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TERMS FOR 1880:

## EARLY DAY8.


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## Scientifit aud sustul.

To Wash blue or geiene Paints.Wash them in hukewarm water, witifints.colloid in it, use a good lather of cird soap, wash thim quickly; do not let them remain with a little water; rinse well in cold water, with a little. salt in it; dry quickly in the To Soften Hard Watir for Ablu To Soften Hard Water for Ablu-
tionary Purposis. - A teaspoonful of TIONARY Purposes. - A teaspoonful of
powdered borax to a quart of water is sufficient for the purpose. We have it in constant use at home and elsewhere when re. quired. It is thoroughly efficacious, and is perfectly innoxious to the most delicate skin. Gingrr Wing.--Take eighteen or twenty
pounds of sugar, dissolve in nine a half of boiling water, and add ten ortwolve ounces of bruised ginger-root. Boil the mixture for about a quarter of an hour, and when nearly cold, add to it half a pint of yeast, and pour it into a cask to ferment, taking care to fill the cask from time to time with the surplus of the liquor made for that pur. pose. When the fermentation ceases, rack off the wine, and bottle' 1 t when transparent. Very often the outer rind of a few lemons is boiled together with the ginger intended for the wine, to impart to the wine the flavour of lemon peel.
Windsor Pudding.- Pare and core half a dozen baking apples, and boil or bake them till quite soft. Beat them to a smooth pulp, and with hem an oun esed in milk till it berolina rice powdered white sugar, teaspoon ounce of powdered white sugar, a teaspoonful of lemon juice, and a pinch of grated lemon rind. them into the pudding mixture, and beat it again till it is very light. Dip a pudding whilst it is boillng water, take it out, and it, put it into a large pan of hiloit; cover it, put it into a large pan of boiling water, is firm. Turn it out, and white of the egg custard made with the yolks of eggs. Serve
ind custard made
immediately.
Ironing Laces, Muslins, and Silks. Fine soft articles, such as need no polishing, as lace and muslins, should be ironed on a soft ironing. bl whet with a soft, fine, ironing.
sheet. sprinkling, musi rucies, alter a careful unrolled one at a tili. Lices, of course, are to be carefully biou ${ }_{5}$ hi into) shape, and all the edge or purling pull d out like. new. In ironing silks, cover them over with paper or fine cotton, and use only a muderately heated iron, taking great care that the iron does not touch the silk at all, or it will make the silk look glossy, and shew that it has been ironed. Any white article, if scorched slightly, can be in part restored, so far as looks go ; but any scorching injures the fabric.
Crystallized Fruits can so easily be obtained through the medium of the grocer, that house-keepers no longer frost fruit for themselves. But an old fashioned receipt for sprinkling fresh fruit may come in usefully in some sudden emergency. Beat up the whites of two eggs, and mix well with halfa pint of water. Place the fruit in the liquid, allowing it to be damped all over. Take out the fruit, and lay it on a napkin, to allow superfluous
ligquid to run off. Have ready a suggr bowl liquid to run of. Have ready a gugar bowl
containing the finest powdered sugar that has containing the finest powdered sugar that has
been heated almost to melting. Scatter the sugar on a sheet of paper, move the fruit gently among it, lifting up the edges of the paper, until it is all covered with the sugar ; the thickness of the covering will depend on the quantity of liquid on the fruit. Transfer the fruit carefully to a dish or stand, and leave it to dry thoroughly.
To Tare off Tmpressions of Leaves, Plants, ETC.- Take half a sheet of fine, good paper, and oil it well with sweet oil; let it soak through, rub off the superfuous oil with a piece of paper, and let it hang in the air to dry ; after the oil is pretty well
dried in, take $a$ lighted candle dried in, take a lighted candle or lamp, and mirection, so as to touch the perfectly black. When wishing to take off impressions of plants, lay the plant carefully over it, and rub it with the finger cean paper all parts, for half a mingte all parts, for half a minate ; then take up the plant, and be careful not to disturb the order of the leaves, and place it on the book
or paper on which it is wished to heve the or paper on which it is wished to have the impression; then cover it with a piece of blotting-paper, and rub it with the finger for a short time, and there will remain an impression superior to the finest engraving. The same piece of black paper will serve to take of \& great number of impressions. The
great excellence of this method is great excellence of this method is, that the paper receives the impression of the most may afterwards be coloured according to nature.

