

The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, May 4, 1894.

MR. BROWN'S CASE.

In reference to show that the Davie government had nothing to do with forcing the retirement of Mr. Brown from local politics the government organs parade a circular sent out by the postoffice department over a year ago. In this circular it is set forth that an order-in-council had been passed "prohibiting all employees in the inside and outside service of the postoffice department and the postmasters of incorporated towns from seeking or accepting the municipal offices of mayor, alderman or school trustee (public or separate)." If the organs had looked a little more closely into the circular they would have found that they were proving a little too much for their own case when they reproduced it. Mr. Brown was neither a mayor nor an alderman nor a school trustee, and therefore could not have felt himself affected by the order-in-council quoted in the circular. What follows then? His position was a special one, and must have been dealt with specially at Ottawa. Since he held none of the positions specified in the circular there must have been a separate and distinct order made to meet his individual case. At whose instance was Mr. Brown added to the list given in the circular? Evidently at the instance of the local government's friends—for we suppose that Mr. Davie is astute enough to keep his own hand from appearing in the matter. If the two organs were blessed with ordinary acuteness of intellect they would see that by calling attention to a general list of proscriptions in which Mr. Brown was not included they were but emphasizing the fact that Mr. Brown's case was dealt with specially and directly from Ottawa.

TOO MUCH BLOWING.

At the Vancouver meeting on Friday night Mr. Horne told the people that almost everything the government had done in their city in the past four years was done at his instance. He is was that caused Vancouver to be made a separate registration district, who had sittings of the courts instituted there, who got the new courthouse built and who secured many other benefits for the city. All this he was doing in the way of his own special fitness as a representative. But it seems the people are in their own minds exercised over the question: If all these things were right and were due to Vancouver in the course of justice, what sort of a government was it that could not do its duty without urging from Mr. Horne? If Mr. Horne is right in taking to himself credit for all these achievements he places the government in a peculiar position. If he is making a claim that has no good foundation he must appear as a man whose character does not merit a member of the legislature. Or, if Mr. Horne was instrumental in securing advantages for Vancouver beyond what was right and proper for the government to accord, what is the remainder of the province to think of the government? Altogether it appears as though Mr. Horne would have been kinder to himself and the government he worships if he "tooted" a little more modestly.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

The United States presents a peculiar spectacle to the world at the present hour. Thirteen "Commonwealth" armies led by ranks are marching to Washington to demand that a "paternal" government support them. Their numerical strength is about 10,000, and the so-called "armies" are composed mostly of tramps who would in any other country be confined to prison for their acts of lawlessness. One hundred and twenty-five thousand coal miners are on strike for higher wages, and 4,100 miles of the Great Northern railway system remains unoperated by reason of a walk-out of 20,000 employees who refused to accept a reduction of wages. The business of the country is almost at a standstill and the traitors in the Democratic party, headed by David B. Hill, retard the passage of the tariff revision measure in the senate. While that contest lasts uncertainty and inactivity will rule in business circles. But by far the most striking thing of all is the army of cranks. Applauded by Peckroy, Waite, Llewelling and other men of their calibre, these "troops" are marching to the nation's capital to present and enforce an insolent demand. The present is an age of cranks in Uncle Sam's domain. Fanatics have been elected to high offices by men who do not appreciate their responsibility and duties as citizens, and these fanatics, with the populist press, have transgressed every law of decency and order. Angered in their ignorance at the nation refusing to longer bear alone the burden of silver, they have openly talked secession from the Union by the silver states. The blood of a dozen men is on the hands of Tillman, of South Carolina, who sought to make the state the sole dispenser of liquor, and but for cooler heads Waite, of Colorado, would have been morally a murderer too. Both have "wheely" ideas. "Whiskers" Peffer, the Kansas senator, proposed to the senate that a welcome be given to the army of hobos.

There are men in these regions of destitute who are worthy, but they are in bad company. It is to be expected that in a few months the nation will leave the tunnel of darkness. "Populism," "paternalism" and "socialism" do not suit the great body of the people, who will soon rally to their duty. The better minds know the nation cannot be flooded with unsecured paper money; that silver cannot be taken up until a sound policy has been formulated, and that the White House is not a hotel for mendicants. They will be apt to lose patience with the antics of the "freaks" who are now giving themselves license. The temper of the people once aroused, there will in all likelihood be a clearing of the political atmosphere. And the nation has to congratulate itself on the fact that its administration is in good hands.

