

DEATH IN A FLYWHEEL.

Isaac Davis Killed by an Unexplained Accident at Petrolia.

Petrolia, May 3.—At a very early hour yesterday morning Isaac Davis was accidentally killed at the pumping rig of Messrs. Englehart & Lawings, on the town line, northwest of Marthaville. It is supposed he was starting the engine in the rig, and in some way was thrown into the flywheel of the engine. An inquest is in progress.

Baby Burned to Death.

Peterboro, May 3.—The 14-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. C. Lang of Centerville, was burned to death on Saturday night. The little one pulled a table cloth, upsetting the lamp.

A Remarkable Death.

Yarmouth, N. S., May 3.—Mrs. Porter Stoddard, 25 years of age whilst cooking breakfast yesterday, had a fainting spell and fell backwards, striking her head on a table. When picked up it was found her neck was broken, and she died instantly.

Loss Was Only \$80,000.

Three Rivers, Que., May 3.—Early reports of the fire which occurred Sunday at Grande Mere having grossly exaggerated the amount of damage and loss, the following is given out to the press:

"The fire at the Laurentide Paper and Pulp Mills did not extend beyond the old mechanical pulp building and some minor structures. The new and very expensive works of the company were not injured. The fire will involve a stoppage in the manufacture of paper of about 12 days, and the loss is about \$80,000."

Cold Hurts the Wheat Crop.

Toronto, May 3.—George C. Creelman, superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, returned from the east yesterday, and reports that the wheat crop has been considerably set back by the recent cold weather, but may be saved by good, warm rains. Goose wheat is being extensively raised in the east. It is too dark for bread and is shipped in large quantities to Italy, to be converted into macaroni. This wheat will grow anywhere in Ontario.

Want and Starvation.

Kingston, Jamaica, May 3.—Advises from St. Kitts say the island is in a terrible financial condition, owing to the shortage of sugar crops, and want and starvation will prevail among the people. The Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, has been asked to start relief works.

M. J. Hogan Gets the Plumb.

Montreal, May 3.—A gentleman who arrived from Ottawa last night brings word that the contract for the Port Colborne harbor works has been awarded to Mr. M. J. Hogan. The amount of the contract is said to be in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000.

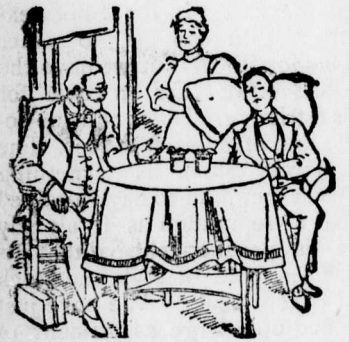
Part Hope for Waterworks.

Port Hope, Ont., May 3.—Voting on the waterworks bylaw took place yesterday. Three hundred and fifty votes were cast, 327 in favor of the bylaw, 23 against, majority 304.

Manchester Opens a Fund.

London, May 3.—The Lord Mayor of Manchester has opened a fund for the relief of the sufferers by the recent fire at Ottawa.

Consumption.



This dreadful destroyer of young men and young women has its beginning in a neglected cold, and can always be prevented by using Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, which promptly and positively cures bronchitis, coughs, colds, croup and asthma.

25c a bottle at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

VIENNA

Brick and Tile Yards

Yards at Vienna and London.

Now on hand and ready for immediate sale

Any quantity of tiles, sizes, also brick Call and see them at our yard

Respectfully yours, TELFORD & WADE.

WANTED RELIABLE MEN

Good honest men to every locality, local or traveling, to introduce and advertise our goods taking up show-cards on houses, along public roads and all conspicuous places. No experience needed. Salary on commission \$50 per month and expenses \$2.00 per day. Write at once for full particulars. THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Eng.

HOUSE TALKS COLD STORAGE

Opposition Shows Up Shortcomings of the Government.

Minister Fisher, on the Other Hand, Says All England is After Canadian Products, Owing to the Preferential Trade Policy—Will the Government Remit the Duties on Printing Paper Owing to Fire Squeeze?

