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FAIR AND COOL

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THE BRITISH GAIN SLIGHT GROUND; THE BOLD TACTON INTRIGUE EXPOSED

STARTLING REVELATION IN THE U.S.

ASTOUNDING EVIDENCE OF SYSTEMATIC GERMAN INTRIGUE REVEALED.

SUPREME COURT JUDGE INVOLVED

EVIDENCE OF SYSTEMATIC PLOTS TRACED TO THE GERMAN EMBASSY.

NEW YORK IRISH EDITOR NAMED

JUSTICE DANIEL F. COHALAN WIDELY KNOWN AS CHAMPION OF IRELAND.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The most startling revelation of German intrigue in the United States that has been made since the war began implicating well known men, who claim American citizenship and involving a supreme court justice in New York city, was made last night by the government commission on public information.

The expose is a part of a systematic plan decided upon by the government to present to the public the evidence of plots and intrigue against the interests of the United States which have been traced to the German embassy.

Names of Those Involved. Those named in the information given out last night as being connected with the plots include: Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, who is known as an ardent champion of the Irish cause.

John Devoey, editor of the Gaelic American, a violent anti-British paper published in New York.

Dr. Theo Otto, of Allentown, Pa., who is still practicing and claims to be an American citizen.

George Silvester Viereck, editor of Viereck's Weekly.

Marcus Bruen, editor of "Fair Play," and political leader among the Hungarians of Lower Second Avenue, New York.

Erwin Edson, magazine writer, said to be in Africa.

In this expose the government officials make public letters, telegrams, bank checks, receipts for cash paid and a wealth of memoranda dating back to 1914, showing that the German imperial government was concerned, through its representatives here, in violation of the laws of this land.

More Shameful Plots. Washington, Sept. 23.—How Germany "shamefully abused and exploited" the protection of the United States by secreting in the German legation at Bucharest, after the American government had taken charge of Germany's affairs at the Romanian capital, quantities of powerful explosives for bomb plots and deadly microbes with instructions for their use in destroying horses and cattle, was revealed today by Secretary of State Lansing.

It was another of the series of Mr. Lansing's disclosures of German intrigue, made public without comment in the same manner as the Von Luxburg telegrams, which have brought Argentina on the verge of war with Germany, the Von Eichardt letter from Mexico City and the Von Bernstorff telegram asking the German foreign office for authorization to spend \$50,000 to influence congress.

The latest story is told in a report to the state department from William Whiting Andrews, secretary of the legation at Bucharest, and a letter from Foreign Minister Foramsburg, of Roumania.

Irish Revolution. In a bulletin styled "official expose" the government committee investigating German intrigue in this country quotes numerous letters and extracts from letters sent by the department of justice in April, 1916, in a raid upon the New York office of Wolfe Von Igel, who was conducting a pro-Ger-

CENTRAL POWERS AFFRONT POPE

Make Public Their Replies Before Pontiff Receives Them.

Roma, Saturday, Sept. 23.—Commenting on the Austrian and German replies to Pope Benedict, observers Romano, the Vatican official organ, says: "The Vatican has not yet received the replies of the Central Powers published here under a Zurich date. This makes the treatment received by the Vatican from the Central Powers worse than that which the Holy See complained of when President Wilson answered the papal note through Secretary of State Lansing. In fact the Austro-Hungarian and German replies were published before the Vatican had received them at all."

A BRILLIANT SEA FIGHTER IS NO MORE

Rear Admiral Leicester Chantrey Keppel, Retired, Who Was with Livingstone in Africa, and in Crimean War, Dead.

London, Sept. 23.—The death is announced of Rear-Admiral Leicester Chantrey Keppel, retired. Admiral Keppel commanded many British warships, and was engaged in many campaigns. He accompanied Sir Livingstone on an expedition up the Zambesi.

