

WINS SUIT FOR STRIP OF LAND

C. C. Gordon Entitled to Relief and Title, Chief Justice Decides.

DEFENDANT TO PAY COST

Court Declares Property Not Worth Third of Fees Involved.

The deciding of the ownership of a short strip of land, 2 1/2 feet wide took up part of Tuesday afternoon and all Wednesday morning at the spring assizes at the courthouse before Chief Justice R. M. Meredith.

The property, situated on Worthington road, was claimed by C. C. Gordon, plaintiff in the action, and H. R. Colbert, the court giving judgment in favor of the plaintiff, the costs to be paid by Mr. Colbert.

"A determined Englishman on one side and a determined Irishman on the other," observed the court. "It is a pity that the two parties could not get together on this action."

According to the evidence of Mr. Gordon, given Tuesday afternoon, Mr. Colbert had made some alterations to his premises and had graded his lawn over the edge of the plaintiff's property, some 30 inches being involved.

"The plaintiff is entitled to relief," declared the chief justice in giving judgment. "The land is of very little value, perhaps not worth one third of the cost of this action. However, the parties have the right to litigate if they so choose."

"The plaintiff's possession was invaded by the defendant, and if he can show a better title to the land, he succeeds. However, in my opinion he fails, being unable to show by any process that he has fixed the line."

The surveyor's evidence, however, was to the effect that the line runs from 1881 to 1891 and is quite plain that after the fence was removed that the parties on both sides knew where the true line was. I accept Mrs. Rowat's evidence in the matter."

"The plaintiff is entitled to judgment, on a straight line being drawn to the post holes of that fence, and also the costs of the action."

It was stated that the land in question was worth about \$160, according to information given by Mr. Gordon on examination for discovery.

Harry Greenless appeared for the plaintiff and J. M. McEvoy, K. C., for the defence.

CHINESE PLAYLET HAS MISSIONARY MORAL

King's Daughters of Ridout Street Methodist Church Offering Well Received.

A playlet, full of color and action, having a moral of serious portent, yet withal enlivened by touches of humor, was presented Tuesday evening at Ridout Street Methodist Church by the members of the King's Daughters Class under the direction of Mrs. Milton Thiel.

The play, called "Broken China," had its beginning in a novel manner. Four "coolies" entered from the rear and paraded down the aisle, carrying a Chinese bride in a sedan chair. An atmosphere of picturesque beauty was lent by the use of colorful Chinese costumes, which had been brought specially from Toronto. The idea which was uppermost throughout the presentation was that China has had just enough of missionary work to upset the homes and make the women of that country long for something better, and yet the work has not sufficiently progressed to give them what they ask for. The keynote lies in the words of the little Chinese bride, who is the heroine, "What your Jesus doctrine has broken, your Jesus doctrine must mend."

The role of the bride was taken by Miss Nettie Goodwin and that of the mother-in-law by Mrs. Marshall, whose interpretation of this somewhat difficult role was particularly fine. Others taking part were Miss Florence Munn as the confidante, Miss Adele Moore as the missionary, Mr. W. B. Spaulding as the husband, and the following as five "coolies," Jack Holmes, Stanley Turner, Harold Deacon, William Edworthy and Harry Moore.

As a prologue to the play some excellent selections were given by the Little Orchestra and a number of enjoyable readings by Miss Frances Carraire.

Another feature of particular interest was some double quartet work given by Mrs. M. Thiel, Miss N. Goodwin, Miss E. Brighton, Miss W. Barnes, Mrs. Durand, Miss B. Adams and Mrs. W. B. Spaulding. Mrs. S. J. Martin acted as chairman throughout the evening.

HOW "TIZ" HELPS SORE, TIRED FEET

Good-bye, sore feet, burning feet, swollen feet, sweaty feet, smelling feet, tired feet.

Good-bye, corns, callouses, bunions and raw spots. No more shoe tightness, no more pinching with pain or drawing up your face in agony. "TIZ" is magical, acts right off.

"TIZ" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. Use "TIZ" and forget your foot miseries. Ah! how comfortable your feet feel. Get a box of "TIZ" now at any drugstore or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. A year's comfort guaranteed for a few cents. Advt.

Day's Legislative Doings at Ottawa

TODAY IN PARLIAMENT. In the Commons. Debate on the address will be continued by John Evans, Progressive member for Saskatoon, who moved the adjournment last night.

