FOOD ON NORTHLAND SHORT IN QUANTITY, QUALITY GOOD

Investigations Being Continued and All Will Have a Chance to Testify Who Desire—All Agree That Ventilation Was Bad—Canteen Kept Many from Hunger.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 6.—That the steamer Northland was inspected and pronounced satisfactory by the Ministry of the Canadian Overseas Forces, as well as by the Admiralty, before she left England on her last trip, was distinctly the feature of today's session of the enquiry being conducted by Mr. Justice Hodgins.

When General Ashton, Adjutant General of the Canadian forces in Canada, was on the stand in the first day of the enquiry, he agreed to cable to our Ministry to see if such an inspection had been made. This afternoon he placed the reply from Sir Edward Kemp in the hands of Justice Hodgins, and it was to the effect that such inspection had been duly made, and the ship pronounced satisfactory for the purposes for which she was to be used.

The testimony of the day was largely a repetition of what has gone before. One after another, returned soldiers proceeded to the stand and swore that the food was short in quantity, but that there was little or no complaint as to quality, although one witness did tell of a companion picking a maggot out of his plate of soup. All agreed that the berthing accommodation for the men was very bad, one sergeant stating that he could not go into the men's quarters on his inspection rounds without the stench turning his stomach.

Although the conditions were regarded as bad, apparently none of the sergeants or other non-commissioned officers thought to make complaints to the proper source where a remedy might be found.

The enquiry is likely to be prolonged for some days yet. Justice Hodgins is disposed to call all soldiers, who wish to testify, while the officers of the ship, and a number of reporters who obtained statements from the men, are also to be called.

Sergt. R. R. Dixon told some one who might have been a reporter that he "was sorry for the privates who came over on the Northland." He explained that he referred to the bad air in their quarters, due to poor ventilation.

Private Harry Hamilton said he also patronized the canteen because he could not get enough to eat. He had bought biscuits there, but did not buy from the stewards.

Sergeant Wm. T. O'Reilly, of Ottawa, said that some of the statements credited to him in the newspapers were correct. He saw a reporter on the train from Montreal, but did not tell him that the privates were quartered where cattle had been. He did not say the privates objected to the lack of space for exercising. Witness said the sergeants resented the presence of a screen in the saloon, shutting them off from the officers, regarding it as a slight. He saw food sold by the stewards in the evening, but did not buy any himself.

To Justice Hodgins the witness said the newspaper interview misrepresented him, as he did not wish to convey the impression that the officers did not do all they could for the men.

Sergt. Fred Reynolds said he was in France twenty-one months. He told a reporter the men had "a rotten trip," but did not indicate that the men had been badly treated or were short of food. Witness went to "D" deck and saw bad conditions there. There was no partition between where the men ate and slept, and while some were eating some were in their bunks vomiting and the stench turned him sick.

The duty of seeing that the men washed up their quarters fell to the corporal in charge of the section, but witness did not know who he was.

Witnesses Today.

Sergeant Timothy I. Burke, of the "Silent Sixtieth," of Montreal, said he was district orderly for one day on the ship. His men complained of the food shortage. One man showed him a mess tin. It was supposed to contain stew, but the witness said it looked more like colored water. Some of the men in his section ate at the canteen that meal. Ventilation was very bad. There was also a scarcity of fresh water for drinking purposes, and, when an officer spoke of it, a steward replied: "Do you think we are going to keep fresh all the time?"

Private Louis J. Keally, of Montreal, was berthed with other Montreal men on the Northland. The food was short, but the quality all right. The men's quarters were poorly ventilated, but he made no complaint. He bought food at the canteen practically every day. He had to buy it to get enough to eat.

Private Charles Botham of Smith's Falls, crossed to England on the Northland in October, 1916. There were 2,000 men on the ship then. Coming home on the Northland this time he found the food short, and the ventilation poor. The men were served in a line or queue and if one was at the latter end of that line, one was obliged to wait from 45 minutes to an hour to get food, and then did not get enough. Once or twice he lined up for more, and, on such occasions, had to wait probably half an hour. Going to England on the Northland the food was better than coming back, and there was no shortage. The ventilation was about the same on both occasions. Botham denied telling a reporter that the soldiers were half starved, or that the crew of the Northland "acted dirty."

