

GERMAN FLEET LIKELY TO APPEAR BEFORE PETROGRAD

Allied Diplomats Fear Treachery of The Lenine Group

The Real Head of Russian Bolsheviki Believed to Be in the Pay of Germany, And it is Quite Probable That in the Present Turmoil at the Russian Capital That Immediate Peace May Be Declared

(By special cable and leased wire to The Daily Gleaner.)

London, Nov. 9.—Russia is back again where she was last March. Bolsheviki fanatics, extreme radicals, who burn at once to make the world a brotherhood, who are set against all wars, who believe in uttermost democracy, today seemed to control all of Petrograd, the capital.

Kerensky Reported to Be at Moscow, Where He Will Endeavor to Stem Tide of Revolution

Premier Kerensky, and what remains of the machinery of the provisional government, apparently still has the support of the remainder of Russia. The danger, as London saw it today, was that Lenine, Trotsky and his fellow-fanatics of the Bolsheviki, would be able to extend their control beyond Petrograd, and sway Russia's great peasant population, ignorant of the Utopian idealism of the Bolsheviki to their side. Kerensky was reported to have escaped the rebels in Petrograd. He was reported seen en route to Moscow. It was believed here that he would name that city the capital and there endeavor to consolidate all Russia against the usurping group at Petrograd.

In Pursuance of German Influence on Lenine, The Latter May Throw Russia Open to Huns

Nicholi Lenine, radical fanatic, whose energies have always been regarded here as directed from Berlin, is firmly seated in power at Petrograd by the new revolution. Leon Trotsky, his co-partner in the coup by which the Bolsheviki overthrew the government and gained control in the capital, has likewise come under previous suspicion as dominated by the Germans. Because of this the fear was felt here that in pursuance of their crazy scheme of restoring peace to the whole world, or possibly in pursuance of plans of the German officials who hold Lenine, Trotsky and others in their power, the Bolsheviki would open the way to Petrograd to a German fleet and German reinforcements to their forces.

Should the Garrison at Kronstadt Allow Them The German Fleet Could Sail Right to Capital

In London it was regarded as practically certain that Trotsky and Lenine engineered their coup with Germany's direct aid. In this connection it was regarded as highly significant that cables yesterday reported a German fleet near Helsingfors, Finland. Svaborg, one of the great Russian naval fortifications, guards Helsingfors, and is one of the chain of naval fortresses constituting the Baltic Sea defences to Petrograd. Kronstadt, the fortress nearest Petrograd, has always been a fervor spot of Bolsheviki strength. Once, early in the summer, the garrison there revolted. Subsequently in other Bolsheviki demonstrations in Petrograd, many of the paraders were Kronstadt sailors. Presumably Trotsky and his associate, in the immediate peace plan, now are supported by Kronstadt. If so, the German fleet would have no difficulty at all in sailing up to the Russian capital.

ED. L. KEEN.

FIND CONCEALED WIRELESS OUTFIT

Norwich, Conn., Nov. 9.—A complete wireless receiving outfit has been discovered by federal agents near here. It became known last night, and has been confiscated by the government. The owner and operator of the wireless outfit, Charles Troland, was not arrested. A code book found in his possession, contained a number of messages sent out from Berlin, Germany, and also contained messages sent out by wireless from Sayville. The wireless was found concealed in trees 150 feet from the ground.

NO HOPE FOR CREW.

Wash., D.C., Nov. 9.—Hope for the safety of Lieut. John T. Melvin and the twenty enlisted men, reported missing after the torpedoing of the American patrol ship Alcedo, has been abandoned.

DR. WAGNER DEAD.

Amsterdam, Nov. 9.—Dr. Adolph Wagner, former professor of jurisprudence and political economy at the University of Berlin, is dead.

Russian Bolsheviki Flourishes Only Because Of Dense Ignorance of Russian Masses, Who Readily Believe That Millenium is Coming

The More the Bolsheviki Promise the Better They Like It

RIPE SPOT FOR RADICAL IDEAS

The Land for the Peasants and the Factories For the Workmen

(Special by The Daily Gleaner's leased wire.)