YESTERDAY IN PARLIAMENT. Debate on the address resumed by W. G. Raymond (Liberal, Brantford), who said that free trade was an excellent theory, but was not practical under present conditions in Canada. A tariff based on revenue needs, which would afford incidental protection, would be the best for the Dominion. He believed that the Canadian people should have their own railways, and that men of ability and experience could be found to manage them to its credit.

Hon. R. J. Manion (Conservative, Fort William), said that if the Progressives searched until Doomsday they would not find two real free traders among the government forces, with the exception of the members for Brantford and Gloucester (Messrs. McMaster and Tupper). The late government had done nothing to be ashamed of, and had many accomplishments to its credit.

Dr. Manion said that if the St. Lawrence canal project was carried through the Great Lakes would become a Mediterranean Sea of North America. He asked for further aid to returned soldiers.

Turgeon (Liberal, Gloucester) asked for control of the Canadian National system, declaring that only by this method could such a great system be operated successfully. He wanted to see the government system succeed, he said.

A. L. Beaulieu (Progressive, Provencher), declared that middlemen were the farmers' worst enemies, profiting from the labor of the farmer. He advocated the adjustment of the tariff to suit the needs of all classes. He advocated immediate steps to deal with the unemployment problem.

E. B. Rockman (Conservative, Toronto East) declared that while the United States maintained a tariff wall against Canada, he and his constituents were in favor of Canada maintaining her tariff.

E. J. Sexsmith (Progressive, Lennox and Addington) characterized the tariff policy of the late government as one which had been a failure. He declared that employment was largely the result of this mistaken policy. The solution was to change the policy.

Dr. Charles Sheard (Conservative, Toronto West) declared that the Meighen government on the taxes and the restrictions made necessary by the war. The present government would probably share the same fate, he predicted.

John Evans (Progressive, Saskatoon) blamed the old National Policy for closing up thousands of farm homes in Ontario.

Mr. Evans moved the adjournment of the debate.

In the Senate. The Senate did not sit.

EXPERT PRAISES SPRINGBANK PARK

The flower-loving people of London were given a treat on Tuesday evening when Mr. John Dunbar, assistant superintendent of the Parks Board, Rochester, N. Y., gave an illustrated lecture in the Normal school on "Flowering Shrubs and Trees" under the auspices of the London Horticultural Society.

Mr. Dunbar is a well-known lecturer throughout Canada and the United States, having given practically all his life to the study of shrubs and flowers.

W. E. Saunders introduced the speaker. Mr. Dunbar, who visited Springbank Park Tuesday afternoon with Mr. Saunders, declared that the area of the park was surprising to him as well as its picturesque scenery and romantic beauty. It was a splendid example of ornamental horticulture, he said, and he was pleased to notice among its vegetation some of the rare shrubs. He paid tribute to the Horticultural Societies in this part of Canada, and the fact that they had thirty-two thousand members showed the interest of the people in this regard. There was nothing like it in the United States, he declared.

Rochester possessed the only municipal parks system of its kind even attempted in North America, having approximately forty-three thousand hardy trees and shrubs.

China also had its share of trees and shrubs. Highland Park was featured on the screen, and from the numerous plants and shrubs shown, it must rank as one of the most picturesque in America.

Dr. Sargent of Harvard University, who has traveled abroad extensively in search of new specimens, has named some after American statesmen and presidents; and a plum tree, which Mr. Dunbar discovered, is called after himself by Dr. Sargent, namely Prunus Dunbari.

Mr. W. B. Spaulding, announced that the new drive for new members was being made, as they wish to increase the membership to four thousand. He also stated that the society intended holding a Peony show this summer, which will be the largest of its kind ever held in the world, as there will be exhibitors from every part of the continent, with collections from all parts of the world.

The slides shown included flowering trees and shrubs, not only in black and white, but also in their natural colors. These latter slides are produced by a French process, which photographs objects in their real colors.

Various species of the American Hawthorn were shown on the screen, as well as those which are common in Canada. One of the prettiest shrubs was the White Flowering Dogwood, the specimen shown being photographed near Harvard University. There was also a picture of the Chinese Fringe, which is a rare tree found near Shanghai.

Another picture of merit was the one showing a Japanese cherry tree in full bloom. Other Japanese trees were the Thorsax and the Crabapple.

