THE MAESTRO'S STORY

Well, it is not to be despised. Look yonder across the valley where San Marco piles up its pink and lilac roofs

What charm!
But a thousand pardons. Signorino had laid aside his work and I had meant only to— So? Then I shall rest awhile till the great heat be over and

gone. Signorino finds it difficult, I suppose

Signorino finds it difficult, I suppose, to command his mood always. The pastit intrudes. Well, we are none of us masters of the heart in that respect. Our wisful eyes are forever turned toward the rateful gateway.

Cure I There is no cure. Only this morning I received a letter from a famous singer, an artist, whose voice thrills thousands; who has riches, health, a world at his feet—yet, who, in his unhappiness, asks the same question. In spite of the gifts that fortune has appiness, asks the same question. In spite of the gifts that fortune has pressed upon him, m, tortured by memory.

There are only tortured is no cure. There are only forgetful-

No; there is no care. There are only now and then, blessed gaps of forgetuiness. One of us finds an hour's respite in this task; another in that. Signorino, for instance, is writing a — romance. Then he is indeed favored. He can retain the will be on ideal would be seen at writing a.

treat at will to an ideal world.

He thinks such work futile, thankless. I have a wise little book that I keep always near at hand. It was written by of your own countrymen. Some-re therein is the sentence — "The st miser is the learned man that will write." And it is so. A thought is ned here; a light there—who knows but that from the written page a prin-ciple, a standard is plucked. What a responsibility — this power to enter the lives of men and women so intimately,

orino will forgive a garrulous old music master that chatters away such blessed bours. The mod, perhaps, has returned?— Et, Matteo's story! But I have no skill at that sort of thing

One autumn day, eight or nine years One autumn day, eight or nine years ago, up in the public square, we were holding some festival: I forgot just what. Signorino knows how comforting the broad shadow is that lies at afternoon on the west side where the inns and shops are? Yes, it is always cool and pleasant there, while across the piazza our little church fairly bakes in the sunlight.

light.
I walked among the merry makers listening to the laughter, the music, the songs. And I said to myself: "They are children to-day; they are happy." Then I stood still. I saw a face. Oh, the beauty of it! In the girl's dark the beauty of it! In the girl's dark eyes slept the dreams and lightnings of the south. They were glorious. Under the dusk of ner oval cheeks were the ebb and filw of rich, warm blood — the covert red of our race. Her lips, with their pout and scorn and pleading, were eloquest beyond words. She had the voice of a singer, smooth and soft and full of rich depths, incomparable tones. Her dark hair was massed gloriously about the clearest of brows. She was

I was flung back twenty-five years to

beld us spell-bound with the grace and beauty of her dancing.

I looked at Matteo. His eyes were troubled. Perhaps he had a present ment. I was very much puzzled. And I fell to wondering what the outcome would be—Concetta with such beauty; Carlo bold, daring, masterful; Matteo saturally think or with a grace passion. naturally timid yet with a great passion tugging at his heart. I saw clearly how these three lives were on the brink

of some entanglement.

One morning a week later I was standing over there under the plum trees when Mattee came running down the

path calling out :
"Have you heard the news?" I looked at him and shook my head.

Carlos has gone; he is off again to "No," I exclaimed.

certain a dawn was coming when the mutual stress would burst forth into

certain a dawn was coming when the mutual stress would burst forth into the old miracle of sweetness, color and light. I thrilled at sight of them—Concetta and Matteo—sitting together at evening on this very bench looking off over the valley. I knew that there is shose for them somewhere in these sunsets the fairy land we all of us glimpse but once, to lose forever. All the romance that had ever been written was beguiling them with hopes and promises. It was the following spring when we were much together that I noticed as beguiling them with hopes and promises he would shiver as it a draught of cold air, the height of his apparent happiness he would shiver as it a draught of cold air, the height of his apparent happiness he would shiver as it a draught of cold air, the height of his apparent happiness he would shiver as it a draught of cold air, the height of his apparent happiness he would shiver as it a draught of cold air, the height of his apparent happiness he would shiver as it a draught of cold air, the height of his apparent happiness he would shiver as it a draught of cold air, the height of his apparent happiness he would smile up a thim. And he would be a mere whisper; but oh, the depth, the strength, the intensity of it! And she would smile up at him. And he would be himed and his part of his thoughts and life. Just before he turned away he pointed to the bench where we are now sitting and said:

"My heart is all there, Mastero, all there; hotting else matters! loved her." And he was gone.

A fortaight later startling news flashed through the village. Carlo Volpini was dead; killed in a gambling faw and the startly of the soul in the high tide of contentment—what is the truth of them? For years they about the would be himed through the village. Carlo Volpini was dead; killed in a gambling faw and the startly of the startl

the truth of them? For years they absent themselves and then, suddenly they orced. He can real world.

