When several pleas are given in a cause, witnesses are to be examined on each plea; and all other steps are to be pursued in the same manner as directed in respect of the plaintiff's libel.

It is the duty of the Proctors to take especial care that the libel and defensive allegation contain all the facts material to the decision of the cause, so that several

pleas may not unnecessarily be given.

When publication shall have taken place on all pleas, the cause is to be set down to be heard at a time to be appointed by the Judge. Counsel are to be furnished with copies of all material papers, viz., pleas, exhibits, and depositions of witnesses, but not of warrants, decrees, or other formal instruments, unless from circumstances the contents of such instruments may be material to the discussion of A case for hearing on each side is to be prepared by the respective Proctors, briefly stating the proceedings which have taken place, and calling the attention of Counsel to the decree which each party may pray the Judge to pronounce. The evidence is not to be abstracted, nor are documents of which Counsel are furnished with copies to be more than merely described in the case. ened details are to be avoided, but the attention of Counsel is to be directed to the principal points. A reasonable fee is to be paid to Counsel on the hearing; and if the case takes more than one day in argument, a moderate additional or refreshing fee is to be given for each subsequent day. Definitive sentences in writing are only requisite in derelict and piratical cases. In other causes the Judgment may be given by interlocutory* decree, and entered by the Registrar in the Assignation Book.

If it become necessary to enforce a Judgment, a monition is to be taken out against the party principal and his bail, and served in the manner before directed in regard to instruments requiring personal service. Upon the return into Court of the monition, with a certificate of its due service indorsed thereon, and the tenor thereof not being obeyed, the Judge, upon motion of Counsel, may decree an attachment against the person of the party monished for his contempt; directing either the attachment to issue immediately, or to be suspended for a reasonable time, as circumstances may in his judgment require. This attachment 2 is to be extracted from the Registry. The previous service of a monition may not always be necessary. Where the disobedience is manifest upon the face of the proceedings, and it is clear that the order of the Court must be known to the party, an attachment may be decreed without a previous monition; but in cases where sureties are to be attached, a previous monition is indispensable. Upon compliance with the order for disobedience of which the attachment issued, and upon payment of the costs of the attachment, the Marshal, or other person executing it, is to release the party, certifying to the Judge fully what has been done, but in cases of doubt he may resort to the Judge for directions previous to the release.

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§ 14. Proceeding by Act on Petition.

In case bail has been given to the action, a minute is to be made in the Assignation Book by the Registrar, assigning the Proctor for the party proceeding to deliver his act on petition to the adverse Proctor by a time to be fixed by the Judge. The Proctor is then to set forth the facts of his case || in a plain narrative manner, without argument, and concluding with his prayer. This, having been settled by Counsel (for which purpose he is to be furnished with a copy), is to be copied fair for the Court, and then delivered to the adverse Proctor that he may reply thereto, and with the reply, it must be returned to the Proctor of the party proceeding, that he may make a rejoinder thereto if necessary. The reply and rejoinder must also be settled by Counsel in the same manner as the act.

^{*} See Interlocutory Decrees, No. 110 to 130.

See Monitions, No. 131 to 135. See Minutes, No. 136 to 139.

See Attachments, No. 140 to 145.
See Aets on Petition, No. 146 to 148.