Ottawa, May 9.—When the business of the House began yesterday, Sir Charles Tupper drew the attention of the Government to the scarcity of paper consequent upon the Hull-Ottawa and the Grand Mere fires, and the necessary resultant pressure brought upon Canadian newspapers. Without political intent, he asked the Government to consider the advisability of remitting the present postage on newspapers.

The Mills Hard Pressed.

Mr. W. F. Maclean said he had just come from a meeting of publishers, who unanimously passed a resolution requesting the Government to empower the Governor-in-Council to suspend the duty on news print, because the recent fires had so crippled the paper industry that Canadian mills were hard pressed to supply the Canadian demand. The Laurentide Co. had stated that they would not be able to supply their customers unless they drew upon United States sources. He felt sure that some papers in Canada would have to go without paper unless it was obtained from the United States. He felt constrained to say that the newspaper interest throughout Canada sympathized with Mr. Eddy in the destruction of his admirable industries in Hull. Mr. Eddy was one of the most progressive men in Canada, of whom Canada should be proud. He was a man of admirable courage, as was shown by the fact that, though 70 years of age, he was prepared to start business again.

Sir Wilfrid Will Consider It.

Sir Wilfrid declared the Government had received communications from all over Canada, to the effect that such a condition had been caused by these conflagrations, that it was expedient to consider some measures for temporary relief. Should the customs duty on paper be remitted? Should the postal duties be suspended? The Government was considering the matter, but at present had reached no conclusion. The situation had not escaped the attention of the Government.

A Hold-Up in the West.

R. L. Richardson had also been at the meeting of publishers, and declared that now was a proper time to impress the need of remitting the duty on news print upon the Government. He made the starting statement that the newspaper publishers in the west were held up to the extent of 60 per cent., possibly 100 per cent., by the manufacturers of paper. This was more especially true since the postage on newspapers had been instituted. He was of the opinion that a combination had been formed among paper manufacturers in order to advance the price. He thought the Government should look into this.

The Riersons Object.

Mr. McClure (Welland) considered the remission of the duty on news print a serious retrograde step. Mr. Gibson (Lincoln) read a telegram from the millowners, asking that nothing be done in suspending the duty till they had a chance of being heard.

Mr. Mills—But this would be in the direction of free trade!

Mr. Gibson—Yes; but I want no one-sided free trade. Mr. McMullen said that if the makers of paper raised the price higher than it was six months ago the Government should step in and protect the Canadian consumers by remitting the duty.

After Dr. Montague had pointed out that R. L. Richardson's statement regarding the West, if true, should be looked into by the Government, and Mr. Fielding had said that the Government could not act on the unsupported statement of a member of the House, Mr. Maclean read a telegram from the Laurentide Paper Company, stating that they would be doing business next week. D. C. Cross—All this time has been wasted, then.

Then the incident closed.

GRANTS FOR MILLS.

An act to make further provision respecting grants of land to members of the militia force on active service in the Northwest, was read a third time.

Mr. Sutherland explained that only 50 warrants remained standing. Warrants had been taken out, aggregating 271,040 acres, and 398 warrants had been exchanged for \$80 scrip in each instance.

Resolution Granting the Government Power to Grant Subsidies for Steamship Service Between British Columbia and Japan.

The resolution granting the Government power to grant subsidies for steamship service between British Columbia and Japan, carried. The subsidies will be \$15,000 for a monthly service, and \$25,000 a year for a fortnightly service.

Sir Richard Cartwright was given permission to bring in a bill founded on this resolution. The matter was not discussed.

SIZE OF APPLE BARRELS.

Sir Henri Joly moved a second reading of his bill to regulate the size of the apple barrels. The bill was discussed for an hour, and then eventually withdrawn to be talked over in a week's time. Sir Henri said that the barrel of last year contained 103 imperial quarts, and that of the new bill 96.5 imperial quarts. Last year's barrel was to be reduced 6 1/2 quarts, because the Canadian shippers were selling too big a barrel to the English consumer. Sir Wilfrid termed the bill a meritorious one.

