

## Save Money

For Two Weeks

We are placing a number of Sets of Team Harness on sale at a Discount of Ten Per Cent. off regular prices.

Come with your money and take advantage of this sale.

---

### J. N. Stewart's Harness Shop

South Railway St. REGINA

**SAMPLE COPY FREE**

Would you like to have a sample copy of **The Farmer's Advocate and Home Journal**?

**The Best Agricultural and Home Paper** on the American Continent. No progressive farmer can afford to be without it. Published weekly. Only \$1.50 per year. Drop post card for free sample copy.

Agents Wanted. Address: **FARMER'S ADVOCATE AND HOME JOURNAL**, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA. MENTION THIS PAPER.

### Grain Chopping

Done at the Composite Brick Works, Cor. Eighth Ave. and Oiler St. (near City Power House). 35-38

**Legislators Meet And Begin Business**

(Continued from page 1.)

veterinarians' association, and various other measures.

In common with all citizens of Canada you were gratified I am sure at the successful carrying out of the historic celebration at Quebec in July marking the three hundredth birthday of the earliest Canadian province as well as with the gracious presence within the Dominion on the occasion of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

Conjointly with the governments of the Provinces of Manitoba and Alberta my government was invited in March 1908, by the joint executive of the Grain Growers' Associations of three provinces to consider proposals relating to public ownership and operation of a system of interior grain elevators. Unavoidable causes prevented a conference until the 26th of November last, on which date representatives of the three governments conferred at Regina with members of the Grain Growers' Joint Executive. The consideration of the question is being pursued by the governments of the three provinces with the purpose of determining a policy at the earliest moment.

Under authority conferred upon the provincial treasurer, a satisfactory arrangement is in course of completion for the initial issue of bonds by the province amounting to \$2,000,000 to enable construction of permanent public works required by the public service.

Following steps taken with care for obtaining desirable site, design and plans for proper Legislative and departmental buildings for the province, a contract has been entered into for construction of such. The contract and all details connected therewith will be before you.

The accounts for the last year will be laid before you. The estimates for the coming year will be submitted at an early date and these will be found to have been prepared with due regard for economy consistent with the requirements of the province.

I now invite your best attention to the business of the session and invoke the Divine blessing on your deliberations.

A special committee consisting of Messrs. Ens, Smith, Haultain, Gillies, Scott and Turgeon was appointed to draft the following standing committees: Standing Orders, Privileges and Elections, Private Bills and Railways, Public Accounts and Printing, Agriculture and Municipal Law, Law Amendments, Education, and Library.

FRIDAY, DEC. 11.

The work of the House was purely formal today. The only business done was the adoption of the report of the committee to strike standing committees. The committees will be as follows:

Standing orders—Messrs. Turgeon, Wellington, Bradshaw, Whitmore, Riddell, Donaldson, Atkinson, Stev-

enson, Smith, Simpson, Bell, Sheppard, Stewart, Nolin.

Privileges and Elections—Messrs. Scott (Arm River), Gillis, Wylie, McDonald, Anderson, Johnston (Kinistino), Willway Tate, Bole, Turgeon, Pierce, Lisle, Mitchell, Ens, Garry, Johnston (Pelly), McNeill, Totzke, Finlayson, Robertson.

Private Bills and Railways—Messrs. Scott (Swift Current), Haultain, Gillis, Elliott, Wellington, Bradshaw, Whitmore, Wylie, Scott (Arm River), Turgeon, Pierce, Smith, Mitchell, Ens, Simpson, Garry, Langley, Bell, Sheppard, Stewart.

Public Accounts and Printing—Messrs. Bole, Elliott, Gillis, Haultain, Donaldson, Tate, Johnston (Kinistino), McDonald, Atkinson, Stevenson, Mitchell, Johnston (Pelly), Scott (Swift Current), McNeill, Langley, Bell, Totzke, Finlayson, Robertson, Nolin.

Agriculture and Municipal Law—Messrs. Turgeon, Riddell, Anderson, Donaldson, Wylie, Willway, Tate, Elliott, Gillis, Bole, Scott, (Arm River), Stevenson, Lisle, Langley, Sheppard, Stewart, Finlayson, Nolin.

Law Amendments—Messrs. Turgeon, Haultain, Johnston (Kinistino), Whitmore, Willway, Pierce, Lisle, Johnston (Pelly), Scott (Swift Current), McNeill, Robertson.

Education—Messrs. Bole, Haultain, Bradshaw, Tate, Wellington, McDonald, Anderson, Riddell, Turgeon, Atkinson, Pierce, Lisle, Smith, Ens, Garry, Scott (Swift Current), Totzke, Sheppard, Stewart, Nolin.