NANAIMO.

A new log church for the Englishman's River and French Creek district, is being erected at the corner of the Comox and Alberni roads. The meeting of the opposition delegates to choose a candidate to oppose Mr. J. Bryden, the government nominee, has been postponed from May 1st to May 12th, at Nanaimo. One of the city, has been appointed inspector of fruit pests for Nanaimo district under the board of horticulture act. The Victoria Commercial Journal is engaged in its latest and most important of the dissolution of the partnership of Messrs. Van Houten & Bandie, the well-known hardware firm of this city. The matter was under consideration, and will probably be settled soon. W. J. Van Houten will remain in the business. Owing to the postponement of the political meeting set for Saturday next, there will be no change in the time of the mine shift on the New Vancouver Coal company on that day as announced last evening. Samuel M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal company, has notified the several football clubs of his intention to commence work at once of converting the "swamp" into a first-class athletic ground, suitable for football, lacrosse, baseball and all other athletic sports, with cinder tracks for foot and bicycle racing. The grounds will be materially enlarged, and by next spring it is confidently expected that the location will be suitable for the purpose. The change into the most commodious and best appointed athletic grounds in this province, if not on the north Pacific coast.

The rapidity with which Wellington is growing up and branching out is really remarkable. New buildings, stores as well as private residences, are in course of construction in all parts of the old town as well as the new townsite. The roads are being improved and a good deal has been done in the way of sidewalks. But improvements in this direction cannot be properly advanced until the townsite is incorporated. There is good reason to suppose that within a very short time the matter of incorporation will be settled. Already nearly enough lot holders have registered to meet with the requirements of the law. It is understood that the E. & N. railroad purpose making considerable changes at Wellington when this becomes a municipality. The location of the depot will be changed to a more suitable spot and the tracks now running through the townsite will be removed. Quite a large party, equipped for sport, are on their way on Saturday evening for Texada Island, where it is intended to angle for the delicate trout. Four Italian pushers in No. 4 shaft ventured into some old workings with a naked light, which caused a slight explosion. They were rather badly burned about the face, while the other two lost their hirsute appendages. President Leighton, of the Nanaimo gun club, surprised the crack shots on Friday at the Mount View grounds. The club will be held on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. A large number of promises to be one of the biggest affairs of the kind held in Nanaimo for many a long day. In spite of the dull times the collectors have had no great difficulty in gathering in subscriptions sufficient to ensure a creditable prize list and plenty to spare for all expenses. A report was current this afternoon that Protection Island shaft was to be reopened next week. On enquiry at the company's office a Free Press reporter was informed that such was not the case, but that the report probably arose from the fact that the new hoisting machinery is to be tested during the early part of next week. Mayor Quennell is spoke of as the government candidate for the South Nanaimo district. Dr. Walkem, at present in the field, has not the support of the big bugs of the government party, and so will have to rely on his own energy entirely to secure a majority of votes, whereas it is understood that his workshop would be endorsed by the Telegram and the association of supporters of the present provincial government. Mayor Quennell is at present very reticent as to his intentions. T. W. Buckle, of Wellington, and Miss Mary Brooks, of this city, were united in marriage Saturday morning at St. Alban's church. Rev. G. H. Tovey performed the ceremony. At the meeting of Nanaimo lodge, No. 4, K. of P., held last night, a committee consisting of David Moffatt, Alexander Matheson, and Anthony Anderson were appointed a committee to confer with the other lodges in the district and to request them to appoint similar committees to arrange for a memorial day in this city, on June 10th, 1894. It is expected that the Victoria and Duncan's Station knights will be invited and accept the invitation to be present and assist in the beautiful services of decorating the graves of departed brothers.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Additional information has been received which shows that the attempt by Kennedy and McCabe to escape from the penitentiary on Monday was only part of a plot to liberate one gang of convicts, about 40. When Kennedy dug up the rifle and handed it to McCabe he resumed digging, hoping to find another. There were no more, however, and with McCabe shot and himself covered by Guard Burr's revolver, Kennedy could do nothing but surrender. He afterwards admitted that he expected to find four rifles instead of a single weapon placed there by his confederates outside. When the addition to D. J. Munn & Co.'s Sea Island cannery is completed

it will be the largest in the province. The Richmond cannery, J. H. Todd & Son, proprietors, is undergoing repairs and receiving new machinery. The new cannery at Garry Point will be finished in ample time for the sockeye pack. Preparations for the packing season are being made at all the canneries on the river. The trial made at Yale this week by Bell & McClellan's gold dredger realized expectations. Working in twelve feet of water gold gravel was pumped up from the bed of the river which yielded 19 1/2 ounces of gold in thirty-six hours. Stones weighing twenty-five and thirty pounds are brought up by the pump, and the whole machinery works perfectly.