New York, Nov. 9.—The "Bolsheviki," says a correspondent writing from Petrograd, "means to Russia what the I. W. W. movement means to the United States. But the Bolsheviki are having much more success here because the great body of the Russian people are densely ignorant and have lived under an autocracy that was even more stupid than they. The more the Bolsheviki promise them, the better they like it. The Bolsheviki are also open pacifists and I do not know but that is their strongest card."

"The Bolsheviki could have no such success in a country with an established national life. But, in the midst of a revolution that upset everything, they flourish. The ground is so good here, in fact, for the planting of the most radical ideas, that I have been surprised the Bolsheviki have not been more successful from the beginning."

"Though the rough work of revolution was done by workmen of the Bolsheviki type, it took them nearly seven months to get a majority in the council of soldiers and workmen's delegates."

"The Bolsheviki quite openly want the following things, named in the order of desired:—
"First—They protest they do not want separate peace, but their protest is not convincing. They would be perfectly willing to have a separate peace, if it does not involve even a tougher war.
"Second—They want a complete socialist state. They want the land to belong to the peasants and the factories to belong to the workers. The details of how it is to be done have split the socialists into many factions."

GERMAN CURE FOR NERVE DISEASES

Amsterdam, Nov. 9.—German newspapers announce that the army physicians have discovered a successful method of curing the nervous affliction so frequent among disabled soldiers, which causes a constant trembling of the whole or part of the body. Dr. Ernst Beyer, head of the nerve hospital at Roderkerken, has outlined a method of electrical treatment which, it is claimed, often effects a complete cure in a few days, and is almost invariably effective within a period of three weeks. The newspapers describe his method as follows:—
"By the application of a gentle electric current which causes no pain whatever, good results have been obtained in a few minutes or at the longest two and a half hours. A course of treatment is required after this, which does not last more than two or three weeks, and in light cases is finished in a few days. New attacks may occur due to excitement or nerve strain, but are easily cured."

TO POOL INTERESTS.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 9.—The towing of the Lake Carriers' Association will be pooled next season and the boats will be operated by a committee. At a meeting of the Association yesterday this action was decided upon.

American Government Raid On Hamburg-American Offices

Advance Information as to Proposed Raid Leaked Out and Officials of Company Are Said to Have Carted Away Much Incriminating Evidence.

(Special by The Daily Gleaner's leased wire.)

New York, Nov. 9.—That a German spy had advance knowledge of the proposed government raid on Hamburg-American line offices here, was believed today. Attacks of the line had time to cart away several chests full of documents before the 70 federal agents and policemen took possession. Despite this, government officials said they expected to find, hidden in one of the safes, complete records of all American troops transport movements since this country entered the war. This, they said, would cause internment of several enemy aliens. The offices today are being prepared for the port war board and the custodian of alien property, who will soon move in.

London Regards Russian Situation as Gloomy and Predicts that an Indefinite Prolongation of War Almost Certain

(By special cable and leased wire to The Daily Gleaner.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Kerensky's fall at Petrograd means indefinite prolongation of the war, according to belief of the London press today.

It means also, in the belief of editorial writers, that henceforth a heavier burden is saddled on the United States and the Allies.

The seemingly inevitable civil war was held to mean further disorganization, permitting withdrawal of more German troops from the Russian front, if not worse.

A majority of the London press made no concealment of its pessimism regarding Lenine and Trotsky, the two figures now in control at Petrograd. Both are regarded as entirely pro-German in sympathy. Hope was expressed that the movement was superficial and confined to Petrograd alone, but the situation was regarded as gloomy.

Russian Revolt is Simply Rebellion and Heart of the Empire Will Not Back It

The Bolsheviki Crowd Would Re-enact the Bloody Days of the Paris Commune if Permitted, but Loyal Soldiers Will Yet Assert Their Dominance in Nation.

(Special by The Daily Gleaner's leased wire.)

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Russia is hungry. The war was the explanation of the unrest in that country given today by J. Ralph Pickell, who has just returned from Petrograd, after a survey of the Russian food situation for Herbert Hoover.