Library—Mr. Speaker and Messrs. Elliott, Bradshaw, Whitmore, Bell, Langley, Scott (Swift Current), Simpson, Mitchell.

MONDAY, DEC. 14.

The debate on the address in reply occupied the time of the House today. Besides the mover and seconder only Mr. Haultain and the Premier spoke.

George Bell, member for Estevan, moved the address in reply and in doing so congratulated the Speaker on his elevation to the important position. He acknowledged the honor in being chosen for the task before him. He took it as a compliment to his district. In referring to the work of the first legislative assembly of the province he thought they had set an example which this house might emulate.

The province since its institution had made great strides, and in the past two years and a half, 100,000 had been added to the population. The crop area had been increased by leaps and bounds, in spite of the stringency felt in financial and in other quarters. Great advance had also been made in the agricultural development of the province. In 1906 there were roughly 2,500,000 acres in crop. The following year there had been an increase of over 500,000 acres. In 1908 the crop area amounted to about 3,300,000 acres, and it was estimated that the area for crop for the spring of 1909 would show an increase of nearly 1,000,000 acres over the figures of 1908.

The supplying of seed during the year passed was given full credit for helping the farmers to seed large areas, and it was gratifying he said to see that the output was some 30,000,000 this season. The money released on the sale of this grain would do much to help out the farmers in the financial problems they had to face.

The railway problem was probably the most important one before the government for solution. Settlers had gone out in thousands in advance of the railway, and conditions which existed in the new districts were such as demanded immediate attention. In the southern part of the province relief had to be provided before conditions there became intolerable. Farmers were hauling their grain south of the boundary line. They were not at the mercy of the C.P.R. at present and must look for relief from other sources.

The bond guarantee policy of Manitoba had proved successful, and had even done much for the people of this province, and the federal government had also done something for the province by guaranteeing bonds on some 700 miles of railway. He was glad to know that railway construction was being encouraged, and he hoped some competing line would be provided for through that district. In the past railway lines had always followed the one direction, viz. east and west, designed to carry all the trade to the older established districts of the Pacific coast and the Maritime provinces. In the future, however, they hoped to see railways that would consolidate the trade of the province, within the province and a line from north to south should be built. This would promote an interchange of products that was to be desired. The people of Estevan would be glad to exchange their fuel for the lumber of the north, and many similar examples could be shown.

The question of government ownership of elevators was one which should not be entered into without full enquiry. The principle of government ownership was not the only one involved. They might find it necessary to replace the present elevators with those of a different class before taking up the scheme. It would, at any rate require considerable thought. The problems which confronted the farmers might be solved by securing transportation facilities. The railways to be assisted should be required to erect modern elevators to take the place of the loading platform. The loading platform he had consid-

ered a step backward instead of a step forward. What was wanted was more elevators and less loading platforms. The Hudson Bay railway shortening the haul, would do something to solve the problem.

H. C. Pierce the member for Wadena in seconding the address in reply, returned thanks to the government for giving him the honor. He referred to the cosmopolitan composition of the House which had practically every nationality represented. He was an American by birth but was proud of his loyalty and patriotism to his adopted country.

The duty of the government to the people of the province, to see that the proper markets were available, to see that proper cereals were grown, and to see that proper transportation facilities were provided, was dealt with. Saskatchewan of the future was predicted. The province was seen by the speaker as a veritable Utopia. Power provided by de-natured alcohol was in vogue, and houses were a luxury rather than a necessity. Every valley and every plain was covered by a railway and electric power was used. Labor troubles were at an end. Unions for protection has passed away, in fact everything that could be desired by the most imaginative was present. Government ownership had passed out of existence and government control had replaced it. Women had done their rights and the parliament buildings at Regina were a monument to the country.

MR. HAULTAIN.

In rising to address the house, the leader of the Opposition was well received. He congratulated the mover and seconder on the manner in which they had performed what was always a difficult task.

Referring to the speech itself, he had little fault to find. There were some unfortunate statements in the speech which he questioned. For instance the foundations were laid many years ago, and not during the three sessions of the provincial legislature.

If another member of the government was to have been added, they should have done so earlier. The session was called at a most inconvenient season and at a most unfortunate time when three out of the five members of the government were absent.

He was very glad to know that the Hudson's Bay railway was to be built at last. They all agreed that it was necessary and they all agreed with it. They were glad to see that railway legislation was promised. They had many recent elections, and he was glad to see that there was going to be some action taken now. The people were not going to be very greatly helped by promises, such as those given in a letter to a certain Mr. Abbott at Maple Creek, whom he told he had ordered a desired railway was to be called to the attention of the federal government. The policy of letter writing was hardly worthy of being called a railway policy.