BRITISH POLITICS.

Rosebery's Last Speech—Another Disturbing Reference to Home Rule. London, April 28.—Lord Rosebery's policy is finally assuming the semblance of definite shape. The premier's speech at the meeting of the City Liberal Club on Tuesday evening forewarns his party and the country that the course of the new government will be vastly different from that of Mr. Gladstone. This is made perfectly plain in the premier's utterances on that occasion, when he asked the Unionists whether apart from the Irish question it was worth while to hold aloof from the Liberal party, owing to the provisions of the bill which they formerly held aloof from the party in the belief that its foreign policy was null and void, they were not likely, he said, to believe so long as the government remained under the leadership of the unity of the empire abroad, and the unity in the best sense of the word of the three kingdoms at home. This makes it perfectly patent that the government have decided upon a new departure, so far as the premier's utterances are concerned, and this view is generally accepted in spite of the efforts of the Gladstone journals to minimize the effect of the premier's remarks. So far as its wet blanket effect upon the Irish party is concerned, Lord Rosebery's City Liberal Club speech is really more damning than his famous utterances in the house of lords, which required so much explanation that did not explain. When the registration bill comes up for its second reading, Sir Edward Clarke, member for Plymouth, on behalf of the Conservatives will meet the measure with an amendment that the house declines to pass the bill, which represents the elective system of the county and the county franchise proposals to redress the existing unequal distribution of electoral power. The aim of this amendment is to reduce the parliamentary membership of Ireland, the outline part of the bill, and the West of England, and increase that of London, the Midlands and Lancashire, which sections are mainly opposed to the government. The amendment is certain to be rejected, but its introduction and debate will furnish the basis for an endless number of proposals, all of which will probably have a little chance of acceptance as the one mentioned. Mr. Thomas W. Russell, the able opponent of the Home Rule, who represents the south division of Tyrone in the house of commons, has quarrelled with the Irish landlords, whose cause he has championed for many years, and it is announced that he will not stand for re-election. This being the case, the home rulers will probably win the seat which has been occupied by Mr. Russell since 1893, as with Mr. Russell out of the picture, the tenant farmers' candidate has any chance of success in the constituency.

THIS IN ENGLAND.

A Condition of Affairs That Causes Considerable Surprise. London, April 30.—Lord Courtney, special government inspector, who for two weeks has been sitting as a special commission, to-day concluded an inquiry into the management of the poor house at Newton Abbot, and which has developed a condition of affairs unparalleled in the history of the poor house system of England. A woman, who was a witness, was examined, and some of the corroborative testimony would have reflected upon a country inhabited by savages. It was shown that what are known as night jackets were in constant use in the poor house, and that aged inmates of both sexes had been placed in them naked and then tied to the iron of the bedstead. One woman, eighty years of age, died five days after being confined in this manner, and was actually tied down until within an hour of her death. A personal investigation of the institution by Lord Courtney brought to light some frightful facts. One inmate, a man, encrusted with dirt and covered with vermin. Her hair had been shaved close to her head and her finger and toe nails were like claws, averaging three inches in length. The man, who was paralyzed had her finger nails so long that they made wounds in her flesh. In a shed in the poorhouse yard was found an insane woman crouched in a corner, who had been confined there for many years, and whose body almost devoid of clothing. She testified that almost daily she was pelted with stones and in the winter by snowballs by the inmates of the boys' department, the superintendent of the institution, and the police. Some of the boys upon being examined said they pelted the poor unfortunate creature to hear her swear. It was shown that the inmates of the insane department indulged in daily fights, and proof was given that immorality was rife in the institution. Lord Courtney will submit his report to the local government board on Monday.

