AUSTRALIA GIVES HUGHES SUPPORT

Coalition Party's "Win the War" Slogan Carries Lower House.

SENATE IS IN DOUBT

Official Labor Party Opposed Hughes Because of Stand on Conscription.

felbourne, Australia, May 5.—Earliest returns from today's elections indicate that the Nationalists, of which Premier Hughes is the leader, have won several seats in the lower house, and

Cook, and took for their slogan the phrase, "Win the War."

The Hughes-Cook coalition stood for the strongest possible Australian war policy and in opposition to the official labor party. Australia was not represented at the imperial conference in London because Premier Hughes was unable to attend, owing to the political situation. Much bitterness arose in the campaign by charges against Premier Hughes that he offered a bribe to Senator Watson, of New South Wales, to obtain his support. Mr. Hughes sought re-election to the house of representatives from the electorate of Bendigo, a famous gold mining centre. He had represented the workmen's quarter of Sydney, but he was opposed there this year by a strong union organization. Cook, and took for their slogan the

sydney, but he was opposed there this year by a strong union organization. Premier Hughes, in campaign speeches, said that his party stood openely and frankly for the empire. He declared that the government would not attempt to enforce conscription, but that, if national safety demanded it, the question would again be referred to the people.

SCORE'S GREAT SALE.

are assured of a majority there. The complexion of the senate has not been the assortments of woolens in the R. Score & Son \$50,000 Estate Sale, such Premier Hughes was re-elected to the last the Scotch and Irish tweed business. Premier Hughes was re-elected to the house.

The campaign previous to the elections was the most bitter in a decade. Officials of the Labor party, of which Premier Hughes formerly was leader, split recently on the question of conscription, which Hughes strongly advocated, and the party machine disowned him. The premier, with some other Laborites, who still supported him, formed a coalition with the Liberal party, whose leader is Frank in Scotch and Irish tweed business shouse. Suitings, the fine English worsted suitings for business and better wear, the guaranteed indigo dyed blue serge suitings for business and best wear, the morning coat and waistcoat of black or grey vicuna, or the "Balaciava," the new slip-on topcoat designed and made by Score's. Ready to wear or made to your measure. The charm of choosing from such a stock has the added attraction of very special discounts.

* WAR SUMMARY *

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

HE French, in an attack in the country northeast of Soissons and north of the Aisne, have won a brilliant success. Except a small section, they have captured all of the Chemin-des-Dames on an 18-mile front, and they have taken 6100 prisoners. They have also gained a hold on a two and a half-mile stretch of the Siegfried or Hindenburg line. They now hold strong and useful positions for the opening of their attack on the principal German defensive line. They have, besides, occupied the crest of the Vaucierc Plateau, on the northern side of the Ailette Valley, from Laffaux Hill to Craonne. As usual, the Germans threw men lavishly forward to the counter-attack and their losses were appalling. They failed, however, even to prevent the French soldiers from digging into the ground. After all attacks of his line troops failed the enemy threw forward the Prussian Guards. The French artillery fire burst in great volume on the guardsmen while they were leaving their conveyances to line up for the charge. When the French infantry assailed them they surrendered in droves. The Germans still surrender quite readily as long as machine guns are not posted in their rear to shoot down those who offer to yield.

The French say that they carried out all these operations in co-relation with the British and that the result has been the gaining of a mastery over the greater part of the ridge marked by the Chemin-des Dames on a front of 18 miles. The immense forces thrown into the fighting by the enemy led to the greatest slaughter of Germans seen in any battle since the war began. The allied artillery has a greater superiority over the enemy even than it had in August of last year on the Somme. The sharp and decisive manner of making this advance augurs well for the success of the next stage of the fighting against the Von Hindenburg line.