Sergeant Geo. Fereyhough, Peterboro, found ventilation in the Northland bad. He knew nothing about the food.

Private S. St. Jean said he told a reporter that tea was served in tins that had contained soup, and had not been washed. The statement was true, for he had seen tea with soup grease floating on it. He told no one "that the men were brought over like pigs," but did complain of no bathing facilities. If there was a bath on the ship he could not find it. He did not tell a reporter that fresh water was used to swill the decks with. Water for drinking purposes was scarce. Salt water might have been used to wash decks.

Sergeant Duncan McCoshen, a grey-haired man, said he enlisted because he wanted to help the war out. He was on the lower troop deck of the Northland on Christmas Day. He had no complaint to make. Sergt. McCoshen said he had been below decks several times on the Northland, but never at meal time. The ventilation was bad, though, and he noticed heavy odors. He had not seen stewards selling food.

Private Albert Childerhose swore he patronized the canteen on the Northland practically every day, because he had not been served with enough food. One day he was late getting to dinner and when he arrived the food was all gone and he got none. He never bought food from stewards. Porridge was also served, but he could not eat it.

THE GREAT WAR VETERANS' ASSN.

Officers for Ensuing Year Elected Last Evening—Members Hear Able Address from F. A. McKenzie, War Correspondent.

The Great War Veterans' Association met in their rooms last evening for a double purpose—that of electing their officers for the ensuing year, and to listen to the able address of the noted war correspondent and famed lecturer F. A. McKenzie.

Captain G. Earle Logan, the president of the association for the ensuing year, presided at the meeting. The election of the various officers for the ensuing year was called first. These were each elected by ballot measure, and had been previously nominated at a recent meeting of the association.

The results follow:

President (by acclamation), Captain G. Earle Logan; first vice-president, Lieutenant S. C. Tippets. Two names had formerly been proposed—the elected candidate and Major Cuthbert Morgan Major Morgan was a close second in the election.

The successful candidate for vice-presidency was the first president of the association, immediately after the formation of the local branch of the G. W. V. A., and through his endeavors the local branch was organized here, which has climbed to a state of excellency, and is fast becoming "the" organization of the city. The members of the association in electing Lieutenant Tippets last evening have only shown in a quite tangible manner the confidence which they place in him.

The second vice-president was elected by acclamation, being Matron Edith T. Higgin, who carries the Royal Red Cross decoration, being decorated by His Majesty the King for noble service in the cause of humanity. President Logan introduced Matron Higgin to the gathering and complimented the men on their action in electing a woman to office, especially Matron Higgin. Matron Higgin replied concisely, yet in fitting terms to the association, and was well received by the boys.

The members of the executive weret then elected resulting in the finals as follows:

A. E. Frame, Major C. J. Morgan and Egbert Robertson.

The retiring president of the association, Major Gordon Johnson, is an ex-officio member of the executive, according to the constitution of the G. W. V. A., and remains in this position for the duration of two years.

The treasurer of the association was elected by acclamation, being C. L. Mofford, and Sergeant Puddy remains in office as secretary.

Interesting Address.

After the election of the officers the men proceeded to the assembly hall of the building where they listened to the able address of F. A. McKenzie. The speaker in the course of his remarks alluded to the excellent quarters of the association and complimented the men on the same. His address was relative to the returned soldier in civil life and the obstacles yet to be overcome.

His address was vastly interesting and at the close the speaker was tendered the unanimous vote of thanks of the association. In replying he applied for membership into the association, and was elected.

Little business materialized at last evening's meeting but a rsolution was adopted and passed unanimously that "A returned man be appointed to the position of chief constable of the local police force."

