POOR DOCUMENT

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1905.



WANTED.

LESMAN WANTED—At once to represent "Canada's Greatest Nurseries." ial list of New and Hardy Specialties in is, Ornamental Shrubs and Roses. Libinducements. Pay weekly, exclusive tery, handsome free outfit. Spring season's ass now starting. Write now for full culars. Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

LLINS INDICATOR-Locates all m

BUSINESS CHANCES.

YOUR OWN PROMOTER—If you can afford to put \$10.00 per month in a mate investment that promises a small me in return, within a few months, ada for Bank References and Plan, God-Syndicate, Suite 188, 1st National Bank ling, Cincinnati (0.)

FOR SALE,

SALE—Cheney's Island, Grand Manan, B., containing about 300 acres. Well i, two dwelling houses, two barns and buildings, all in good repair. Island pasture about 300 head of sheep and ter large stock. Mainland can be reached low water by horse and carriage. All cks, farm implements, crops and furnite will be sold with place. Great bargain fered for cash. Apply to S. E. Russell, neney's Island, Grand Manan, N. B. 8-10-tf-d

MONEY TO LOAN.

H. H. PICKETT, B. C. L., Barrister, Soli-citor, etc., Canada Life Building, St. John., N. B. Money to Loan. Loans ne-gotiated.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENTS FROM

edericton Business College

A complete new outfit of Typewriters. Seating capacity increased by one third. Largest attendance yet in history of Col-

Offer by the United Typewriter Co. of handsome GOLD WATCH, to the Shorthand Student making highest marks.

YOU may enter at any time. Send for

Landing Ex Cars

Middlings,

Flour and Oats FOR SALE LOW ALSO ugar in barrels and bags JAMES COLLINS

208 and 210 Union street

NOTICE stephen Cronk or his sons, Alex., Samuel Benjamin, have not been licensed to sell by material whatever from the property ow occupied by them and owned by A. Likely, and any persons buying such will be prosecuted.



IN MEMORIAM Rev. John de Soyres.

Down from the silence of the winter sky, On sable wings, death's angel swiftly flow. And sought the couch of one, so dear, and

Cocagne, Feb. 5, 1905.

THE STORY OF THE START OF NEW BRUNSWICK'S **LUMBER INDUSTRY**

Rev. Dr. Raymond Tells of the Getting Out of Masts for British Ships—Something About the First Lumber Operator Upon the River St. John.

> W. O. RAYMOND, LL. D. CHAPTER XXVII.

suitable for masts in the remaining British colonies. In the year 1779, arrangements were made with William Davidson to provide a number of masts at the River St. John.

A Trying Time.

Colonel Francklin was quite aware of the necessity of giving careful attention to the Indians at this juncture, for the Machias rebels threatened to destroy the "King's masts" and endeavored to get the Indians to harass the mast cutters and obstruct them in every possible way. In consequence Francklin sent the following letter to Pierre Thoma by James White, his deputy:—

"Windsor, 29th November, 1779.

"My Brother.—Mr. Davidson is now employed on the River St. John for the King my Royal master. I therefore request you will afford him and all his people

and if necessary take up arms for that purpo

"My Brothers,—The Governor of Nova Scotia sends to Major Studholme some presents for you; they are intended to encourage you to protect Mr. Davidson; receive them and be true to the trust that his Excellency reposes in you.

"My Brother,—Major Studholme is your friend and your advocate and desires that all your faults may be overlooked and buried, therefore they are all forgot and will be thought of no more.

will be thought of no more.

"My Brother,—Present my best compliments to all the Captains, Councillors, and other Indians of the River St. John, and I do not forget their wives and

"MICH. FRANCKLIN." The Indians promised to protect the workmen who were employed in cutting masts. Francklin soon afterwards sent a consignment of goods from Windsor to Fort Howe in the schooner Menaguashe, as a further inducement to them to pro-

DEATHS

"Under the regulations for preserving masting timber the deputies appointed by the surveyor of the woods have, or assume to have, authority to seize all the pine timber which they find in the possession of any one, though it may have been cut on his own ground. * * * I feel it my duty to submit it to the consideration of his Majesty's ministers whether it may not be expedient to relinquish these restrictions on private property, which have an evident tendency to discourage the advancement of cultivation and settlement in the province."

Sir John Wentworth justified the enforcement of the regulations as a matter of national importance. He quoted the experience of New England where, after the restrictions of the surveyor general's office were removed, the mast timber had been so largely destroyed that it was scarcely possible to procure a cargo of large masts, and those that were to be had were held at enormous prices. Even if the government should grant all the land available for settlement, it did not follow, he argued, that the efficiency of the navy should be imperilled or the mast timber pass into the hands of speculators; nor did he think that its preservation should be left entirely to the discretion of the owners of the soil.

