CONVENTION BETWEEN CANADA AND THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBLE TAXATION AND THE PREVENTION OF FISCAL EVASION WITH RESPECT TO TAXES ON INCOME AND ON CAPITAL

The Government of Canada and the Government of the Republic of Latvia desiring to conclude a Convention for the avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion with respect to taxes on income and on capital, have agreed as follows:

I. SCOPE OF THE CONVENTION

ARTICLE 1

Personal Scope

This Convention shall apply to persons who are residents of one or both of the Contracting States.

ARTICLE 2

Taxes Covered

- 1. This Convention shall apply to taxes on income and on capital imposed on behalf of Latvia or of its local authorities and on behalf of Canada, irrespective of the manner in which they are levied.
- 2. There shall be regarded as taxes on income and on capital all taxes imposed on total income, on total capital, or on elements of income or of capital, including taxes on gains from the alienation of movable or immovable property, as well as taxes on capital appreciation.
- 3. The existing taxes to which the Convention shall apply are, in particular:
 - (a) in the case of Latvia:
 - (i) the profits tax (pelnas nodoklis);
 - (ii) the personal income tax (iedzīvotāju ienākuma nodoklis);
 - (iii) the property tax (īpašuma nodoklis);

(hereinafter referred to as "Latvian tax");

(b) in the case of Canada:

the taxes imposed by the Government of Canada under the Income Tax Act, (hereinafter referred to as "Canadian tax").

4. The Convention shall apply also to any similar taxes and to taxes on capital which are imposed after the date of signature of the Convention in addition to, or in place of, the existing taxes. The competent authorities of the Contracting States shall notify each other of any significant changes which have been made in their respective taxation laws.