In order to deprive the enemy of a vantage position on the Canadian Stirring Message Delivered left a battalion captured two trenches from the enemy just south of the Souchez River in a smart operation. The enemy strove to recover the lost ground in counter-attacks, but these proved futile. The Canadians rushed the position and took 34 prisoners. Further south and to the east of Bullecourt a violent battle is proceeding. The Germans are striving in frequent counter-attacks to dislodge the British from the positions which they hold in the Von Hindenburg line and the enemy is failing as often as his men try to move forward. The British repulsed two of these counter-attacks yesterday morning. Correspondents at British general headquarters report that the enemy is suffering enormously in these counter-attacks and the only wonder is how long he will be capable of maintaining them. Since April 9 every one of the 50 new divisions left in the west by Von Hindenburg as a strategic reserve has been engaged by the British or the French and severely handled.

The Germans in the last, as in the first stage of the war, are fondly clinging to their belief in the efficacy of massed attacks. They are defending the Von Hindenburg line by fighting in the open field before it. They counter-attack the British in formations three times as deep and as strong as the defending troops and they are suffering terrible losses from the British gun fire. Von Hindenburg is defending the positions covering Doual and Cambrai by line after line of troops, and as soon as one line is shot away another line springs up in its place. The Germans are now protected, not by earthen barriers, but by barriers of their own dead. It would appear that the allies are compelling him to fight desperately for time.

The plans of the allies in France, it is said, are working out with admirable precision. The Germans have not overtaken the Anglo-French artillery supremacy and the British gunners, at any rate, have never done better shooting since the war began. The aerial co-operation has developed to a marked degree. The allies originated aerial photography, which has ruined German trench defence system by preventing the concealment of positions. The battle is now proceeding on a front of about 130 miles, with active infantry operations over stretches of about 40 miles. This represents the greatest sustained offensive effort of the war and the Germans may calculate that the allies cannot maintain it for many weeks.

GERMAN PEOPLE LESS CREDULOUS

Authorities Unable to Convince Them Germany Is Winning War.

MANY WRITE LETTERS

Von Hindenburg's Retirement Not Seen By Masses as Great Victory.

The German military authorities re-fer in their articles to letters of criti-cism from readers on this or that feature of the war reports, indicating

feature of the war reports, indicating not only an unwillingness to take the official bulletins and the despatches of the war correspondents at their face value but also that the number of doubting Thomases is large.

A few weeks ago, as is evident from anticles by Captain Salzmann in, The Vessische Zeitung, and by other writers laboriously replying to a flood of critical letters, there was displayed an inability to see a great victory in Von Hindenburg's strategic retirement. And now a writer in The Deutsche Tages Zeitung says that many a good patriot is struck by the discrepancy

Tages Zeitung says that many a good patriot is struck by the discrepancy between the German and the foreign reports and is showing a hesitation to accept the German figures of the number of enemy aeroplanes destroyed.

Hard to Explain.

Another point now made, as during the Somme offensive, is the refusal of the British and French to discontinue attacking, despite the off-repeated buffeting that the offensive has broken down in defeat. These were accompanied last year by calculations to show that Germany's opponents had exhausted their last reserves, but the statements were subjected to such repeated revision that this year a more sparing use is made of the argument.

A feature of the war in secent days

VIVIANI'S APPEAL

Great Meeting in Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., May 6. - The solved until German imperialism has been destroyed and the peace of the world assured.

world assured.

In those words, M. Viviani, head of the French mission, acknowledged today the proferred promises of undivided co-operation of the middle west in the war. The mission at the western end of their trip thru America spent a morning here filled with manifestations of the spirit and patriotism of this section. Thousands of persons, waving the French tricolor and the Stars and Stripes, lined the streets and crowded all available space at the religious loyalty meeting at convention hall.

tion hall.

The convention hall audience was told by M. Viviani that the United States had not entered the war alone trench warfare is over, and then imo help France, but rather to uphold the torch of civilization and to obtain for the world ultimate peace. His words were greeted with an outburst of applause that subsided only when Marshal Joffre spoke a few ritory as important. Asked why, then, words in acknowledgment of the it is that the Germans throw away thunderous ovation given to his so many lives in fruitiess counter-attended to the solution of the solu country and her soldiers.

