EX-WAR CHIEF THIRD MEMBER OF GOVERNMENT

Venizelos Completes Triumvirate in Cabinet.

KING STILL DICKERING

Athens Stock Market Buoyant in Anticipation of Early Decision.

ATHENS, Oct. 1.—Via London.—The Official Gazette of the provisional government publishes this morning a decree signed by M. Venizelos and Vice-Admiral Coundouriotis, "by virtue of the power vested in them by popular decree of September 26," naming Gen. Panyotis Danglis, the former minister of war, as the third member of the triumvirate, heading the provisional government.

The Island of Tenedos has joined in the revolutionary movement.

Forty-five policemen, cadets and soldiers, who were desirous of joining the revolutionists at Saloniki, went to the French legation yesterday. Jean Guillemin, the French minister, supplied for them an armed escort from the marines guarding the French legation. With this escort the men paraded through the streets to embark.

Several Greek officers followed in an automobile, and set out with the men for Saloniki.

VENIZELOS SENDS CONGRATULATIONS.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Former Premier Venizelos of Greece and Vice-Admiral Coundouriotis have telegraphed to Premier Briand congratulating him upon the recent French successes. The premier expressed his thanks to the Greek leaders through the French consul at Canea, Crete.

DECISION EXPECTED TODAY.

ATHENS, Friday, September 29.—Via London, Oct. 1.—(Delayed.)—Notwithstanding the persistent assertions by adherents of former Premier Venizelos and the Entente that King Constantine is merely playing for time, and does not intend to declare war, those close to the king are confident he will telegraph his decision to King George, Emperor Nicholas and Premier Poincare on Monday, at the latest. The Athens stock market is extraordinarily bullish.

Once the king's decision has been reached, it is expected a national cabinet will be formed in consultation with the British minister. M. Venizelos probably will have a portfolio if he desires.

Gen. Moschopoulos, chief of staff, asked King Constantine this noon to grant him a leave of absence for 45 days. The king assented. Gen. Gennadis probably will replace him.

The Hesperini, a newspaper with German affiliations, for which M. Stratos, who is leader of the new anti-Venizelos war party, has written previously, refused today to publish the pro-war articles of M. Stratos.

REPLY IS OVERDUE.

ATHENS, Sept. 27.—Via London, Sept. 30.—(Delayed by censor.)—The representatives at Athens of the Entente powers are expected to reply tomorrow to the Greek Government's note of September 18, delivered at the Entente capitals, declaring categorically Greece's acceptance of departure from neutrality in principle. While it is understood the proposal of Greece to join the Entente Allies will be accepted, certain guarantees of sincerity probably will be demanded. Former Premier Gounaris, Skouloudis and Rhallis will be excluded from membership in any national ministry that may be formed, and certain restrictions will be made in regard to military posts to be held by officers suspected of hostility to the Entente, such as Gen. Dousmanis and Col. Metaxas, formerly of the generaly staff.

King Still Worries.

Those closest to King Constantine fear only one event which may end all possibility of co-operation between Greece and the Entente—that the Entente may continue to show ill-disguised suspicion of the sovereign's motives and sincerity, even after war virtually has been declared, and may meet the king's advances in the spirit of mistrust displayed in editorials in London and Paris newspapers. These editorials, republished by the Athens newspaper organs of former Premier Venizelos, have done much hitherto to render difficult Greece's entry into the war.

King Constantine's closest adviser said to the Associated Press this afternoon: "If the Entente wants Greece as an ally, it would facilitate matters greatly if it would treat the king as a potential ally, and not as an actual enemy."

Meanwhile the palace resembles the headquarters of an army. Generals, naval officers, the premier, the foreign minister and the minister of the interior followed one another in rapid audiences with the king today.

KING CONSTANTINE 11TH RULER TO ENTER EUROPEAN CONFLICT

The following shows the dates that mark the entrance of nations into the world war:

