became affected, however, and the patient ultimately died of the lung affection. It seems fair to assume that had amputation been performed as advised in the early stage, the disease might have been eradicated.

DR. CANE exhibited the brain from a patient dying of general paralysis of the insane. The patient was a male, aged only 36. His character previous to his cerebral trouble had been good. He was a temperate man, and had always enjoyed moderately good health. On 11th May last he was brought to the Toronto Asylum with all the evidences of general paresis. He steadily grew worse and died January 19th. The specimen showed great thickening of the dura mater and also of the calvarium, which was markedly indurated. A large amount of serous fluid was found beneath the membranes. The arachnoid and pia mater were thickened and milky-looking. The adhesions between the brain and membranes were marked over the convolutions, but in the sulci no such adhesions were found. On forcibly stripping the membranes from the convolutions, the convexities of the latter showed a roughened appearance which has been compared to mouse-nibbled cheese, and is somewhat characteristic. Contrary to the generally received opinion, this disease is not one of old age, but generally attacks those in the prime of life, the majority of its victims being between 35 and 40 years of age.

Dr. Geo. Wright presented the *kidneys* of a man who had died of Bright's disease complicated with bronchitis of the smaller tubes. The urine contained albumen and casts. Epistaxis was a marked symptom, and pericarditis developed towards the last. The kidneys were markedly cirrhotic.

DR. W. H. B. AIKINS showed a Larynx, the vocal cords and arytenoid cartilages of which were covered with tuberculous ulcers, in which the microscope revealed the bacilli of tuberculosis in abundance. The interesting point in connection with this case is that no tuberculous deposits were found in the lungs.

[—]Dr. C. W. Earle has been appointed President of the Chicago Gynæcological Society.