Piper Major Campbell was then presented with an autographic letter of Harry Lauder, which was suitably framed. Harry Lauder, when in the city was asked to attend the association rooms and the Christmas treat for he widows and little orphans, but having to leave the city in order to fulfil his engagements at Halifax he was unable to be present and wrote "Mother Tillotson" to this effect, expressing regret at not being able to attend. This letter was the one presented to Piper Major Campbell.

JEWS GATHER AT TORONTO FOR THE ZIONIST CONVENTION

Most Cordially Welcomed by Representatives of the Government, Province and City — All Addresses Teemed With Loyalty and the Jews Are Determined to Do Their Part.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—Formal welcome to the Jews in attendance at the Zionist convention, at the Prince George Hotel in this city, was extended this morning by Hon. N. W. Rowell, privy councillor, on behalf of the Dominion government; Sir Wm. Hearst, premier of Ontario; and by Mayor Thomas L. Church and Controllers Robins and McBride, for the city.

"Canada is a name big enough to cover us all," said Hon. N. W. Rowell, and we should all work together, irrespective of race or creed, to build up a great Canadian commonwealth. The future of the country is not in class or creed conflicts, but in co-operation as common citizens."

Sir Wm. Hearst said that he was pleased to see the Holy Land return to the Jews, and he hoped that their ideals would soon be completely attained.

"The Jewish people are the most law-abiding citizens we have," said Mayor Church.

In responding the president, C. I. De Sola, of Montreal (Belgian consul at Montreal), said:

"While we have Zionist ideals, we are second to none in our loyalty to Canada and the British Empire. It does not mean that all the Jews will return to the Holy Land. And those who remain in Canada will be second to none in their devotion to this country."

Robert D. Kesselman, of New York, comptroller of the Palestine Restoration Funds, stated that it required $5,000,000 a year from the Jews of America for the restoring of the Holy Land, instead of the $3,000,000 hitherto collected. He declared there would be a mass of Jews in Palestine this year.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—Vast national and commercial enterprises will spring into existence in the Holy Land the moment the peace conference announces that it has granted the request for the establishment of a commonwealth in Palestine, under the trusteeship of Great Britain, declared Robert D. Kesselman, comptroller of the Palestine Restoration Fund, in an interview today. There is on foot now a campaign for raising a supplementary $5,000,000 during the present year for colonizing work in Palestine in the immediate future.

TAKES OWN LIFE TO IMPRESS MINERS

In Effort to Bring Striking Coal Miners to Their Senses Herr Jockiszch Commits Suicide.

Kattowitz, Silesia, Saturday, Jan. 4, (By The Associated Press.)—In an effort to bring the striking coal miners to a realization of the situation they have brought about, Herr Jokiszch, a mining councillor, committed suicide today and left a letter addressed to the miners of Upper Silesia, in which he declared that the anxiety they imposed were worse than death. Jokiszch added that he had endeavored in vain to bring them to their senses by words. He had decided that the sacrifice of a life was necessary to demonstrate that the demands of the miners were impossible.

The letter concludes with an appeal to miners to protect their wives and children, "if they come into sore straits through your stupidity."

STATEMENT ON MOUNTED POLICE

Not Being Extended but Merely Brought to Strength.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 6.—The following authorized statement concerning the present and future activities of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police has been issued through the Department of Public Information:

The statements that are appearing in the press that the Government is increasing the Royal Northwest Mounted Police to 2,400 and that the Government has announced that the reason for so increasing the force is the Bolsheviki menace in the west, are without foundation in fact. The Government has not increased and has no intention of increasing the authorized strength of the force, which was and is 1,200.

Practically all of the men who are of military age and physically fit, enlisted for service either in France or Siberia, with the result that there is practically only a skeleton of the original force left. What the Government has done is to authorize the recruiting of the force up to its already authorized strength, and it proposes to do this by taking back into the ranks, if they desire to return, the men who have previously served in the ranks and are now serving overseas.

