

- and gathered in this Province by the manufacturer, or the sale thereof by him, in quantities not less than three gallons at any one time, no part of which shall be drunk upon or about the premises; nor shall this Act be construed to prevent the manufacture and sale of burning fluids of any kind, perfumery, essences, drugs, varnishes, nor any other article of trade and commerce, composed in part of alcohol or other spirituous liquor, if not capable of being used as a beverage, nor intended for use as a beverage, or in evasion or contravention of this Act.
47. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid the owning, possession or keeping of liquors of foreign production imported by the owner or keeper thereof contained in the original packages in which it was by the said owner or keeper imported; and nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to prevent any Chemist, Artist or Manufacturer, in whose art or trade they may be necessary, from keeping at his place of business such spirituous liquors, as he may have occasion to use in his art or trade, but not for sale; and nothing in this Act shall be constructed to prevent the manufacture and sale of Cider for other purposes than that of a beverage or of unadulterated Wine for sacramental purposes.
48. In any case where, under the provisions of this Act, Intoxicating Liquor, and the vessels containing the same, are declared forfeited, the officer having the same in charge shall deliver said liquor, and the vessels, over to an agent for the sale of liquor in the Municipality or Ward where the offence was committed, and file a receipt for the same with the convicting justice, and if in the opinion of such agent the liquor is unfit for sale he shall destroy it, and otherwise shall sell the same for the Municipality.
49. All payments or compensation for money, labor, or personal or real property, made by sale or delivery of Intoxicating Liquor, contrary to this Act, are hereby declared to be void, and in any action touching such money, labor, personal or real estate, the purchaser and seller of such liquor may be examined as witnesses, and all contracts, notes, bills, bonds, and agreements, made in whole, or in part consideration of Intoxicating Liquor, illegally sold, shall be void, except in the hands of innocent holders.
50. Any person offending against, or violating any of the provisions of this Act, may be prosecuted before any one or more Justices of the Peace, having jurisdiction where the offence was committed.
51. No action or other proceeding under this Act, or which may be necessary to carry out its provisions, shall be held to be void, or allowed to fail for any defect of form, and no particular form of words shall be requisite in any information, prosecution or action, instituted or made for enforcing any of the provisions of this Act, and any such information, prosecution or action may be laid and prosecuted to judgment and execution before any one Justice of the Peace.
52. In all cases under this Act, reasonable costs, fees and expenses shall be allowed by the Justice or Court, in the same manner as are now allowed in criminal cases, and as near as possible corresponding thereto.

manufacture
of certain
articles.

As to foreign
liquors in
original pack-
ages, &c.

How liquor
forfeited shall
be disposed
of.

Payments and
contracts to
making sale of
liquor to be
void.

Exception.

Prosecution of
offenders.

Suits, &c., not
void for want
of form, &c.

Costs.