Rear Admiral Keppel was the son of the late Rev. Canon and Hon. Thomas Robert Keppel and Emily, daughter of George Robinson of Baginbala Moka Mauritius. He entered the navy as a midshipman on the Bellarophon in 1854. He was actively engaged in the landing at Varna and in the operations in the Crimea. He served at Eupatoria in defence of that town and participated in the bombardment of Sebastopol in the Crimea. He was in the bombardment of Fort Constantine at six hundred yards. In 1855 he served on H. M. S. Magicienne at the bombardment and destruction of Fredericksburg and was in charge of a boat under fire against the Zambesi.

On that occasion he distinguished himself by lifting two infernal machines when under fire and cleared the passage of the batteries. He was in charge of a mortar vessel at the bombardment of Sveaborg in the same year. He was engaged with Russian artillery at Rivenoort, in Finland shortly afterwards.

After the war he was engaged in the suppression of the slave trade on the east coast of Africa and captured several slave dhows under fire in 1861.

He became particularly well known for his connection with the expedition on the Zambesi with the renowned Dr. Livingstone.

He was in command of gunboats Janus and Insolent at Chetof in 1867-68 and kept the Nefite rebels in check. He obtained redress for wrongs on British subjects at Samone, Formosa, in 1868, for which he received the thanks of the commander in chief and Her Majesty's minister.

Punished Pirates. He punished the practical natives for an attack on Sharp Peak, River Min, Chetof, and attacked Plington man and anti-American campaign, and working in close touch with Count Von Bernstorff.

The committee refers to a cipher letter with interline translation and inscribed "very secret."

This letter credited to Judge Cohalan and addressed to Count Von Bernstorff says: "The revolution in Ireland can only be successful if supported from Germany, otherwise England will be able to suppress it, even though it be only after hard struggles. Therefore help is necessary. This should consist primarily of aerial attacks in England and a diversion of the fleet simultaneously with Irish revolution. Then if possible, a landing of troops, arms and ammunition in Ireland and possibly some officers and Zeppelins. This would enable the Irish ports to be closed against England and the establishment of stations for submarines on the Irish coast and the cutting off of the supplies of food for England. The services of the revolution may therefore decide the war."

THE TEUTOUS FORGED BACK BY RUSSIANS

Later Advance in Region of Budna on Riga Front After Battle.

GERMAN ADVANCE GUARDS RETREAT

The Austro-German Attacks Against Roumanians Beat—Italians Win.

Petrograd, Sept. 23.—After a battle on the Riga front yesterday Russian forces advanced in the region of the village of Budna and pressed back the German advance guards, it was officially announced today by the Russian war office. In the Jacobstadt region the Russians have fortified themselves on the right bank of the Dvina river. Two Austro-German attacks against the Roumanian positions near Munchels were repulsed. The text of the statement reads:

"Northern front: Yesterday in the direction of Riga our detachments at several points on the Julian battle front, which had fortified themselves on the right bank of the Dvina, are conducting artillery operations against the enemy advance guards established on the left bank of the river.

"Western front: The enemy twice attacked the Roumanian positions in the region of the village of Munchels. Both attacks were repulsed."

Italians Make Progress. Rome, Sept. 23.—General Cadorna's forces made progress last night at several points on the Italian battle front. In the Bainsizza Plateau the Austrians, after a violent artillery preparation repeatedly attacked the Italian positions in the region of Kal and west of Volink but were repulsed.

"In the Marmolada region on the night of September 21-22 by exploding mine, which we had prepared after long tunnelling work, our parties were enabled to penetrate two advanced positions of the enemy and to establish themselves."

"In the neighborhood of Rocogni, ano and Selo we advanced our line of trenches, thus rectifying it in our favor."

"On the Carso yesterday the opposing artillery was more active than usual."

and subdued the natives of Poo-Chow-Poo, for which he received the official thanks in 1869.

In 1877 he served on the west coast of Africa in the Niger expedition when several piratical villages were destroyed and severe punishment inflicted on the river pirates for which he was mentioned in the dispatches.