"Come to France." "You free Americans so well un-derstand why thousands and thou-

ENEMY TRIES TO **MEET ARTILLERY**

(Continued From Page 1).

carrying out their defensive battles with the same unshakable belief in the power of the mass that characterized their first onslaught upon the forts of the Belgian frontier and later, their futile offensive against Verdun. their futile offensive against Verdun.

The British assaulting lines in the recent fighting, thanks to the overwhelming weight of the artillery behind them, have been in nothing like the strength of the German defending troops. Similarly the Germans have delivered their counter-attacks with forces often outnumbering three to one the British forces holding the positions which were to be attacked.

It is not possible to visit a hattery

Copenhagen, May 6, via London.—
All is apparently not easy salling for the German military authorities in their efforts to convince the people at home that everything is going well on the western front.

The German military authorities refer in their articles to letters of criticism from readers on this or that feature of the war reports indicating.

Which were to be attacked.

It is not possible to visit a battery in the Arras sector without hearing of the wonderful shooting they have had of late. There has been nothing like it since the war began, so far as the British are concerned, and the khaki gunners feel that they are paying off many old scores of the early days when the German artillery dominated and there was not a single high-calibred British cannon on the continent. Marvelous Air Work.

The co-operation of the aeroplanes The co-operation of the aeropianes and artillery in smashing the counterattacks has been little short of marvelous. The flying machines have quickly discovered the gathering of troops and have sent minute details by wireless back to the batteries, with the result that the guns were trained and ready the moment the gray-clad hordes issued from the protecting trees or a village, simply smothering them under high explosives and sheets of leaden shrannel rain. shrapnel rain. When it is recalled that, as at Gav-

relle, there has been nigh on to 20 un-successful counter-attacks of this character some idea of the German losses can be had. Since the dead left behind tell the tale, great efforts have been made latterly by the Germans to clear the battlefields of their dead wherever it is possible to do so.

More recently orders have been captured as the whole together with one tured on the subject, together with one urgent appeal from a company commander that "at least two big wagons be sent immediately to carry away our

Australians Attacked It is one of the paradoxes of modern has been the steady extension of the appeal to public sentiment on the part of the military. The outcome was the decision that the public were entitled to no news, and that the less news published, even in the official bulletins, the better.

It seems probable that the army's official bulletins, despite the numbers that regard them skeptically, still hold the confidence of the general public. They certainly did so up to the time of the Associated Press correspondent's departure from Berlin, in contrast with those of the admiralty, whose publicity work, especially after the Blucher fight and the battle of Jutland, was received with considerable skepticism in Germany.

"COME TO FRANCE"

The bite into the Hindenburg line by the Australians has meant the almost complete obliteration of a section of the strandard of the section of a section of a section of a section of a section of the section of a section of a section of the sec

most complete obliteration of a secformerly ran from Arras to Queant.
The capture of Vimy Ridge by the
Canadians on April 9 left the ArrasQueen position "in the alt" and the Queant position "in the air," and the turning of the top of that line next day beyond Neuville Vitasse led the Germans to begin the immediate preparation of the so-tailed Drocourt-Queant switch as the new northern extension of the Hindenburg lines.

For Losses Pile Up.

The Australian success east of

"Sacred Union" of the United States and the entente allies will not be dis-important Queent junction, the Germans naturally are fighting with the utmost determination to offset the latest advance, and again their losses have been extremely heavy.

The British are in touch with the Hindenburg line all the way from Queant, south to St. Quentin, and are steadily pressing the Germans toward the Drocourt switch in the north. The Germans apparently are determined not to retire until they are forced to do so. Thus, it can be seen that the offensive operations, in which great losses are inflicted, are often of more importance than a gain

of ground not strongly defended. Some of the more defiant prisoner mediately assert that the depth of their fortified zone is their dependence to hold out against the allies. They remark that the German higher command no longer regard the loss of ter-ritory as important. Asked why, then, tacks against so-called isolated posi-tions wrested from them, the prisoner officers shrug their shoulders and say that the counter-attacks are intended to inflict loss upon the British, with-out regard to whether they win back

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, May 6.—The total number of casualties among the Canadians since Easter Monday up to and including tonight's list is now 14,795. Included in the week-end lists are a number of officers who fell at the battle of Arieux. The casualties among the rank and file are still those from the Vimy Ridge engagement.