FRANCE APPOINTS GENOA DELEGATE

Paris, March 22.—Gaston Doumergue has been named to head the French delegation to the Genoa conference, following Rene Viviani's refusal of the post, says "Eclair." M. Doumergue is president of the foreign affairs committee of the Senate, and a former premier.

Lady Duff Gordon's Exclusive Shop Unable To Meet Cash Obligations

Special to London Advertiser.

New York, March 22.—The footman guarded, haughtily curtained five-story building around the corner from 5th avenue on 54th street, which houses salons and atelier of Lucile, Limited, appeared to brood today in more than the usual elegant isolation.

For it became known late yesterday that the establishment, one of the largest and most exclusive of its kind in the world, has been unable to withstand present business conditions. An involuntary petition in bankruptcy filed against the company gives liabilities as \$175,000 and assets at approximately \$75,000. It further was explained that these figures inadequately represent the failure.

Lady Duff-Gordon, who gave her name to the famous shop a dozen years ago, is said to be in Paris, where she makes her headquarters, dividing her time between her shop in the French city and another in London.

While creditors are checking up accounts, totaling all the way from a few hundred dollars to \$25,000, the Lucile, Limited, clientele, composed of such members of the socially elite as can afford to run into three figures for the most simple little odds and ends of wardrobes, are wondering where their spring finery is to come from.

STATES SILVER TRAY TOO MUCH IN VOGUE

Rev. Quintin Warner Says Children Must Be Made to Master Difficulties.

WILL DEVELOP MANHOOD

Members of St. George's Mothers' Club Indorse Views Advocated By Minister.

Addressing the St. George's Mothers' Club Tuesday evening on the subject of character, and the part parents and teachers play in developing it in children, Rev. G. Quintin Warner expressed the opinion that children have too many things handed to them on a silver tray in this generation. "They would appreciate education, sports and amusements more if they had to dig harder for them," said he. Further, he impressed upon the mothers that difficulties are needed to develop strong fibre in character, and his advice was to those having children in their charge to give them tasks to master.

Simplicity he considered the dominant characteristic, the keynote of the finest characters.

In order to impress the lesson of how much may be achieved by one little life, properly trained, the speaker showed a violin instrument, a Chinese fiddle with one string. On that one string, he stated, it is possible to play a great variety of tunes.

An interesting discussion followed the address, the consensus of opinion endorsing Mr. Warner's view with regard to the value of mastering difficulties in order to develop character.

The speaker of the evening was the first in the history of the club to appear as a musician as well as a lecturer. Mr. Warner rendered a couple of numbers on his cello, while Miss Helen Hooke at the piano, Miss Irene Strachan sang solos, accompanied by Mrs. Saunders, and Ruth Barbour recited. Mrs. Alfred Drew presided.

CLAIM SOCCER MEN IMPORTED

Continued From Page 3.

a square deal for our citizens? We have as good footballers in London as in any other city, and ones who are looking for work but cannot obtain any.

The city council has given employment to a large number this winter digging sewers three days a week for each man, but there are still many men out of work. Do you think Mr. Ratepayer, that this man is giving a square deal to our citizens by employing out of the men in order to have a football team? I say that it is a farce to allow such a thing to be carried on.

"We are glad to see a good football team in London, but the utilities does not have to import men from all over Ontario in order to have a good team. They have the pick of the city if they will give them work. Why not employ our own citizens instead of outside labor?"

E. BALL, Acting Secretary G.W.V.A.

NEVER APPLIED, BUT GOT BERTH

Though the dozen applicants for the post of overseer of letter carriers at the post office were notified over two months ago, that C. N. Perrin, a night sorter, had been selected for the job, Mr. Perrin was never notified of his appointment. Mr. Perrin at that time said he never applied for the post.

However, a few days ago, he received a letter from the civil service commission, stating that his application for a senior clerkship was being considered in conjunction with the overseas vacancy.

URGES EMPIRE WIRELESS CHAIN

London, March 22.—(Canadian Press Cable)—The council of the Empire Press Union yesterday passed a resolution deploring the lack of adequate telegraphic communication and urgently pressing the government to immediately carry out or support some scheme for an imperial wireless chain obtaining general approval throughout the Empire.

IS FOUND DEAD WITH THROAT CUT

Brantford, March 22.—John Dixon, Cathcart, was found dead in his home Monday morning, with his throat cut. No reason is known for the act. Word was received here only this morning of the tragedy.

