

REPORT SPECIAL
FISHING SEASON
PROVES FAILURE

Fishermen Claim the Losses
Through Storms Offset
Profits of Poll.

GRANTED EXTRA TIME

Commission Department Allowed
Six Weeks Extension Off
Shore of Nova Scotia.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 22.—The special six weeks' fishing season for lobsters beginning Nov. 1, granted by the Dominion fisheries department to fishermen on the southwestern shore of Nova Scotia, is reported to have been a failure from the standpoint of the majority of the fishermen engaged, though in Halifax County, where the fishermen did not have their earnings offset by the loss of traps in the heavy storms after the end of November cleared about \$100 per boat for the month, it was a benefit, as many of the boat fishermen engaged in fresh fishing during the summer had been obliged to suspend operations owing to lack of markets, and faced the winter with scant resources.

A large percentage of the lobsters taken on the southwestern shore were not in proper condition for canning, much less for the fresh markets, their shells having hardly had time to harden, and the flesh being poor. The catch which at normal prices would have been worth \$500,000, only brought about \$250,000.

Gluts American Market.
One result of this special season was that the American market, causing considerable loss to the fishermen of Nova Scotia, and of St. John and Charlotte counties, N. B., who ordinarily have the early winter market to themselves.

Owing to the immature condition of the lobsters few of the factories on the southwestern shore attempted to can them, the pack being less than usual. What it was expected to be, a fact which will be gratifying to canners throughout the Maritimes, who fear the reduction of an extra pack, which would tend to reduce prices.

According to local fishing authorities the fishermen of the southern shore will in future years be content to wait for the regular open season for lobsters, beginning March 1, when the lobsters are expected to be of greater value.

COMFORT FOR ZITA.
REDAIEST—Pearling ex-Empress Zita would have had dreams in exile. In Madeira, Budapest royalists have been her a magnificent bedroom suite.

OUR BOARDINGHOUSE.



BUSTER TRIED TO EASE IN UNDETECTED
WITH A CHRISTMAS PACKAGE

TOOK LIQUOR BACK,
BUT WAS ARRESTED

Conscience Made Tecumseh
Man Try To Undo His
Crime.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
WINDSOR, Dec. 21.—The conscience of Alphonse Brouillette of Tecumseh, aided by a suggestion from Jerry Desjardins, Tecumseh chief of police, combined to effect Brouillette's arrest on a charge of stealing liquor.

Desjardins stated today that on December 18 Ernest Ducharme, Tecumseh, told him that three cases of liquor had been stolen from his cellar.

Desjardins told Ducharme to leave his cellar door open and the liquor would come back, and then went to Brouillette and told him Ducharme's door was open.

Tuesday night Brouillette carried the liquor back to Ducharme's house. Desjardins said he had been waiting for him, arrested him. He will be tried in Ford police court.

GAS EXPLOSION
KILLS TWELVE

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 21.—Twelve persons are known to be dead and an unknown number injured as the result of a gas explosion which wrecked Wright's women's furnishing store in the downtown district here late today. Forty injured have been taken to hospitals, and rescuers declared there were a number more in the wreckage.

The store was crowded with holiday shoppers at the time of the explosion, which wrecked the building and tore up a portion of the adjacent street. Gas escaping from mains in the street took fire and hindered rescue work.

PRESENT FIGURES
FOR COMPILATION

Merchants Bank Heads "O.K." Statement To Finance Department.

OTTAWA, Dec. 21.—(By Canadian Press).—On November 30, the total assets of the Merchants Bank of Canada were \$182,004,625 and the total liabilities \$161,507,349, according to figures furnished to the finance department today for compilation in the monthly statement covering Canadian chartered banks. The figures, which are in the form of a statement, signed by H. Montague Allen, president; J. E. Merritt, superintendent of branches and chief inspector, and J. G. Muir, chief accountant, are "subject to the new allocation and revaluation of certain assets which are now undergoing revision in view of the situation that has arisen."

