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VOL. XXXV.—No. 12,771

THE TORONTO WORLD

CANADA WILL SEND 25,000 MEN TO THE FRONT

Russians Prepare to Strike Heavy Blow Along Styr and in Galicia

FRENCH TROOPS BEAT BULGARS AND TAKE STRUMITZA

STRUMITZA IS OCCUPIED

IN SUCCESSFUL ADVANCE

French Troops Take Bulgarian Town and Gain Twenty Miles of Territory in Three Days' Fight in Which Enemy Lost Heavily.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—(10.30 p.m.)—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Athens says: "It is learned from a good source that the French, after a three days' fight, have occupied Strumitza and advanced 32 kilometres (about 20 miles) into Bulgarian territory. The Bulgarians lost heavily."

MAIN SERBIAN ARMY HOLDING ENEMY AT BAY

Every Effort Will Be Made to Defend Great Kraguyevatz Arsenal.

MONTENEGRINS FIRM

All Austrian Attacks Have Been Repulsed by Little Army.

LONDON, Oct. 30, 2.56 a.m.—The Bulgarians have recaptured Velez (Kopula), Serbia, according to the Athens correspondent of The Times.

Velez is 23 miles southeast of Ustupa and is on the railroad line between Ustupa and Saleniki.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Germans with their Austrian and Bulgarian allies are still making an attempt to cut off the retreat of the main Serbian army which is offering such spirited resistance to the invaders.

White Von Mackensen's force advances slowly from the north, the Austrians have crossed the western border of Serbia south of Vlasovo and are moving eastward and the Bulgarians are marching westward on a wide front from Pirovt, which lies southeast of Nish, to Zajecar, to the northeast of Nish.

It is, of course, a long way across and the country is a difficult one to traverse, but the Serbians are bound to defend it as long as possible, as their great arsenal at Kraguyevatz is situated in this area, and they will doubtless hold on with the hope of making an eventual retirement in the mountains along the Montenegrin frontier and in that country. To forestall this, the Austrians are attacking also in Montenegro, but have made little progress as the Montenegrins under their veteran fighting king

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DEMAND FOR RECALL OF BRAND WHITLOCK

Vossische Zeitung Urges Cavell Case as Excuse for Ending Activities.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Vossische Zeitung, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Amsterdam, challenges the German Government to ask Washington to recall the American minister at Brussels, Brand Whitlock.

"The recent Cavell case," says The Vossische Zeitung, "must be utilized as an occasion to put an end to Mr. Whitlock's activities in Belgium. He is accredited to Havre (the present seat of the Belgian Government), and not to Brussels. If America desires a representative in Brussels she must send someone agreeable to the German Government."

FRANCE IS STRENGTHENED BY CHANGE IN MINISTRY

"Good Omen for Day in Which Victorious Peace Will Be Concluded" is Comment of Newspaper in Rome.

ROME, Oct. 30.—General satisfaction is expressed here over the solution of the French Cabinet crisis. The Tribuna says: "After the mistakes made, the quadruple entente needs above all, determined men with clear heads, like M. Briand. The Giornale d'Italia says in an editorial: "M. Briand finds the nation perfectly organized, and all parties in concord, which is a good omen for the day in which a victorious peace will be concluded."

GERMAN MUNITION SHORTAGE

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The failure of the Germans to take Dvinsk and Riga is attributed in Petrograd, according to a Reuter despatch from that city, not only to the difficult nature of the heavily wooded country, which prohibits mass movements of troops, but to a German shortage of ammunition, which is said to be becoming critical.

WHEAT TARIFF STILL IN FORCE

Government Will Make No Definite Announcement This Week.

MILLERS OPPOSE IT

Matter Rests With Hon. W. T. White, Minister of Finance.

By a Staff Reporter. OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 29.—The demand from the west for free wheat continues to be insistent. Deputations have waited upon the government, but as yet have not received satisfactory answers. The principal objection comes from the Ontario millers as free wheat also involves free flour and they fear the competition of the big mills in Minneapolis.

While the western members of the cabinet are said to be in favor of immediate action, the question cannot come before the government in the regular way except upon the recommendation of the finance minister. Mr. White is non-committal as he quite properly makes an inflexible rule not to discuss tariff changes until they are decided upon by the government. It appears to be understood that under the legislation, passed at the war session of 1914, wheat, flour and semolina can be admitted free of duty from the United States by order-in-council.

Hon. Robert Rogers arrived here from Winnipeg unexpectedly this afternoon and it was supposed that he had been summoned here to take part in a cabinet meeting on the free wheat question. At a later hour this evening, however, it was learned that the subject was still under consideration and that no definite announcement of policy was likely to be made this week.

ENEMY LURED TO DEATH ON ISLAND IN DWINA

Germans BombarDED From Both Sides—River Choked With Corpses.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—"Accounts have reached here," says a Reuter despatch from Petrograd, "of a spectacular fight on the Island of Dalen, on the Dwina River, a few miles southeast of Riga, whither the Russians lured the Germans, allowing them time to install themselves before beginning a bombardment from both sides.