JULY 28, 1914—Austria declared war on Serbia.
AUG. 1—Germany declared war on Russia.
AUG. 3—Germany declared war on France.
AUG. 4—Germany declared war on Belgium.
Great Britain declared war on Germany.
AUG. 6—Austria declared war on Russia.
AUG. 7—Montenegro declared war on Austria.
AUG. 10—France declared war on Austria.
AUG. 12—Montenegro declared war on Germany.
Great Britain declared war on Austria.
AUG. 23—Japan declared war on Germany.
AUG. 25—Austria declared war on Japan.
NOV. 5—Great Britain declared war on Turkey.
MAY 23, 1915—Italy declared war on Austria.
JUNE 3—San Marino declared war on Austria.
AUG. 21—Italy declared war on Turkey.
OCT. 15—Serbia declared war on Bulgaria.
OCT. 15-19—Great Britain, France, Italy and Russia declared war on Bulgaria.
MARCH 9, 1916—Germany declared war on Portugal.
AUG. 27—Italy declared war on Germany.
AUG. 27—Rumania declared war on Austria.
AUB. 28—Germany declared war on Rumania.
SEPT. 27—Greek king and cabinet decide to enter war on side of the Entente Allies.
France has made no formal declaration of war on Germany. At the opening of hostilities on the western front, early in August, 1914, the republic issued a statement announcing that such action was "not necessary."

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

MARTYR TO PAINS IN THE BACK

Halifax, N.S., Jan. 15, 1916.

About eight months ago I read your advertisement in one of the Halifax papers offering a free sample of Gin Pills for the Kidneys. I had been a martyr for years to intense pains across the back and decided to try Gin Pills. Before I had finished the third box I found myself for the first time in years perfectly free from pain.

Yours sincerely,
Mrs. (Jane) Percy.

All druggists sell Gin Pills at 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50. Sample free if you write to

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED
Toronto, Ont. 65

MEALS WILL FIT! NO INDIGESTION, GAS OR ACIDITY

Eat without fear of sourness, heartburn, belching or dyspepsia.

The moment "Pape's Diapepsin" reaches the stomach all distress goes.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or you feel bloated after eating and you believe it is the food which fills you; if what little you eat lies like a lump of lead on your stomach; if there is difficulty in breathing after eating, eructations of sour, undigested food and acid, heartburn, brash or a belching of gas, you can make up your mind that you need something to stop food fermentation and cure indigestion.

To make every bite of food you eat aid in the nourishment and strength of your body, you must rid your stomach of poisons, excessive acid and stomach gas which sours your entire meal—interferes with digestion and causes so many sufferers of dyspepsia, sick headache, biliousness, constipation, griping, etc. Your case is no different—you are a stomach sufferer, though you may call it by some other name; your real and only trouble is that which you eat does not digest, but quickly ferments and sours, producing almost any unhealthy condition.

A case of Pape's Diapepsin will cost fifty cents at any pharmacy here, and will convince any stomach sufferer five minutes after taking a single dose that fermentation and sour stomach is causing the misery of indigestion.

No matter if you call your trouble catarrh of the stomach, nervousness or gastritis, or by any other name—always remember that instant relief is waiting at any drug store the moment you decide to begin its use.

Pape's Diapepsin will regulate any out-of-order stomach within five minutes, and digest promptly, without any fuss or discomfort all of any kind of food you eat.

INDIA'S WEALTH FLOWS INTO MANY WAR FUNDS

Hundreds of Thousands of Pounds Contributed by People.

LONDON, Oct. 1. — Via Reuter's Ottawa agency.—A special dispatch from Simla, India, says:

"Sir Reginald Craddock, replying to a question in the imperial legislative council on Saturday, gave interesting information as to the contribution of the people of India to numerous funds in connection with the war. He said that, exclusive of the many lavish gifts in cash and kind by Indian princes, the following sums had been received: Indian imperial relief fund, £829,875; St. John Ambulance, in cash, £91,000, in kind, £127,000; Bombay war relief fund, £313,000; Madras war fund, £228,000; United provinces war fund, £200,000; Punjab aeroplane fund, £100,000; Calcutta motor ambulance fund, £45,000; Bhagulpur motor ambulance fund, £17,800; Belgian relief fund, £27,000, and Bengali hospital fund, £8,700.

ST. PAUL FIRM TO BUILD GREAT CHINESE RAILWAY

Two Thousand Miles of Line To Be Constructed by Government.

PEKING, Oct. 1.—The Chinese Government has accepted an agreement with the Siems-Carey Company of St. Paul, Minn., for the construction of more than 2,000 miles of railways. The probable cost of this work will be over $100,000,000, and construction will begin immediately.

This is the largest single railway contract ever signed by China. The lines specified will traverse the most productive parts of Shensi, Kansu, Hunan, Kwangsi, Kwangtung and Chekiang, densely populated and rich mining and agricultural provinces.

FOUR MORE SUNK.

LONDON, Sept. 1. — The British schooners, George, 151 tons, and Pearl of Truro, 144 tons, and the Norwegian schooner, Mabel of Tonsbery, have been sunk.

The British steamer Maywood, 1,188 tons, has been sunk. The crew was saved.

INSPECT G. T. R. LINES.

