Province	1909	1910	1911
Ontario	50	50	51
Quebec	25	25	25
Nova Scotia	12	12	12
New Brunswick	12	12	12
Prince Edward Island	1	1	1
Manitoba	9	9	9
Saskatchewan	6	6	6
Alberta	8	9	10
British Columbia	18	20	25
In Canada	141	144	151
United States	3	3	3
England	1	1	1
Newfoundland	2	2	3
Mexico	1	1	1
	148	151	159

(The particulars regarding bank branches are taken from statistics published by the Monetary Times.)

Roughly one-third of the bank's branches are in the Province of Ontario. Quebec and the Maritime Provinces also hold one-third of the bank's branches; and nine-tenths of the remaining third are in the four Western Provinces. Ontario thus represents the central portion of the branch system of the Bank of Montreal. The branches of the bank are mostly in the larger towns and in the cities. Through its absorption of the People's Bank of Halifax in 1905 and its acquisition of the estate of the Ontario Bank in 1906, it came into possession of a number of branches in small places. The Bank of Montreal has also established branches in many small western settlements. It entered Newfoundland in 1894, immediately after the Union Bank of Newfoundland and the Commercial Bank of Newfoundland failed.