

turning to Toronto in 1870, where he resided until the time of his death a year or two ago. During his residence on the London Road he operated upon an irreducible compound fracture of the femur, and of the tibia and fibula, by sawing off the projecting ends of the bones, which allowed the parts to come into apposition, and a good result ensued. Many amusing anecdotes are told in Canniff's book, but time will not permit of their telling here.

Henry Hover Wright was born in Prince Edward County, and died in Toronto on the 9th of March, 1899. He began the study of Medicine with Dr. Rolph in 1832, and remained with him till Rolph had to leave the country in 1837. Wright followed him to Rochester and remained a little more than a year. Returning to Toronto in 1839 he got his license to practise. For a short time he lived in Dundas, afterwards in Markham, and in 1853 he came to Toronto and became a lecturer in Rolph's School. During his early years Dr. Wright practised surgery as well as medicine, and had the reputation of doing good work. When, however, he and Dr. Aikins became closely associated in the Toronto School of Medicine, after the split with Rolph, Wright stuck more closely to medicine and Aikins to surgery. We younger men, of course, remember him as a physician, and affectionately recall him as our old teacher, while some of the older men tell us of the operations done in his earlier days. Dr. Wright did much to elevate the standard of the medical profession, and was noted for his honest endeavors and for his tenacity of purpose.

I have met many of his old patients both in and outside of the city, and one and all bear testimony to his kindness, courtesy and self-sacrifice.

His son, Dr. Frederick H. Wright, followed in his father's profession, graduating in 1872 from the University of Toronto, after which he studied at St. Thomas's, where he was a great favorite with Dr. Peacock. After taking the English qualification he became resident physician in the Victoria Park Hospital for Diseases of the Chest. He afterwards practised in Toronto, and was a most skilful diagnostician. His health failed, and he died April 19th, 1882.

Cornelius James Philbrick was born in Colchester, England, in 1816, and died at Toronto, December 2nd, 1885. He was a Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and came to Toronto about 1850, settling in what was then known as Yorkville, and residing at the corner of Church and Bloor Streets. He was an able, clever surgeon, and had an accurate knowledge of anatomy. He had many little eccentricities that afforded both his friends and enemies alike many a laugh. In 1852 he was Professor of Surgery in Trinity College. To quote from Canniff's book, "A marble slab covers his grave, on which is inscribed the date of his death, and these words: 'Having practised his profes-