BDYTH, Oct. 1.—A special train on the Grand Trunk railway passed through here on Friday carrying the following officials of the road: Mr. Ferguson, general road master of the G. T. R., from Toronto; Mr. W. R. Davidson, superintendent of the London division of the Grand Trunk, and Mr. A. Warren, local road master of this division, from London.

They inspected the road from London to Wingham, but on account of the wet weather could not give it as thorough an inspection as they otherwise would have done. They seemed well pleased with the condition of the roadbed.

GERMAN MILITARY GENIUS FOCUSED ON THE EAST

With the announcement that Gen. von Falkenhayn, until recently chief of the German general staff, is in command of operations in Transylvania, it is made apparent that the Teutons are focusing their strategical and tactical strength on the east front and in the Balkans. Von Hindenburg, the new chief of staff, is in the east, while von Mackensen, the third member of the enshrined trio of German marshals, is conducting the campaign in Dobrudja. The kaiser is reported on the Russian front.

SERBIANS CAPTURE THE LAST OF KAIMAKCALAN HEIGHTS; BULGARS FLEE IN A PANIC

Brilliant Attack Wins Important point on the Road to Monastir—Frightful Loss Caused the Enemy by Work of Artillery.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—The Serbians on Saturday gained an important success at Kaimakcalan, says a Reuter dispatch from Saloniki. After violent artillery preparation, causing frightful havoc in the ranks of the Bulgars, the Serbian infantry executed a brilliant attack, capturing all the remaining points on this position.

The ground was covered with dead Bulgarians and the Bulgarian survivors fled panic-stricken. The Serbians captured a complete battery of mountain guns and recaptured a gun and three bomb-throwers abandoned during a recent Bulgarian counter-attack, besides taking a quantity of war material and machine guns.

The Serbian advance continues, the dispatch continues.

BRITISH WIN VICTORY.

A British official communication issued this evening and dealing with the fighting in Macedonia reads:

"Doiran front—Our artillery has been active.

"On the Struma front below the Orljak our troops took possession of a portion of the Bulgarian line. After stubborn fighting and heavy artillery preparation our gains were extended during the evening. Six counter-attacks were successfully broken up during the day. A hundred prisoners already have been passed back. The fighting continues."

BERLIN ADMITS IT.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—via Sayville.—The capture by the Serbians of Kaimakcalan height on the western end of the Macedonian front, for possession of which heavy fighting between the Serbians and Bulgarians has been in progress for some time, was announced by the war office today. The announcement regarding the Macedonian campaign follows:

"At many points between Presba lake and the Vardar river there was spirited artillery engagements. An isolated attack undertaken by the enemy was stopped.

"By a strong attack the enemy captured the summit of Kaimakcalan."

BRITISH TAKE TWO VILLAGES.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—An official statement tonight said:

"Army of the East—On the left bank of the Struma the British, after strong artillery preparation, captured by a brilliant assault two fortified villages near the Seres road. Several hundred prisoners, including two hundred unwounded, fell into their hands.

"Patrol encounters occurred at the foot of Mount Heles. From Lake Doiran to the Vardar the cannonading was intermittent.

"In the region of Kaimakcalan the Serbians attacked the heights which were strongly held by the Bulgarians. Gallantry our allies mastered the resistance of the enemy, who was forced to abandon the position, leaving numerous dead. The Serbians captured a Bulgarian battery.

"On our left wing a spirted artillery duel continues.

"One of the aeroplanes bombarded Sofia and continued its journey to Bucharest, where it landed."

WASHINGTON FEARS GERMANS MAY RESUME SUBMARINE WARFARE

Not Willing to Accept Denials From Berlin.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1. — Increasing agitation in Germany for a complete resumption of the submarine warfare. Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's declaration before the Reichstag that any statesman failing to use German's every weapon to shorten the war "deserved to be hanged," and the recent apparently inspired simultaneous publication in German papers of attacks on American neutrality, brought forth an informal statement from the state department of the American Government's attitude to the situation.

Any action which endangers American lives through the sinking of ships without warning, or by failing to provide proper safeguards, it was emphatically asserted, will immediately reopen the submarine question with all its possibilities.

Emphatic denials that Germany has any intention of reopening a relentless campaign of submarine warfare are contained in confidential advices from Berlin to diplomatic quarters here, but some anxiety is nevertheless manifesting itself in official circles. Some high officials are inclined to believe that the German chancellor has been won over to the von Tirpitz party. They argue that with the gradual crunching in of the German lines under the increased realization that England is the super-enemy, pressure in Germany will become irresistible to strike in every possible way.

