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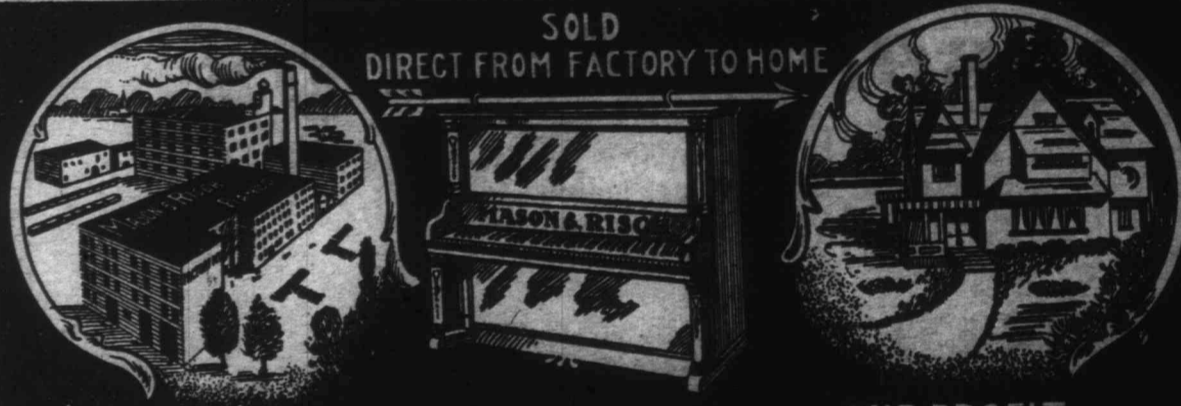
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With the completest outfit of the latest improved Milling Machinery procurable. The most careful selection of the highest grade of wheat coming into the market. The milling staff the most capable available on the continent. They aim to produce a flour equal to any in the market bar none. Their special aim is to capture the local, neighboring and gristing business. To succeed in this they realize that they must produce the proper goods. This they are determined to do.

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ONE GRADE ONE PRICE ONE PROFIT

Factory Branch
SCARTH STREET
REGINA, SASK.

COMING OF BARR COLONY

In the course of an article in the Lloydminster Times, Mr. R. B. Thompson indulges in these reminiscences of a striking event in Western Canadian history.

In memory I go back to the spring of 1903—May—when the Barr colonists from England, came over the 200 miles of trail from Saskatoon, and went into camps in tents on ground just north of where the town now stands. Probably eighteen hundred reached here of the over 3,000 who had remained at Liverpool. Some were settled at wayside points; a few had become weak hearted and turned back on the trail, but the majority had pushed right on through the snow and slush of a wet and backward spring, and thus came to the promised land. How truly Anglo-Saxon the colonizers of the world? Think of it. Hundreds of delicately reared women and children, fresh from the comforts of English homes, walking for two hundred miles in mud and slush to the ankles behind a yoke of oxen, making probably ten miles a day. And when they reached their destination, what? How often were the words "promised land" said in derision? Short of food, no adequate supply of clothing, no farm implements with which to till the soil and no knowledge (in many cases) of the tilling process. If they had had the implements, there were many, but there were many more of stout hearted, and the faith that this far off western land would make good what had been promised in its name. A few had farmed in the old land, but the conditions here were so different. However, they would learn. A few others, years before, had farmed in Manitoba, afterwards returning to the home land. But the call of the ever expanding west had been too strong, so now that they were here they would get down to work, and also teach their neighbors what they themselves knew.

So they threw on their coats and buckled in. All of them who were qualified selected their homesteads and the fight was on. Oh, how many and how bitter were the disappointments, how many the hardships endured by these people the world will never know. They can tell of them

now with a smile and a joke, but not then. No sooner would one difficulty be met than another would take its place. In time the provisions came, the implements came, and so much crop was in. But something else came also. It was an early frost, and one year's work was for naught. But in the course of time the Canadian and Americans, more used to the western farming methods, came in and settled among them. These were ever ready to give to their neighbors what knowledge they had. Then came the railroad bringing with it thousands of homestead seekers from all over the American continent and the old lands.

