific, the Canadian Government railways, and the Central Vermont. Since October 1, 1911, when Mr. C. M. Hays, then at the head of the company, became chairman of the board of directors, the president has been Mr. John Pullen, formerly assistant freight traffic manager of the Grand Trunk.

W. C. T. U.

This department is conducted by the Local Union, and is under the charge of an editor appointed by them. This Editor assumes the responsibility for the statements and articles which appear in this column.

THINKING OF OTHERS

By Mrs. F. E. Blackhall.

Read at the W. C. T. U. meeting, Jan. 12th, 1915.

A wonderful subject with unlimited possibilities and with a world wide scope. We have only to look through the pages of history to understand how it has inspired men and women through all the ages. It is both a national and individual characteristic. For centuries it has been a constant source of dispute among logicians and psychologists whether it is possible to think without the aid of language. However, we need not be seriously concerned with this argument, as we have one of the most versatile of languages to aid us. Capel Loft, says: in his curious book on self-formation, that no person has ever written on the "Art of Meditation", he goes further than this, and says that not one man in twenty ever does think, by which he means that very few men think to any purpose or with any system. Most of the people in the world, take their opinions ready made from the newspapers or their neighbours, or in general from the fashion.

There is indeed a habit, for which two causes could be found of taking it for granted, that men cannot control their thoughts. It is said squarely, that the thoughts come or go wholly without the choice or power of the man. But this is not the theory of the great men, of the real leaders. They bid us control our thoughts, that is to learn to think, just as we control any other appetites. Paul tells us what we are to think of, and he goes on to the other matter, which is more dangerous and tells us what we are to think of. There are things which are not even to be spoken of, and with an allowable paradox, Paul tells us what they are. It is only writers of a lower grade who seem to take for granted that you must let thoughts go or come at their reckless pleasure, or by the mere chance of what may be the condition of the circulation of blood upon the brain. Some writers if they were pressed would have to say that you are not to undertake any control of bodily appetites, any more than you undertake the control of mental processes. But the truth is that man is master of mind, and the mind is master of body. This is the privilege of a child of God, and a true man asserts his empire and uses it. It would be impossible for him to begin all of a sudden in such control, if he had never used it before. But he can learn how to gain such control. He can have more today than he had last Tuesday, and of can have more next Tuesday than he has today. This is what is meant by learning to think. Thus a woman may train her memory to do better work for her this year than it did last year.

Thousands of women have first been inspired to think of others through their church sewing circle and missionary societies. Also the widely spread Women's Christian Temperance Union organizations, have had much to do with enabling her to find herself. Women of today, because they have been persistently thinking of the needs of others, have learned to write papers, address audiences, to preside over meetings, to organize committees, and it has developed in them a distinct responsibility in a great many branches of endeavor. And as our responsibility toward others develops within us, so will our capacities mature, and our field of usefulness be enlarged.

"Within thyself some dormant seedling lies just waiting for the tillage of thy will to aid its growth. From which some day may spring a harvest worthy of the reapers' till. Within thyself there lies some dormant power. As potent as has ever come to light. But which awaits the coming of the hour. When thou shalt bring it forth before man's sight."

When we stop to consider the millions of different minds all recording different impressions, as Tennyson says: "Our clouded fancies doth suddenly take shape in some divine expression". And consider that all the institutions and organizations of our land are propagated for the purpose of helping others, it gives us some idea of the vital interest humanity takes in humanity.

So surely we will all admit that in some degree our lives should be occupied in considering the welfare of others, along with the consideration of our own welfare. In looking back over our past it will bring each one of us a sweet and abiding consolation to know that we have each made the world a little brighter for our having lived, and our fellow men a little happier because we have helped and given them our sympathy.

Life is after all, only a period for effort and accomplishment and nothing should be allowed to defer us from doing our level best in works of mercy and love. Every day brings its own obligations and every hour, they pass never to return for a moment. Emerson says: "What the idle and careless man throws away and loses forever, the diligent and thoughtful man stores away to hold eternally."

"For life is the mirror of King and slave, 'Tis just what you are and do. So give to the world the best you have And the best will come back to you."

REMARKABLE

CASE of Mrs. HAM

Declares Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Saved Her Life and Sanity.

Shamrock, Mo.—"I feel it my duty to tell the public the condition of my health before using your medicine. I had falling, inflammation, female weakness, pains in both sides, backaches and bearing down pains, was short of memory, nervous, impatient, passed sleepless nights, and had neither strength nor energy. There was always a fear and dread in my mind. I had cold, nervous, weak spells, hot flashes, poor appetite. I had a place in my right arm that was so sore that I could hardly bear the weight of my clothes. I tried medicines and doctors, but they did me little good, and I never expected to get out again. I got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and I certainly would have been in grave or in an asylum if your medicines had not saved me. But now I can work all day, sleep well at night, eat anything I want, have no hot flashes or weak, nervous spells. All pains, aches, fears and dreads are gone, my house, children and husband are no longer neglected, as I am almost entirely free of the bad symptoms I had before taking your remedies, and all is pleasure and happiness in my home."

Mrs. JOSIE HAM, R. F. D. 1, Box 22, Shamrock, Missouri.

If you want special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (Confidential) Lynn, Mass.

Consider the helping of others from a purely selfish standpoint. Does it not develop character? Again Emerson says:

"Character is higher than intellect. A great soul will be strong to live as well as to think." And, (as we all know) character is not constituted by a brilliant dash now and then, it is what we make it, by the use of our powers in routine matters. When we see that the helping of others really is such a substantial and enduring harvest, for us, (as well as for those whom we have helped), it should inspire us to give of ourselves and our talents. Sir J. Stevens says, "That every man has in himself a continent of undiscovered character." So if we persist in the good work of giving others a helping hand, we shall discover depths within ourselves never before realized.

AGAINST THE RULES

The new attendant stood sentry at the door of the local picture gallery. Presently a visitor strolled up and was about to enter, when the attendant seized him by the arm and asked him for his walking stick.

"My walking stick?" exclaimed the man astonished. "I have not got one."

"Then you must go and get one," replied the attendant. "My orders are not to allow anyone to enter without leaving his walking stick with me."

BUSINESS AS USUAL

CLASSIFIED

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of a cent a word a week. Minimum charge 25c.

WANTED

A young lady desires a position as stenographer. Capable of conversing in either English or French. Experienced. Apply to
B. A. GRAPHIC OFFICE.
Jan. 21-2 wks.

FARM FOR SALE

At Dalhousie, N. B. Apply
STEWART HAMILTON
Dalhousie, N. B.

FOR SALE

75 cords of dry soft wood. Orders may be let with L. F. Stevens, Chas. Goss or H. W. Richard.
Jan. 7th-15.

WANTED

A second class teacher for Cove school, District Number 4, Parish of Dalhousie. Apply to
WM. ST. ONGE
McDonald Hill, N. B.
Jan. 7th-4ins-pd.

TO RENT

A small house, with modern improvements. For particulars apply to
HAYLOCK SANSON.
D. 23rd-4f.

NOTICE

During the winter months my teams will leave Campbellton at 7.30 a.m. or Cross Point Station to connect with the Quebec Original train. Anyone wishing to go over via please phone 24, and I will meet them in any part of the town.
Good warm rigs. Price per passenger 50 cents.
H. P. DOYLE,
Livery Stable.
Opposite St. Louis Hotel.