GRANTON W. A. TO AID IN REBUILDING CHURCH

Start Fund for Edifice in Cochrane Destroyed by Fire.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

GRANTON, Oct. 1.—The Women's Auxiliary of St. Thomas' Church held a tea at the Rectory last week, with the object of raising funds to assist in rebuilding Holy Trinity Rectory at Cochrane, which was destroyed by fire this summer.

Cochrane was the former home of Rev. and Mrs. Bythell, and the ladies here entered into the scheme heartily. An enjoyable evening was spent and the sum of $17.10 was realized toward the worthy object.

On Tuesday evening, September 19, the new incumbent of St. Thomas' Church was instituted into the charge of St. Thomas' Church and Holy Trinity Church, Prospect Hill. Venerable Archdeacon Richardson, was in charge of the service which was impressive.

A series of sermons on "The Prodigal Son" was begun this evening by the pastor, Mr. Alp, in the Presbyterian Church.

Belgian Artillery Wreck Positions Held by Germans

HAVRE, via London, Oct. 1.—The Belgian official weekly review says that the artillery duel has been renewed with the greatest violence during the last week, especially in the region of Dixmude and north of that place, where the Belgian guns of all calibres furiously engaged the German batteries.

The Belgian fire, the review says, was particularly destructive in the district of Het Sas, where the German works were wrecked partly. Farther south in the directions of Boesinghe, there have been constant and violent duels with trench guns and field guns, all of which have been in favor of the Belgians.

Bremen Is Caught in a Steel Net the Latest Report

One of Seventy German Submarines So Disposed of by British.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Another report of the capture of the German merchant submarine Bremen reached official circles here today from unofficial but usually reliable sources. According to this account, which is given credence by some high military officers, the Bremen was seen three weeks ago at the big British naval station at Rosyth on the east coast of Scotland, having been captured in one of the steel nets recently used with such success by Great Britain against underwater craft.

More than 70 submarines are said to have been taken or destroyed by the nets.

In spite of persistent reports of the Bremen's capture, her agents in this country apparently still are confident that she is safe on the high seas and will appear at New London, Conn., in due time.

LINER FOUND AFIRE 600 MILES AT SEA PUTS BACK TO PORT

Lives of 646 Passengers in Peril on U. S. Boat.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1. — Fire which broke out in the cargo hold of the American Line steamer Philadelphia Saturday while the vessel was some 600 miles from port, was still smouldering under a blanket of steam when she arrived in port today. So successful were the officers and crew in keeping the news from the 646 passengers that only a few were aware of the peril she had been in.

The Philadelphia left Philadelphia September 23. How the fire started has not been determined. Among the passengers was Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree, the English actor.

TRANSATLANTIC STEAMER IS SUNK IN COLLISION

Italian Boat Lost in Mediterranean On Way to Genoa.

MARSEILLES, via London, Oct. 1.—The Italian steamer Enrico Millo has been sunk in the Mediterranean in a collision with a French steamer. Part of the crew of the Enrico Millo was saved. The vessel measured 3,542 tons, and was bound from New York to Genoa.

OFF WITH JOSTOFF! ON WITH LUKOFF!

Former Was Obstacle to Germans in Bulgaria—He Is Dead!

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, Via London, Sept. 30.—A dispatch from Sofia says that Col. Lukoff, deputy chief of the general staff, has been appointed chief of staff to succeed the late Gen. Jostoff. Gen. Jostoff was reported to have died from appendicitis on September 1. It was reported in Amsterdam at the time that he had committed suicide because of Bulgaria's delay in declaring war on Rumania. Another version of his death which was published by the London Times, was that he had been murdered. According to the Times' story, Gen. Jostoff was an obstacle to the German control of the Bulgarian army.

VON FALKENHAYN FORCES RETREAT OF THE RUMANIANS

Former Chief of Staff Commands in Transylvania.

TEUTONS TAKE PRISONERS

Berlin Says More Than 3,000 Men, Besides Supplies, Are Captured.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 30.—Via London, Oct. 1.—The retreat of the Rumanians from the Hermannstadt district is admitted in the official communication from headquarters.

The Rumanians were attacked on all sides at Sibia, otherwise known as Hermannstadt, the statement says, and retreated southward after fighting their way through enemy forces attacking from the south.

The text reads:

"The fighting is general on the north and northwestern fronts, where we took six hundred prisoners.

"Our troops at Sibia (Hermannstadt) attacked on all sides by superior enemy forces, after a battle lasting three days, re-established their communication to the south, repulsing the enemy, who was attacking from that direction. Our troops retired southward.

