

AN IDEAL TEST OF PROHIBITION.
(Vancouver World)

Newfoundland is now the most stringently prohibitionist area in North America. The act which became operative on New Year's Day prohibits not only the sale or manufacture of intoxicating liquor of every kind but even its importation. Today it is impossible to obtain any alcoholic compound on the island except for medical, industrial or sacramental purposes. Even patent medicines containing alcohol have been banned.

The Newfoundland druggists, anxious for the good reputation of their business, have refused to carry stocks of liquors even for medical purposes, consequently the government has been obliged to appoint a Public Controller in St. John's and magistrates and doctors in other places through whom prescriptions will be filled and supplies of industrial alcohol obtained. The churches are given their own agencies for the importation of sacramental wine.

The colony loses \$400,000 in taxation as the result of prohibition which, it is estimated, suppresses a traffic whereon one million dollars was spent yearly. The government, however, is quite ready to bear the loss of the taxes, for it knows the increased economic strength of the country will quickly rectify any temporary dislocation of business.

Newfoundland forms an ideal test of the efficiency of prohibition. Being an island, illicit traffic in liquor can be easily circumvented. Prohibitionists everywhere will watch the results with interest.

CANADA MAY LOAN OFFICERS TO HELP U. S. MOBILIZATION

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—In the event of the United States declaring war, it is probable that a number of Canadian officers will be loaned to assist in the organization of the forces. There are many who have returned from active service at the front, and others who have been engaged in Canada whose experience would be of great assistance to the Americans in the quick mobilization and re-equipment of their forces.

The services of General Sir Sam Hughes to assist in mobilizing the United States Army have not so far been solicited, though there are some rumors to that effect. If there should be the former minister doubtless would be willing to render any assistance he could.

RICH AMERICAN OFFERS TO EQUIP BATTALION

Lieut. M. Stephanson, son of United States Senator, Isaac Stephanson, of Wisconsin, is attending a Canadian Military officer's school to qualify as captain. He has offered to equip a whole battalion to go overseas with the Canadian expeditionary force. Lt. Stephanson resigned command of the U. S. warship Yantic to take a Canadian commission.

Senator Stephanson is a millionaire banker and lumberman. He was born in Fredericton.

NOTICE

Now is the time to get your chimneys cleaned before it is too late, as most of the fires originate from dirty chimneys. Just send a card to

BUSH BROS.,
Kentville.

Monuments

in Nictaux, New Brunswick and Aberdeen Granite

Cemetery Work

Lettering, Etc., Promptly Attended to

A. A. Rottler

Kentville

TO INVESTORS

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA,
OCTOBER 27th, 1916.

UP TO DATE WOMEN WORKERS



CANADIAN women of to-day are demonstrating their keen patriotism in a great many ways, but the latest and most up-to-date is the donning of man's overalls and playing a most important part in the workshops of the Dominion. It was at their own instigation that they exhibited a desire to take the places of the men who had gone to the war. The women of England are making munitions and replacing those at the front in almost every kind of trade, and it is nowadays considered to be abreast of the times for the women of Canada to do a similar work and their little bit to help the country in times of need.

A shortage of man labor has given the women every opportunity, and they have risen to the occasion. In the C. P. R. Angus Shops at Montreal the women have been first with the ambition of emulating their sisters in England who are now wearing overalls just like men, and now they also "wear the breeches." They are glad of the change, for the skirts often hampered their work. The overall gives them much comfort and has been found of considerable convenience, particularly in the paint shop. The overall gives them more confidence in carrying out the work. Without the women the Empire cannot win the war.

THESE CARELESS MEN

"Sometimes I wish I had married a professional jail keeper."
"Why mother, what makes you say that?"
"I suppose I could trust him to lock up the house."—St. Louis Post Dispatch.

LOCATED THE TIME

"Do you know what time your sister's young man left last night?"
"I think it was about one, dad, because when he was going I heard him say, 'just one, only one, dear!'"—Pearson's Weekly.

In an endeavor to break the alleged "corner" in potatoes at Portland, Me., the Housewives League executive board on Monday adopted a resolution urging a boycott on the use of "spuds." It is reported the league states that 6,000,000 bushels are being held in Maine for speculation, making prices exorbitant, and numerous requests have come to the league urging action. Housewives are asked to refrain from buying potatoes, substituting other articles of similar food value.

DIGBY TOWN COUNCIL
Digby, N. S., Feb. 6.—The following is the result of the town election held in Digby today:
W. W. Hayden was elected

mayor by acclamation.
For councillors—Frank L. Anderson, 141; Ross C. Smallie, 131; E. M. Robertson, 112; C. E. Walker, 90; W. S. Troop, 88.
The first three were elected.

Happier and Better

There are many mysteries in this world of ours which we cannot understand, but one thing seems certain, namely, that every kind act we do and every kind word we speak tends to make our own lives happier and better, and we wish this could be taught in all our Bands of Mercy and permanently fixed in the mind of every boy and girl not only in America but the world.

professional yards

Ray B. Muloney
DENTIST

Webster St., Kentville, N. S.

Frederick C. Dimock

Fire and Marine Insurance

The only Exclusive Insurance Agency in Kentville

Dr. F. L. COMSTOCK

Graduate of Tuft's College of Medical Dentistry

Office Odd Fellow's Block, over Wilson's Drug Store.

BERWICK, N. S.

OFFICE HOURS: } 9 to 12.30 a. m.
1.40 to 5 p. m.

Roscoe, Roscoe & Hisley

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries etc., KENTVILLE, N. S.

W. E. Roscoe, K. C., D. C. L.

Barry W. Roscoe, LL. B., James L. Hisley, LL. B.

SHAFFNER & OUTHIT

BARRISTERS SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, INSURANCE AGENTS

V. P. Shaffner
J. Frank Outhit
Main St., Kentville, N. S.

FREDERICK A. MASTERS

Barrister and Solicitor

Also Agents for leading Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Company's Office, Porter's Building, Kentville.

B. WEBSTER K. C.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Kentville, N. S.
Money to loan on Real Estate

Dr. Colin T. Campbell

Over Wickwire and Pine's Next Door to Court House, Kentville

In Canning the last Friday and Saturday of each month in Jacques Block.
Telephone 41, Kentville

A. M. Shaw, D. D. S.

Graduate of Boston Dental College

Over McDougall's Drug Store
Telephone 96

Dr. J. Stanton Rockwell

DENTIST

Graduate University of Maryland
Office over Royal Bank Building
Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Children's Teeth a specialty.
Aug 3, 1904

Perhaps 30,000,000 Dollars of Machinery Destroyed

Washington, Feb. 6.—Every one of seventeen war-bound German merchant ships examined by American officials at Philippine ports since the break with Germany has been so badly damaged by her crew that 6 months or more will be required to make any of them seaworthy. An official report today said that of the 23 vessels tied up in the islands all but six had been inspected, and none had been found which could be put into condition without a large expenditure of time and money.

So widespread and thorough has been the concerted disabling of German ships in American ports that some officials think it could be explained only by a blanket order from Berlin.

"Madam," said the tramp, "I was once a member of the Legislature."

"And are you sure," she said, "inclined to believe him, that your reformation is complete?"