POOR DOCUMENT

DON'T FORGET

That the buyers are the persons who read the papers. Use the STAR to sell your goods.

WEATHER

Little Warmer

VOL. 7, NO. 110,

ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1907

ONE CENT .

Wedding Presents.

Nothing could be more appreciated than some handsome table article which would be constantly used, and frequently remind the recipients of the donor. We can supply you with

Sterling Silver Spoons and Forks, **Exquisite Cut Glass Bowls and Tumblers**, Electro-Plated Entree and Scallop Dishes, Dessert and Fish Sets, Carvers and Table Cutlery.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD, Market Square, St. John, N. B.

RELIABLE SCISSORS.



Dressmakers Shears

and Scissors, The Best Quality of Steel,

the kind that are sharp when you get them and will stay that way. Many sizes and shapes. Also

Barber's Shears and Manicure and Pocket Scissors,

of the same quality. All marked in plain figures so as to make shopping easy.

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD., 25 Germain Street.

Fomorrow is Mink Muff Day!

During this sale we are offering GENUINE BARGAINS. We are not going to advertise something we wont do or something we can't do; we are not giving goods away, but will give you a chance to buy as cheap or cheaper than we bought.

TOMORROW we will sell MINK MUFFS AT COST and some below

BARGAINS IN ALL FURS.

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block, 539 Main St., N. E.

Annual Clearance Sale

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF HIGH CLASS CLOTHING for Men, Youths and Boys, now marked at sweeping prices to effect a speedy clearance. Come for bargains.

American Clothing House,

Outfitters to Men, Youths and Boys. 11—15 Charlotte St.

SEVERAL DEATHS DUE TO EXTREME COLD

Skating Conditions in Switzerland are Ideal-Meny Tourists Arriving

GENEVA, Jan. 17—The conditions for skating are almost ideal throughout Switzerland. All except the largest rivers and lakes are frozen over, and sport is everywhere to be found. Hundreds of fourists have arrived at popular resorts like St. Moritz, Davos Platz and Grindenwald where tobogganing is in full swing.

The snowfall which is the heaviest for many years, has been followed by intense cold. Ten degrees of frost is the average temperature around Lake Geneva, but in some places as much as 39 degrees has been registered. Several deaths because of the extreme cold have been reported and it is feared that the loss among the flocks on the higher altitudes is great.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 16.—The three masted schooner Helen M. Atwood, outward bound, for Humacao, Porto Sitapleton, S. I., yesterday but was not seriously damaged. The fire was discovered in the forehold, among the cargo of coal and lumber. The wrecking steamtrs I. J. Merritt and W. E. Chapman and the waterboat Stapleton went to the vessel's aid and in a few minutes several streams of water were pouring into the vessel's hatches. An hour and a half after the beginning of the fire the fireboat Seth Low arrived from the city and joined in fighting the flames. They were soon under control. The damage to the cargo was not seriously damaged.

Big Sale at Harvey's

Attracting More Each Day.

here each day.	Francis Charmes will continue faith-	rison, James Watson and Edmund Messervey. F. E. Jordan was elected president of the league. The first game	
\$5 Overcoats for \$3.49 \$5 Suits for \$3.95 \$7.50 Overcoats for \$5. \$7.50 Suits for \$5. \$10 Overcoats for \$6.98 \$10 Suits for \$6.98 \$12 Overcoats for \$8.75 \$12 Suits for \$8.75 Boys' 3-Piece Suits \$1.49 up Boys' 3-Piece Suits \$2.98 up	FOUND,—On the 15th in the golf	will be played Tuesday evening. LONDON, Jan. 17.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Teheran tele-	Si
\$1.50 Cardigans for	WANTEDGirl for general housework in family of three. Apply, with references, to 249 Charlotte Street.		ae
J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings 198 to 207 Union St	WANTED-A few boarders. Apply at 88 Paradise Row. Terms moderate.	has invited his subjects to use this telephone in order to enter into direct	ne

IN ALL FURS.

Dufferin Block, 539 Main St., N. E., and dull mansion in the Rue de l'Universitie. Even its spelling is archaic in one or two peculiarities. It is a monument of traditions which M.

CONDEMNED TO BE

Big Newspaper to be Started Child Murderer Sentenced to Death on Two Counts.

PARIS IS TO HAVE

ANOTHER DAILY

by Socialists Deputy

to the Score Aiready There-Some

French Journalists.

Medical Men Testified That Murderer Com-It Will Only be One More, However, Added mitted all His Grimes in State of. Degenerate Moral Irresponsibility.

cents.

