Not One Good Point, but Many

Some makers of Cream Separators lay special stress on the One Strong Point in their machines, losing sight of the fact that they have weak points, and forgetting that no Cream Separator is stronger than its weakest part. A Separator that turns easy is of no particular merit if it is constantly getting out of order. A Separator that is easy to wash will not long remain in favour if it does not get all the

cream out of the milk. It is not enough that a Separator have **One** good point. It must be good in **Every** particular.

Look at the good points of the 'Simplex' Link-Blade Separator, with the Self-Balancing Bowl. It gets all the fat that can be obtained from the milk by any process. It is Self-Balancing and does not cause trouble as other separators do by the bowl getting out of balance. It is the lightest run-ning. It is the Sim-plest machine, having the fewest parts, and will not get out of order like the more complicated machines do. It can skim

cold or warm milk, and will not clog up. In fact, it has All the latest features in Cream-Separators, many of which belong exclusively to the "Simplex" machine.

That is why our machines are giving satisfaction wherever used. They stand the test of long hard use. We guarantee them to give satisfaction.

Let us tell you more about them. Write for our illustrated booklet. It is free.

D. Derbyshire & Company

Head Office and Works: BROCKVILLE, ONT.
Branches: PETERBOROUGH, ONT. MONTREAL and QUEBEC, P. Q.

WE WANT AGENTS IN EVERY DISTRICT

THE "BT" STANCHION IS ALWAYS CHOSEN When Its Many Advantages Are Known



It is made in five sizes and of heavy "U".
Bar. The lock and trip are made of heavy
malleable. It can be easily opened with one
hand and is the only stanchion that can be
hand and is the only stanchion that can be
shown to be a supplied for use
with wood orsteel construction. It will pay
you to let ust call you about "BT" Steel Stall
and Stanchions and what we can do for you.
Write us today
Write us today

We also build Litter Carrier and Hay Carrier Goods BEATTY BROS., FERGUS FIGO

The Provincial Winter Fair

In view of the high position now taken by the Ontario Provincial Winter Fair in the scheme of agricultural education, it is of interest at this time to review the past history of the Fair. Like every other great movement that has had its beginning in advance of public opinion the early days of the Fair brought many disappointments to those who had its welfare at heart.

werare at near.

In 1883 the Fair started under the name of the Provincial Fat Stock Slow. The first show was held under the joint auspices of the Agricultural and Arts Association and the Toronto Electoral District Agricultural Society. Each contributed \$500 towards the prins list and each was to share allers in the profits of losses. The Show was held at Toronto in the stables of the Commercial Toronto in the stables of the Commercial to to a The cessilist of the Stables of the Commercial to the Stables of the Stab

ses. The Show was held at Toronto in the stables of the Commercial Hotel. The result was considered to be a success as there were 184 entries and \$1,330 were paid in premiums. Following this the Show was held in successive years at Guelph, Woodstock, Guelph and Toronto. Each year the results appeared to become less satisfactory until at Toronto in 1887 the entries were down to \$1\$ on which \$500 was paid in premiums. No shows were held in 1886 or 1889 but in 1890 a start was again made and the show was held at Guelph where a successful show had been running for a mumber of years under the management of the Guelph Fat Stock

Club.

In 1892 the entries were 171 and
the prizes paid, \$1,453. By 1895 the
entries reached 611 and the prizes
\$3,491. Previous to this time little
had been done in the way of giving
practical lectures, but in 1896 the
lectures lectures became a feature which has
increased in popularity each year
since that time.

The next great advance was made in 1904 when permanent quarters were secured for the Show in the City of Guelph. Previous to this time the Show had been moved from place to place but it had long been felt that the work could not be carried on to do the most good unless permanent buildings, properly fitted, were secured. A splendid stone building of two stories was erected on the market square, the ground floor space enclosed within the walls being about one acre. Previous to this Show arrangements were completed for the amalgamation of the Provincial Fat Stock and Dairy Show and the Ontario Poultry Show the combined exhibition being named. The Ontario Provincial Winter Fair When the new buildin being named. The Ontario Provincial Winter Fair When the new building excess the provincial fat Stock and the one being arranged for to provide for the growth of the Fair for fully 10 years. Within three years, however, the building was found to be uncomfortably crowded by exhibits and visitors. Since 1900 the attendance has increased from 10,000 to about 25,000. The entries at the last Fair numbered 5,603 and the prize money won by the exhibitors amounted to \$9,513.00.