As commander of H. M. S. Avon up the Congo he commanded an expedition for the punishment of pirates who had attacked and pillaged the American vessel Joseph Nickerson.

He received the approval of Lord Derby and the admiralty for the skill and gallantry with which the operations were conducted. He commanded H. M. S. Ships Constantine and Cleopatra in Chinese waters and in Japan.

He was far captain to the commander-in-chief at the Nile.

OPERATORS STRIKE

Montreal, Sept. 23.—The Great Northwestern operators' strike was declared tonight.

BRITISH DESTROYER SUNK

London, Sept. 23.—A British destroyer has been torpedoed and sunk by German submarines in the approaches to the channel, according to an Admiralty announcement. There were fifty survivors.

PROVINCIALIST DIES OF INJURY

Arthur Demione Hurt in Maine Woods.

Bangor, Me., Sept. 23.—Arthur Demione is dead as the result of an injury to his head sustained while working in the woods for the Great Northern Paper Co. The body will be taken to the home of his father, George Demione, Lock House, N. B., for interment. He was 28 years of age.

It is probable that the dead man belonged to Block House, N. S., near Mattitauk.

TURKEY WANTS HER TERRITORY

Bulgarian and Turkish Replies to Pope Go Forward.

Copenhagen, Sept. 23.—The correspondent at Vienna, of the Berliner Tageblatt says: "The replies of Turkey and Bulgaria will be forwarded to the Pope today. Turkey demands that her frontiers shall be regulated in accordance with the principles of nationality."

EXPLOSION AT HARVEY STATION ON SATURDAY INJURES TWO WORKMEN

Old Charge of Dynamite Explodes—James McNeven and William Hay Sustain Injuries—Both Will Recover.

As a result of the explosion of a dynamite charge at Harvey Station on Saturday afternoon James McNeven of Prince Edward Island and William Hay of Harvey were badly injured. Both will recover from the effects, although McNeven is said to be suffering with his eyes. It appears that the men were engaged with other workmen in constructing a fifty-five car siding, and in order to do so it was found necessary to blast away several yards of rock. They were in the act of boring a hole to place the charge when a stick of dynamite which had apparently become loose and exploded some time ago and which had not been discharged, exploded. Fortunately the explosion was somewhat hampered otherwise death would no doubt have resulted. Mr. Hay received a severe shock which affected his mind for some time after the accident, and McNeven was unfortunate enough to sustain injuries to his hands and face. The gravel was imbedded in his face by the force of the explosion. Dr. Duggan of Harvey attended the injured men.

LOUIS CHEVROLET MAKES NEW AMERICAN RECORD

Wins 100 Mile Race for Harkness Gold Trophy in 54.20.98—De Palma Second.

New York, Sept. 23.—Louis Chevrolet won the 100 mile automobile race for the Harkness gold trophy on the Sheephead Bay Speedway track Saturday. Ralph De Palma was second, Eddie Hearne third, Ralph Mulford fourth and Dan W. Hickey fifth.

Chevrolet's time of 54.20.98 is a new American speedway record for the distance. His average speed was 110.4 miles an hour.

The former American record was 56.57.72, made over the same track by Darcy Rosta in 1915. De Palma would have beat his race if he did not lose two tires in that race.

SALVATION ARMY CONGRESS.

The annual congress of the Salvation Army will be held in this city on October 3rd to 8th. A very extensive programme is being prepared which will include two mass meetings at the Imperial Theatre. His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Ganong will preside at the principal meeting. Commissioner Richards, of Toronto, head of the eastern divisions, will be in charge of the congress, and Col. McMillan, chief secretary for Eastern Canada, will be second in charge. Other representatives from Toronto are Brigadier Sandall, the newly appointed editor of the War Cry; Col. Hargrave, Brigadier Morris and Major Jennings. All the field officers of the St. John division which includes New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, will be present. Also all the field officers of the Halifax commission which takes in Nova Scotia and Cape Breton. Among the latter will be Major Crighton, district commissioner of the Halifax commission, Mrs. Crighton and Staff Captain and Mrs. Byers.