INFANTRY. Killed in action-T. Henderson, Scot-

Killed in action—T. Henderson, Scotland.

Died of wounds—B. A. Crowe, Vancouver: F. Addy, Australia; P. Prior, England; C. Florence, Merritton, Ont.; G. E. Walicce, Strathroy, Out.

Wounded—C. F. Leslie, Janeville; 201524, E. Agget, 173½ Sumach street, Toronto; H. Lackey, Rutland, Vt.; R. Willbee, Mf. Albert, Ont.; A. Irwin, Virden, Man.; O. W. Elms, Vancouver; A. Reynoids, Campbellford; W. A. Barkley, Cardinal, Omt.; 75242, J. Bradshaw, 103 Hocken avenue. Toronto; A. Orviz, Winnipeg; R. H. Budd, Earlie, Alb.; J. F. O'Brien, Gananoque; J. Nursee, Martin, Omt.; C. Baker, England; W. J. Bixel, Chicago; W. H. Wilkinson, Ridgeville, Man.; N. J. Stuart, Kingston; H. G. McLean, Amherst, N.; J. Davies, Montread; 135370, P. Gould, 62 Earlscourt evenue, Toronto; H. Wilson, Hull, England; L. R. Hembroff, Vancouver; T. D. Page, Dumnville; J. C. Crawford, Dondesborough, Ont.; J. Darcy, Victoria; W. E. Clerke, Vancouver; Sergt, G. Honey, England; 58264, W. Semper, 27 Northcote avenue, Toronto; J. H. Eaton, Picton; J. Knight, England; C. Honey, Calgary; J. Horbochuk, Russia; J. H. Carter, Lethbridge; A. M. Rowan, Calgary; Corp. A. Rose, Cliffonville, England; A. W. Fordhan, Winnipeg; L. Jackson, England; A. Hararges, Russia; L. R. Adams, Flumboro, Ont.; 784175, J. G. Wcoderoft, Hamilton; T. W. J. McDonald, Waterdown, Ont.; 226017, F. Chieholm, 3 Salem avenue, Toronto; G. Smith, Amherst, N.S.: Sergt; L. Woolley, Haiffax; 314611, R. H. Davies, 54 Homewood avenue, Toronto.

314611. R. H. Davies, 24 Homewood avenue, Toronto.

G. T. Lockie, Scotland; G. A. Lacey, Brantford; A. Hermon, Port Kells, B.C.; R. Killingbeck, Norwood, Ont.; J. P. Sadler, Oyaman, B.C.; A. C. Spears, Lequille, Q.: Corp. D. L. Houghton, Hunn, England; Gnr. W. A. Leigh, London; Bomb. H. Fairbrother, Dvr. S. Trewin, England; Corp. W. Denheim, Scotland; A. J. S. Hart, Vidora, Sask.; J. A. Ryan, Renfrew, Ont.; R. J. Wiggins, Winnipeg; P. H. Osypa, Parkdale, Man.; A. Matheson, Silver Bay, Man.; 784935, L. C. Petch, Hamilton; A. Coxall, England; 374233, G. Harp, 160 Spruce street, Toronto; S. D. Gisdsey, Ireland; 56093, L.-Corp, W. Graham, 38-Parkway avenue, Toronto; C. M. Hickery, Fenton, Mich.; W. E. Dodge, Wales; E. Campbell, Seeley's Bay, Ont.; A. Beaumier, Montreal; W. Y. Ibbotson, Fergus, Ont.
Gas polsoning—159210, W. R. Wilson, 33 Gould street, Toronto; E. Fawcett, Owen Sound; 757144, W. Turpin, Hamilton. Officially prisoner of war—M. Metcalfe, England: D. J. Wegg, Cordova Mines, Ont.: A. Rosen, Vancouver.
Died—O. G. Sowden, Newtonville, Ont.; H. C. Gallinger, Gallilee, Sazk.; J. E. Price, England.