Loans of the bank, exclusive of overdue debts, which total \$2,760,465, amount to \$119,723,673, made up as follows: Call and short loans (not exceeding 90 days), payable in Canada, on stocks, debentures and bonds, \$7,011,917; call and short loans elsewhere than in Canada, \$4,745,662; other current loans and discounts in Canada, \$102,857,726; other current loans elsewhere than in Canada, \$1,161,780; loans to provincial governments, \$205,550; loans to cities, towns, municipalities and school districts, \$3,801,951; in addition to these and not included in the above total is the sum of \$472,650, being the aggregate amount of loans to directors and firms of which they are directors.

Other assets of the bank included \$14,119,450 Dominion and provincial government securities; \$3,796,487 Canadian municipal securities and British foreign and colonial securities, other than Canadian; \$5,117,780 railways and other bonds, debentures and stocks; real estate, other than bank premises, \$261,281; bank premises, \$4,807,749, and mortgages on real estate held by the bank, \$682,774.

The liabilities of the bank include \$88,067,635 savings deposits and \$38,345,142 demand deposits payable in Canada. Deposits outside Canada total \$2,204,602. The sum of \$11,001,532 is due the Dominion government and \$2,871,458 due to other banks in Canada.

PELEE ISLAND
NOW MAROONED

[Special to The Advertiser.]
PELEE ISLAND, Dec. 21.—The "Pelee" has made her last trip of the year, and the island will now be marooned for the winter. The farmers have practically finished their corn-husking, and are most of them now busy with their fall plowing.

Mr. Pettier of the Windsor Dredging Company, has ceased operations and returned home. He will complete his contract next spring.

Robert Harris and Mrs. Julius McCormick of Detroit are paying a short visit to their mother, Mrs. James Harris, before the close of navigation.

The overwhelming victory of the Liberals on Pelee Island in the recent general election was celebrated by a public ball in the town hall. In spite of the bad weather and worse roads, the hall was crowded to capacity, and an enjoyable time was spent. A large number of guests from a distance were present, the only drawback to the complete success of the evening was the unavoidable absence of Hon. G. P. Graham.

Tobacco buyers are visiting the island, and are said to be offering 14 to 19 cents per pound for Burley leaf.

NEW BRUNSWICK
GOES DRY JAN. 18

OTTAWA, Dec. 21.—(By Canadian Press).—A special issue of the Canada Gazette contains notice of an order-in-council directing that the prohibition order for New Brunswick shall go into force on January 18.

SEEK SITE FOR
PROVINCIAL BANK

Government Will Not Build,
But Will Adapt Some
Building.

ST. THOMAS, Dec. 21.—M. E. McKenzie of Toronto, representative of the Ontario Government Bank, spent a short time while in this city on Wednesday inspecting proposed sites for a branch bank which is to be located here. Several pieces of property were looked upon with favor, and when a selection is finally made no time will be lost, according to Mr. McKenzie, in getting things organized.

It is not the intention of the government to build in this city at present, as it is doing in some other cities. But some present building will be renovated for the purpose. Mr. McKenzie was of the opinion that while such a bank will be of great benefit to the community, it will not injure privately-owned banking institutions. Mr. McKenzie, who formerly was manager of the Royal Bank in Burlington, will probably be manager of the Government Bank here.

INDIA NOW READY
FOR PROHIBITION

Declares "Pussyfoot" Johnson
On Return From Extensive
Tour of Country.

Calcutta, Dec. 21.—William E. ("Pussyfoot") Johnson, American prohibition worker, told the members of the Rotary Club here, that his impression, after an extensive tour of the country, is that India is more ripe for prohibition than America was five years ago.

Johnson was the principal guest of the club at its fifth meeting, when he was subjected to a good-natured bombardment of questions.

Describing his reception in India, which has been a great success, one, Johnson said he had been welcomed because he represented a crusade that appealed to the people of India.

"In the districts I have visited in the past few weeks," he said, "I have been entertained by every class, from the viceroys, and the native princes downwards, and only on a single occasion—at Patna, several days ago—did I hear an Indian stand up to oppose prohibition."

"It was at Patna that I witnessed a remarkable demonstration in support of a dry India. A great crowd of nearly 5,000 at the request of the chairman voting on the question by a show of hands. So far as I could see, every hand in the audience—and in some instances both—was raised in favor of prohibition, and not a solitary hand against."