I have only to close my eyes and that fateful October morning is before me. If we may mitten by mit wonderful music. Heaven seemed It was written by mere and man that will so. A thought is there—who knows fut—m page a pringulated. What a power to enter the men so intimately, orgive a garrulous at chatters away fane mood, perhaps, of, Matteo's story! that sort of thing he Signorino wish the roll of the properties of the torning with the torning it was made to remain the legistration of the service o

Well, said I, "and what of that?"

I asked.

And Mattee said that Gine had sworn manded:

And Mattee said that Gino had sworn it. Just then Concetta came down the steps of the church. She paused a second, came forward, and said wearily: "I am very tired, Mattee, take me home." And together they went down the road.

I have never heard what passed between them that morning; but from

tween them that morning; but from that day onward Matteo seemed to rest under a strange spell of abstraction. Some burden was on his soul. Once or

son my shoulder caused me to start violently. I turned around. It was Matteo. His face was pale. He beckoned
me to fellow him. Outside in the piazza
he asked huskily:

"Have you heard the news?"

"What news," I demanded.

"Carl Volpini has returned."

"No!"

"No!"

"It is true. Gino Carlucci saw him

"It is true. Gino Carlucci saw him

"It is true. Gino Carlucci saw him

"It is woman's face. I thought I heard a knock.

It seemed incredible that one should be
abroad in such stress. But at the sound
of the second knock I jumped to my feet
and, drawing the bar, let the doorswing
back a few inches. For a second the
whole valley stood revealed to me and
with it a woman's face. I thought It a with it a woman's face. I thought it a trick of the imagination; but at the touch of wet fingers on mine and at the "Well, said I, "and what of that?"
He looked at me queerly for a moment. and then demanded:
"But, Concetta? How did she know."
The source of his words flashed upon in an instant.
"Are you certain that it was Carlo?"
I asked.

And Mattee said that Gine had sworn

at me out of her great dark eyes, demanded:

anded:
"Matteo, where is Matteo?"
"Matteo?" I repeated.
She gave me one look: such a look!
"What do you mean?" she asked

"Why," said I, "Mattee has left us; he is not here."
It was thoughtless. I should have known better.
"Not here—" she muttered, Matteo

one!"
She stared straight ahead of her, gone !"

of only one thing and I biurted out:

"My son, think no more of her; she leves him."

He was at me like a tiger.

"She hates him, I tell you, hates him I'

I looked at him sharply, thinking that perhaps the strain had abused his or each. He loiters here in my garden by the hour. He sits on the bench with me here in the evenings.

Some how he is not the Matter I now ty see; don't you understand; it is a spell, it is the shunting her soul to—to—"

Well, I never care to dwell on the days that followed. They were full of her foreboding. Something dark and crue of working its evil way through their peace and beauty. Early one morning while I was still at breakfast Matteo, his face very pale, stood in my doorway. My heart leaped with dread, I thought of the light that I had seen in his eyes the day he let go his hold on my arm. I guessed a dozen horrible things. And I cried out:

"Have you not heard?"

"Have you

"No," I exclaimed.

"It is true," he replied; and after a pause—"It is a great blessing"
I, too, smiled, Signorino — it was so frank, so simple. And I said:

"So you have the field to yourseif now."
He did not smile. He looked at me very steadily for a moment, and answered:
"Her peace, her happiness, her whole life were at stake."

"Her peace, her happiness, her whole life were at stake."

"I made Mateo sit down and take some black coffee. And I said to him:

"I made Mateo sit down and take some black coffee. And I said to him:

"It is a pity that instead of trying to the special said in the set in dusk!

"They are gone!"

Well. Signorina can imagine the great burden that was lifted from my heart. I made Mateo sit down and take some black coffee. And I said to him:

Spreading False Ideas

It is a pity that instead of trying to

"Her peace, her happiness, her whole life were at stake."

I was amazed. He was so very serious, so solemn. And I said sternly:

"What do you mean?"

"He has told her moting but lies—lies! He has filled her mind with thoughts of riches, position, fine clothes. He has made her dissatisfied with her lot here among us. He has set her to dream impossible things. But now that he is away—perhaps—" And he gazed off over the valley.

When Matteo had gone I sat thinking over his words. And I said to myself:

"Perhaps he is right. But even so, it is not too late."