M. Geraudt-Richard was just at the outset of his political career and earning a precarious existence by writing for Socialist newspapers where the renumeration per column was the reverse of generous. He was however a good speaker, and is physically at least the biggest and the strongest member of the Socialist party. Today he sits good member for Fuadeloupe in the stable floor ran red with blood from stable floor ran red with blood from the wounds of the child. In order to make them heal the quicker, as the woman told the child, she then satur-ated the bleeding wounds with vine-

of the Socialist party. Today he sits as member for Fuadeloupe in the Chamber, owns a chateau in the country, and is one of the main spirits in the launching of a new automobile enterprise that is to have a capital of millions. Naturally his opinions regarding Socialism have passed from a flery red to a pale pink. The name of his new paper, "Messidor," is, of course, uncompromisingly Republican. It does not take much money however to found a daily newspaper in Paris if one knows how. One of the most extraordinary examples of the bringing out of Paris newspapers was the "Evenement," which belonged to Senator Magnier. Magnier had nothing but debts but managed to live all the same at the rate of \$40,000 per year. He has a magnificent chateau in the Var (which department he represented in the Senate) and a fine house in Paris. It is no uncommon thing to find incidents occuring such as the members of the staff of "Evenement," writing in their great coats because the ated the bleeding wounds with vine-gar and salt.

On another occasion the woman beat the child with a pair of tongs lacerat-ing the flesh in a most awful manner. Yet again the mother drove wedges into the arm of the child. The physi-cians reported finding no less than eighty wounds upon the body of the child.

SMALLPOX ADDS TO HORROR OF FAMINE AMONG THE REFUGEES

SHANGHAI, Jan. 16.—To the horror of famine have been added an outbreak of smallpox among the refugees at Sing-kiang, necessitating the demolition of the mat-sheds erected to shelter the thousands who have arrived there in search of food. Captain Kirton, who was sent out by the relief committee to investigate the situation reports that 300,000 destitute persons have been driven back towards their homes and that terrible scenes are being enacted along the line of retreat. He estimates that a quarter of a million persons are likely to be doomed at Sing-Kiang alone, and 400,000 at Antung, where small relief works have been started. But the official records are generally puerile and amateurish. The distress is largely due to lack of means of communication and the fear that the Chinese might appropriate the funds for any works undertaken. The dykes being dilapidated, renewed rains are certain to cause fresh floods. Every house in the neighborhood of Antung visited by Captain Kirton; contained dead bodies, or dying persons.

The relief committee, which has 150,000 taels at its disposal, has instituted relief work under foreign supervision.

DINNER IN HONOR OF COMMANDER PEARY

NEW YORK, Jan. 16—A "Peary dinner" in honor of Commander Robert E. Peary, the Arctic explorer, was given by the New York Association of the Delta Kappan Epsilon College fraternity at the Hotel St. Regis tonight. Commander Peary had the post of honor at the right of George C. Holt, toastmaster and an alumnus of Yale chapter "Ph!."

Commander Peary wore tonight the "D. K. E." badge that he has taken on all his voyages to the north. At the conclusion of his speech the explorer was presented by toastmaster Holt with a small fraternity emblem and in accepting it the cemmander declared that he would yet take it to the North Pole and fasten it alongside the Stars and Stripes.

Other speakers were Whitelaw Reid, Ambassador to Great Britain; General Horace Porter, Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., and Col. John J. McCook.

HOCKEY AT CHATHAM

CHATHAM, N. B., Jan. 17.—A four-team hockey league for Chatham was formed last night at a meeting in the rink. The following captains were el-ected: Bernard Cribbs, Huntley Mor-rison, James Watson and Edmund Messervey. F. E. Jordan was elected president of the league. The first game will be played Tuesday evening.

BEHEADED TWICE SHORES OF KINGSTON HARBOR SINKING; CITY MAY SLIP INTO SEA

Reports from Jamaica Contain News of the report the latest details was still unanswered this morning.