DUTY ON SUGAR.

Sensors Think it is Fixed Now—A Blow at Germany. Washington, D. C., April 28.—The Democratic senators who have been engaged in preparing a tariff compromise have been considering the duty on sugar to-day, and decided, besides fixing a tariff of 40 per cent. ad valorem on all refined sugar, to impose a further duty of 1-10 of a cent on the tariff of the countries paying a bounty on their sugar. This last provision is supposed to be aimed at Germany, where a bounty is paid on beet sugar. It has been proposed to extend the time when the sugar schedule will be in effect to January 1, 1895, which will insure the bounty under the McKinley law for this season's crop. It is understood that these two propositions have been inserted in response to the earnest solicitations of the Louisiana senators.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

McCreight v. Walker and Drake. Judgment in Aspland v. Hampson & Co.—Chambers Cases, etc. The case of Jamieson v. Verbeist was tried before Mr. Justice Drake yesterday. The action was brought by Jamieson as assignee of the estate of James Beal for the delivery of one diamond ring and pawn ticket for two diamond rings. The defendant disputed the action on the grounds that he never received express notice of the assignment from Beal to Jamieson, that plaintiff never demanded delivery of said goods, that plaintiff never tendered defendant any amount for dues and charges on said goods, that as to the first ring defendant had sold it to Beal's request, and as to the other two rings, they were absolutely purchased from Beal by defendant. Mr. Justice Drake, after hearing the evidence on both sides, and the examination of James Beal taken at Honolulu before Mr. Francis B. Gregory, the commissioner appointed to take such evidence, held that the two rings pawned were the property of the plaintiff as assignee of the estate of James Beal, and that defendant would have to account for price of remaining rings, and gave judgment accordingly. Mr. G. A. Morphy for defendant, Mr. J. P. Walls for plaintiff.

Mr. Justice Walkem in the supreme court this morning heard the following applications: Ames Holden Company v. Royal Canadian Packing Company—White (Eberts & Taylor), for the plaintiff, applied for an injunction to restrain the defendant (Belyea & Gregory), for the defendant, contra. Order made for judgment for \$2,026.16. Leiser v. Cavalsky and Green—Order made for judgment of plaintiff against defendant Green & Grease (Bodwell & Irving) for plaintiff. Fell for defendant Green.

The motion to quash the electric light by-law was adjourned by Mr. Justice Crease this morning for one week. Mr. Justice Walkem handed down his decision this morning in Aspland v. Hampson & Co. As the judgment is an important one it is given in full. This application is made under the provisions of the act of 21 of the execution act, c. 42, con. stats., 1889, on behalf of several clerks and servants lately employed by the defendants for an order directing the receiver appointed in this action to pay to the plaintiff certain amounts due to them respectively for wages. The ground of the application is that the appointment of the receiver was equivalent to legal execution. The section referred to is as follows: "In case of any writ of fieri facias or execution against goods or lands and clerk, servant, laborer or workman to whom the execution debtor or person against whom the process issues is indebted for salary or wages, the writ of fieri facias or execution shall be returnable in chambers to a judge in court out of which the summons issues, and it shall be lawful for such judge upon such application and upon proof of the claim of such clerk, servant, laborer or workman to order so much as shall be due to him from the execution debtor for salary or wages, not exceeding three months' arrears, to be paid to the applicant out of the proceeds, if any, of the execution, in preference to the claim of the execution creditor," etc. This section was subsequently amended by postponing the preference thus given to claims for wages, to the payment of the execution creditor's costs of obtaining nothing turns upon this. The appointment of a receiver is not execution by O. X. L. R. 8. The term writ of execution shall include "writs of fieri facias, capias, sequestratus, and attachment, and all subsequent writs that may issue for giving effect thereto." And the term "issuing execution" against any party shall mean the issuing of any such writ against a person or property as under the preceding rules of this order shall be applicable to the case." The process referred to means the writs of possession, delivery, attachment and sequestration, which are mentioned in rules 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the order. As observed by Colton, L. J., in re Shepard, 43 C. D. k. 135, "What a person gets by the appointment of a receiver is not execution, but the ground that relief which is granted on execution is no remedy by execution at law."