Willing To Stand Cost.
"I must mention also the wonderful gathering we had in a theatre at Baroda—with an audience of more than three thousand—at which a speaker was loudly hissed for a reference to non-cooperation, but cheered with enthusiasm a few minutes later when he declared that the taxpayers of India would be only too willing to meet the additional taxation that may be necessary, after prohibition."

"I would like to say," he concluded, "that I have not met a single British official who has not gone out of his way to be kind to me."

APPROVE SOVIET RUSSIA'S
BUDGET ON GOLD BASIS

MOSCOW, Dec. 21.—The central executive committee of the Soviet government today approved Soviet Russia's first budget estimated on a gold basis. It is for the period from January 1, to September 1, 1922.

The government's income for that period is estimated at 1,571,000,000 gold rubles, and the expenditures are estimated at 1,877,000,000 rubles, representing the smallest estimated deficit in the history of the Soviet government.

U. S. DOLLAR BELOW PAR
IN SWITZERLAND ONLY

GENEVA, Switzerland, Dec. 21.—Switzerland is the only country in the world where the United States dollar today was below par. The dollar was quoted at 5 francs 12 centimes on the Geneva Bourse.

The normal rate before the war was 5 francs 15 centimes. The highest rate after the armistice was signed was 5 francs 99 centimes.

WEST AFRICAN
NATIVES YEARN
FOR EDUCATION

250,000 Inhabitants of Gold
Coast Clamor For Ad-
ditional Schools.

NEED MORAL TRAINING

Present Institutions Give
Merely Literary Knowledge,
Canadian General Claims.

LONDON, England, Dec. 21.—(By Canadian Press).—Does the native African want education? Is it necessary to educate him? Why not leave him alone, when he is perfectly happy? These questions were answered by Brigadier-General F. G. Guggisberg, governor and commander-in-chief of the Gold Coast, at a recent meeting of the African Society in this city. The African Society, of which Lord Buxton is president, has been formed to enable its members to hear something about the African colonies by asking questions of the colonists to be the society's guests.

Brigadier-General Guggisberg was born in Toronto, July 26, 1863. He is a graduate of the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich, and has served with distinction in many fields as a British military officer, having been mentioned in dispatches several times in connection with his military career. He is a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. His experiences in Africa include his employment under the colonial office on a survey of the Gold Coast and Ashanti, and services as surveyor-general of Nigeria. He has been governor and commander-in-chief of the Gold Coast since 1919.

Natives Seek Education.
Answering the questions as to the need of educating the native African, the questions having been propounded by himself, Brigadier-General Guggisberg said that if you could provide that the native races should not come into contact with civilization, they would remain happy under their old conditions, but the mind of the raw, untutored man would aspire upwards when once he was brought into the zone of modern civilization.

General Guggisberg said that in the northern territory there was no education. In Ashanti it was a little better, and in the Gold Coast there were 50,000 educated inhabitants. The schools there were in the nature of primary schools, and at these schools 25,000 pupils ranging from 4½ to 24 years of age were being educated. This number was not a matter for congratulation. For one up the primary courses, and if a man wanted higher education to fit him for any profession he must come to Europe. Secondly, the whole of their primary schools were devoted to a literary education. Annually they were turning out between 6,000 and 7,000 educated natives, good fellows, keen on their books, keen on acquiring knowledge but practically the whole lot of them fitted for little more than clerkships.

Too Many Clerks.
Clerks should not form the backbone of a native race, General Guggisberg said. The Gold Coast was being flooded with these semi-educated races.

Another difficulty, the general pointed out, was that the native races had no character-training of any sort. He put that down to the almost entire lack of boarding-schools, where a young native could get training in the things that character, discipline, leadership and responsibilities. Still another difficulty was with their teachers. Reliance had to be placed mainly on the native teachers, most of whom had not had training, and it was too often a case of the blind leading the blind. As regarded Europeans, the brunt of their education fell on the missions; such missions as the Scottish, the Wesleyan and others were making gallant efforts, absolutely under-staffed. At present there were 25,000 natives at school, 50,000 were knocking at the doors, and 250,000 people in these territories wanted education, and they could not be taught.