"On the southern front a weak enemy attempt to land aat Corabia was immediately repulsed.

"In Dobrudja there were intermittent artillery duels."

3,000 PRISONERS, SAYS BERLIN.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—Via London.—More than three thousand prisoners have been taken by the Germans in the battle near Herrmannstadt, Transylvania, where the first Rumanian army was defeated and dispersed. Thirteen guns and a large quantity of war supplies also have been captured. Rumanian attacks have been repulsed. The following is the official account of the operations in the Transylvanian theatre:

"On the eastern front Rumanian attacks in Maros valley were repulsed. In Georgeny valley and further south our vanguards partly evaded the enemy's thrust. The booty taken by German troops in the fighting south of Hennadorf has been increased by eight cannon. Northwest of Fogaras the enemy has ceased to attack.

"As a result of the battle of Hermannstadt more than 3,000 prisoners and thirteen guns were brought in up to yesterday. One hangar, two aeroplanes, ten locomotives, three hundred railway cars laden with munitions, more than two hundred munitions wagons, more than two hundred loaded baggage wagons, seventy transport wagons and one hospital train also have been taken. Further material is being brought in gradually from the woods. Rothenthurm Pass is filled with vehicles blown to pieces by our fire.

"South of the pass strong Rumanian attacks, directed against the heights west of Caineni, were repulsed. In the Hatzeger Mountains the enemy made a fruitless attack west of Strell Sztrigy valley.

"An Austro-Hungarian Danube flotilla forced an entry into the harbor of Corabia, and besides nine vessels captured eleven partly loaded ships. Bucharest has been bombarded by our aeroplanes with visibly good results."

AUSTRIA CALLS IT COMPLETE VICTORY.

VIENNA, Oct. 1, via London—1:45 p.m.—The victory gained over the Rumanians in the Hermannstadt region of Transylvania by Gen. von Falkenhayn's army was complete, and the Rumanian army was dispersed, the war office announced today. The Rumanian forces in the Fogaras region attacked in an attempt to retrieve the situation, but were not able to make great headway, although they compelled the Austrians to retire on one section of the front. The following official account of these operations was given out here today:

"On the Rumanian front, west of Petresony, Rumanian attacks were repulsed.

"Near Hermannstadt German Austro-Hungarian forces under command of Gen. von Falkenhayn gained a complete victory. Four days ago by a wide encircling movement a column of Bavarian troops blocked the road through Rothenthurm Pass, in the enemy's rear. All the enemy's attempts to reopen the road were fruitless.

Advance From Three Sides.

"Simultaneously Austro-Hungarian and German troops from the west, north and south advance against the Rumanian divisions operating south of Hermannstadt. The enemy fought desperately in the battle, which was of the most sanguinary character. Deprived of any practicable roads, the remnants of the Rumanian troops fled into the Fogaras Mountains. The number of prisoners taken is large, while the quantity of booty is enormous.

"An offensive resumed on September 28 by the Rumanians against the Transylvanian eastern front was not able to alter the result of this battle, although north of Fogaras and near Szekely Udvarhely and Oderhellen our advanced troops had to retire on the main forces.

"On the other hand the Germans in a counter-attack south of Hendorf captured eleven Rumanian officers, 591 men and three machine guns.

Attacks Rumanian Port.

On September 29 an Austro-Hungarian motor boat detachment, reinforced by an armed steamer and the German motor vessel Weichsel, attacked the Rumanian port of Corabia (on the Danube), after having silenced the enemy's defensive works. Our forces penetrated the inner port and destroyed the railway station, the harbor works, a Russian armed steamer which sought refuge at Corbia in the spring, and also some mine layers and tugs, finally bringing back nine Austro-Hungarian tugs which had been detained in port. We sustained no loss."

HEAR BILLY SUNDAY.

The celebrated evangelist, Billy Sunday, is now holding meetings in the city of Detroit, and great interest locally has been aroused. Anticipating the wish of the people of this city to hear this famous preacher the Canadian Pacific Railway is operating an excursion to Detroit on Tuesday, October 3. Special fast through train will leave the C. P. R. depot, Richmond street, at 11 p.m., and will arrive in Detroit in ample time for attending the afternoon meeting. Tickets $2.75 for the return trip, good going on special train only, returning on any regular train the same or following day. Tickets and information at city ticket office, corner Dundas and Richmond streets. Don't forget the date, Tuesday, October 3. 77-u

BAYFIELD'S EARLIEST SETTLER IS DYING

T. J. Marks, First Merchant in District, Not Expected to Live.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

BAYFIELD, Oct. 1.—One of the earliest settlers in Bayfield in the person of T. J. Marks is lying at the point of death and the end is expected at any time.