III—C. Oldfield, Edmonton; 799473, M. G. O'Hara, 738 East Queen street, Toronto; R. W. Williams, Montreal.
Shell shock—C. Stevens, Regina.
Sprain—W. J. Marshall, Wellwood, Man, Missing, believed killed—R. W. McLeman, Scotland.

ARTILLERY.

Wounded—N. McCuleh, Scotland; B. O'Neill, Chiernbusco, Ind.; Gnr. A. K. Cowper, Welland, Ont.; 302243, Gnr. L. New, Hamilton; Gnr. W. Webster, Eng-

Seriously III-Spr. D. E. Steeves, Monoton, N.B.

SERVICES.

J. C. Secord. Regina, Saek.; capt. 17.
J. W. O. Skelton, 206 MacPherson av. W. G. S. Yousef. A. Sayria; P. Williams, Bahgor, Sask.; G. McDonald, Yarmouth, N.S.; A. Kelly, Avonport, N.S.; P. Thompson, Vernon-ville, Ont.; F. Anderrson, Queenel, B.C., T. J. Webb, England; G. Smith, Dash-T. J. Webb, England; G. Smith, Dash-T. Vood, Ont.; 201352, E. C. Raddock, 22 Dawes road, East Toronto; 404900, W. McGill, 21 Jones avenue, Toronto; J. Munro, Tatamagouche, N.S.; T. Beech, St. John, N.B.; W. J. Fear, England; St. John, N.B.; W. J. Fear, England; Cote St. Paul, Que; K. Burbank, Sherbrooke, Que. Wounded-540489, G. A. Charles, 130 Victor avenue, Toronto; Corp. G. Summers, Scotland.
Contused back—Act. L.-Corp. E. B. Potts, Owen Sound. Cote St. Paul, Que; R. Burton, 2 Toronto brooke, Que.

III.—Lieut. R. O. G. Morton, 2 Toronto street, Toronto; Act. Corp. J. G. Taylor, England; W. H. Simpkins, Souris, Man.; H. M. Foster, Invermay, Sask.; J. Milligan, England; M. R. West, Liverpool, N.S.; C. J. Shellingford, Burnaby, B.C. Gas poisoning—J. O. Taylor, Peterboro. Shell shock—E. B. Fowler, Ireland; W. J. Piper, address not stated.

ARTILLERY.

Que poisoning—Signaller A. S. Patrick,

Ottawa. Shell shock-Dvr. A. Chisholm, Scot-

MEDICAL SERVICES. Shell shock-A. T. Titus, not stated. MOUNTED RIFLES.

Died of wounds—135988, B. H. Bridges, 203 Claremont street, Toronto.
Wounded—P. Barber, W. A. Lyons, Owen Sound; H. E. Barker, Maribank, Ont.; W. Hannah, South Porcupine, Ont.; 158043, J. Brown, 823 Dundas street, Toronto; H. C. MacIntosh, Priceville, Ont.; H. S. McGillivray, Darnoch, Ont.; M. Delyea, Harlow, Ont.; J. F. Young, Marmora, Ont.; T. C. Winders, Ingersoll, Ont.; G. K. Marshall, Kingsford, Ont.; J. Forbes, Kaladar Station, Ont.; 158017, Lance-Sgt. H. E. Brown, 10 Hugo street, Toronto; T. R. Purvis, Marlbank, Ont.; J. Tweedie, Walkerville, Ont. Shell concussion—T. E. Baycroft, Beeton, Ont. Died of wounds—Gnr. C. G. P. Weatherill, Chedoke, Ont.; Sgt. C. Sergeant, England; Dvr. A. L. Longley, St. Catharines, Ont.; Gnr. H. Tashman, London, Ont.; Gnr. G. W. Brooke, England. Weunded—Gnr. G. D. Mallory, Mallorytown, Ont.; Dvr. T. Stone, Cornwall, Ont.; 302395, Gnr. W. J. Wakeford, Gen. Del., P.O. Hamiton, Ont.; Dvr. A. J. Eades, Shawville, Q.; Gnr. A. G. Bromley, England; 318371, Dvr. H. W. Clarkson, 941/2 Scoliar street, Toronto: Dvr. O. S. Baird, Amherst, N.S.; Gnr. A. Sampson, Halifax; Dvr. J. H. McGinniss, Scotland; 337861, Gnr. S. L. Jex, 347 Montrose avenue, Toronto.

on, Ont.