The only message from Governor Sweetenham is the one forwarded apparently on Monday after which there was complete silence, indicating an interruption of the official news channels and increasing the apprehensions Have Been Killed Rendered Homeless---Narrow Sir Alfred Jones.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17—The shores of the harbor of Kingston are sinking and there is terror lest the city slip into the sea, according to a private despatch received by a large mercantile house here today from Port aux Prince, Hayti. The harbor is said to be sinking and the water in many places is now 100 feet deep. Every wharf not destroyed by fire is said to have sunk into the sea or to have been

CITY SHRIVELLED UP. LONDON, Jan. 17.—Some graphic details of the Kingston disaster are given in one of the latest despatches received here dated from Holland Bay, January 15. According to this report the whole city seemed to shrivel up, under the first shock. The business streets at the time were well filled with tourists who were shopping, and according to this correspondent no doubt many of them were caught in the falling brickwork and buried in the felling brickwork and buried in the debris. Fire broke out immediately after the crash in three points. The fire department station in Sutton St. was wrecked, rendering assistance to the flames impossible. The conflagration continued unchecked until Tuesday morning by which time the whole business quarter of Kingston had been wiped out.

ESTIMATED DEAD.

ESTIMATED DEAD.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The reports received here from St. Thomas direct estimate the casualties at Kingston at about 1,000 killed, say that some 9,000 persons are homeless, and place the damage done at \$10,000,000. Concerning the latter while the fire insurance companies here as cabled yesterday, repudiate all liability, under the earthquake clause in their policies, the marine insurance societies are likely to be pretty hard sufferers, the risks of fire to merchandise, wharves and warehouses having largely carried by these companies of recent years and their policies do not appear to include an earthquake clause. Owen Cosby Phillips M. P., chairman of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, after a long conference with the colonial officials this morning regarding the immediate measures to be taken for the relief of the earthquake sufferers, cabled to the company's agent in New York:

"Relief measures should be carried out only through and under the sanction of the Governor of Jamaica, who is the best judge of the extent of the distress and the best measures to be taken for alleviating it, and who will in any case bear the responsibility."

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Definite advices as to the extent of the catastrophe at Kingston, Jamaica, were still lacking early today. "Conflicting reports received indicated that the death list might be anywhere from 100 to 1,000. One despatch reported that 310 bodies had already been recovered and buried. From the meagre advices that have come through it is indicated that there is no immediate danger of a food famine, as fruit is plentiful and other Jamaican towns can send aid. Doctors and medical supplies are, lowever, urgently needed. Desyltches from London today say that up till noon no further official advices had been received at the Colonial office and that this was causing great anxiety. The only official news received was the telegram from Governer Sweetenham, sent Monday and made rublic yesterday. Urgent messages have been sent by the British Government to Kingsto

have sunk into the sea or to have been rendered worthless.

LONDON, Jan. 17—A despatch from Holland Bay dated January 15, says that the first earthquake at Kingston Holland Bay dated January 15, says that the first earthquake at Kingston which occurred at 3.35 p. m., January 14, did all the damage, the subsequent lesser having little effect. Fire spread in three directions, fanned by a strong wind and the firemen were handicapped owing to the absence of water. The Holland Bay despatch, after confirming the reports that hundreds were killed, burned to death or injured. The Holland Bay despatch at least from 30 to 40 persons were killed by the collapse of the Myrtle Bank Hotel. The devastated region, the despatch continues, stretches fro mthe wharves in the southern part of the city to the race course in the north and from the customs house in the west to Fleet street east, cortaining all the principal stores, banks and government offices, all of which were wrecked, most of them being levelled to the ground. The sender of the above despatch does not mention any looting or violence except in the case of a few rumshops which were invaded by negroes.

Of the down, however, was ruined. When the first great shock came Monday afternoon many bulldings all over the twn collapsed, burying hundreds burying hundreds burying hundreds burying hundreds of the debris. Of these of persons in the debris. Of these of the commissioners, the Colonial office has taken the intitative in starting a Mansion House fund for the relief of the sufferers. As this fund is under the direction of the government, it promises to bring out response from the whole nation. Reports from Australia and Switzerland show that self-pipes have been broken, and then ther was nothing with which to fight the fiames. The fire ragion, the despatch continues, streets were wiped out. The advices and government offices, all of which were invited by th streets were wiped out. The advices received here indicate that order was son restored so that the work of rescue could be begun. The two regiments of soldiers stationed in the city were called on to do police duty. The banks and other places where valuable property is stored were guarded. There have been some reports of looting, but late advices say this was confined chiefly to petty thievery and was speedily suppressed. The rescue work was undertaken under the direction of the soldiery and the municipal authorities, the general public hospital which was not seriously damaged by the earthquake, was soon filled with hundreds of injured, as were several temporary hospitals. When these places were filed others of the injured were taken out to boats in the harbor. A camp for refugees was located on the race track and there several thousand negroes are sheltered. Thousands of others are camping in the surrounding country. Hotels, banks, churches and office buildings are levelled in wreck and ruin.

most of the victims are negroes.

PROMINENT WHITES KILLED.