"Spectators from Riga who witnessed the cannonade from a bridge across the Dwina, saw the river choked with German corpses floating down stream, and stated that the German forces had been almost wiped out."

CANADA'S SYMPATHY.

OTTAWA, Oct. 29.—The Duke of Connaught cabled today to King George a message in the name of the government and the people of Canada, expressing deep regret at the accident sustained by His Majesty while visiting the battlefield in France. The Duke referred in the message to the fact that the King was with his armies in the field of battle when he received his injuries.

EVERY FACTION IS INCLUDED IN NEW MINISTRY

Briand Ministry Will Be Without Parallel in Republic's History.

MEANS UNITED ACTION

Opposing Factions Welded Together to Ensure Success in War.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—A new French cabinet, headed by Aristide Briand as premier and minister of foreign affairs, came into existence tonight.

This is the first time in the history of the French republic that there is a coalition ministry of all the opposing parties and factions. It follows closely on the recent innovation of forming a British coalition cabinet of Conservatives and Liberals.

The cabinet will be composed as follows: Premier and minister of foreign affairs, Aristide Briand.

Vice-president of the cabinet and minister of state, Charles de Freycinet. Minister of war, Gen. J. S. Gallieni. Minister of justice, Rene Viviani. Minister of the interior, Louis J. Malvy.

Minister of marine, Rear-Admiral Lacaze. Minister of finance, Alexandre Ribot. Minister of public instruction and inventions, Prof. Paul Painleve. Minister of public works, Marcel Sembler. Minister of commerce, Etienne Clementel. Minister of colonies, Gaston Doumergue. Minister of agriculture, Jules Melme. Minister of labor, Albert Meunier.

Ministers without portfolio, Emile Combes, Leon Bourgeois, Denys Cochin and Jules Guesde.

Under-secretary of state, war and munitions, Albert Thomas. Under-secretary of state for subsistence, Rene Besnard. Under-secretary of state for aviation, Rene Besnard.

Under-secretary of state for marine, Louis Naud. General secretary of the ministry of foreign affairs, Jules Cambon. Under-secretary for fine arts, Albert Dalquier.

The action taken today in forming the cabinet was the culmination of the government's efforts to meet the supreme crisis of the war party divisions. The action taken today in forming the cabinet was the culmination of the government's efforts to meet the supreme crisis of the war party divisions.

Remarkable Personnel. The resulting coalition is remarkable in personnel, including such venerable figures as Charles de Freycinet, who was one of Gambetta's aides in the upheaval of 1870. Jules Melme, a former premier who instituted the protective system of France, and Leon Bourgeois, who is known as the "grand old man of the Radical party," which has the largest membership in parliament.

The modern element is represented by conspicuous leaders of all the political groups of the country. Thus the new coalition brings together France's elder and younger statesmen and the government represents all the history of modern France since the fall of Napoleon III. The new body is notable in having a popular military leader, Gen. Gallieni, as its

(Continued on Page 7, Column 3).

MEN! GET THAT HAT TODAY.

Saturday is always a big day at Dore's as he has a big crowd of eager hat buyers on Saturdays ever since it opened fifty-one years ago. Today will be a big day because a shipment of 800 dozen finest English made hats, Heath's, Christy's and other good makes, will be put on sale for quick moving. The prices are made possible because the shipment was delayed because the ship that the cases were originally shipped by. Here they are, men, make your choice today. Two, two-fifty and three dollars. Store open until 10 o'clock tonight.

ANOTHER BIG MEETING TOMORROW NIGHT, ARENA

Number of Fine Speakers to Be Heard—Band in Attendance and Adnan Quartet.

Final arrangements have been completed for another big recruiting meeting, under the direction of the Citizens' Recruiting League tomorrow night at the Arena.

A number of excellent speakers have accepted invitations to give addresses. These include George Tait Blackstock, K.C.; E. A. Donovan, M.L.A., and Rev. W. A. Cameron. No tickets are required. The band of the 109th Regiment and the Adnan Quartet will supply the music.

CANADA SENDING FORTH CALL FOR 100,000 MORE SOLDIERS

KING HEARTILY CHEERED BY CANADIANS AT FRONT

War-Tried Veterans Were Specially Selected for Honor of Inspection by King George and Brig.-Gen. Lowther.

Canadian Associated Press Cable. LONDON, Oct. 29.—The King, in the course of his visit at the front, spent half an hour amongst the troops of the Dominion. Representative parties were drawn from the different battalions for his majesty's inspection, the parties being specially selected, and comprising the men who had been fighting since the Canadians first went to France. The day was rather wet, but the ardor of the Canadians on beholding their sovereign was not damped in the slightest. His majesty was accompanied by Brigadier-General Lowther, former military secretary to the Duke of Connaught.

CZAR TO SMITE FOE IN GALICIA

Weakening of German Forces on Russian Front Gives Opportunity.