Cold Storage on Steamships.

Mr. Fisher moved the House into

COMMITTEE ON THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION.

"That it is expedient to authorize the Governor-in-Council to enter into contract with H. E. Allan and Robert Bedford & Co., to provide cold storage on steamships from Montreal to the United Kingdom during the seasons 1900-1901, on such terms and conditions as the Governor-in-Council deems expedient, the sum to be paid for such cold storage not to exceed \$28,750 in one year."

Mr. Fisher, in explaining the motion said that this year there would be placed on the trans-Atlantic cold storage service ten new steamers. In all there would be employed 27 or 28 steamers; of these, 22 would be given new contracts, while the rest, namely, of the firms of the Manchester Ship Company and the Furness Company, would run under the old contracts. The old contracts called for 10s a ton. Last year only 23 steamers were used. Mr. Fisher expressed the opinion that if the House had supported this resolution the cold storage trade would not be interrupted by the progress of the South African war.

The Policy Denounced.

The discussion then became general. Sir Charles Tupper declared the Government's cold storage policy had caused the farmer to pay 50 per cent. more than he should for the service. He particularly declared that Mr. Fisher had shown capacity for fattening chickens. But his incompetency was only on a par with the deplorable incapacity of the whole Government. In Sir Charles' opinion the Government should have made its cold storage contracts prior to the South African war, because the people were praying that there should be no war. What implicit faith in prayer!

Six o'clock.

Fisher Again on the Rack.

After recess Mr. Taylor asked a series of questions tending to disprove Mr. Fisher's claim for all credit in establishing a cold storage system. Dr. Montague asked if the Minister had done anything to put Canadian products on the English market as distinctly Canadian.

The Minister had not, and did not intend to.

Mr. Featherston (Peel), urged the Government to do something to make the shipments of cheese, bacon, etc., appear as distinctly Canadian.

Mr. Doherty Still Hopes.

Mr. Doherty said he hoped to have the fast line contract carried out in a way that would do credit to Canada. By the time the one million bushel store house at Montreal and the proposed 500,000 bushel house at Point Levis were established he hoped to have the fast line an assured success.

Mr. Osher Shows It Up.

Mr. Osher said that there were not two persons out of 10,000, outside of politicians in Great Britain, who knew there was a preferential tariff between Great Britain and Canada, and of those who knew, not a hundred knew what it meant. For the Minister to aggrandise to say the British public were rushing about to buy Canadian cheese and butter because of preferential trade capped all climaxes and absurdities of the present Government.

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Dr. Sproule declared the cold storage system of the Government had not been a success, because fruit sent over had spoiled before it reached England.

Mr. Wood (Hamilton), pronounced himself as against a fast line.

Mr. Taylor raised a laugh when he asked if it was true that Mr. Fisher had fed hens on sawdust and grain. Their eggs had been hatched and it was found that 11 chickens out of 12 were wooden-legged.

Mr. Fisher remarked that Mr. Taylor was credulous to answer the question himself.

"This made Mr. Taylor indignant and he hurled back at Mr. Fisher: 'I am just as credulous as you.'"

At 11.30 Dr. Sproule took another turn at the subject and thought the House was asked to go it blind on Mr. Fisher's resolution, when the report of the department had not yet been brought down.

At 12 the resolution was adopted and Mr. Fisher introduced a bill based on the resolution. The House adjourned.

Fighting Against Currency.

Ottawa, May 9.—In the Senate yesterday afternoon the bill to incorporate the Holiness Movement Church in Canada was read a third time.

Hon. Mr. Dandurand moved the second reading of this act respecting usury. He said last year the Senate passed a bill limiting the rate of interest on loans to the rate of 20 per cent. He remembered that some Senators were frightened at the high rate, but he explained that to restrict money lenders to 20 per cent. was doing a great deal, as they were running riot at four to five hundred per cent. The money lenders were disturbed, but had twelve months' respite. Case after case of extortion had come to light during the year. At the same time he was trying to get the penal clauses included in the Criminal Code Amendment Act.