He was glad to see that the rural organization bill was to be brought down again. He pointed out, however, that this bill was never discussed from any platform in the recent election.

The proposal to float bonds was simply the beginning of an unnecessary running into debt which would be followed soon by equal unnecessary direct taxation. It was the thin edge of the wedge being inserted.

In the letting of the contract for the parliament buildings he claimed the government had not shown business ability.

Referring to the elections he recalled the distinct promise of Mr. Scott and Mr. Calder that the house would be called together again before a dissolution. The attorney general had put clauses in his election bill which also implied this, but in the face of these promises the house was taken by surprise and a great deal of expense was wasted in preparing voters' lists. However, the government had some thousands of servants ostensibly making lists, but in reality making a canvas for the government. That was what the enumerators and deputy registrars were appointed for. So little time was given that the returning officers did not get time to do their work properly. This was not fair and the premier was breaking faith with the people and with the house.

The public works department was exploited to the fullest extent during the election. They know great deal of work was allotted and authorized during that time. There was also the spectacle of seeing the money of the people of the country openly and unashingly used to influence the electorate. Regarding the elections he was not cast down and he believed he had done very well under the circumstances. The popular majority was under 1,100. It was significant that every member of the government was either defeated or driven out. He believed that Mr. Scott was glad they had not run together in Regina county. They had the attorney general himself who had to find refuge in another place where he also had a very close run. The other two ministers had been defeated and had to seek refuge in the hospitable north. The premier did not dare face the most enlightened district of the whole province, and had sought refuge in another seat.

From high Tory circles as well as

from high Liberal sources had come the suggestion that the Provincial Rights party had outlived its usefulness. This he would repudiate completely, and he would declare that the provincial rights party would continue. The very action of the government in borrowing money made more plain the necessity for the Provincial Rights party. During the whole of his public life he had avoided personal abuse and had confined himself to the discussion of the issues. In view of this he was very much displeased at the remarks made by the premier at Rosthern, when he threatened to make some very distasteful exposures regarding his personal character unless he changed his course. He would accept the challenge of the premier and tell him that threats of this sort would not prevent him from doing his duty by the house and by the people in condemning wrong when he saw it, and he dared the leader of the house to go ahead with his disclosures. He was human as was any member of the house, and was prepared to have the premier make good. He would have to make good in this case, for he intended to give the hon. gentleman any chance he desired.

PREMIER SCOTT

Mr. Scott was pleased to see that Mr. Haultain appreciated the address as his words showed. The items of legislation referred to were not numerous, but they were important and should receive great consideration in the house. He was bound to say that as years go on he had less confidence in the advice of Mr. Haultain and the statements which he is reported to have made.

He denied that there was any promise of a fourth session of the house, saying that a fall session would be held, but not necessarily of that house.

Regarding the charge of dictation from Ottawa in the calling of the election he denied this emphatically saying that there was absolutely no suggestion from Ottawa that the dissolution should take place. On the other hand he charged that the Provincial Rights party had help from Winnipeg and Ottawa. He defended the issue of bonds by the province, pointing to former references to the same subject by Mr. Haultain, but was corrected by the leader of the opposition who explained that he agreed money should be borrowed for capital expenditure though he believed the government was going to spend too much at that time.

Referring to the defeat of his colleague he explained that this would be all brought out in the courts before a judge. He had challenged Mr. Haultain to run in either Regina city or Regina county, and had Mr. Haultain accepted he would not have run in Swift Current. Mr. Haultain had given the impression to the people of the country that he was going to charge corruption against Calder. If Haultain wished to stand by that charge he should place himself in the position where he could be made to prove it. He would be given the choice of a commission to inquire into that charge, and he would have to apologize to himself (Scott) and Calder, or that a court of enquiry would be appointed. Calder would be driven from the government or Haultain would leave his seat or stand branded before the province with the words he had used in his speech at Rosthern.

## McNABB A MINISTER

A. P. McNabb, Member for Saskatoon City Constituency, Taken Into the Provincial Cabinet as Municipal Commissioner.



W. C. SUTHERLAND, M.L.A. Chosen as Speaker of the Legislative Assembly.

**Married.**

HOPKINS—JONES—At the parsonage, Moose Jaw, on Thursday evening by Rev. E. J. Chegwina, Arthur G. Hopkins of Regina to Edith A. Jones, of Westhope.

**I. O. F. Officers**

The election of officers for the coming year took place at the meeting of Court Wascana I.O.F. last Wednesday evening. The officers are as follows:

### K. of C. Officers

The Regina Council Knights of Columbus, have elected the following officers for the ensuing year.

