

if they so desire, by barristers or solicitors or by any representatives who are competent to appear before the courts either of the country of origin or of the country of execution.

(f) The execution of a Letter of Request which complies with the preceding provisions of this Article can only be refused—

- (1) If the authenticity of the Letter of Request is not established;
- (2) If, in the country of execution, the execution of the Letter of Request in question does not fall within the functions of the judiciary;
- (3) If the High Contracting Party in whose territory it is to be executed considers that his sovereignty or safety would be compromised thereby.

(g) In every instance where a Letter of Request is not executed by the authority to whom it is addressed, the latter will at once inform the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted, stating the grounds on which the execution of the Letter of Request has been refused, or the competent authority to whom it has been forwarded.

(h) When a Letter of Request has been executed, the competent authority to whom it was transmitted or forwarded shall send to the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted the necessary documents establishing its execution.

ARTICLE 8

(a) The evidence may also be taken, without any request to or the intervention of the authorities of the country of execution by a person in that country directly appointed for the purpose by the court of the country of origin. A Consular Officer acting for the country of origin or any other suitable individual may be so appointed.

(b) A person so appointed to take evidence may request the individuals named by the court appointing him to appear before him and to give evidence. He may take all kinds of evidence which are not contrary to the law of the country of execution, and shall have power to administer an oath. The attendance and giving of evidence before any such person shall be entirely voluntary and no measures of compulsion shall be employed.

(c) Requests to appear issued by such person shall, unless the recipient is a subject of the High Contracting Party for whose judicial authority the evidence is required, be drawn up in the language of the country of execution or be accompanied by a translation into such language.

(d) The evidence may be taken in accordance with the procedure recognized by the law of the country of origin, and the parties will have the right to be present in person or to be represented by barristers or solicitors of that country or by any representatives who are competent to appear before the courts either of the country of origin or of the country of execution.

ARTICLE 9

The fact that an attempt to take evidence by the method laid down in Article 8 has failed owing to the refusal of any witness to appear or to give evidence does not preclude a request being subsequently made in accordance with Article 7.

ARTICLE 10

(a) Where evidence is taken in the manner provided in Article 7 the High Contracting Party, by whose judicial authority the Letter of Request was addressed, shall repay to the other High Contracting Party any expenses incurred by the competent authority of the latter in the execution of the request