And what good feeling was prevalent through it all. Of the homestead adjoining that of an ex-London broker was settled a down east Yankee with a twang that would make you teeth ache. The nearest neighbor of the son of an American millionaire and a Yale graduate was (and is) an ex-cooksmonger from the cultured district of Whitechapel, whose proudest boast was that he was a distant kinsman of Jack the Ripper. But now things are getting down to a business basis and soon the crops began to move. Some of them were good, some fair, some were bad, but all the time the soil was getting broken up, the earth was warming, the conditions were getting generally better. Then on top of it all comes the bumper crop of this year—a crop of which they are talking in Toronto and writing from Chicago about.

Propt? Boast? Why shouldn't we? Tell us of another country as good and we'll shut up. Where is there a country so teeming full of natural resources? Where in the world is there a healthier climate? And where a more stalwart, harder or more honest people—the bold and venturesome from England, Ireland, Scotland, and their offspring; the Canadian from the east and the better one from the west; the choice of American manhood from the western States, who are the first to applaud our country. They are all here. Where will you find a more loyal people? What about the Americans? Well, now, I'll just tell you that these very Americans are taking out their naturalization papers every day; and they are beginning to remember that George Washington was a British subject, born in the old land; that Paul Jones, (the father of the American navy) did not leave England until he was twenty-five years old; that their own ancestors only a few genera-

tions ago were British subjects. And we do not remind them of these things either, for we know that a people as clever as they either know them now or will soon find them out. In the meantime they will come to see that our limited monarchical form of government is the most perfect democracy on earth. And that our courts of law are (we hope) incorruptible. Then in talking these matters over with them we will frankly admit that the kicking the Americans colonists gave their parent England was the very best thing that ever struck her. Now in course of time, the children of these same people will recite in chorus with our children:

Old England, thy name shall yet warrant thy fame.
If the brows of the toeman shall scowl,
Let the lion be stirred by a too daring word.
The beware of his echoing growl.
We have more of the breed of the men and the steed,
That won bravely our Waterloo wreath.
We have more of the blood that formed Inkerman's flood,
As it poured in its whirlpool of death.
We have jackets as blue, still as dauntless and true.
As the tars that bold Nelson led on.
Give them room on the main, and they'll show you again,
How the Nile and Trafalgar were won.
Let the ball show its teeth, let a blade leave its sheath,
To defy the proud strength of our might.
We have iron-mouthed guns, we have steel-breathed sons,
To show how we Britons can fight.
Our ships and our sailors are kings of the wave,
Near the Red Cross of England,
The flag of the brave.

A WINDSOR LADY'S APPEAL

To All Women: I will send you with full instructions my home treatment which positively cures Leucorrhoea, Uterine Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Painful or Irregular Periods, Uterine and Ovarian Tumors or growths, also Hot Flashes, Nervousness, Melancholy, Pains in the Head, Back, Bowels, Kidney and Bladder troubles where caused by weakness peculiar to our sex. You can continue treatment at home at cost of only about 12 cents a week. My book, "Woman's Own Medical Adviser," also sent free on request. Write to-day. Address Mrs. M. Summers, Box 33, Windsor, Ont.

LONDON TO BE STORM CENTRE THIS WEEK

MANY POLLINGS FOR BOROUGH CONSTITUENCIES TO BE HELD SATURDAY, JANUARY 15

Bitter Political Platform Opponents Spend Christmas Truce With Duke of Marlborough at Bletchheim—Balfour Improving in Health and Allowed to Take Outdoor Exercise—Navy League Issue Orders

LONDON, Dec. 27.—As a result of the issuing of writs on January 10, a great many borough pollings will be held on Saturday, January 15th. The Conservatives hoped the first elections would be held on January 14, but except in a few cases where the writs will be received before sunset on Jan. 10, an election on the 14th will be impossible. After the results of the pollings on January 15 are announced, a fair guess may be made as to how the elections are going. The Liberals recognize the importance of holding their London seats, so the party leaders will address meeting there next week. Ger-ald Balfour is not yet a candidate, and rumor says that the Unionist whip is unable to find him a seat, the efforts to induce the two Tory candidates in East-Marlborough to retire in his favor having proved unsuccessful. The Unionists claim that their candidates have good chances in North London, in the South-East and in parts of the East-End, untouched by the influence of the Labor members.