Mr. Marks who is in his 88th year, came to this village when it was only a small clearing of houses in the forest. He built the first store, a small log structure, and stocked it with what merchandise and groceries were obtainable in those days.

This old landmark, now in a somewhat dilapidated condition, can still be seen on the bank of the lake at the edge of the village.

Mr. Marks afterwards built and conducted the first hotel, and has told of many an incident of pioneer days when "good whiskey" sold at ten cents a gallon.

In those days Bayfield was the principal Canadian port on Lake Huron between Sarnia and the Soo, but was afterwards replaced by Goderich because of better harbor facilities.

Mr. Marks conducted a small clothing store until the past year, when he retired to private life. He has been in ill-health for some months, but found it necessary to take to his bed only two weeks ago.

The attending physician entertains no hope for his recovery.

GREATER ADVANTAGES FOR JEWS IN RUSSIA

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1—via London.—Jews will enjoy greater educational advantages in Russia in the future. A series of high schools and technical schools exclusively for Jewish students is to be established, and greater freedom will be accorded with respect to their entry into the universities.

The Russian Government, it is announced, in the interest of education, extends this greater advantage to the Jews. In addition to the large number of schools exclusively for Jewish students which exist at the present time, permission has been granted for the establishment of Jewish gymnasiums (high or preparatory schools) in Petrograd, Kiev and other cities and towns, as well as colleges, among which is the polytechnic institution at Yekaterinoslav.

The increased facilities for the entry of Jews into the Petrograd university are to be seen in the fact that this year ninety-four out of 807 matriculated students attended the university, or about 11½ per cent.

AUSTRIANS IN FLIGHT LEAVE BOOTY BEHIND

Driven From Strong Entrenched Positions by the Italians.

ROME, Oct. 1.—Via London.—"In the Travenenses Valley of the upper Boite, Italian Alpine troops attacked and drove out enemy detachments which had entrenched themselves on the southeastern slopes of Monte Lagazuoi, and of Pizzo di Eannis," says today's official announcement. "In his flight the enemy left a large amount of war material and some prisoners in our hands.

"On the Julian front there were only intermittent artillery actions.

"Enemy batteries bombarded Merna and Vertoiba. A few shells also fell on Gorizia."

STORY OF FINANCES KEPT SECRET FROM REICHSTAG

Hollweg Makes Confidential Statements to Budget Committee.

BERLIN, Oct. 1, via London—Imperial Chancellor Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg at yesterday's session of the budget committee of the Reichstag, made confidential statements on various matters, and promised to give a further information to a special subcommittee. Foreign Minister von Jagow, Naval Minister Vice-Admiral von Capelle, and Alfred Zimmerman, under secretary for foreign affairs, also addressed the committee.

Leader von Basserman of the National Liberals, and chairman of the committee, agreed with the imperial chancellor that prospects for peace do not exist. The National Liberals made a motion for the appointment of a standing committee of the Reichstag on foreign affairs, which would have the right to assemble at any time when the Reichstag is not in session.

BILLION POUNDS ADDED TO DEBT IN SIX MONTHS

Treasury Receipts for Half Year Nearly Four Billions.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Interesting war finance figures are contained in the treasury statement issued last night, covering six months of the fiscal year ending yesterday. The exchequer balance sheet of that period shows:

Total receipts, £1,968,687,085; total issues out of the exchequer, £1,942,038,803, an increase of nearly £1,000,000,000 over the corresponding six months of last year.

Of the total receipts only £166,922,899 came from revenue, £1,043,000,000 being money raised by the creation of a debt, and nearly £432,000,000 on credit of ways and means.

Revenue receipts show increases of £61,000,000 over the same period last year, nearly £19,000,000 of this being from property and income tax, and more than £31,000,000 from duty on excess profits. The postal service showed an increase of £2,000,000, the customs an increase of £7,000,000.

ANOTHER MAIL REPORT.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—Via Sayville.—The British authorities have confiscated the mail on the Scandinavian-American liner Helligolav, bound for New York, says the Overseas News Agency. They also have taken the mail from the Danish steamer Ceres, plying between Copenhagen and Iceland.

CHANGE IN RUSS CABINET

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1—Via London.—Under an imperial ukase published today Alexandre Khvostoff is succeeded as minister of the interior by M. Protopopoff. The ukase appoints M. Protopopoff marshal of nobility of the province of Simbirsk and vice-president of the Duma.