Since writing the above I find that the question before me has been very recently before the Queen's Bench division of the supreme court, and the opinion I have expressed upon it is correct. (See Norburn v. Norburn, 1894, 1 Q.B. 448). The application must be dismissed with costs. White (Eberts & Taylor) for the applicants and the execution creditors. The divisional court, consisting of Justices Crease and Walkem, gave judgment this morning in Baker v. Dalby et al., dismissing the plaintiff's appeal from an order of Mr. Justice Drake refusing an application for judgment under order nisi, and allowing the defendants to defend. A. E. McPhillips for the appeal and F. B. Gregory contra. Divisional court. Present Crease and McCreight, J. B. C. Iron Works Co. v. Buse et al.—A. J. McColl, Q. C., for the defendant, Rosa Mueller, of St. Paul, Minn., moved for a new trial. This action, which is brought in respect of a partnership, was tried in Vancouver before Mr. Justice Walkem and a jury and judgment given against the defendants declaring them partners, and a verdict entered for \$2,500. The motion now made is on the ground of improper admission and rejection of evidence, non-direction by the judge and that the verdict is excessive. A. J. McColl, Q. C., for the appellant and A. E. McPhillips, Q. C., for the defendant. Mr. Justice Walkem, in the Supreme Court chambers, heard the following applications this morning: Dumbiston v. Patten—Crease (Bodwell & Irving) for the plaintiff, applied for the payment of wages under the execution act; Aikman for the defendant. Order made. Scott v. B. C. Mills—Crease (Bodwell & Irving) for the plaintiff, applied to have security on appeal to Supreme Court of Canada allowed; A. E. McPhillips contra. Order made. Munford v. Munford—Aikman for respondent applied to strike out certain paragraphs of the petition as embarrassing and irrelevant; Elliott for the petitioner. Order made. Jackson v. Mylins—Drake for the plaintiff applied to have a receiver dis-

charged; Crease (Bodwell & Irving) for the receiver, consented; Gregory for the defendant. Order made that receiver pass accounts. Brackman v. McLaughlin—Aikman for the plaintiff applied for security for costs on appeal to the Divisional court; Morphy for the defendant. Order made that security be given at \$50. Argument in the B. C. Iron Works Co. v. Buse et al.—Appeal was continued before the Divisional court this morning and judgment reserved.

From Monday's Daily. The divisional court, consisting of Justices McCreight, Walkem and Drake, heard the appeal in Peck v. the Bank of Montreal this morning from an order dated 20th of March last restraining the defendants from selling under the power of sale in mortgage held by them on the goods of the Reid & Currie Iron Works Co., of which the plaintiff is the liquidator. The grounds of the appeal were that on the return of the motion before Judge Bole no leave had been obtained as required by rule 548, that the liquidator did not show instructions from the creditors, and that before an injunction was granted the mortgage should have been paid into court. The mortgage complained of is dated 21st August, 1893, and the winding up order 14th September, 1893, and under the winding up act the mortgage is bad, but the defendants' contention is that as their mortgage was repeatedly renewed it relates back to the time the first mortgage was made. The court said that the question as to the validity of the mortgage was one for trial and not to be decided by them, but from the facts as shown the injunction order must stand and the appeal be dismissed with costs. W. J. Whiteside (New Westminster) for the appellants and J. W. McColl (New Westminster) for the respondents. Adams v. McBeath was put off until the next session of the full court this morning. Mr. Bodwell, counsel for the appellant, is ill.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Masters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World. AN OLD SPORT. New York, April 30.—Volunteers for the score have proffered their services for the benefit of the "Harry Hill" fund, the people's theatre for Harry Hill. There are few men or boys in the United States that have not heard of the beneficiary. For years, and up to less than a decade ago, the sporting resort in this city known as "Harry Hill" was the most famous place of its kind probably in the entire world. Here all pugilistic matches were made. Here embryo pugilists made their first appearances, and here visitors to the metropolis, by the thousands nightly, wandered to see the sports. Under police protection Hill accumulated millions, but when he fell foul of his uniformed protectors the course of luck changed. To-day, 70 years old, plucky in spirit, but broken in pocket, he runs a little road house away out on Long Island that does not bring him crackers and cheese. Besides to-morrow night's benefit Harry Miner, Tony Pastor, Gus Hill and Lawyer Abe Hummel have raised him a purse of over one thousand dollars.