Besides Sir James Ferguson, the most conspicuous white men killed were Captains Constantine and Young of the Royal Mail Steamship service. Other whites killed include Major Hardiman, Dr. Gibbs Varley, Dr. Menier, Dr. Robertson and wife, Miss Lockett, B. Varley, J. W. M. Bradley and four children of a family named Livingstone. Several others are reported missing and are believed to be dead. A great exodus to the hills is reported as the people fear a recurrence of the tremors. Medical supplies are the chief need at present and there is a dearth of doctors. Volunteer nurses are plentiful. The work of burying the dead was begun immediately, a necessary proceeding in a tropical country. Many bodies have been buried without identification. Scores of bodies are still in the ruins and from a sanitary point of view this causes alarm. Efout identification. Scores of bodies are still in the ruins and from a sanitary point of view this causes alarm. Efforts to recover the bodies are going on. While there necessarily is great confusion, the panic itself is over. The city is practically under martial law. A later despatch reports the destruction of the insane asylum and says hundreds of lunatics escaped and are roaming at large. Thousands of homeless persons are sleeping in the streets and parks, their principal food being bananas. If rain should fall, the suffering will be great. The damage outside of Kingston is reported as not being great. Trains are running to Tichfield. Port Antonio is reported little damaged and Spanish the same.

tims.

During the early hours of the morning the West Indian and Panama Cable Co. received a despatch from its superintendent at St. Thomas announcing that the situation at Kingston was terrible and that the company's steamer Henry Holmes, left St. Thomas for Kingston with provisions and doctors to render the sufferers every assistance possible. A despatch today received a despatch reporting the safety of Frederictk Austin, of the Colonial Bank at Kingston, whose fate had been in doubt. The advices of the commission show the increasing extent

at the water-front and amused them-selves by tossing coins into the water for the benefit of the negro divers, the visitors had just left the pier on their way back to the hotel, when as they reached the hotel lawn, the earthquake occurred and the hotel toppled over in ruins around the travelers. The pier which they had just left was also de-stroyed. Gerald Loder, was at the Jamaica Club on Hanover street when the biulding was demolished, but a

MR. LOCKHART'S VIEWS.

TREASURY DAMAGED.

The treasury was damaged, but is still standing. The city prison was destroyed, but none of the prisoners were injured and none escaped. The Port Royal battery was wrecked and two artillerymen there were killed. The people had a premonition of the coming disaster in the shape of a violent windstorm. Their fears were aroused and many rushed from their homes. This undoubtedly saved many lives, as the people were still in the streets when the earthquake came. This is especially true of the whites, and accounts for the small loss of life among them. The loss of life was largest in the poorer sections, so that most of the victims are negroes.

Hon. A. D. Lockhart speaking of the state of affairs in Jamaica, today, mentioned that the negroes of that place have done just what was expected of them. Mr. Lockhart had said in a recent interview in the Star, that the negroes would spring up at any time when there was an opportunity. The feeling exists between the black and white people of the island. Mr. Lockhart did not read with pleasure, the dispatch which stated that two United States warships had been sent down to Jamaica with supplies. He thinks that there is plenty of protection in the West Indies, as there are several regiments of soldiers there. The fact that food was being taken to the devastated town also surprised the visitor, who claims that there is an abundance of provisions on the island.

When asked if he contemplated any trouble between the white race and the negroes, Mr. Lockhart simply replied:

HOPEWELL CAPE,, Albert Co., Jan. 17.—Dr. G. A. B. Addy, of St. John, was placed on the stand at the trial of Thomas F. Collins this morning. He examined the axe, found behind the commode. He also stated that no blood stains had been found on the other axe uhich was located in the grain bin by Detective Killen.

Dr. S. C. Murray, of Albert, was the grain bin by Detective Killen.

Dr. S. C. Murray, of Albert, was the next witness examined. He gave the same testimony as that given at the coroner's inquest. When Dr. Murray is finished Dr. Addy will be re-called. The cross-examination of Fr. Mc-Auley closed at a quarter to five yesterday, when Hon. Mr. Skinner followed in a short re-examination, in which he asked the witness what he meant been received at the Colonial office and that this was causing great anxiety. The only official news received was the telegram from Governer Sweetenham, sent Monday and made rublic yesterday. Urgent messages have been sent by the British Government to Kingston calling for further details of the disaster.

CONFLICTING STATEMENTS.

Newspaper men and others who have arrived at the telegraph station connecting with Holland Bay have different versions of the catastrophe and of the loss of life. Statements as to the