The split between the Liberals and the Labor members in the constituencies of Bow and Bromley, Shore-ditch and in the North and Central London (four seats in all), give the Tories some hope of success there. The Unionists also claim Mlle End, the squabbling of the two Conservative candidates in East-Marlybone leads the Unionists to fear loss of that seat.

A Holiday Truce

In reality the Christmas truce is best illustrated by the following society item: "A Sunday party is being given by the Duke of Marlborough at Bletchheim, including Mr. Hon. Winston Churchill and Mrs. Churchill, and Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Smith. The Duke and Mrs. Churchill, though cousins, are keen political opponents, and often in platform conflict. Smith has said more bitter things against Churchill in the recent months than any other Unionist, and will begin again to say them on Thursday.

Lloyd George is spending a few holidays getting with his two sons at Cricketh. Carrarvon. Attending the annual Eldested at Llanystwyd village on Christmas night, he found opportunity to recall his earliest village recitation, entitled, "Child, Think, and be a Lawyer." George, I have endeavored to do all along (aplanse), and this despite the fact that I was brought up a lawyer. (Laughter.)

Pastoral Letter Issued

A. J. Balfour is so much better at Whitehingham that he is allowed to drive for a few hours each day. How little would the average heated political feelings are shown by a pastoral letter of Dr. Deane, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster, who implores and also commands the Catholics to vote for the support of the Catholic schools, that is, the Catholic vote in the election.

Also to be noted is a parliamentary call to navy league to be placed through England on a poster, it declares: "Every candidate who refuses to accept the two keels to standard, and the navy league, and every elector who votes for such a traitor betrays and disgraces the empire." Drop the keels and vote for a supreme navy.

Canvassers Wanted

Tomorrow the campaign will be renewed with the greatest vigor. There will be 10,000 meetings this week alone, 4,500 of which will be week-long canvasses. The Unionists are short of canvassers; they want 100,000. It is a great poster campaign, and scores of millions of leaflets have been issued. Lord Milner is now in well.

