

his Attorney may give due notice to the defendant to attend and strike such Jury, and may, after duly striking the same, in manner as above said, take out a *venire Facias* and proceed to obtain a trial in the cause, in the same manner as if the order for such Jury had been obtained at the plaintiff's instance.

*Of Notice of Trial.* } And after striking the jury, as aforesaid, due notice of trial shall be given by the party applying for such Jury, or suing out the *Venire Facias*, to the opposite party, or by the plaintiff in case of the defendant's neglect as above said, two full days, at least, before the trial shall be had.

*Of the Venire Facias.* } And the writ of *Venire Facias* shall be issued four days, inclusive, and the Jury be summoned twenty four hours before the return of such writ and trial of the cause.

*Of Evidence to the Jury.* } That each party be admitted to adduce in proof, as well the written documents filed in the cause whereon the action or defence may be founded, as all such other written evidence or verbal testimony as legally in the due course of trials by Jury may be offered and given in evidence. But no part of which written evidence, except such as may be