Dangerously III—E. H. Bosley, Dundalk, Ont.

The proposed by present principles of the present principles of the search and the s

The maintenance of a savings ac-

count is an ordinary precaution against the day of need. Neglect to maintain a savings account is inexcusable in these times of

high wages.



66 Care lessness is inexcus. able and merits the inevitable sequence -Froude

Full compound interest paid at highest bank rate on Savings Deposits of One Dollar and upwards. Branches and Connections Throughout Canada HEAD OFFICE AND NINE BRANCHES IN TORONTO

Scotland; J. Clement, Mississippi Station, Ont.; W. L. Strong, Rossburn, Man. Missing, believed killed—Lieut. H. F. Hennessy, England.
Died—W. Hamilton, Sgt. A. W. Newman, England.
Wounded—J. Hanley, Montreal; N. Bogdanov, Russia; Lance-Corp. H. T. Armstrong, Shawville, Que.; E. Levesque, Sturgeon Falls, Ont.; H. N. Smyth, Montreal; F. McCoy, Cartright, Ont.; W. Nelson, Aurora, Ont.; G. Williams, Wales; Corp. G. J. McCarthy, England; Corp. N. Campbell, Point St. Charles, Que.; J. Quigley, London, Ont.; R. H. Jones, England; H. Boisse, Valcourt, Que.; C. C. A. Helmkay, Rosseau, Ont.; H. J. Turcotte, Kingston; D. Morrison, Winnipeg; Lance-Corp. A. W. Lawson, Scotland; J. V. Mellin, Lyleton, Man.; O. L. Gill, Winnipeg; J. Shelton, Man.; O. L. Gill, Winnipeg; J. Shelton, Man.; O. L. Gill, Winnipeg; J. Shelton, Man.; O. Hillman, North Cooking Lake, Alb.; 136408, Sgt. R. Williams, 33 Havelock street, Toronto; 669102, C. Danbrock, 271 North Lisgar street, Toronto; 76928, S. Fordhan, 5 Main street, Hamilton, 670129, T. E. Merry, 4 Chesley avenue, Toronto; G. T. Burrows, Lacombe, Alb.; W. E. Southworth, Revelstoke, B.C.; Lance-Sgt. G. Norris, Scotland; W. J. Quancy, Calgary; P. L. Moore, West Selkirk, Man.; O. Thorlifson, Stoney Hill, Man.; Sgt. C. M. Wildom, England; A. Penoyer, Cenindiania, N.Y.; A. E. Powers, Halifax; N. F. Wilson, Ottawa; N. H. Osborne, Marmora, Ont.; S. Smith, England; C. F. Culmer, Pieton, Ont.; R. Rose, Grand Bank, Nfd.; A. Brousad, Shawinigan, Que. Corp. F. G. Hasler, England; C. F. Culmer, Pieton, Ont.; R. Rose, Grand Bank, Maryhill, Mount, Bantí, Alb.; J. D. Ducharme, Montreal; Corp. W. R. Melkle, Scotland; G. Prieur, Dauphin, Man.; C. F. Stevens, Friduir, Man.; H. M. Smith, Lavelle, Pa.; F. A. Westwood, Prince Albert, Sask; H. Baker, England; C. F. Stevens, Friduir, Man.; H. M. Smith, Lavelle, G. T. Evans, Bradford, Lieut, F. Armstrong, Sussex, N.B.; Maj. E. C. Espitts, Sussex, N.B.; Lieut, L. C. Montgomery, New Richard, Que.; Lieut, J. P. Copp, Granville, Ferry, N.S.; Maj. L. C. Scotland; R. WANTED Strong Youth for Mailing Dept. APPLY FOREMAN, WORLD MAILING DEPT. 40 RICHMOND ST. WEST Toronto; J. Henderson, Calgary,
Wounded and missing—Lt. J. D. Dempsey, Stratford, Ont.
Missing—G. Taggart, Cameron, Ont.:
Lisut. G. H. Rathbone, 15 Laxton avenue,
Toronto; Capt. D. C. Black, Valcartier,
Gas poisoning—C. Ralph, Guelph,
Contusion—A. Kirby, Winnipeg; W. R.
Callerhan, Halifax.