"The people are starving and so are the soldiers," declared Pickell, "but there is no lack of food. Transportation is adequate. But there has not been an intelligent application of the rules of distribution."

"If the United States wishes to do something real for the Russian people, there should be a quick movement to help the Russians handle the food situation."

"I believe in Russia, and I believe if the army is fed as it should be, there will be a complete re-organization and new morale."

The London View.

London, Nov. 9.—That the Russian coup d'etat was engineered and subsidized by Germany for the purpose of eliminating Russia from among her enemies is the virtual unanimous opinion expressed in newspaper editorial comment. A despondent view is taken by some commentators, while others claim that the triumph of the Maximalists is probably a passing phase and refuse to believe that they represent Russia or that Russia will agree to a separate peace.

The London Times partly blames the Kerensky government for tolerating anarchy.

Treason to the People

New York, Nov. 9.—The Russkoye Slovo, a daily in New York city, publishes this morning an editorial article signed by its editor, Leo Pavlovich, in which he says: "The Bolsheviki call this a coup d'etat, a revolution. But it is neither one or the other. It is rebellion, pure and simple. It is a revolt against the legal, established government, recognized by the Russian people. It is treason to the people, and Russia will regard the actions of Trotsky and of his companions as a rebellion and as high treason."

"Russia will not follow the mad Petrograd. It is impossible that the Russian giant should not awaken from its terrible sleep, should not cast away from its eyes that bloody curtain which blinds its vision and darkens its mind. The Bolsheviki government in Petrograd will re-enact the bloody Paris commune. But this commune of our days will be shattered to splinters by cannon and machine guns. The rebellion will be crushed, and then the country will again come out upon the road that leads to the constituent assembly."

Kerensky Addresses Soldiers

Petrograd, Nov. 9.—At a meeting of the congress of soldiers and workmen's deputies last night a member of the revolutionary military committee said that on Wednesday Premier Kerensky, at Gatchina, 23 miles from Petrograd, addressed six thousand soldiers, who were on the way from the front to proceed to Petrograd. After a conference the soldiers decided not to proceed for the time to Petrograd.

A Delayed Despatch.

Petrograd, Nov. 7.—(Delayed)—The preliminary parliament today adopted the following resolution in response to

a request from Premier Kerensky for a vote of confidence:

First—The armed demonstrations which have been in preparation for several days, and which aim at taking over all power, threaten civil war will create advantageous conditions for the programme of the movement, including mobilization of the Black Hundred and calling of the constituent assembly, and will cause a military catastrophe, the ruin of the revolution, the end of economic life and the absolute destruction of the country.

Second—The soil for the success of such agitation has been prepared by the postponement of the carrying out of absolutely necessary measures, and therefore, it is first of all necessary to publish statements regarding the handing over of the land to the land committee and to take an open stand on a foreign policy in order to fight the active signs of anarchy. It is necessary to immediately take measures, and to liquidate them, which must consist in the forming in Petrograd of a committee of public safety from the representative municipal organization of the revolutionary democracy, who shall act in contact with the provisional government.

After Korniloff.

Petrograd, Nov. 9.—The military revolutionary committee has decided to bring General Korniloff, leader of the recent revolt, and his supporters to Petrograd and imprison them in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul. They will be brought to trial before a military revolutionary tribunal. Lieutenant General Korniloff was commander-in-chief of the Russian armies when early last September several detachments of troops under his command marched on Petrograd. He was removed from office. Some of his troops reached a point thirty miles from Petrograd when they deserted to the Kerensky Government. The movement occurred on September 13 and General Korniloff surrendered. A board of army officers were to inquire into the revolt, but General Korniloff has never been brought to trial.

Arrest of Ministers.

Petrograd, Nov. 9.—Leon Trotsky, president of the executive committee of the Petrograd council of soldiers and workmen's delegates, explained

SHATTERED HUN DIVISIONS BEING PIECED TOGETHER FOR VAIN ATTACK ON CANADIANS

Hindenburg Has Ordered Crown Prince Rupprecht to Retake Passchendaele at Any Cost, and that Commander is Gathering His Forces for the Sacrifice.