Canada has had in the past, two Dominion police forces, one, the Dominion police, of which Sir Percy Sherwood was the head, acting throughout the whole of Canada, and the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, having jurisdiction in Saskatchewan, Alberta and Northwest Territories. To prevent overlapping and duplication of work, the jurisdiction of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police has been extended so as to include the provinces of British Columbia, Manitoba and the portion of Ontario lying within military district number 10, and to cover the work hitherto performed within these territories by the Dominion police. The Royal Northwest Mounted Police will continue to perform the duties they have been performing during the past two years in connection with patrolling the international boundary, looking after alien enemies, etc.

"OUR FLAG IS STILL THERE" Our line is unbroken and here is everything in this $30 line that you would ask for in good suits and overcoats.

Good variety, good patterns, good colors and good models for every type of man.

Special dark, retiring effects for big men.

Special pronounced, aggressive patterns for small men and representative styles for men of average figure.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—An Atlantic disturbance is causing northeast gales off the Nova Scotia coast. The weather today has been very cold in Quebec, while in Ontario and Manitoba it has moderated, and in Alberta has been quite mild.

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	*14	*20
Prince Rupert	40	52
Vancouver	36	42
Edmonton	28	38
Calgary	26	34
Prince Albert	*2	18
Saskatoon	13	28
Regina	15	30
Winnipeg	*14	6
Port Arthur	10	18
Parry Sound	4	20
London	12	26
Toronto	11	28
Kingston	6	8
Ottawa	*18	8
Montreal	*6	6
Quebec	*6	10
St. John	6	12

*—Below zero.

Forecasts — Maritime — Northerly winds, fair and cold.

BERLIN DOESN'T NEED POLICING

Army of Occupation Expects Ebert to Control—Mission Goes to Take Photographs.

Coblenz, Jan 6—The general opinion among the American Army of Occupation is that it will not be necessary to send troops to Berlin for police duty.

This opinion is based on reliable information, coming through good channels. I find that the impression is that Ebert can hold the reins until the elections on January 19, which will show whether the Moderates will control the coming National Assembly. If they gain control of the assembly, it will be taken to mean that Germany is on the fair road to a stable Republican government.

There remains, of course, the possibility that in the event of accession by the Bolshevists to control in Berlin and the disorder which is thought inevitable in such a case, the allied command will find it necessary to send forces to the German capital in fact, it is believed that this would doubtless be requested from Germany. But at the present it looks unlikely as the situation is seen here.

CHRISTMAS STATISTICS

Sun rose on Christmas morning	7:19
Children rose	4:12
Children sent back to bed	9 times
Christmas tree ornaments left from last year (estimated)	110
Same actually available	52
Number of guests for dinner (estimated)	6
Number of guests at table	9
Humorous warnings about over-eating	27
Cases of overeating	9
Number of meals in 12-pound turkey (estimated Dec. 24th)	5
Number of meals obtained	2
Children forbidden to switch Christmas tree lights on and off	84 times
Children switched lights	85 times
Children switched	1
Ornaments removed from tree	16
Ornaments returned intact	7
Ornaments returned broken	7
Ornaments unaccounted for	9
Children's bedtime announced	24 times
Announcement escaped children's notice	23 times
Number of Christmas cards sent	[illegible]
Number of Christmas cards received	44
Embarrassing cases of bad memory	3
Number of days to next Christmas	361

Time and taxes wait for no man.

The course of true love sometimes runs like cold molasses.

NOTICE.

Commencing Sunday morning, January 5th, the Ferry Time Table will be changed and the Ferry will leave West St. John at 7.30 a. m., East St. John, 7.40 a. m., and then the regular trips will start from West St. John at 8 a. m. and the time table will be changed to leave West St. John at 10.35 p. m. on the last trip, and East St. John at 10.45 p. m. on the last trip until May 4th, when the time table will be changed to 8 a. m. from West St. John and 10.35 p. m. from West St. John on the last trip, from East St. John on the last trip 10.45 p. m., which will make one-half hour earlier leaving East St. John for the entire year on Sundays only. Geo. H. Waring, Superintendent, Ferry building.