THE CONDITION OF A. S. MacGregor, a prominent insurance broker of this city, who is confined to his home through illness, remains unchanged according to the reports of his son, Dr. J. A. MacGregor.

THE ENGINEERING Institute of the city will hold a regular meeting in the Chamber of Commerce committee room on Wednesday night.

explained that these figures inadequately represent the failure.

Lady Duff-Gordon, who gave her name to the famous shop a dozen years ago, is said to be in Paris, where she makes her headquarters, dividing her time between her shop in the French city and another in London.

While creditors are checking up accounts, totaling all the way from a few hundred dollars to \$25,000, the Lucile, Limited, clientele, composed of such members of the socially elite as can afford to run into three figures for the most simple little odds and ends of wardrobes, are wondering where their spring finery is to come from.

IRISH FACTIONS RENEW FIGHTING

Situation Along Ulster Free State Border Becoming Serious.

CHURCHILL IS CONFIDENT Secretary of State Believes Northern Government Can Maintain Order.

BELFAST, March 21.—The situation along the Ulster-Free State border was tense tonight. Fighting was renewed at 6 o'clock this morning from the Free State side of the frontier between Aughnacloy and Caledon. The firing which was from commandeered houses lasted two hours.

At Dromore, Tyrone, two houses were set on fire and one was entirely destroyed. The border position is admittedly disquieting to the authorities here and the absence of telephone communication through Clogher Valley is causing anxiety.

Five houses have been burned in the vicinity of Omagh, capital of county Tyrone. Raiders last evening surrounded Cloghan Lodge, the home of John H. Allingham, near Trillick, county Tyrone, close to the Free State border. Allingham opened fire on the raiders and drove them off.

Encountering Samuel Laird, a worker on the Allingham farm, who also was an Ulster "B" special constable, they shot and killed him.

After describing the shooting of Laird near Trillick, the correspondent of the Belfast Telegraph says the burning of isolated Unionist houses was subsequently begun and that during the night the sky was illuminated with flames from the burning buildings.

The house of John Stewart, in the Dromore district, was visited by raiders and Stewart, who is 70 years old, and lives with his wife and two sons, the latter members of the "B" special constabulary, was shot in defending his home. The raiders then set the house on fire, together with the farm buildings. Stewart was taken to the Tyrone county hospital in a serious condition.

Many other houses in the same vicinity, some of the most substantial farmhouses of the countryside, were set on fire and completely destroyed. The full extent of the damage in this district, however, was not yet known this afternoon.

ARMY AND NAVY VETERANS TO DRIVE FOR MEMBERS

Ask Dominion Government To Carry On Work of Imperial War Graves Commission.

In view of the fact that many of the members of the Army and Navy Veterans' Association are not attending the meetings, and to have power in assisting ex-service men, the membership must be greatly augmented, those at Tuesday evening's meeting of the association adopted the suggestion of Major Cooper of the Provincial Command, to have an organizer visit the London unit and conduct a membership drive.

Major Cooper will be communicated with immediately, and it is expected that the association will be able to put on the biggest membership drive in its history in the course of a few weeks. The motion that Major Cooper's suggestion be adopted was moved by Comrade R. Fraser, and was seconded by Comrade J. Walcott.

Other members also passed a resolution asking that the Dominion government carry on the work of the Imperial war graves' commission, whose charter expired on Sept. 1, 1921. It was the expression of opinion that every veteran who dies should have a monument, and unless the government carries on the work it is too expensive for any soldier organization to handle.

President John Rawlings was in the chair.

TOMORROW DOINGS.

THURSDAY—Fruit Growers' meet at Agricultural office, 7:30 o'clock. Dr. E. E. Prince of Ottawa, delivers Western "U" extension lecture at public library, 8 o'clock.

THOMAS ADAMS, town planning expert, who is assisting the city town planning commission, is expected in the city Wednesday afternoon.

HERBERT E. AMOS of the town-planning of London has, through his solicitor, G. N. Weekes, issued a county court writ against Isaac C. Markie, also of London Township, asking damages for assault.

FIRE DOES SLIGHT DAMAGE. Fire on the second floor of the Bank of Commerce building, Richmond and Dundas streets, at 2 p.m. Wednesday, claimed the attention of the central fire department for a few minutes only. Slight damage is reported.

KING IS RECOVERING. London, March 22.—It was announced this morning that King George was recovering from his indisposition, but would remain in bed for several days. He is suffering from a slight cold and sore throat.