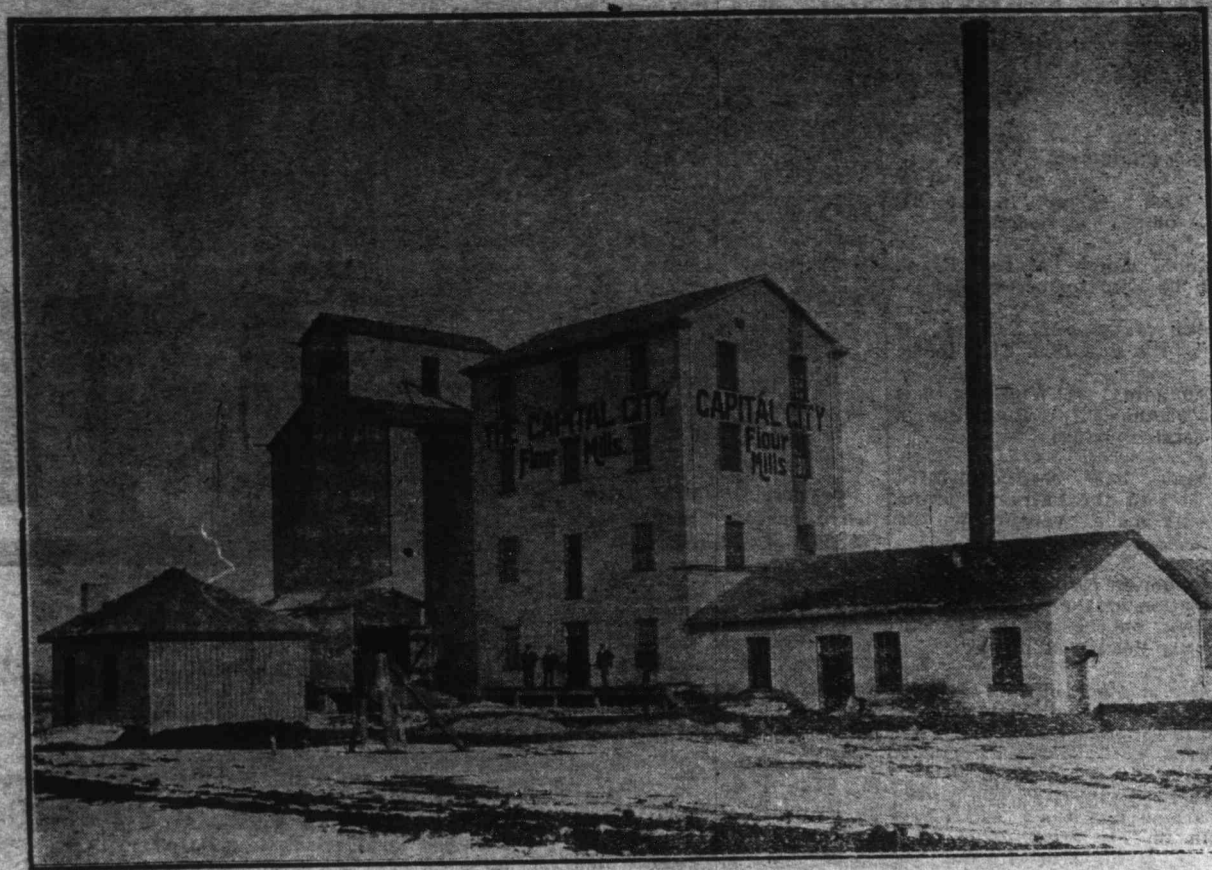
A modest article in the Morning Post, expressing the view that the London house of lords is safe, and estimates the following will be the result of the elections: Unionists, 270; Liberals, 260; Nationalists, 28; Laborites, 19. The Morning Post editorially thinks the raising of the constitutional issue has been a failure and urges the Unionists to bring tariff reform to the front victory on every occasion. Victory will then be assured. The Daily News thinks Liberal prospects in London are much brighter than a month ago.

The Liberals have withdrawn their candidate in East-Manchester, and the Socialists from South Bristol, thus leaving a "straight fight."

Stories reported to the police department bear directly on the circumstances leading up to, it is alleged, to the illness and subsequent death of ex-Mayor George Cox of Ottawa. According to the story related by one of the police informants, the late ex-Mayor was subjected to much rough treatment at the hands of a man in whose house he had spent the earlier portion of the evening of December 4. Mr. Cox was seen about nine o'clock in the company of the individual in question, after leaving the latter's house and his actions towards Mr. Cox were such as to attract attention. The police department is in the full possession of the facts. The late Mr. Cox, it is ascertained, was confined to his room on the day following the incidents referred to and he gradually became worse until he passed away last Saturday morning.

Minard's Liniment Cures Discomfort.