RIGA YET HOLDS OUT

Two Months' Battle Continues With Germans as Far Off as Ever.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—In the east the battle is continuing for Riga and Dvinsk which for nearly two months Von Hindenburg has been endeavoring to reach, first from one point, and then from another. During the past week the Germans have poured a perfect rain of shells on the Russian positions along a front of 150 miles from the mouth of the Dwina to the south of Dvinsk, but also the Russians fell back a little in the north, they have generally held firm and returned shot for shot which is taken here to indicate that their supply of ammunition is now satisfactory.

This intense contest between Dvinsk and Sventseyan the Russians are steadily advancing and are making a near approach to the Vilsa-Dvinsk Railway.

In the south they also continue harrying the Austro-Germans by frequent thrusts. Emperor Nicholas and his son are now visiting General Ivanoff in this region.

Important Events Looked For. As the Germans are reported to have sent a part of General Von Lindingen's army from the region to the Rumanian frontier to guard against a Rumanian attack on Von Mackensen's forces in Serbia, important events are looked for along the Styr and in Galicia.

An official communication issued by the war office tonight says: "Over the entire western front (Russia) there is no change in the situation. On the left bank of the Styr to the west of Rafalovka the enemy assumed an offensive which was repulsed near the Village of Kostusovka.

There have been some stubborn engagements to the west of Czartorok, near the Villages of Guts Lisovskio and Rudnik, at some points the bayonet being used.

These combats, however, have not caused any modification of the situation.

PROOF THAT GERMAN FINANCED FAY'S PLOT

No Connection Traced to Any Official in Europe, However.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Federal officials made it known today that the government was in possession of information that Robert Fay, under arrest in connection with the bomb conspiracy, received financial aid from Germany, but it was stated that no connection had been traced to any official in Europe. Fay had already confessed that he had been supplied with funds before coming to America.

United States Attorney Marshall reiterated a previous statement that the government contemplated no further arrests at present, altho he was convinced that the five men already arrested were not all those implicated.

Number of Men Under Arms Will Be Raised to Quarter of Million, and Government Will Guarantee Equipment for All.

By a Staff Reporter. OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 29.—Canada's answer to the King's appeal for more men from all classes and parts of the empire is the decision to increase the number of men under arms to a quarter of a million.

The forces actually authorized heretofore were 150,000. The cabinet this afternoon passed an order-in-council increasing the authorized forces by another 100,000 men.

It is believed the prime minister, on his return from England two months ago, fully intended to increase the number of the Canadian troops to a very considerable extent, but that before the government took any action, such as that announced tonight, he desired an assurance that public opinion throughout the Dominion would support such a course and also that the equipment of the proposed additional troops could be guaranteed. There has been evidence of late that the country will most heartily endorse the increasing of the Canadian army to 250,000 men, and it is believed that the arms and equipment can be provided in time. Active recruiting will be undertaken at once, to enlist the additional number of men to help secure victory and an enduring peace.

However, it is believed that in the course of a few months another authorization will be issued.

A Big Achievement. Altho many Canadians will still feel that this Dominion will be doing no more than her duty or her share in the titanic struggle, it will be a great achievement to raise and equip 250,000 officers and men.

In the Spanish-American war, the United States called for only 215,000 men and those who actually took part in the war were only 60,000.

Canada has already sent 161,500 men overseas. This includes small garrisons at Bermuda and St. Lucia. There are also 71,500 men under training and on guard and outpost duty in Canada. This leaves 77,000 more men to be enlisted. New battalions that have been authorized in the last few weeks will provide about one-third of this number, and it is confidently believed here that there will be no difficulty in securing the rest.

PERSIAN GOVERNMENT HAS RESTORED ORDER

British Troops Have Been Withdrawn From Bushire as Consequence.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Indian Government announces the termination of the occupation of Bushire, Persia, the Persian Government having taken steps to ensure order and the security of British interests, says a Calcutta despatch.

The foreign office has received a despatch from British Consul Shipley at Tabriz, Persia, which says that 25,000 Syrian mountaineers from the Tyari and adjacent districts have taken refuge in Salmas and that 10,000 more are expected there. All are destitute and unless help is received many of them will inevitably perish, as winter is close at hand.

Consul Shipley adds that the American relief committee, under the presidency of the United States consul, is endeavoring to do all that is possible, but that its funds are entirely inadequate to meet the requirements of the situation, which justifies an urgent appeal to the charity of Great Britain.

Mr. Shipley suggests that all funds be sent to him for distribution to the American relief committee, which he believes, is the best agency for giving effective relief.

MONTENEGRINS TAKE FORMIDABLE POSITION

Important Success Achieved Near Visegrad in Bosnia.

ROME, via Paris, Oct. 29, 11.35 p.m.—A despatch to The Tribuna from Scutari, Albania, says: "Near Visegrad (Bosnia), the Montenegrins have stormed the enemy's position near Susgora, which commands the whole region, and established themselves firmly. They inflicted heavy loss on the enemy and took many prisoners."