Sir M. Bissett said he would like to see the criminal clauses passed.

Hon. David Mills said that in this measure Mr. Dandurand wanted to protect those who were forced to borrow, and limited the rate of interest to 20 per cent. Mr. Dandurand had given instances where rates amounting to three, and four hundred per cent. had been charged. The bill aimed at protecting the impetuous.

The bill was read a second time and was ordered to be taken up in Committee of the Whole on Thursday. The Senate adjourned until Wednesday.

British Trade Has Increased.

London, May 8.—The statement of the Board of Trade for the month of April shows an increase of \$3,261,900 in imports and \$3,187,600 in exports.

Hail Knocked Peach Buds.

Kingsville, Ont., May 9.—The heaviest hailstorm ever witnessed by the oldest inhabitant passed over here Monday night. Hailstones as large as marbles came down in sheets and riddled the buds and blossoms from every tree in the town and vicinity.

The peach orchards adjacent to the town suffered considerably, fully one-half of the buds being completely severed from the trees.

Harrow, Ont., May 9.—A heavy hailstorm passed over the southern part of Colchester South Township, taking in a strip of about one mile wide, Monday evening. Every peach tree which was out in bud was stripped.

HEADS WERE SMASHED FLAT

Awful Accident Which Befel Bert Hawley and Fred Clarke.

A Pile of Plank Fell Over on Them on Sunday Afternoon and They Were Pinned Against the Next Pile of Plank—Their Deaths Must Have Been Almost Instantaneous—Fatal Accidents Elsewhere.

Niagara Falls, Ont., May 8.—The town was very much stirred up yesterday over the mysterious disappearance of two young lads named Beverley Hawley and Freddie Clarke, aged respectively 9 and 11 years, the only sons of John Hawley, superintendent of roads and sidewalks, and George H. Clarke of G. H. Clarke & Co., hardware merchants of this town. The lads, who were chums, left their homes shortly after dinner on Sunday, and nothing more was seen of them.

About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon William Burke, foreman of the Waugh & Robertson planing mill, went to the rear of the lumber piles to look after some lumber. When passing the pile of plank he noticed the top had toppled over, and to his horror noticed the leg of a boy sticking out. He quickly removed and revealed the bodies of Freddie Clarke and Beverley Hawley in a standing half-crouched position, with their heads pinned against the next pile of plank cold in death.

It is supposed the boys, who were at Sunday School, came down by the lumber yard and went between the piles to play. Stepping on a piece of cantling, toppled the pile over on them. Both lads' heads were smashed almost flat, death being instantaneous.

CHILD CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Amer. Loyal Fell Under a Moving Train and Was Run Over.

Comber, May 8.—A distressing accident occurred here Sunday at noon by which Amer. Loyal, the 15-year-old son of Andrew Loyal, lost his life. He boarded a moving freight train, and in jumping off again fell between the cars, the wheels passing over the centre of his body. The trainmen did not notice the accident, and his body lay there until discovered by some children returning home from Sunday school. The inquest was adjourned till Wednesday morning.

HEINTZMAN & CO., "Canada's Greatest Piano."

A Piano with a Record

Empty declamation of one's claim to superiority is easy. Anyone can do it. There is no trick in mere assertion.

The Art Piano of Canada, made by this firm, does not rest its success and kingship on what its manufacturers say of it, though none know as well as they the years of thought and care and skill and ability that have been put into its manufacture. It is those who know the Piano best who are most generous in its praises, and they are of those in the musical world who have strongest claim to speak knowingly of the merits of any Piano.

It is something that a Piano has been endorsed by musical critics like Hyllested, Burnmeister, Plunket Greene, Ben Davies, Nutini, Watkin Mills, Albani, Pol Pianco, Trebelli, Scacchi, and a host of other names that your own memory will call up.