REGINA'S NEW INDUSTRY



CAPITAL CITY FLOUR MILLS. COOK & VANSTONE, Proprietors

L. I. D. ELECTIONS

The following additional election results from local improvement districts have been received:

L. I. D. No. 34—Joseph Gell, 8 maj.
L. I. D. No. 40—Sid Tucker, aco.
L. I. D. No. 42—Jas. Hazlett, of Little Woody, aco.
L. I. D. No. 3—Wm. Iverson, of Elm Springs, 7 maj.
L. I. D. No. 10—J. J. Lamb, of Dahnida, 1 maj.
L. I. D. No. 71—Theodore Kelson, of Chas. 4 maj.
L. I. D. No. 2—Jas. A. Carr, of Carale, aco.
L. I. D. No. 73—E. A. Craddock, of Stonehenge, aco.
L. I. D. No. 3—W. A. Seal, of Stonehenge, aco.
L. I. D. No. 4—Fred Jones, of Lee Hill, aco.
L. I. D. No. 5—Chas. M. Wilson, of Limerick, 1 maj.
L. I. D. No. 6—Geo. Lumborn, of Maslinod, aco.
L. I. D. No. 91—Robert Rae, of Maryfield, 1 maj.
L. I. D. No. 93—T. M. Wetherald, of Wawota, aco.
L. I. D. No. 94—John Shiels, of Warming, aco.
L. I. D. No. 100—D. L. Rennie, of New Warren, 1 maj.
L. I. D. No. 6—J. R. Bushby, of New Warren, 12 maj.
L. I. D. No. 4—Nap. Assant, of Grubshurg, aco.
L. I. D. No. 6—E. D. Stephenson, of Hill Hill, aco.
L. I. D. No. 121—J. H. Youngs, of Moonan, aco.
L. I. D. No. 136—Geo. A. Stock, of Burton, aco.
L. I. D. No. 183—E. H. Benjamin, of Burton, 13 maj.
L. I. D. No. 186—Watson Powell, of Hill Farm, aco.
L. I. D. No. 216—Peter Herman, of Rese, aco.
L. I. D. No. 216—O. S. Alders, aco.
L. I. D. No. 225—Alex. Haggie, aco.
L. I. D. No. 248—Addison Taylor, of 1878, 8 maj.
L. I. D. No. 255—T. H. Archer, of Tul, aco.
L. I. D. No. 259—F. H. Kessler, of Owensville, aco.
L. I. D. No. 260—Herbert N. Taylor, of Rathmullen, 4 maj.
L. I. D. No. 6—S. C. Hanson, of Holbeck, aco.
L. I. D. No. 271—L. A. Graham, of To-go, aco.
L. I. D. No. 277—George O. Purdy, of Model Farm, aco.
L. I. D. No. 5—S. G. Rumlt, of Ladcock, aco.
L. I. D. No. 279—Owen Skillman, of Raymore, 18 maj.
L. I. D. No. 286—Jas. S. Graham, of Musmore, 13 maj.
L. I. D. No. 287—J. H. Macey, aco.
L. I. D. No. 288—Alf. Graber, of Maroon, aco.
L. I. D. No. 289—R. G. Mathews, of Velterhill, aco.
L. I. D. No. 301—Walter B. Wilcox, of Kansas, 6 maj.
L. I. D. No. 3—R. J. DeB. Copin, of Tacing Lake, 27 maj.
L. I. D. No. 295—Bennie Johnson, of Buchanan, 40 maj.
L. I. D. No. 306—Anthony Turner, of Invermay, 16 maj.
L. I. D. No. 306—Edward Hanson, of Taffnel, 10 maj.
L. I. D. No. 331—Matk Nigrelbb, of Sunny Isle, 20 maj.
L. I. D. No. 331—Ole Olson, of Sunny Isle, 4 maj.
L. I. D. No. 333—Peter Johnson, aco.
L. I. D. No. 333—R. B. McGerrigh, of Sunny Isle, aco.
L. I. D. No. 334—Thos. Hamilton, of Woodlark, aco.
L. I. D. No. 334—Sam Lucio, of Stittchellview P. O., aco.
L. I. D. No. 339—