ONLY THREE SHIPS DELIVERED FROM HOG ISLAND YARD

Charles Piez Says Big Plants Have Fallen Far Below Their Contracts.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—Only four ships have been delivered by the three great government fabricated shipbuilding plants, Charles Piez, director general of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, said today in testifying before the Senate Commerce Committee. Difficulties in constructing the yards and in obtaining material were largely responsible for the delays, he said.

Three of the ships have come from the Hog Island yard, Mr. Piez testified, and the fourth from the Submarine Boat Corporation plant at Port Newark, N. J., which should have delivered 124 vessels by December 7.

The Merchants' Shipbuilding Corporation at Bristol, Pa., has not delivered a ship, he said, although under its contract twenty-four should have been completed by December 7.

Before resuming its inquiry today the committee adopted a resolution by Senator Nelson of Minnesota, extending its investigation to include a survey of the progress of all government merchant shipbuilding.

Under the resolution the Shipping Board and the Emergency Fleet Corporation would be required to furnish a statement showing the number of shipyards where ships for the government are being built or contracted for, together with the capacity of the yards and the amounts contributed by the government for their construction and the number of ships each has completed or launched. The committee also asked for the expenditures made from all money appropriated by Congress for ships and whether any of the vessels completed for the Fleet Corporation have been used in carrying men or munitions to or from Europe.

Questioned today about the Hog Island yard, Mr. Piez told the committee that because of the change in the management of the American International Shipbuilding Corporation contractors on the Hog Island project, the Fleet Corporation had decided that it would be unwise for the government to take over management of the yard at this time.

TREASURY OUTGO IN DECEMBER FOR WAR $2,060,000,000

Total for Last Six Months $10,632,000,000 — "Bills Must be Paid," Says Secretary Glass.

Washington, D.C., Jan. 6.—War bills pouring into the Treasury made the actual cash outgo in December $2,060,000,000, the highest figure reached, and for the last six months of the year the total was $10,632,000,000, excluding transactions in the principal of the public debt.

"The war is won, the war bills must be paid," declared Secretary Glass in a telegram tonight to the Governors of the Federal Reserve Banks, urging bankers to oversubscribe the current issue of Treasury certificates and future issues which must be made biweekly in accordance with the government's system of financing.

"America had almost reached the peak of production of war materials and supplies at the moment when the armistice was signed," the telegram said. "Her unstinted effort in men and material undoubtedly had decisive effect in bringing the war to an early conclusion. The bills are now pouring in which require the government to pay the price of this great effort. The money paid to the government's creditors will find its way promptly back into the channels of commerce and trade and peaceful enterprise and back into the deposits of the banks.

"The welfare of the people depends no less in peace than in war upon the maintenance of the government's credit. We shall not shame ourselves in the eyes of our brave soldiers as they return from the battlefields of France by failure to support the credit of the country for which they were willing and ready to die."

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza.
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.

NO TONIC LIKE HOOD'S

Sarsaparilla For a Time Like This, After Influenza, the Grip.

When purified blood, rebuilt strength, and regulated bowels are essential.

In the after-effects of influenza, the grip and other prostrating diseases, Hood's Sarsaparilla has remarkable health-helping effect.

It expels the poisons that have weakened and depleted the blood, causing pallor, anaemia, flabby flesh and lax muscles. It is the standard blood remedy with a successful record of nearly fifty years.

Many people—it is really astonishing how many—need a fine, gentle, easy cathartic in these trying times. We recommend Hood's Pills, used in the best families, and equally effective with delicate women or robust men.

TELLS WHY GERMANS MUST OBEY ALLIES

London, Jan. 6.—The Vissche Zeitung, of Berlin, declaring that it is no use for the Germans to complain of the "harsh" tones of the armistice and to plead for food from their recent enemies until they establish a stable government in Berlin, says:

"All that sort of thing is only calculated to confuse the real issues and to miss the only way that leads out of disaster. It is a matter that concerns all the Allies, not France alone, and the Allies know very well that they ought to know. They have decided to help Germany when their conditions are fulfilled. Their demand is the restoration of order in Germany. The Allies' demand visible guarantees that Germany shall not fall out of one despotism into another, and they demand that the internal condition of Germany shall be placed in a position which shall forbid anarchy.