NOTED JOCKEY IS OPIUM VICTIM

Frank Dunbar Is Former Employee of Famous Whitney and Keene Stables.

MUST FACE CHARGE

Known All Over Continent and Rode Last Race in Montreal Last Summer.

New York, March 22.—Frank Dunbar, arrested here this morning, charged with having narcotics in his possession illegally, told detectives that he was at one time one of the best known jockeys on Canadian and United States race tracks.

The officers declared they found Dunbar smoking an opium pipe, and that in his apartment was found raw opium and smoking paraphernalia.

"Five years ago," the prisoner said, "I won the \$10,000 Futurity race at New Orleans. I began as a stable boy for H. P. Whitney, and then went with the Keene stable."

"In 1907," he continued, "I rode in Oakland, Cal., and there I learned to 'hit the pipe.' My last race was run in Montreal last summer. Among the famous horses I rode were Song and Wine, Blue Bonnet, Mrs. Price and Katie K."

Dunbar declared he had ridden under the name of Frank Freeman on many tracks.

FORCED TO THINK DAIL IS FALSE

Continued From Page One.

where the sniping activities were in progress, and heard the shooting going on during a visit to Ballagh Bridge, which divides the two counties, while Capt. Thompson and Head Constable Hall of the Caledon platoon reconnoitring near the border, became targets for the snipers on the other side.

Other officers were similarly exposed while proceeding towards Ballagh Bridge and had to seek safer quarters.

A force of Ulster specials has been moved from Newtown Butler, County Fermanagh, to within a few hundred yards of Clones, in the free state, where there is a strong garrison of the Irish Republican army. Five mobile platoons of specials from Omagh, Dungannon, Cookstown, Strabane and Killeter were concentrated last evening in the Tyrone Hills, from Pomeroy to the Sperrin Mountains, and searched the countryside. The Cookstown platoon found a number of rifles and made five arrests.

Two families in the danger zone moved their entire effects to a safer place further in the Tyrone County interior in consequence of their own farm houses being riddled with bullets. Similarly another farmer was forced to seek shelter with friends in the Caledon district. His house was immediately occupied by snipers.

The police report that the snipers are evidently good marksmen and possess up-to-date field glasses, judging by the prompt way in which they spotted the movement of the opium peddlers. Large bodies of police have been moved to the district and this is reassuring the loyalists to some extent.

WOULD MEAN WAR. London, March 22.—The situation on the border between Ulster and Southern Ireland is going from bad to worse, and a serious danger of a trifling incident might draw the rival forces into a conflict, which would shatter all prospects of peace in Ireland, says the Dublin correspondent of the Times.

"The tragic irony of the situation," he adds, "consists in the fact that the vast majority of Irishmen of all parties deplore the danger, but seem unable to avert it. Each side daily takes some measure of defence which it regards as legitimate, but which produces prompt retaliation from the other side, with the result that political passions are intensified and the pleadings of common sense fall to the ground."

The chief cause of resentment on the northern side of the border is the existence there of organized forces of the Irish republican army, which the northern government insists must depart or be expelled before there can be any talk of peace. On the other hand the southern nationalists claim the right to protect the Catholic minorities in the northeast by every means in their power. They believe the northern police cannot be trusted to act impartially. The southern newspapers in print daily reports of outrages, which these police are allegedly concerned.

"It is notorious that certain sections of the Irish Republican army do not necessarily take orders from Dublin, and that raids of armed republicans into the northern area occur at times."

O'Connor said he thought the maintenance of the republican army in Ulster was necessary for the protection of the people, but that logically the provisional government ought to withdraw it, as the government had assented in the Anglo-Irish treaty to the contracting out of Ulster.

There are now five distinct armed forces in Ireland, O'Connor declared, but he claimed the body he represented was the army of the people. O'Connor's statement embodied the official view of the party of Eamon de Valera, he declared.

CHARLES MITCHELL, a member of the board of health, and Mrs. Mitchell are in Hamilton attending the funeral of Mrs. Mitchell's brother, Charles Glebe, who died a few days ago in Chicago.

J. M. BURGESS, Dreaney avenue, took out building permits for two \$1,700 frame dwellings. A. Saddy, Dundas street, will erect a frame store, costing \$1,100. The permits for March total 8, with a value of \$69,740.