Div. No. 3—J. Fallon, aco.
L. I. D. No. 349—Nick Stark, of Pascel, aco.
L. I. D. No. 369—Wm. Schenmenauer, of Lenora Lake, aco.
L. I. D. No. 374—D. C. Buhr, of Hogue, aco.
L. I. D. No. 400—Carl Wothler, of Midhe Lake, 5 maj.
L. I. D. No. 428—Steve Booth, of Star, 3 maj.
L. I. D. No. 430—Joseph Omand, of Birch Hills, 5 maj.
L. I. D. No. 435—R. J. Warren, of Luxemburg, aco.
L. I. D. No. 445—T. A. Mudie, of Lashburn, aco.
L. I. D. No. 4—E. E. Reynolds, aco.
L. I. D. No. 458—Ole J. Orvedohe, of Glen Mary, aco.
L. I. D. No. 460—R. Cromartie, of Birch Hills, aco.
L. I. D. No. 469—W. Simmons, of Hipnought, 9 maj.
L. I. D. No. 466—Chas. D. Poor, of Mullinger, 3 maj.
L. I. D. No. 467—Claude Grosjean, of Mullinger, aco.
L. I. D. No. 470—T. S. Sanderson, of Raytown, 14 maj.
L. I. D. No. 491—A. H. Morin, of Prince Albert, aco.
L. I. D. No. 493—A. Brewer, of Crystal Plains, 2 maj.

Rural Municipalities

OLENSIDE—Reeve, Wilfrid Dan-nots, of Wilton Fields P. O., 17 maj. Councilors—Division 1, Francis Pinching, of Lugard Lake; division 2, R. C. Hopewhite, of Lugard Lake; division 3, W. Stillew, of Crane Creek; division 4, Peter Nicolson, of Maymont; division 5, 322.94 in 1903. Fall wheat, with a yield of 21.31 bushels per acre, shows a value of \$23.93 per acre, against 24.40 bushels and \$21.10 in 1902.

MONET—Reeve, E. H. Forde, of For P. O., 23 maj. Councilors—Division 1, Carl C. Hanson, of Monnet; division 2, H. Lewis, of Monnet; division 3, David Heller, of Monnet, all by acclamation.

NORTON—Reeve, Duncan McKechnie, of Denison P. O., acclamation. Councilors—Division 1, Ernest Marr, of Rozhom P. O., aco.; division 2, Reuben Hubbard, of Rozhom P. O., 7 maj.; division 3, O. A. Martin, of Rozhom P. O., aco.; division 4, David Pritchard, of Denison P. O., aco.; division 5, Frank Hanmer, of Denison P. O., 2 maj.; division 6, no nominations received.

OAKDALE—Reeve, Geo. Whitley, of Edinburg, Councilors—Division 1, Geo. W. Close, of Edinburg; division 2, W. H. Malby, of Edinburg; division 3, Fred. Hogarth, of Coleville; division 4, Archie McDonald, of Edinburg; division 5, Geo. H. Bigham, of Edinburg; division 6, 3. Crookshanks, of Ashford, all by acclamation.

SOURIS VALLEY—Reeve, Ed. Spera, of Slager, 3 maj. Councilors—Division 1, P. Hjorth, of division 2, Wm. Wilkinson, of division 3, Vaughn, of division 4, H. C. Culbert, of division 5, Frank Foster, of division 6, 15 maj.; division 6, M. Slager, 1 maj.

SIMPSON RESIGNS

J. D. Simpson, secretary treasurer of Moose Jaw, has handed in his resignation to the council, and the same has been accepted to take effect Dec. 31st. Simpson has been in the city service for seven years. In his letter to the council he states that he intends starting in business, and his reason for resigning was he was of the opinion that he could better his interests. Simpson's department at the city hall was subject to much criticism by the city auditor in their annual report recently submitted and his resignation has created little surprise.

HORSE KILLED

While James Cargo of Wide Awake was driving out of Indian Head, he collided with another rig. The shaft of the other rig penetrated the neck of Mayville, a fine driving mare, and in ten minutes she was dead. The mare was valued at \$1,000.

Truth is eternal, but her affluence with endless change is fitted to the hour.

