(2) The medical curriculum should include special lectures in the clinical departments dealing specifically with this subject.

(3) The universities should provide competent lecturers in this

subject to address the local medical societies.

(4) The associate members of the Association should be urged to take up the question of the proper methods of approaching the public on the subject of cancer.

(5) The activities of this Association should at present be chiefly

confined to the education of the medical profession.

(6) This resolution shall be sent to the deans of the medical schools and the secretaries of the State medical societies in the United States and published in the medical press.

## CASES OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES IN ONTARIO.

In the tabulation of communicable diseases reported to the Provincial Board of Health during the month of June, measles, while showing a falling off of 494 cases, yet heads the list with 904, as compared with 116 for the same month last year, and scarlet fever is next with 212. The total number of cases is 1,566, as against 929 a year ago.

The details are as follows:

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Diseases	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Smallpox	62	0	45	1
	212	8	310	13
Diphtheria	139	16	211	28
Measles	904	10	116	19
Whooping cough	57	9	29	4
Typhoid fever	41	6	81	20
Tuberculosis	143	99	129	118
Infantile paralysis		2	4	0
Cerebro-spinal meningitis.		4	4	4
1	,566	154	929	207

## THE ONTARIO MEDICAL COUNCIL, JULY, 1912.

On opening the annual session of the Ontario Medical Council, Dr. Otto J. Klotz, of Ottawa, was elected president, and Dr. McCarthy, of London, vice-president.

After some discussion the following resolution was unanimously adopted: Moved by Dr. William Spankie, Kingston, and seconded by Dr. R. J. Gibson, of the Sault, "Whereas it is provided by the constitu-