COL. CARRICK RETURNS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Among the passengers arriving from Europe today on the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam were Sir William Peterson, president of McGill University of Montreal; Col. J. J. Carrick, a Canadian army officer returning to his home in Port Arthur, Ont., and E. D. Rickman, a Canadian lawyer

RUSSIAN FORCES RESUME DRIVE ON LEMBERG ON 2 SIDES

Defeat Teutons Northeast and Southeast of Fortress Sought.

TAKE 4,000 PRISONERS

Success Gained in Spite of Resistance — Counter-Attacks Fail.

BIG ATTACK COMING.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 1.—via London.—The miltary critic of the Frankfurter Zeitung predicts a tremendous attack by the Russians before winter sets in.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1.—Via London.—The Russian drive at Lemberg was renewed yesterday. After a period of comparative inactivity the Russians inaugurated strong offensive movements north and south of the Galician capital. According to today's war office report, material successes have been won. It is said the Austro-German positions were penetrated, and that more than 4,000 prisoners were taken. The Teutonic forces are offering bitter resistance. The announcement follows:

"In the region south of Riga, a German aeroplane, hit by our artillery, fell into the enemy line.

"In the neighborhood of the Brody-Krasne railway line (Krasne is 30 miles northeast of Lemberg) and to the south thereof fighting is taking place, our troops forcing their way forward. The enemy is offering stubborn resistance. We captured here 59 officers and 1,928 men.

Progress is Favorable.

"Fighting is proceeding in our favor south of Brzezany (50 miles southeast of Lemberg) on the River Tseniuvka, and in the region of the heights on the right bank of the Zlota Lipa. Here we captured part of the enemy position by assault, taking during this operation 112 officers and 2,268 men. We also captured several machine guns. Enemy counter-attacks during the night were frustrated by our fire.

"In the same region an aerial encounter with a German albatross took place. The gallant staff cavalry captain Tchirkoff attacked the enemy aeroplane and forced it to descend abruptly in the German lines.

"On the Caucasian front there were no developments."

GERMANS CAN'T SPARE MEN FOR BIG EFFORTS.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1.—2 p.m.—Via London, Oct. 2.—3:10 a.m.—The struggle along the entire southwestern front continues with undiminished intensity, both without salient episodes or any changes in the general situation. The Germans are piling up reserves in the neighborhood of Vladimir-Volynski, where they are trying desperately to wrest the initiative from Gen. Brusiloff's armies. But according to the accounts of observers, despite the considerable concentration of forces, the Germans are not longer able to spare enough men to deliver the old-time smashing blows, which by sheer numbers of shells and men drove at all costs through the opposing lines.

Halicz Under Fire.

There has also been renewed activity near Halicz, which still appears to rest securely in Austro-German hands. The town is, however, under the fire of Russian guns. Here, as further north, the Germans are struggling to launch a successful offensive, which thus far has always been defeated in its preliminary stages by a Russian counter-attack.

Russ Aviation Improves.

A striking improvement has recently been noticeable in Russian aviation. In addition to raids officially reported, Russian aviators have executed a number of attacks behind the German lines on the southwestern frontier, and have bombed stations and stores. According to the Russian officers, the percentage of losses in these operations has been extremely small. One of the most successful exploits of the aviation squadron to be reported recently was the flight of twelve aeroplanes over Podvisokoye station, southwest of Brzezany, where more than 1,600 pounds of bombs were dropped.

The aviators reported that they had engaged a large German air fleet, which they compelled to retire with serious losses.

The recent fighting in the Carpathians has been limited to scouting parties, and the situation there is unchanged.

Berlin's Report.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—Via London.—The Russians have assumed the offensive at many points and have made an advance in Galicia southeast of Lemberg it was announced officially today.

APPEALS DRAINAGE AWARD IN HURON

Engineers Claim That Results Are Not Satisfactory.

]Special to The Advertiser.[

CLINTON, Oct. 1.—Judge Dickson of Goderich presided on Saturday over an appeal made by Miss Smith of Toronto against a drainage award made by Engineer Farncombe of London for Goderich Township Council.

Miss Smith has 30 acres of land, and she has been assessed $148 towards the new drain, which is proposed to drain the Rance, Smith, Holland Trick properties.

D. Urquahart, K.C., of Toronto, and Engineers E. A. James and E. M. Proctor of Toronto are representing Miss Smith, and they claim that while the award is heavy the results are not satisfactory, and claim that the natural flow of the water should not be followed, but instead a substantial drain should run through the Rance property and empty into the Bayfield River. Judge Dickson reserved the decision.