HUGE INCREASE IN CANADA'S FIELD CROPS

VALUE FOR THIS YEAR SHOWS INCREASE OF \$100,458,100 OVER LAST

Value of all Field Crops Grown in Province of Saskatchewan as Compiled by Census and Statistics Office During 1909 Totals \$97,677,500, an increase of \$90,068,500 Over Preceding Year

OTTAWA, Dec. 27.—The market value of the field crops of Canada this year is estimated by the census and statistics office in a bulletin issued today, at \$522,992,100, an increase of no less than \$100,458,100 over last year's harvest. The total acreage under crop this year is given as 10,065,556, as compared with 27,505,663 acres last year.

Of the increase in the value of crops, \$54,640,000 is due to larger yields of wheat, oats and barley; a little over ten millions is credited to the hay crop; three and one-half millions to rye, peas, buckwheat, mixed grains and flax, and six and a quarter millions to the vegetable crop. The total wheat crop this year is placed at 167,744,000 bushels, valued at local market prices at \$141,320,000. Of this 150,649,000 bushels were spring wheat, raised from 7,083,300 acres and valued at \$125,478,000. Spring wheat, with an average of 21.25 bushels to the acre, brought an average return of \$17.70 per acre, against 17.05 bushels and \$12.94 in 1903. Fall wheat, with a yield of 21.31 bushels per acre, shows a value of \$23.93 per acre, against 24.40 bushels and \$21.10 in 1902.

Wheat Harvest

The total value of the wheat harvest in the Northwest provinces is \$121,560,000, and in the rest of the Dominion \$17,960,000, as compared with \$72,420,000 and \$18,508,000 last year.

For the other crops of the Dominion, oats show averages of 35 bushels and \$13.15 per acre, against 31.45 bushels and \$12.15; barley, 29.71 bushels and \$13.64, against 26.70 bushels and \$12.23; rye, 18.78 bushels and \$12.73, against 17.05 bushels and \$12.67; peas, 20.71 bushels and \$18.36, against 17.09 bushels and \$14.16; buckwheat, 27.64 bushels and \$16.12, against 24.55 bushels and \$14.47; mixed grain, 33.31 bushels and \$18.75, against 32.73 bushels and \$17.43; flax, 15.98 bushels and \$19.94, against 10.76 bushels and \$10.45; beans, 23.67 bushels and \$33.61, against 27 bushels and \$33.08; corn for husking, 54.62 bushels and \$20.19, against 53.4 bushels and \$20.32; potatoes, 192.96 bushels and \$70.88, against 132 bushels and \$63.24; turnips and other roots, 434.29 bushels and \$73.90, against 373 bushels and \$64.58; hay, 1.44 tons and \$16.11, against 1.39 tons and \$14.84; fodder, corn, 10.80 tons and \$56.66, against 11.27 tons and \$45.25; and sugar beets, 8.60 tons and \$50, against 10.07 tons and \$53.52 per acre.

Field Crops

The value of all field crops in Prince Edward Island is \$2,213,900; in Nova Scotia, \$20,083,000; in New Brunswick, \$18,042,000; in Quebec, \$80,896,000; in Ontario, \$200,595,000; in Manitoba, \$74,420,500; in Saskatchewan, \$97,677,500; and in Alberta, \$20,741,000.

In 1908 the value of the crops in Prince Edward Island was \$9,008,000; in Nova Scotia, \$20,083,000; in New Brunswick, \$18,042,000; in Quebec, \$80,896,000; in Ontario, \$185,308,000; in Manitoba, \$65,050,000; in Saskatchewan, \$27,614,000; and in Alberta, \$14,522,000.

The condition of the new crop of stand wheat this year was 93.33 of cent last year.

In Alberta there is an increase of 21 per cent of fall wheat seeding, and in Ontario an increase of nine per cent over the area sown last year.

These estimates are based on the reports of a large staff of reliable correspondents appointed by the Department of Agriculture in every province. Supplementary reports were also received from over one thousand postmasters. Details as to the quantities of the various crops of each province will be given in the next monthly bulletin.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.