Wentworth's representation to the Home Government proved effectual at the time; his deputies continued to range the woods, and many a tall, stately pine bore the mark of the "broad-arrow" in token that it was reserved for the royal navy. It was not until about the year 1811 that the reservation of White Pine trees was no longer insisted upon by the crown.

longer insisted upon by the crown.

Became a Large Business.

The masting business was a very important one in the early days of New Brunswick. Vessels were built expressly for the trade, and, being of large size, and usually sailing under protection of a man-of-war, soon became the favorite pas-

senger ships.

The development of the masting industry proceeded very rapidly after the arrival of the Loyalists, but even before that date it had attained considerable proportions. Sir Richard Hughes wrote to Lord Germaine on the 30th April, 1781, that upwards of 200 sticks for masts, yards and bowsprits had been cut, squared and approved by the King's purveyor at the River St. John in the course of the last fall and winter, and that one of the navy transports was then at Fort Howe load-

The year the Loyalists arrived, Captain John Munro, in reporting to General Haldimand the state of settlement of the country, said:-"On the River St. John are the finest masts and spars that I have ever seen.

I saw at Fort Howe about six thousand pounds worth. Two ships were loading when I left that place. I suppose there were masts sufficient there to load ten

The masts, spars, bowsprits and other timber, having been prepared in the woods by the workmen, were hauled to the water by oxen. Trees growing near the stream were "bowsed out"—that is, hauled with block and tackle to the river's bank. In the month of March it was customary for the King's purveyor to certify the number and sizes of the sticks that had been brought to the stream, "tripment four square and fit for rafting" and on receipt of the supregraph continues. "trimmed four-square and fit for rafting," and on receipt of the purveyor's certificate the contractor was at liberty to draw one-half of the money due on the fulfilment of his contract, from the naval storekeeper at Halifax. The masts were rafted and floated—or towed by sloops—to Fort Howe, where they were stored for The mast pond was a little cove to the west of Portland Point, just east of

*Mon. Diereville states that in 1700 the man of war Avenant, of 44 guns, shipped at St. John some very fine masts for the French navy, which had been manufactured by 14 carpenters and mast makers. These were safely delivered in France after a prosperous voyage of 33 days.

voyage of 33 days.

**Among the James White papers is the following:

"Received from James White, Esq., agent to Indians, River St. John, the goods sent them by the Governor for the purpose of protecting the Contractor, his people and masts from the Rebels, etc., etc.

(Signed) Francis Xavier, Nichola Nepton, Francis Joseph, Andrew Fransway, Joseph Pemahawitt, Pierre Meductsick.

***John Wentworth was the last Royal Governor of New Hampshire. He was a class-mate and friend of John Adams, at Harvard. He was an active Loyalist, and at the close of the Revolution, came to Nova Scotia. He was made a baronet and for sixteen years filled the position of Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia. He died at Halifax in 1820 in the 84th year of his age.



accompanying plan. It was closed and fenced in by the British government for the purpose of receiving the masts.

The First Lumber Operator.

The enormous lumbering operations carried on upon the St. John river and its

A few words now concerning William Davidson, who may be said to have been tributaries in modern times had their small beginning two centuries ago, when the first man to engage in lumbering on the River St. John. Mr. Davidson came from the north of Scotland to Miramichi in 1764, the same year that James Simonds in the first man to engage in the fi from the north of Scotland to Miramichi in 1764, the same year that James Simonds and James White established themselves at the mouth of the River St. John. Cooney, the historian of the North Shore, tells us that at the time of Davidson's arrival the abandoned houses of the French had been destroyed by the Indians, and our Scotch immigrant found himself the only white man in a vast and desolate region. If this be so he did not long remain solitary, for the next year a grant of 100,000 acres on the south side of the Miramichi was made to him and John Cort. Mr. Davidson was a resolute and energetic man. He prosecuted the fishery, and about the year 1773 built the first schooner launched upon the Miramichi. At the time of the Revolutionary war the Micmacs were so hostile and troublesome that he removed with his family to Maugerville, where he became the purchaser of two lots of land near the head of Oromocto Island. His associations with James Simonds, Wm. Hazen and James White were not of the pleasantest kind. In con-Simonds, Wm. Hazen and James White were not of the pleasantest kind. In consequence of purchasing some land at Morrisania (below the present city of Fredericton) the title to which was in dispute, he became involved in litigation with James Simonds, and the result was a suit in the court of chancery,* which proved every assistance and protection in your power.