"Germany must look to her own fate," the newspaper says in conclusion. "It is no use making appeals. There is still time for the German people to win back all that they have lost in the war, and what they cannot do without—unity, the respect of the world and their daily bread. But the last moment has come and energetic action is demanded."

THE DUTCH GRANT BRITISH REQUEST

Allows the Transportation of Provisions for Troops of Occupation Through Dutch Waterways.

London, Jan. 6.—(British Wireless Service)—The Dutch Government, according to an official announcement made today, has met favorably the request of the British Government that facilities be granted for the transport of provisions for troops of occupation in Germany, through Dutch waterways, particularly the Scheldt, and for the use of this river for the passage of demobilized troops returning home.

The Dutch Government acquiescing, said it had no objection to such transport, provided that it should not be regarded as a precedent. It was stipulated that the transport should be made under the commercial flag of Great Britain, that it should not include munitions, that only officers should carry arms, and that the Dutch Government should be informed in advance of the intended passage of each transport.

ONTARIO CITIES' ELECTION RESULTS

Toronto, Jan. 6.—Elections for Mayor, Reeve, Deputy Reeve and Councillors in many Ontario municipalities were held today. A feature of the municipal politics this year was the large number of municipalities which during the war elected their officials by acclamation, now staging contests.

Mayors elected in some of the larger cities were as follows:

Cornwall—A. C. Futterly (re-elected.)

Brockville—W. A. Lewis.

Lindsay—B. L. McLean, (re-elected.)

Kingston—Alderman H. W. Newman.

Simcoe—A. T. Sibler, (re-elected.)

Port Hope—S. B. Burnham, (re-elected.)

In a few of the larger cities—Toronto, Hamilton and London—the elections were held on New Year's Day.

REV. H. L. EISNOR'S CALL RECOMMENDED

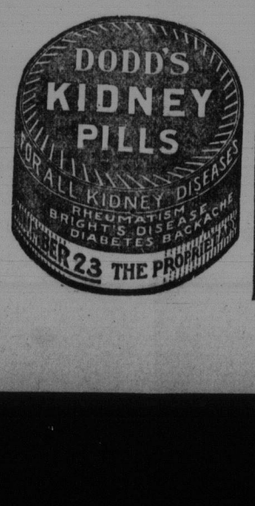
Decision Made at the Meeting of the Presbytery Yesterday—Arrangements Made for Services.

The call of the congregation and executive of Saint Matthew's church for Rev. H. L. Eisnor, at present supplying at this church, was discussed yesterday at a meeting of the Presbytery in Saint Andrew's church, Germain street.

The presbytery recommended the call of the reverend minister to be inducted as permanent pastor of St Matthew's.

Arrangements were made at the meeting for the induction services on January 23rd, in the evening at St. Matthew's church, when Rev. W. M. Townsend, M. A., will preside at the exercises. Rev. H. C. Fraser will address the minister, and the Rev. F. S. Dowling will address the people.

The services promise to be quite interesting and some strong sermons befitting the occasion are expected Rev. Mr. Eisnor is to be congratulated on this, his initiative, and yet, signal success as permanent pastor of a church.



DENY RESOLUTION OF SOUTH AFRICA

Their Request for Separate Representation at the Peace Conference Has Been Discouraged.

London, Jan. 6.—(Canadian Press Limited)—The movement of the South African nationalists, under General Hartzog, for their separate representation at the peace conference has been discouraged by the Imperial Government.

Governor General Buxton has informed the South African Nationalists that their recent resolution, favoring the despatch of separate delegations to Europe with a view to securing South Africa's independence, was laid before King George, who referred it to his advisers, but refrained from giving any direction in connection with it.

