

TABLE 4-3
Merchandise Exports by Province and Territory (\$ millions and percent)

Province	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2007 share	2007 annual growth
All Provinces	381,071.4	412,290.0	436,257.2	440,266.2	450,315.5	100	2.3
Ontario	189,095.5	199,007.3	200,791.8	198,663.9	202,406.3	44.9	1.9
Alberta	57,639.7	64,539.2	77,419.5	78,999.9	82,874.4	18.4	4.9
Quebec	64,190.9	68,478.2	71,005.2	73,195.8	69,919.9	15.5	-4.5
British Columbia	29,334.6	32,261.0	35,575.0	34,878.2	32,375.8	7.2	-7.2
Saskatchewan	10,389.1	13,460.5	14,932.6	16,409.6	19,970.4	4.4	21.7
Manitoba	9,328.7	9,438.0	9,388.4	10,428.0	11,830.7	2.6	13.5
Newfoundland	4,798.7	7,165.6	8,106.9	9,599.3	11,593.8	2.6	20.8
New Brunswick	8,573.7	9,479.7	10,722.9	10,408.9	11,179.9	2.5	7.4
Nova Scotia	5,477.4	5,810.4	5,802.9	5,193.7	5,451.3	1.2	5.0
N. W. Territories	1,587.8	1,975.2	1,687.1	1,605.2	1,882.0	0.4	17.2
P. E. Island	647.7	666.8	810.0	838.0	802.8	0.2	-4.2
Yukon	4.8	4.8	11.4	39.7	22.6	0.0	-42.3
Nunavut	2.9	3.2	3.6	5.9	5.6	0.0	-6.1

Source: Statistics Canada

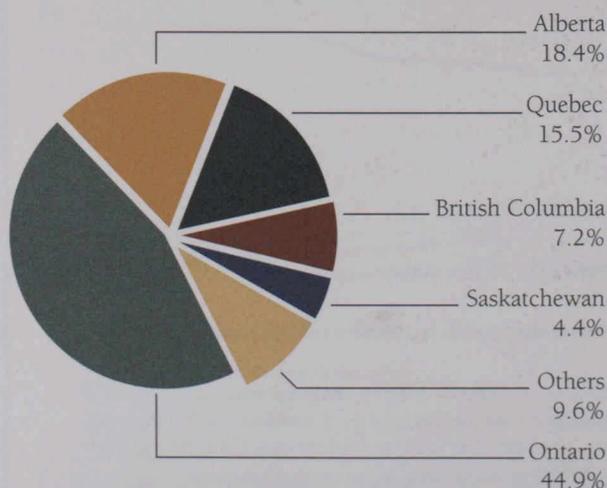
Provincial trade performance

Three provinces and two territories — Quebec, British Columbia, Prince Edward Island, Yukon and Nunavut — saw their merchandise exports to the world fall (Table 4-3). Yukon was hardest hit, experiencing a 43.1 percent drop-off in total exports. At the same time, Saskatchewan and Newfoundland registered the highest increases in their merchandise

exports, led by mineral fuels and oils, cereals, and fertilizers for Saskatchewan and mineral fuels and oils, ores, and fish and seafood for Newfoundland.

Of the Canadian provinces and territories, Ontario accounted for 44.9 percent of all Canadian exports to the world in 2007, followed by Alberta at 18.4 percent, Quebec at 15.5 percent, and British Columbia at 7.2 percent (Figure 4-12).

FIGURE 4-12
Share of Merchandise Exports by Province



Imports from the world were slightly down in four provinces 2007 — New Brunswick, British Columbia, Nova Scotia, and Alberta (Table 4-4). On the other hand, one province and two territories experienced double-digit growth — Prince Edward Island, Yukon, and Nunavut. For the latter, the increase was due to growth in its imports of aircraft and spacecraft products, which accounted for almost all of Nunavut's imports from the world.

By province, Ontario accounted for a bigger share of Canadian merchandise imports (59.1 percent) than it did for exports, followed by Quebec (17.5 percent), and British Columbia (9.5 percent) (Figure 4-13).