Grand Knight, J. J. Smith.  
D. G. K., T. Murray.  
Chancellor, W. J. Leahy.  
Recorder, Jno. McCarthy.  
Fin. Sec., A. E. Gorman.  
Treas., M. F. Malone.  
Advocate, E. C. Corbeau.  
Warden, M. D. Alley.  
Inside Guard, Leo Labelle.  
Outside guard, T. Canty.  
Trustees, W. F. Windeatt, Thos. M. Molloy, D. J. Murphy.

Court deputy, Dr. Shaw.  
P.C.R., G. E. Hawkins.  
Chief Ranger, Mr. O'Brien.  
Vice C.R., Mr. Guy.  
Orator, A. Cushing.  
Fin. Sec., Dr. J. M. Shaw.  
Rec. Sec'y, R. V. Perry.  
Treasurer, Alex. Sheppard.  
S. Woodward, W. H. Millward.  
J. Woodward, N. C. Saxton.  
J. Headie, D. C. McPhail.  
J. Headie, J. H. North.  
Organist, W. J. Collins.

During the evening Organizer Tincek was made the recipient of a handsome travelling bag as a token of the good will the boys of Court Wascana have towards him.

# GREAT 30-DAY DISSOLUTION SALE

## G. R. McCOLL & CO.

Broad Street Next Bank of Ottawa

### WEDNESDAY, December 16

Will see the beginning of one of the Greatest Money-saving Sales ever seen in Regina. Our entire stock will be sold at less than original wholesale cost. \$20,000.00 worth of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Boots and Shoes must be cleared out.

#### Christmas Buyers, Here's Your Chance!

Dry Goods	Boots and Shoes
<p><b>TO GO REGARDLESS OF COST</b></p> <p>Silk Waists      Silk Underskirts Sateen Underskirts</p> <p>Mocha Mitts      Mocha Gloves English Battenburg Lace Curtains Five o'clock Tea Covers      Tray Covers Linen Table Cloths, 3 1-2 yard lengths Table Napkins      Bureau Covers Sideboard Covers      Handkerchiefs Ladies' Fancy Belts, Kid and Silk Bed Spreads Ladies' Fur Coats      Ladies' Fur Sets Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses, Blouses, Kimonos</p>	<p>Every pair in this department is marked down Below Cost. Prices ranging from 40c to \$2.40.</p> <p><b>Ladies' and Children's Felt Shoes</b> Boys' and Men's Felt Shoes, Overshoes, Rubbers, Etc.</p>
Hardware	Groceries
<p>Knives      Forks      Spoons Pocket Knives      Skates Razors      Fancy Pins      Brooches Graniteware      Tinware</p> <p>And every other line in this entire department to go Below Cost.</p>	<p>40c Black Tea, on sale.      25c Seeded Raisins, per package      10c Raisins, per lb.      10c Currants, per lb.      10c Prunes, per lb.      9c Best Mixed Candy, per lb.      10c Peas, 3 tins      25c Corn, 3 tins      25c Beans, 3 tins      25c Tomatoes      per tin, 10c Plums      15c Strawberries      20c Raspberries      30c Pears      30c Peaches      30c</p> <p>1 gallon jars Pickles, regular \$1.00. On sale 75c.</p>

NO NEW BLADES. NO ANNUAL TAX. If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details!

NO HONING - NO GRINDING

Sole Agents: **Armstrong, Smyth & Co.** and **Fearl Bros. Hardware**

## ROYAL COA

FROM LETBRIDGE

The Best Domestic

No Clinkers Thoroughly Screened

Steam Coal

The HUNTER COAL Office: Regina Flour Phone 74 1721 St

## GENERAL BLACKS

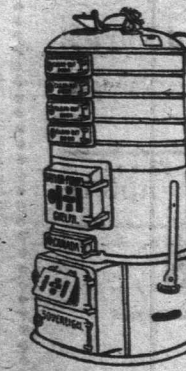
All kinds of blacks promptly and in a workmanlike manner. **Horse Shoeing & S...**

J. A. NEILL BROAD ST., opposite W...

## GALT COA

CLEANES AND B...

The Smith & Ferg... Sole Agents Smith Blo... Phone 45



\$300 or more, estimate

### "Sovereign Boiler and Re..."

The "Sovereign" hot water heating will add 15% value of your property.

Do not approach the heating consulting us. Our best address.

**Taylor-Forbes Guelph** Head Office Canada  
AGENTS **Vulcan Iron Works** Winnipeg

## WRIGHT Undertaking and Embalmers

Day Phone Night and Sunday  
Regina,