During the past

ed to 89,513.00. During the past summer a magnificent addition was erected beside the old building which will not only provide for the expansion of regular departments but will enable a horse department to be added to the Fair. With horses added to the exhibits the Fair will be representative of all classes of farm stock.

ses of farm stock.

Aside from the direct educational value that the Fair has been to the farmers of Ontario its influence has been very wide-spread. Fairs modeled along similar lines have been established in Eastern Ontario, in the Maritime Provinces, Manitoba and all the other provinces, of the Dominion are planning to soon have winter fairs of their own. The Fair has demonstrated that an exhibition can be successfully conducted solely for educational purposes with all the so-called "attractions" eliminated.

The National Dairy Show

Ed., Farm and Dairy,—Two things that impressed me most in the Milwaukee Dairy Show were:—

The freely expressed opinion of many prominent dairymen that the dairy industry of the United States was on the eve of the greatest development it has ever known. There are people who think that the dairy industry in the United States has declined because their exports have become almost nil, but as a matter of fact it is claimed that they produce over \$800,000,000 worth of dairy produce every year.

Looking around the Dairy Show I Looking around the pairy Show I was, in the second place, impressed with the great improvement which has been made in the character of the dairy machinery exhibited. This was particularly noticeable in connection with apparatus for the pasteurization of milk. The improvement consists chiefly in more durable material and better workmanship, with more attention paid to facilities for perfect cleaning.—J. A. Ruddick, Dairy Commissioner, Ottawa.

Re the Establishment of a Navy

Ed., Farm and Dairy,—It is expected that the Canadian Government will, at its next session, bring forward legislation providing for the establishment of a Canadian Navy. It must be apparent to all that the Government has received no mandate from the people to do this, and that such a momentous change in the traditional policy of this country as is involved in the Government's proposal should not be made without long and serious consideration.

In such a matter it is only fair that something tantamount to plebisacite be taken; and it would be morally a criminal act for the Government to decide such a question hastily and involve Canada in everlasting obligations without referring the whole matter to the country. All citizens can at least unite in this one demand; that the country bear of the country bear

Parliament meets chortly, and if anything is to be done, it must be done quickly. Farm and Daïry readers who thing that the proposal to build a Canadian Navy should be voted on by the people before adoption should write a letter to the Premier to that effect, and see or write their local members. The responsibility rests on each citizen, let him see that he does not shirk it.—W. C. Good, Brant Co., Ont.

Sand Lands as They Used to be

Ed., Farm and Dairy,—An elderly lady, whose home is in Chicago, was lately paing the writer's home a visit Knowing that her father once owned the farm in Durham Co., from which the picture in your June 10th issue was taken, showing the effects of the blowing and, on Mr. John Davey's bear of the property of the proper

Beautiful timber then grew all around, and nobody thought of such a thing as sand ever blowing there.—
James E. Orr, Middlesex Co., Ont.

Mr. W. W. Ballantyne of Stratford, Ont., the president of the Canadian Ayrshire Breeders Association, has just returned from a trip to Springfield, Ill., and to New Westminister, B.C., he having judged the Ayrshires at the former exhibition and the dairy cattle at the latter.

Issued Each Wee

Vol. XXVI

Three reasons v Ger

HE movem cuperate s not too ear There are thre recuperation of is that it is po have lands lying There is no need to argue this p that, extensive be, they are rea be exhausted. H plated plantation the wood will be that it takes a log size especially consideration; he

On this point t est ignorance pretest ignorance pretest some sing on the lawn hamost rapid programust not believe forest of trees will the same manner.

Just to show y the kind of tree will grow well o lands are doing, I you the figures on of growth of Red ascertained by ou ents last spring s Lake Nipissing. Lest soils this tree for the first 100 y well as the White In 50 years you ma 13 inch trees that inch growth of diam 31/2 years, but in th 50 years it grows an additional five in diameter, or at the of one inch in 10 y one inch in 20 year one inch in 40 year lumberman looks fo 180 to 200 years old, have been one inch This is on first-cl

the rate on the poor elly soil, where this you will find that it 12 inch tree having a in six or seven years in 12 to 14 years for that, the rate sinks t and more. Indeed, a ameter on this class

It is desirable to mention the name of this publication when writing to advertisers