And then three or four months later—lit was a beautiful sighs, the hidden bud straining toward air and sunlight. I was glad for both their sakes. I felt

THE STOLEN SOVEREIGN

By Sylvia Hunting, in Ave Ma

By Sylvia Hunting, in Ave Maria
A tall, portive gentleman from Australia, with curly hair, was one day wasking through the streets of London. He was not particularly interested in London news, as he had been absent from that city for a great many years; and wandered rather aimlessly about, looking into shop windows here and there. Two newsboys, observing him, with that unfailing instinct common to the tribe, at once recognized him as a stranger.

stranger.
"I'm goin' to play a game on that furriner," said one to the other. furriner," said one to the other.
"What ye goin' to do?" saked his

companion.
"I'll tell you," was the reply, and the

"I'll tell you," was the reply, and the two boys whispered together.
"I'll bet you lose," said the second boy. "He's no goy."
"He looks a bit soft, though," rejoined the other. "I'm so sure I can fetch him that I'm willin' to dump your papers onto him as well as my own, if you're game. And I'll ye what, Lorry; if he doesn't tumble, I'll just buy up the lot from ye myself."
"All right I" said the other. "Try him."

and not allow this circumstance to influence him.
"Yes, my lad," he answered, putting his hand in his pocket. "I will take them all, so that you may at once run home to your sick mother with some food."
The sharp black eyes dropped to the ground: the how little trickster though

ground; the boy, little trickster though he was, had not the effrontery to look into the face of the kind stranger, who drew forth a handful of gold.

drew forth a handful of gold.

"I find I have no silver with me," he said. "I wonder if I could trust you to change a sovereign?"

"Yes, sir," was the eager response.

"Yonder at the public-house I can get the change for you in a minute."

The Australian hesitated. He knew he was playing a strong tempetation here.

he was placing a strong temptation be-fore the boy, but his trust in human

fore the boy, but his trust in human nature was greet.

"Very well, then," he said. "I will wait here till you return. Put the papers on the ledge by this area. When you esturn you may sell, them over again if you can. I do not want them."

"Yes sir, and thank ye, sir!" said the boy. immediately durting access the

boy, immediately darting across the street, followed by his companion.

*No, sir. I'm just from the steamer."

"I will see to it that you are lodged in a decent place. The mother of one of my clerks will take you, I think. Sit down a moment, while I finish a letter, and I will attend to the matter."

The young man took a seat, well pleased at his reception, and with his new employer, whose ace had a most benevotent aspect, which sugured well or his future. The moments passed. As Adam sat gazing at the profile and curly hair of the man before him a change came over his own countenance. It first grew puzzled, then astonished then troubled and anxious. Finally hearson, walked to she window, stood there for some moments; then turned to meet the smiling face of Mr. Wolleston, who had just risen from his chair.

"Come with me, Adam," he said. "I will introduce you to your fellow clerks and ask J-pson if his mother has form as I know, I have none but exemplary young men in my employ. I take it you are a Catholic."

"Yes, sir, I am," was the reply.
"Well, so much the better; though I bar no man because of his religion.

A deep flush overspread the face of the young applicant, as he answered:
"A moment, sir, if you please! I

the young applicant, as he snawered:

"A moment, sir, if you please! I would like to say a few words. I do not know—I do not believe—perhaps when you have heard me you will not think me eligible for employment with you. But I feel it is my duty to tell you."

"What is it?" inquired Mr. Wolles-

"What is it?" inquired Mr. Wolleston, seating himself.

"Were you not in London about ten years ago, sir?" asked Adam.

"I was," answered the merchant.

"Do you remember one cold morning, in the Strand, buying an armful of papers from a boy who went to get change and did not return?"

"I remember it very well."

"I was that how, sir" seid Adam. "I

"I was that boy, sir," said Adam. know who I am and what I was—a vaga bond, without friends or home or re-straints of any kind. I knew you were a stranger, and with a pitiful story which was false, planned to ask you to buy a paper. I felt certain you would take the whole bunch, as you did. But I never dreamed that you would trust me to find change for a sovereign, which you also did. The temptation was too strong for me, sir. Shortly af er that I came under the notice of Miss McDonstrong for me, sir. Shortly af er that I came under the notice of Miss McDonald. Gradually I, realized the wrong I had committed; and as I grew older, and reflected upon your kindnesses and trustfulness, I became more and more ashamed of myself. I never expected to see you again, sir, but I hope you will believe me when I say that my being able to repay that money more than sets off my shame at having to confess it to you. Here it is, sir." And

task sees of my sname at naving to con-fess it to you. Here it is, sir." And taking a piece of gold from his vest pocket he laid it on the deek near Mr. Wolleston.

