

mer, a merchant,—in all 39 persons. She had nearly reached her destination when a squall struck her and she foundered with all on board. Nothing was ever seen again of the "Speedy," or of those who had sailed in her. Solicitor-General Gray dreaded the voyage and had made arrangements to go down on horseback with Mr. Weeks, a barrister, who was going to the Court, but Judge Cochrane urged him so strongly to make the voyage with him that he consented.

Jacob Farrand, lieutenant in the first battalion Royal Yorkers, was Clerk of the Peace of the Eastern District and Registrar of Deeds for the counties of Stormont and Glengarry from 1795, and of Dundas from 1801 until his death in 1803. He was succeeded in these offices by his nephew, John Low Farrand, son of John Farrand, who held them until his death in 1814.

NOTE 11.

From the time of Samuel Anderson's imprisonment in Litchfield gaol his wife and family saw nothing of him until late in 1778, when Mrs. Anderson, who had suffered terribly from the cruelty of the Continentals, abandoned all her property, paid the Yankee governor two shillings and sixpence for a pass, and went with her children to Sorel, where her husband was then stationed with his company of the Royal Yorkers. All the information she had of her husband during the long interval was from hearing a sergeant (who with a party of Continental soldiers had billeted himself in her house) read a proclamation offering a reward of five hundred pounds for the capture of Samuel Anderson, dead or alive.

NOTE 12.

W. R. Pringle served on the medical staff during the Rebellion in the North-west in 1885. He came down the South Saskatchewan on the "Northcote" with the Midland Battalion, and was on board of her when she went down the river on the 9th of May with a detachment of C Company of