Right Hon. Walter Long, the Colonial Secretary, in communicating this information to the Governor-General, adds that the Imperial Government's reply last April to the Transvaal Nationalists manifesto applies also in this instance, namely that under the South African constitution the South African Government and Parliament alone can be regarded by the British Government as authorized to speak on behalf of the people of South Africa. His Majesty's Government, therefore, said Mr. Long, could not undertake to enter into a discussion with any private body or persons.

BRITISH CABINET RESIGNS

London, Jan. 6.—The entire British cabinet has formally resigned, at the request of Premier Lloyd George, to avoid complications in his selection of a new ministry, the Express announced today. The ministers will continue to exercise the functions of their office until successors are appointed.

AVIATOR KILLED

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 6.—H. A. Collins of Passaic, N. J., an aviation cadet, was killed and Cadet Caperton of New York City, was seriously injured today in the fall of an airplane in which they were flying at a height of 2,000 feet.

IRVING COBB HONORED

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 6.—Irvin B. Cobb, writer and humorist, was notified here today by Deputy High Commissioner De Billy of France that he had been made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Mr. Cobb said he presumed the honor was conferred in recognition of his writings in behalf of the French people.

BISHOP LAWRENCE ILL

Boston, Mass., Jan. 6.—The Right Rev. Wm. Lawrence, Episcopal Bishop of Massachusetts, underwent an operation for mastoid abscess at his home here today. His physicians said tonight that his condition was entirely satisfactory.

APPOINTED TO BELGIUM

Paris, Jan. 6.—M. de Margerie, director of political affairs at the Foreign Office, and once secretary of the French Embassy, at Washington, has been appointed French minister to Belgium, a post which later is to be raised to an Embassy.

Sailed For Vladivostok.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 6.—Three hundred military aviators and mechanics sailed for Vladivostok on the transport Sherman. They carried with them airplanes, armored cars, rapid firers and other equipment. A second detachment of 200 officers and men will leave here early in February.

Halifax Loses Physician

Halifax, Jan. 6.—Dr. D. A. Campbell, who has been practicing medicine in Halifax since his graduation at the old Halifax Medical College in 1874, died tonight. He had been confined to his room for the past ten weeks. He had one son, who died some years ago and in whose memory he endowed a chair or anatomy at Dalhousie College. He was sixty-six year old and was born near Halifax.

LATE SHIPPING

Halifax, Jan. 6—Arrived January 4: Stmr Graciana, at Halifax, from Liverpool.

Ard Jan. 5th—Stmr Sheba, from Norfolk; stmr War Karma, from Sydney.

Sld Jan. 4th—Stmr Sedgewick, for Havana.

Sld Jan. 5th—Stmr North Pines, for New York stmr Pacific Transport, for Manchester; Manchester Brigade, for Manchester; schr General Haig, for Havana.

Newport News, Va., Jan. 6.—The transport Pastores arrived here today from France with 1,236 sick and wounded.

The transport Pocahontas, which docked yesterday, debarked about 3,000 men today.

The transports Powhatan and Koninger Der Nederlander are due in port tomorrow.

Cordova, Alaska, Jan. 4.—E. E. Beraud of Fairbanks, now on his way to Paris is believed to hold the distinction of having individually handled more raw gold than any other in the history of Alaska. During the eleven years he has spent in work as assayer for the First National Bank of Fairbanks, Beraud has assayed $45,000,000 worth of the precious yellow metal for which men have yielded up their lives in the silent places. The aggregate weight of this metal was 88 tons. After a visit to Paris, he says, he will come back to work in the gold dust once more.

Amsterdam, Jan. 6.—The evacuation of the Ukraine by the German troops is proving extremely difficult, according to a Berlin official despatch. Some of the regiments of the Kiev army group, it is said, have abandoned important stretches of the railway, thus endangering the lives of their comrades. It is declared that the lack of discipline which has existed for some time past has now become a source of danger to the German troops.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FOR SALE—100 tons No. 1 feed oats at $1.75 per bag, the same slightly damaged by water at $1.50 per bag. Sold in any quantities. Apply 103 Union street, West St. John.