Ex-Alderman Deplores Extravagant Policy of Civic Officials

EX-ALD. W. A. WILSON dropped into The Advertiser to express his views on what he termed "the extravagant policy" of sending seven aldermen to the hydro-electric meeting at Toronto on Tuesday.

"Just imagine sending seven men down there to listen to Beck talk; two at the most, would have been enough."

"You know Cameron Wilson was elected mayor on a policy of economy, yet he allowed that extravagant and outrageous act."

"I note that Drury is keeping close to his policy of economy and efficiency. Perhaps the members of this delegation who went to Toronto may come home with a few of Drury's ideas," said the ex-alderman.

U. S. IS IN FEAR FOR TRADE LOSS

United States May Challenge British Right To Wrangel Island.

IS STRATEGIC POINT

Americans Think Hudson Bay Trading Post Likely To Be Established.

Washington, March 22.—(Canadian Press).—Officials of the department of state this morning declined to discuss the possible attitude of their government respecting Canada's claim to Wrangel Island established through the planting of the British flag on the island by an expedition headed by Vilhjalmur Stefansson last year. It is understood, however, that the department is considering the claim put forward by a number of United States scientists and explorers that the island was taken over in the name of the United States back in 1881.

These men contend that Stefansson can lay claim to the island only by right of discovery, and that such claim is negated by prior discovery by United States expeditions. United States parties took possession of the island twice within the space of two weeks in August, 1881, they assert. Both of these expeditions were officially accredited by the United States government. Stefansson, however, holds that previous claims to the island are void as no government occupied the island after discovery, which, he holds is necessary to establish possession.

The question is a complicated one, and should the United States Government should the Canadian right to retain the island, it is likely to lead to a long technical argument on the international laws and customs regarding the discovery and acquisition of new lands. The island has been visited by a number of parties, both British and from the United States, but all of them lost claim to it after the lapse of five years, according to Stefansson's contention.

There is much interest here in the political aspect of the situation and the possibility of a controversy over possession of the island is widely discussed. A report has reached Washington that British and Canadian interests are preparing for the establishment on Wrangel Island of a Hudson Bay trading post, and it was pointed out by government scientists here that such a post would have strategic value with respect to northeastern Siberia and its wealth of fur. It is learned that there is a fear in some quarters that possession of such a strategic point might, if unchallenged by the United States Government, result in British fur interests elbowing Nome and other American fur interests out of the Siberian fur trade.

MINING COMPANY PAYS OUT \$500,000

Vancouver, B. C., March 22.—The Premier Gold Mining Company of Stewart, B. C., announced that a dividend of \$500,000 for the quarter ended March 21, on its capitalization of five million shares, will be declared March 31. A dividend of \$400,000 was paid for the quarter ended Dec. 31 last.

OUTSIDER WINS TURF CLASSIC

Lincoln, England, March 22.—The Lincolnshire handicap, the first big event of the English flat racing season, run here today, was won by V. J. White's Gracely, an outsider. Sir H. Bird's Monarch was second, and N. Baring's Roman Bachelor was third.

Thirty-two horses started.

WARNS AGAINST TYPHUS MENACE

German Stamps Russian Refugee Hordes As Cholera Carriers Also.

SPREADS IN GERMANY

Disease Traced to Lines of Transportation and Concentration Camps.

Berlin, March 22.—Canada and the United States as well as Central Europe must be on guard against the introduction of cholera and typhus through immigration of Russian refugees, says a warning issued today by Dr. A. Schlesinger of the German Red Cross. "Hordes of these refugees are pouring into Germany over the Polish, Latvian and Estonian borders, and many are seeking passports to Canada or the United States, where they have relatives and friends who are financing them for the journey."

Already nearly 50,000 cases exist in Germany, traced to refugees, and German immigrants from the Volga region have been found to be infected. Seventy-five per cent of the recent arrivals in the concentration camps were diseased, according to Red Cross statistics.

The minister of health has called particular attention to the necessity of vaccinating everyone arriving from Russia, declaring that children especially have been found to be carriers of typhus.

Outlining the situation, Dr. Schlesinger said, "Spotted typhus and cholera already have crossed the Russian boundary, the epidemic following the lines of transportation, and have arrived in Poland. The Russian railroad stations to the Polish border are filled with the hungry, sick and freezing who are forcing toward Germany in an attempt to escape the death which they certainly are bringing to Central Europe, if not to the rest of the world."