Gas poisoning—C. Ralph, Guelph.
Contusion—A. Kirby, Winnipeg; W. R.
Callaghan, Halifax.

III—A. Crook, G. Gibson, Winnipeg.
Amputation, fingers—P. F. Dickerson,
Singleton, Ont.
Wounded—F. E. B. McCrea, Wetaskiwin, Alta; J. Ryan, Vancouver; W. S.
Martin, J. Richardson, Montreal; P. Downey, New Glasgow, N.S.; E. I. Kingsley,
Middlemiss, Ont.; 690961, W. J. McLean.

3 Francis street, Hamilton, Ont.; Major M. A. MacPherson, Swift Current; Lt.
P. S. Ansell, Winnipeg! C. E. Thompson,
Zephyr, Ont.; J. E. Jeary, Saskatoon; J.
Smiley, Preston, Ont.; M. Desert, Red
Deer; 171987, E. Jordan, 52 Murlel avenue,
Toronto; Lt. K. P. Keeler, Saskatoon; Lt.
C. E. Hocking, Minnedosa; Lt. P. S.
Ansell, Winnipeg: T. Pickefing, Calgary,
J. S. Cottrell, Beaver Mines, Alta.; B.
Dennett, Pitcox, Alta; Lt. T. G. Crosby,
Wolseley, Sask.; Lt. P. J. A. Andrew,
Victoria; Lt. S. F. Patterson, Detroit
Lt. F. D. MacFie, London, Ont.; Major
M. E. Wideman, Guelph; Lieut. W. F.
Welch, St. Lambert, Q.; Lt. C. B. F.
Jones, Kingston, Ont.; Lt. F. Armstrong,
Sussex, N.B.; Lt. M. M. McGregor, Brandon, Man; Lt. R. C. Lawson, Calgary,
Lt. A. C. Kelly, Stanley, N.B.

and both Purch

Law

to bani

Goods 5 1-16,

pair, \$

Va

a trin

seaso

patch

mon

Paint

tains

few ite

ish.

wine.

ocean

quick

pint,

40c.

45c.

25e.

Ex

mag

with

top,

INFANTRY.

Wounded—R. J. Drew, England; A. A. Fraser, Barrie; W. A. Channing, Wolverton, Ont.; A. J. Grenacke, Neville, Sask. Corp. A. Eves, England.

ARTILLERY. Wounded—Gusner B. W. M. Compton Transvasi, Ghr. J. Tulloch, Scotland; 91514, Bomb. J. Whitaker, 87 Logan ave-nue, Toronto; Dvr. D. Morris, Lethbridge Lieut. B. S. Bieler, Westmount, Que. Ghr. J. F. Butler, Sydney, N.S.

MEDICAL SERVICES.

Wounded-R. E. Steed, New Westmin ster, B.C. SERVICES.

III--778971. H. E. Blake, 49 Massey street, Toronto.

ENGINEERS. Wounded-111056, Spr. E. W. G. Cornwall, care Empress Hotel, Toronto.

York County and Suburbs

DIES SUDDENLY

Alexander Braid Was Well Known West Toronto Business Man-

Alexander Braid, a well known busi ess man, 66 years of age, of 168 Western avenue, and whose place of business is at 313 Roncesvalles avenue, died suddenly about 5 o'clock last night, shortly after returning from a