BASEBALL. OLD PLAYERS TO PRACTICE. There is talk of reviving the old Amity baseball club, and it is quite probable that there will be a meeting this week. Nearly all the old time are here and several of the members are in very good condition. This is true of Samuel Schultz, the pitcher who has been taking considerable exercise, and Gus Gowen, who has been doing likewise and can cover a base or field. Napier Gowen, William Duncanson, Thomas Burnes, Mr. Hanson and others have promised to aid the project. There will be some very sore arms after the first practice. THE KING. WILL CORBETT QUIT? Boston, April 30.—In an interview last night Jackson said he would live to the Corbett out to something definite. "If he is anxious to quit," he said, "I will, but I am anxious to have it out with him and then quit, win or lose." Parson Davies, who was present, said Corbett's talk of a twenty round go was nonsense. We want a finish fight. LOCAL TEAM LOSES TITE. Charles Tite has accepted a position at Port Hope and will play with the team of that city this season. He was offered a place in Toronto and the club of that city were anxious to have him, but he would not go there, as the place offered him at his home was more satisfactory. There are positions open here for Beifry and Ketchum; and they will very likely return here.

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OF MIDDLETON ISLAND. The four-masted steam schooner Jennie arrived at Port Townsend on Thursday night from Alaska. She reports a fleet of six or seven sealers at Middleton Island, and the Sapphirer, of Victoria, which she spoke, reported a catch of 320 seals. This information will prove rather surprising as it was not thought that the schooner could be so far north so early. Middleton Island is nearly a day north as Sand Point. The "six or seven" sealers are far beyond the reach of H. M. S. Pheasant, which could not reach them in less than seven days steady steaming, and they will not be warned. A meeting will be held to-morrow night at Hotel Victoria to arrange about a match on Queen's Birthday, the shooting tournament of the Sportsmen's Association of the Northwest, and other important business.

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SABIE BEY'S BRIDE.

An Egyptian Nobleman Whom Fortune Smiled Upon. New York, April 28.—Among the passengers for Europe to-day was Miss Alberta Ulman, third daughter of Albert J. Ulman, head of the Ulman and Boykin company of this city, rated as a more belle, who is accompanied by her father, mother and sister, is en route to Paris, where, two weeks hence, she will be married to Sabie Bey, an Egyptian nobleman and the son of a reigning prince in Cairo. He is thirty-five years of age and very wealthy in his own right. The bride is nineteen, strikingly beautiful, a fine linguist and musician on the piano. Her home will be in Cairo, where the crown elect has a palatial residence. It was while travelling abroad last summer that Miss Ulman met the Egyptian nobleman. They were introduced to each other at a reception in Paris. She was a case of love at first sight. Sabie Bey is by religion a Mussulman, but his faith allows him a plurality of wives and to an American girl it is not likely that he will seek to avail himself of this liberty of his creed in matrimonial matters. Last November he paid a visit to this country, and while in Baltimore was the recipient of many social attentions. He speaks English fluently, and in appearance is more like a Frenchman than an Egyptian. He is a splendid horseman and on several occasions gave private exhibitions of his skill. He could put his horse at a gallop, and while the animal was at its highest speed he would spring from the saddle and pick a handkerchief from the ground. This and other feats made him very popular with the fox-hunting clubs.

The death has occurred of the Rev. Dr. Knight, principal of the Presbyterian theological college, Halifax. He was 88 years of age, and had been connected with the institution for many years. Relief in six hours—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise to the medical profession on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

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DUTY OF THE LIBERAL

Speech by Mr. J. O. Libby, M.P. at the Liberal Association, Marchant's.

The following is the speech by Mr. John O. Libby, M.P., before the Liberal Association, Marchant's, on the 27th inst. The following is the speech by Mr. John O. Libby, M.P., before the Liberal Association, Marchant's, on the 27th inst. The following is the speech by Mr. John O. Libby, M.P., before the Liberal Association, Marchant's, on the 27th inst.

Mr. President and Members: With your permission I have something to say to you on the Liberal party and the duties and responsibilities of the Liberal party. I have had the honor to be invited to address you on this occasion, and I feel that it is my duty to do so. I believe in the Liberal party, and I believe in the duties and responsibilities of the Liberal party. I believe in the Liberal party, and I believe in the duties and responsibilities of the Liberal party.

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