28,000 FORD EMP WAGE INCREA MINIM

Henry Ford Resigns as Pres Him at Salary of $150,0 vote More Time to the T

Detroit, Mich, Jan. 2.—A new min mum wage scale of $6 a day a flat r crease of $1 a day for approximate twenty-eight thousand employe throughout the country, was announ ed today by the Ford Motor Compan Employes of the Ford tractor interes also are included in the increase. Th new wage minimum becomes effecti today.

Twenty-three thousand other em ployes of the Ford interests alread receive $6 or more a day.

Coincident with the announcemen of the wage increase, it was mad known that Henry Ford has formal resigned as president of the Ford M tor Company, and his son, Edsel Br ant Ford, has been elected to succee him at a salary of $150,000 a year.

Mr Ford in tendering his resign tion gave as his reason his desire

PREMIER BORDEN IS SUCCESSFUL

Believed That Proposals Pu Forward to the British Gov ernment by Canada's Pr mier in Behalf of Dominio Are Approved.

London, Jan. 6, (Special Cable fro John W. Dafoe.)—The coming pea conference is subject of unlimited di cussion and speculation in the Briti and continental press. Many repor find publicity only to be immediate followed by official correction and d nials. Most of the leading newsp pers made the definite statement th the peace conference was to open January 13, but they now publish th fact, noted in this correspondenc some days ago, that the meetings Paris, beginning next week, are simp further preparatory exchanges views between the delegates of th Allied nations and that the formal ca ing of the peace conference at Ve sailles must await the conclusion the conversations.

In the matter of the representatio of the British Empire, a question great moment and of keen interest all the dominions arises, and it ha been the subject of much consider tion and discussion by the imperi war cabinet. While no official a nouncement has yet been made, it i believed that the attitude of the Br tish government towards the propo als put forward by Sir Robert Borde on behalf of the dominions, was a that could be desired and that the pr posals were approved. It is probabl that the subject has already been tak en up in some of its aspects with th Allied governments and that the views on certain points will shortl be communicated to the British go ernment.

FORTY MILLION MUST REGISTER

That Many Men and Wome Must be Registered for th Election of a National As sembly in Germany on Jan uary 19th.

Berlin, Jan. 4.—(Correspondence The Associated Press.)—Forty millio voters, men and women, must be re istered for the election of a nation assembly in Germany on January 1 next, it is estimated by Professo Hugo Preuss, Minister of the Interio In the last Reichstag election the vo ers, all male, numbered only 14,000 000, he says. They were scattere over 397 election districts. The ne election bill provides for only 38 suc districts for the whole country which Professor Preuss adds, means mor than a million voters in each district.

Professor Preuss is one of the fe prominent leaders of the progressiv Bourgeoisie who was given an impor ant post in the provisional govern ment. In an interview with a corr spondent of The Associated Press h pointed out the technical difficulties i the way of organizing 40,000,000 vo ers in time for the election and ad ed:

"The constituent assembly should b thoroughly representative and its ma date above suspicion. We therefor are proceeding with great caution. Th new suffrage franchise which will b tried out at the coming election i based on a direct, equal, secret ballo for all males and demales of twent years and over. We are now engage in issuing writs for the election fo which fully 40,000,000 men and wome will qualify.

"One of the principal details of th radical reconstruction of our votin system is the original compilation o a list of the qualified women voter Then the work of cataloguing the mi lions of returning soldiers that are tak ing up new residences is also con tributing heavily to the task of organ izing the election.

"Our aim is to make this popular ex pression of the new democracy tho oughly representative and comprehen sive."

SPARTACUS GROUP SEIZE NEWSPAPER

Amsterdam, Jan. 6.—The Spartacu group Sunday evening made anothe attempt to seize the reins of powe in Berlin, and occupied the office o the Wolff Bureau, the semi-officia news agency. The last telegram re ceived here from the Wolff Burea announced the seizure of the office.

Private advices say that the Spar tacus occupied the offices of half dozen big newspapers, including th Vorwaerts.