General Guggisberg said that early next year they would see the first four of their new trade schools started. Several chiefs and their people were receiving temporary housing, so that they could start lessons in carpentry, building and other trades.

"In the districts I have visited in the past few weeks," he said, "I have been entertained by every class, from the viceroys, and the native princes downwards, and only on a single occasion—at Patna, several days ago—did I hear an Indian stand up to oppose prohibition."

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ing, metal-work and agriculture, and on top of that the pupils would have a literary education to enable them to become really efficient. The schools would be boarding-schools in character, with a European head master, and there would be troops of boy scouts. They were going to have secondary schools capable of accommodating 600 pupils, and in a few years they would be giving the native a complete education in his own country.

ESTABLISH HOSPITAL.

They were establishing a good hospital, the general continued, and they would be able to give the medical students the foundation of their professional education. The educational scheme would cost money. In the last two or three years education had increased in cost from £3,000 to £100,000, and before long they would have to spend £250,000 yearly. To get that money they would have to increase trade and transport. It was impossible to raise revenue by more taxation because the taxes were as high as they reasonably could be.

Referring to the bad name that was given to the climate of the Gold Coast, General Guggisberg admitted that it was the same old climate, but through the agency of sanitation and the medical department, it had been very much improved from the standpoint of health. The Gold Coast Colony comprises a portion of the coast of the Gulf of Guinea, with a protectorate extending inland to the average distance of 40 miles. It is bounded on the west and north by the French colonies of the Ivory Coast and French Sudan, and on the east by the German colony of Togoland. The total area of the colony and its dependencies is estimated at 80,235 square miles. The population given in the census of 1911 was: Gold Coast Colony, 857,512; Ashanti, 287,814, and Northern Territories, 357,519, a total of 1,502,845. Of these about 1,000 are Europeans. The natives are almost all pagans, but the number of Mohammedans and Christians is steadily increasing.

MANY SPECIAL PRIZES
FOR POULTRY SHOW

[Special to The Advertiser.]
CHATHAM, Dec. 21.—One hundred and twenty-five special and fifteen silver cups form the extra prizes which will be awarded at the third annual show of the Chatham Poultry Association, which will be held in conjunction with the annual corn show of the Ontario Corn Growers' Association here the latter part of next month.

FARMERS SPENT
\$5,000 ON FIGHT

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SCHOOL REPORTS

CONTINUATION SCHOOL.

LOBO, Dec. 21.—Below is given a report of the fall term standing of pupils at Lobo continuation school. Names in order of merit:

Form III.—Ruth Campbell, Irene Stewart, Colina Ferguson, Vincent Hamacher, Edith Tuckey, Wilfrid McVicar, Edna Hamacher.
Form II.—Chester Brown, Ella Cutler, Gertrude Oille, Helen Ferguson, Janet Campbell, Stanley Robson, Ruby Stoner, Percy Campbell, Edna Robson, Celia McLean, George Caverhill, Howard Brown, Clifton McLean, John Fletcher.
Form I.—Mary Thrower, Edmund Bolton, Beatrice Brown, Margaret Bolton, Ronald Cutler, Francis Caverhill, Alexander Stewart, Dorothy Zavier, Curranland Carmichael, Avis Parsons, Ruth Campbell, Annie Scott, Helen Cameron, Flo Campbell, Robert Muma, Lottie McVicar, Erma Trehanne, Ingram Jackson, Evelyn Marsh, Gladys James, Grace Robbins.

Report of S. S. No. 3. Moore, for month of December:

Senior IV. Class.—Martha Stothers, Jack Duggan, James Stothers, Vera Robbins.

Class III.—Allan Neal, Wilbur Duggan, Keith Duggan, Bernice McClellens.

Class II.—Grace Payne, Marjorie Payne, Walter Neal.

First Class.—Dorothy Brown, Marjorie White, Phyllis McCrae, Gladys Medley, Lyle Prouse.

Primer.—Orval McClellens, Myrtle McKellar, Jean Murray, Carmel Smith.