Toronto World April 7th, 1899—"Within the past few weeks we have had Sauer with a Knabe, Rosenthal with a Steinway and Carreno with a Chickering. Last night we had a great artist with a piano made right here, and all present must have felt gratified with the feeling that the home-made article is as good as can be had. Indeed some remarked that the bass of the Heintzman & Co. was the firmest and roughest of all, while the upper tones possessed a singing yet mellow quality that could not be excelled. Mr. Burnmeister certainly brought out the finest effect, particularly in the Wagner music. The crashing effects characteristic of Wagner's music were brought fully out. The finale from 'Tristan and Isolde' and the Liszt rhapsodic were also fine exhibitions of fine bravura playing, while Beethoven and Chopin furnished the means of displaying the subdued tonal effects of the great instrument."

SPECIAL Besides our own Piano we have always in stock an assortment of PIANO pianos of different makers, for we are dealers in pianos as well as manufacturers. PRICES You will hardly find any difficulty here in getting a piano to suit your taste or your purse. A new Kingsbury Piano, made in Chicago, for as little as \$150.00. Kingsbury Cabinet Grand for \$275.00 You can have a new Whitworth piano for \$275.00 A number of pianos of various makers, including Gerard Heintzman, Williams, Nordheimer, Mason & Rich that have been used some, but have been put in good condition at very special prices.

HEINTZMAN & CO. 17 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

You Will Be Surprised to learn how cheap we are selling fencing this year considering the cost of wire. Better see about it before you buy. No other fences made of wire like ours. Put Page up with good end posts. It will stay there tight and nice. THE PAGE WIRE FENCE CO. (LTD) Walkerville, Ont.

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A. J. ANDERSON J. L. LAMBERT COMPLETE STOCK IN ALL DEPARTMENTS OF NEWEST GOODS, AND PRICES REASONABLE. NIGHT CALLS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY. WAREHOUSES: Electric Bell. No. 29, Talbot Street, Ea

Books, Stationery Watches Clocks and Jewelry

We carry a full line of the above Goods and sell at the

Smallest Profit

Possible for a Good Article. A call will convince you of the fact.

REPAIRING

We make a specialty of fine Watch and Clock repairing.

C. J. GUNDRY & CO.

A PI Rev. I

God is a the fore the

A despatch—Rev. Dr. following to business requ As the dept correspond w mountains. s faults seemed height of his our business is not to criti his lips a prof appears befo sword, or fo and gives a seemly appea urgent imperi time to prop himself, and h ness required My friends, with some p ness; and ou our speed ac be a Being of sometimes tel years to do m days He pu touches that man, geologis then—that i between the la of the earth a Good look th time for work in three minu time for earr but we are li vided—we ha quickly. "The quires haste." Christ is ou King of Zion, over all the e He is a King Where is Loui is Richard II Ferdinand the Great? the grave lies trees. Death s squelcher, and are his capb blind monar palace ever ane the fallen e Charlemagne i crown on his i sceptre in his could not bring the East, or if the world was time after it is mortal. The thought itself, paleases—St. Ch and the Vers Royal, and the King has the th palace—the n gallery; THE OCEA the sun its ch heavens its c forests its p surise and su the windows; ed courcers i the heavens; land, and sea, i all the flowers servatory; all squarism; all morning His o than all these, t on earth, and ven, are the p Night, to reign; other kings i navy. Eightin hurricanes of the breaking u mada; the volc in the burial c eum; the fire, deluged with o as when they o about the cruci counted the i heaven, as if s sky, and eried, are 25 thousa caught a gill the more the and the horse's eyes of fire, and feet of fire, and reins of fire, by come before this and the prod, swine's herd, is in. A pardon! ascending King! Jesus live for ev It is on the bu that we are al Compared with is

A HOLIDAY If a man go into tion by which thousand dollars estate drop out his failure upset his the next, t quails under the insignificant com of that man's and, by example, and another and earth, and hell,