AD KING CONSTANTINE

The former war minister and former chief of the general staff, Gen. Danglis left Athens today aboard an allied destroyer to join M. Venizelos.

Demonstrations against ex-Premier Venizelos are reported to have occurred at Nauplia, which ended in rioting, the prefect being forced to flee.

PLEADS FOR CLOSER UNITY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Preaching in the cathedral of St. John the Divine here today, the Rev. Dr. H. W. Yeatman-Briggs, lord bishop of Worcester, England, made a plea for closer unity between the English and American branches of the Episcopal Church in the interest of civilization and Christianity. He will represent the Church of England at the general convention of the Episcopal Church to be held in St. Louis this month.

AGED MAYOR OF VERDUN NOMINATED A CHEVALIER

Remained at His Post Until Ordered by Military Authorities to Leave.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—Prosper Renaud, mayor of Verdun, has been nominated a chevalier of the Legion of Honor for "notwithstanding his age and ill-health, remaining at his post during the most intense bombardment of the town, helping in the evacuation of its citizens and in many other ways, and leaving town only upon order from the military authorities."

TO PROTECT BUCHAREST WITH ALIEN ENEMIES

Rumania Will Place Them Where Germans Drop Shells.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—"In their latest raid on Bucharest," says the Times' Bucharest correspondent, "the German aeroplanes dropped proclamations declaring that Bucharest will be laid in ruins soon unless Rumania hastens to make a separate peace.

"In view of the probable continuance of the raids the Government authorities are reported as planning to bring numbers of foreigners who are now detained in concentration camps in the country to Bucharest, where they will be lodged in places most exposed to attack."

RUSSIA'S POPULATION IS NOW 182,182,000

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1.—Via London.—According to the statistics for the year 1915 which are now available, the population of Russia increased over 53,000,000 or 42 per cent. since 1897. It increased over 3,800,000 or more than 2 per cent since 1914. The total population is set down at 182,182,000.

TUG SPRUNG LEAK AT SEA.

HALIFAX, Oct. 1.—The American tug Gettysburg, from Chatham, N.B., with pulp-laden barges in tow for Portland, Me., wirelessed to Halifax this morning that she was in distress 30 miles southwest of Seal Island, Yarmouth County, N.S., drifting before a northeasterly gale. The steamer Rawson, Halifax for New York, was standing by ready to rescue the barge crews. The Gettysburg asked Halifax for assistance. At 6 o'clock this evening the Gettysburg reported that she was leaking badly, but the steamer Canadian had given her a line, and was towing her to Yarmouth. The steamer Sagamore had the barge crews aboard.

GRANTON EPWORTH LEAGUE.

GRANTON, Sept. 29. — The Epworth League of Granton Methodist Church has been reorganized, and will hold the first public meeting Monday evening. The meeting is being prepared by the first vice-president, Miss A. Dale. During the evening the audience will be asked to readjust a broken poem, one of Uncle Walt's prose-poems. A pleasant and profitable time is anticipated.

BELL—FERRIS.

BLYTH, Oct. 1.—A pretty wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ferris, Oak Grove Farm, Hullett, on Wednesday, when their eldest daughter, Lola, became the bride of Wm. Bell, a young farmer of the same township. At high noon, to the strains of Lohengrin's Bridal Chorus, played by the sister of the groom, the bridal party took their places before a bank of ferns and asters, when Rev. J. Vbery, Londesboro, united them in marriage. The bride wore a dainty wedding gown of white silk crepe and carried a bouquet of pink carnations. Her traveling suit was African brown, with hat of black and silver.

ECZEMA

Results from neglected chafing and skin irritation. As a preventive and cure there is no treatment to compare with Dr. Chase's Ointment. Use it after the bath. 60 Cents a Box, all Dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample free.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

MRS. MAY'S LETTER TO WOMEN

More Proof That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves Suffering.

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered from a bad case of female ills. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and I took about six bottles. It fixed me up all right. The common symptoms of such a condition — pain when walking, irritation, bearing down pains and backache, nervousness and disordered digestion—soon passed away. I look much better now than I did before, and I recommend the Compound every time for female troubles, as it did for me all it is claimed to do. You have my permission to publish this letter." MRS. J. MAY, 3548 S. Lincoln street, Chicago, Ill.

If you have any of the symptoms mentioned in Mrs. May's letter, remember what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for her, and try it yourself. It is a good old-fashioned medicine, made from roots and herbs, and it has helped countless numbers of women.

If you need special advice, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.