THE BRITISH TROOPS MADE A SUCCESSFUL RAID ON GERMAN TRENCHES NEAR HARGICOURT LAST NIGHT

At Lachau Wood the Germans Made a Ferocious Attack on the French Troops, But Were Driven Back With Exceedingly Heavy Losses in Dead and Prisoners.

London, Nov. 9.—An official statement issued today by the British War Office regarding military operations in France and Belgium says: "We made a successful raid last night to the eastward of the Hargicourt. There was nothing of special interest to report."

The German Troops Yet Too Groggy After Their Recent Defeat to Come Back at the Canadians

(By special cable and leased wire to The Daily Gleaner.)

With the British Armies in Flanders, Nov. 9.—Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria today had not yet recovered from the tremendous midriff push just administered by British troops in the capture of Passchendaele. There have been no counter attacks to date. Apparently Tuesday's blow left the enemy too groggy to try a "come back" immediately. From documents on officers captured early today, however, it was learned that Hindenburg has issued orders that he must have Passchendaele back.

Hindenburg, However, Has Ordered that the Lost Positions Must Be Regained at Any Cost

Compliance with counter attack orders was expected just as soon as Crown Prince Rupprecht can replace his shattered divisions, and presumably the Bavarians will again be sacrificed in the attempt. Meantime the Canadians are confidently sojourning in the village, their positions consolidated and everything in readiness to roll back the German waves if they come. WM. PHILIP SIMMS.

Germans Attack French at Lachau Wood But Were Thrown Back With Heavy Losses

(By special cable and leased wire to The Daily Gleaner.)

Paris, Nov. 9.—German attacks against Lachau Wood, in Lorraine, and in the Arracourt sector, were all repulsed by French troops, the war office reported today. The Lachau Wood attack was the most violent of the attempts, being preceded by a very heavy artillery bombardment, but the enemy here, as at other places on the line, was thrown back with very heavy losses in dead, wounded and prisoners.

French troops successfully carried out raids in the Argonne, on the left bank of the Meuse and in upper Alsace, around the Sepoise region.

German Military Critic Throws Cold Water On Hopes of Huns that England Soon Beaten

Copenhagen, Nov. 9.—Captain Persius, naval critic of the Berliner Tageblatt, notes a growing impatience among Germans with the results of the submarine campaign registered in a swelling flood of letters demanding an answer to the question, "when shall we have England beaten?" He throws cold water on the optimists and warns them against taking as reliable the figures on destroyed tonnage, including those apparently German, and other statistical material.

Captain Persius says with the 1917 harvest and the imports of grain the food problem can scarcely become a motive for the next six months at least, to make Great Britain inclined to conclude peace. He holds that the submarine question for the British will not be "can we continue the war?" but, "will it pay?"

late government would be tried for complicity in the Korniloff movement. The political parties to which the Socialist ministers belong have been directed to turn over all the ministers, Socialists as well as others, for trial. In the meantime they are being held under domiciliary arrest.

BANKERS ELECT OFFICERS FOR YEAR

Montreal, Nov. 9.—E. L. Pease, vice-president and managing director of the Royal Bank of Canada, was re-elected president of the Bankers Association at the annual meeting of that Association. The vice-presidents are: Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, Sir John Aird, C. A. Bogart, and H. A. Richardson. Following are the honorary presidents: Sir Edmund Walker, Sir Vincent Meredith and Sir George Burn.

One Cossack Tribe Proclaims Independence of Its Domain

The Kuhn Tribe Names Col. Felomonoff President of New Republic and Proceeds to Confiscate All Estates in that Part of Russia.

(By special cable and leased wire to The Daily Gleaner.)

Geneva, Nov. 9.—The Kuhn tribe of Russian Cossacks have proclaimed themselves a Republic, naming Col. Felomonoff as president, according to word received here today. The soldiers have confiscated all estate in their section of Russia, and have announced their hope of being incorporated in a general Russian federation.