LEATHER GOODS

Club Bags

Black or Brown Cowhide, leather lined, sewed-in frame, three-piece style.
18-inch\$22.00
20-inch\$25.00

Black or Brown Cowhide, leather lined, sewed-in frame, leather corners.
18-inch\$16.50
20-inch\$20.00

Bridge Sets \$5.00 to \$6.00
Black Walrus Grain, leather lined, sewed-in frame.
18-inch\$10.00
20-inch\$12.00

Club Bags, \$3.50 to \$50.00

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Folding Coat Hangers
Sewing Sets
Club Bag Fittings
Auto Lunch Sets
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Wallets

Overnight Bags
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Buy Electrical Gifts
at an
Electric Store

ELECTRIC IRON SPECIAL
Vacuum Cleaners\$50.00
Canadian Beauty Toaster\$7.50
Grill, three-heat\$13.50
Grill, single heat\$6.50
Flashlights\$1.00 up
Reading Lamps\$10.00 up
Toy Motors\$2.25 and \$7.50

Taylor-Campbell Electric Co.
237 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 4071.

Mastin's Vitamon
Greatest Complexion
Secret Of All

Banishes Skin Eruptions, Puts On Firm Flesh,
Strengthens The Nerves and Increases Energy.

Concentrated Tablets Easy and Economical to Take—Results Quick.
If you want to quickly clear your skin and complexion, put some firm, healthy flesh on your bones, increase your nerve force and power, and look and feel 100 per cent. better, simply try taking two of Mastin's Vitamon Tablets with each meal and watch results. Mastin's VITAMON Tablets contain highly concentrated yeast-vitamins as well as the two other still more important vitamins (Fat Soluble A and Water Soluble C) and are now being used by thousands. They positively will not upset the stomach or cause gas, but, on the contrary, are a great aid to digestion, to overcome constipation and as a general conditioner of the whole system. Eruptions, boils and skin eruptions seem to vanish like magic under their purifying influence, the complexion becomes fresh and beautiful, the cheeks rosy instead of pale, the lips red instead of colorless, the eyes bright. Be sure to remember the name—Mastin's VITAMON—the original and genuine yeast-vitamin tablet—there is nothing else like it, so do not accept imitations or substitutes. You can get Mastin's VITAMON Tablets at all drug stores, such as Standard Drug Co., Ltd., Cairncross & Lavigne, Leggett Drug Stores.

Of What Use Are Beautiful Features if You Have An Ugly Skin, Flabby Flesh, Hollow Eyes, or a Scrawny Neck? Mastin's Vitamon Tablets are Positively Guaranteed to Give You New Health, Beauty, and More-Rounded Face and Figure Whether You are Young or Old, or Money Back. Try them Yourself and See.

instead of dull. So rapid and amazing are the results the success is absolutely guaranteed. Mastin's VITAMON—the original and genuine yeast-vitamin tablet—there is nothing else like it, so do not accept imitations or substitutes. You can get Mastin's VITAMON Tablets at all drug stores, such as Standard Drug Co., Ltd., Cairncross & Lavigne, Leggett Drug Stores.

MASTIN'S
VITAMON

Are Positively Guaranteed to Put On Firm Flesh, Clear the Skin and Increase Energy When Taken With Every Meal or Money Back

if it MASTIN'S it isn't VITAMON

Frank D. L. Benedict & Co., Ltd., Distributors, 45 St. Alexander Street, Montreal, Canada.

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CUT GLASS
Cream Jugs\$1.25
Sugar and Creams89c up
Bud Vases90c
Candlesticks, pair\$3
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ALL LINES. The Ideal Gift.
Electric Toasters \$8.50

KNIVES 35c to \$3.50
WAGONS\$4.85 up
SPECIAL! Boys' \$6.50 BIKES on sale for \$5.00
HOCKEY STICKS50c up
FLASHLIGHTS. \$1.00 to \$3.50.

SPECIALS
Cut Glass Baskets95c
Pickle Forks49c
Sugar Shells49c
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Cold Meat Forks49c
Butter Knives49c
Handy Tool Sets\$25
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Hockey Skates, 50c up
Carving Sets, \$2.50 up

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