"My Brother,—I request and flatter myself if any party of Rebels or Indians should attempt to disturb Mr. Davidson that you and your people will prevent it, which both parties were actively engaged.

MARRIAGES

Steamers.

Steamers.

Steamers.

Steamers.

Steamers.

Steamers.

Steamers.

Alcides, 2,181, Glasgow, Feb 11.
Bavarian, 6714, to sail from Liverpool, Feb 12.
Sid—Stmrs London City, Furneaux, for Liverpool via St John's (Xfd); Gulf of An-Halifax, Feb 12—Ard, stmr Briardene, from St John.

Sid—Stmrs London City, Furneaux, for Liverpool via St John's (Xfd); Gulf of An-Halifax, Feb 12—Ard, stmr Briardene, from St John.

BRITISH PORTS.

Liverpool, Feb 10—Ard, stmrs Baltie, from New York; Ivernia, from Boston.

Moville, Feb 10—Ard, stmrs Baltie, from New York; Ivernia, from Boston for Glasgow.

Moville, Feb 10—Passed, stmr Roman, from Portland for Liverpool.

Brow Head, Feb 10—Passed, stmr Sanden from Boston for Liverpool.

Brow Head, Feb 10—Passed, stmr Sanden from Boston for Liverpool.

Brow Head, Feb 10—Passed, stmr Sanden in Liverpool, Feb 3.

Mount Temple, 663, Answerp Feb 9.

Mount Temple, 661, Answerp Feb 9.

Mo

Bearing ber busband to mouth the result on the beart, the busband to mouth the result of the beart, the busband to mouth the result of the beart, the busband to mouth the result of the beart, the busband to mouth the result of the beart, the busband to mouth the result of the beart, the busband to mouth the result of the beart, the busband to mouth the result of t

The supplied the second of the second of

NO STEAMER TO P. E. I, FOR THREE WEEKS; NO MAILS FOR WEEK

Railways Blocked by Snow Drifts-Legislature Opening Postponed a Second Time.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., Feb. 13—(Special)
—The severity of one of the worst winters in the anemory of the oldest inhabitant relaxed thus morning when a thaw set in after a succession of snow storms with the temperature frequently below zero, that paralyzed trade, blocked roads, delayed mails, postponed meetings and emphasized the sense of isolation and interrupted commercial intercourse with the mainland.

It is now three weeks since the winter

It is now three weeks since the winter steamers crossed and one week since the mail reached the city.

The Cape Traverse branch has been blocked for one week and the main line six days. All available engines and snow ploughs together with as many snow shovellers as possible to work with advantage have been fighting the drifts to find line cleared one day and blocked as badly as ever the next. The men, exhausted with their exertions, frost bitten, hausted with their exertions, frost bitten, their faces stung by drifting snow have refused work and operations have been hun up till the storms have abated.

mile in two days. Today all trains left at noon, they cleared up to dark ten miles If a severe frost succeeds this thaw before the line is cleared, traffic may be suspended for days.

The opening of the legislature, which was postponed from last week till tomor-

Four men have walked from Cape Traverse to the city, thirty-eight miles, over an unbroken wilderness of deep snow.

There are forty passengers at Cape

Praverse waiting for trains to start or Manchester.
Sld—Stmr Sarmatian, for Glasgow; bark
Snowdon, for Rosario.
Buenos Ayres, Jan 13—Ard, barks Eurydice, from Campbellton (N B); Guieseppino,
from St John.
Brow Head, Feb 11—Passed, stmr Etruria,
from New York for Liverpool.
Barbados, Jan 24—Sld, schr Percy Bartram,
for St John's (Nfld).
Liverpool, Feb 12—Ard, stmr Devonian,
from Boston, Feb 12—Ard, stmr Devonian,
from Boston, Feb 14—Ard, stmr Devonian,
from Boston, Feb 14—Ard, stmr Devonian,
from Boston, Feb 16—Ard, stmr Devonian,
from Boston, Feb 18—Ard, stmr Etruria,
from Reversion Reve

Use The Reliable Kendrick Always Satisfactory

Pain Across the Kidneys For Three Years.

Sales Increasing

Suffered Great Agony. Could Not Stoop or Bend.

No disease is so quiet and stealthy in its approach as kidney disease. That is why it is so dangerous. It may become deep-seated before you realize the danger.

"constrains his roaring and contracts his paws." Yet, oh Pennypacker, how wrong is rage! How opposed it is to all the dictates of morality.

THE NEW BUTTER-MAKING

Dam the St. John River and Erect Blotting Pads, Applied to Fresh Cream, Draw Off All Liquid and Leave the Butter as Resi-

was no

Starr Manchester Merchant, Foots, for Manchester Merchant, for Manchester Merchant,