The merchant took up the sovereign, put it back in the boy's hand and closed his fingers no n it.

savings bank, my boy," he said. "You are made of good stuff. We will not speak of that incident or think of

clothing as well as with free education, ton, where Father Alichin, himself cothing as well as with free education, Thislwas a bait which, when backed by an assurance that there should be no interference with the children's religion, was naturally irresistible to people who were still only one step removed from the state of the missionary society, by Esthen Nichelson (2007).

starvation.
This being so, even when the assur-This being so, even when the assurances of non-interference were disregarded, the doles of food and clothing were continued, though on the understanding that the receivers should attend the Protestant church. With a cry upon their lips that was heartrending. "Good-bre, God Almighty, till the potatoes grow again," "the parents allowed their children to remain at the schools, that were now avowedly prosentiated as a Mass said at that movable altar, the

schools, that were now avowedly pros-elytising centres.

To combat the evil Father Mechan was at his wits ends. He had nei her church nor school in the neighborhood where this proselytising was going on, and though he tried to say Mass every we-k in one or other of the people's houses, he soon found that those who thus made him welcome did so at a houses, he soon found that those who thus made him welcome did so at a beavy cost, and more than one of them were dispossessed of their farms in consequence. Father Meehan then managed to buy the good will of a couple of cottages from two families who were emigrating, and throwing them into one, he erected an altar, and so, under their thatched roof of the Church of St. Patrick came into being. Almost im-

garden of the British Church, has made well nigh impenetrable. It is in dis-tricts where there are already Catholic the recent years that some people will hardly credit the fanoticism and persection that were rife sixty years ago. Ireland at that time was only emerging from the thrail of penal laws, and it was as yet impossible in the thickly populated districts of the west for the bulk in the people to be instructed in more than the absolutely necessary truths of the people to be instructed in more than the absolutely necessary truths of the people to be instructed in more than the absolutely necessary truths of the people were lacking.

It is schools were few in number, and it was not only in religious but in secular knowledge as well that the people were lacking.

It the parish of Carrigaholt, a long of the person of Saint Augustine and Saint Gregory, it started on its first tour. Besides the altar, with its vessels, its candlesticks and bade but one school for a population of twelve thousand people, but of these as third were carried off by famine and by fever, and the remaining eight thousand were left in the most utter destitution. The parish was twenty miles long and there were three priests attached to it, the none of them escaped the famine fever, the parish priest, Father Malachy Duggan, having said Mass at an outilying chapel and administered the last Sacraments to no less than eighteen who were dying of cholera and fever on the very day he himself was struck down. The Bishop of Killaloe, a name-sake of Father Vaughan's appointed the propose before the new arish priest was a serious one.

There had been a certain number of the dege schools in the district which were held mostly at night, and where some secular and a good deal of solid religious instruction could be obtained, but now some local Protestants, led by an apant named Marcus Keane, knowing that the people were hopeless and help-less after the famine and the fever, professed themselves anxious to help them to recover from the effects of these double calamities, and their first act was to establish schools where the children and the provided with food and churches and Catholic congre-that missions to combat less needed. Father Vaughan and h

successful than the first, whilst four other weeks have the same reports to give, of missions preached by the fathers of the missionary society, by Father Nicholson, C. SS. R., and by Monsignor Benson.

When the full programme of its summer and authors corrections.

Mass said at that movable altar, first Mass to have been said in most of the places since before the R-formation, have no doubt that the grace of God must linger round those places, and that His blessing is upon those whs ceived it through the Motor Chanel-

WYCLIFFE NO MORNING STAR

about sine clearest of brown. Sho was I was funne parting day when a woman's eyes—there was on his such the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the was on his such that was win the under the u The idea of having a chapel on wheels is by no means a new one in the British Isles, for even if the name of chapel osing vans belonging to Kensit and the Protestant Alliance, no one will deny it to the "Little Ark" of Carrigabolt that did so much to keep the faith alive in did so much to keep the faith alive in the stern Clare during those cruel years that followed the great famine in Ireland.

The motor chapel with which Fathers The motor chapel with through and Norgate are carrying a summers and for five wet, stormy winters and Norgate are carrying a summers and for five wet, stormy winters where the summers and for five wet, stormy winters where the summers and for five wet, stormy winters was was effered in the frail movable chapel, with the congregation the call way, heedless of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the call way, heedless of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the call way, heedless of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters where the frail movable chapel, with the congregation of the summers and for five wet, stormy winters and for

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ROVEME

wealth of crystal laid for tooms gleamed the division from his more wi coming i woridly Joseph's warm h loving, years ag are fair it is Oc when s woman s

> row an and pe brow." thought St. Jose No, 'two without itual na After (drunk say we nation to the Provide We share it reaped We fee has do as the

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thought

on this of our vey t I wo with H of the direct Mrs instruction not pe said: '

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