FOOTBALL

London, Sept. 23.—Saturday's football results include the following: Glasgow Cup. Celtic, 0; Rangers, 3. Partick, 1; Third Lanark, 0. Scottish League. Motherwell, 1; Kilmarnock, 1. Morton, 3; Hamilton, 0. Queens, 3; Clydebank, 1. Falkirk, 3; Hearts, 0. Mid., 1; Clyde, 3. Hibernian, 3; Aldrie, 1. St. Mirren, 3; Dumbarton, 1.

LIEUT. WHITE RECOVERING.

Friends of Lieut. Douglas White will be glad to hear that yesterday he was received by his father, Dr. W. W. White, stating that Lieut. White's illness was not as serious as was at first thought, and that he is progressing well. The case was tonsillitis not diphtheria.

THE BRITISH TAKE MORE DEFENCES

Field Marshal Haig's Men Resist Attack Northeast of Langemarck.

CAPTURE NUMBER OF PRISONERS

Little Fighting on the French Front During Yesterday.

London, Sept. 23.—British troops, after resisting a German attack northeast of Langemarck in Flanders early today, attacked in turn and captured additional defenses from the Germans as well as a number of prisoners. The official report from British headquarters in France tonight adds that on the rest of the Ypres fighting area the British are consolidating their new positions. So far in the recent operations there, the British have captured 3,243 prisoners. The text of the statement reads: "At dawn today an attack delivered by German storming troops northeast of Langemarck was repulsed completely, the enemy leaving 25 prisoners in our hands. English rifle regiments then attacked in turn and, after sharp fighting, captured a further portion of the German defense system in this neighborhood with a number of prisoners. On the rest of the battle front the organization of our new positions is proceeding."

Paris, Sept. 23.—There was little fighting on the French front today, although the artillery activity was quite marked in various sectors.

MONKTON MAN ATTEMPTS TO BREAK JAIL

Jumps Through Window But is Caught by Legs and Drawn Back to Limbo.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 23.—Ellsworth Monkton, who is incarcerated in the county jail at Amherst, in connection with an extended number of thefts, principally valuable tools, was captured making a flying dive through the parlor window of the jail yesterday afternoon. Monkton, since being imprisoned has behaved himself admirably, and Jailer Simpson had no idea that the man was planning to make a break for liberty.

Today at noon when the jailer entered the rounds of the cells to feed the prisoners, he omitted to lock a door behind him, and it was then that Monkton slipped past the official. The prisoner started down the stairs. A shout from the jailer warned his son, J. F. Simpson, that something unwelcome was happening. The shout likewise alarmed the prisoner, who bolted into the parlor and made a leap through the window. The screen on the outside resisted his efforts and supported him by the clothing. Caught by the legs, Monkton was dragged back to his cell. His alleged deceptions around Amherst amount to over two thousand dollars. He is now awaiting trial.

THIRTEEN HEATS FOR THREE RACING EVENTS

Directum J., Ross B., and Count Marque the Grand Circuit Winners at Columbus.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 23.—It took thirteen heats to race off three events on the week-end card of the Grand Circuit meeting here, which will continue until Thursday night.

Directum J. won the 2.08 pace in 3 heats out of four. The 2.08 trot was won by Ross B. after Mack Forbes had taken the first heat. The 2.15 pace had Flora A. Count Marque and Dan Hedgewood as heat winners before Count Marque squared away and won the race in whipping finishes.

J. D. Callery, of Pittsburg, Pa., today sold Peter Vaughn, who finished second in one heat of the Hoster-Columbus stake Tuesday, to Tommy Murphy. Murphy will campaign him in the big stake next year.

FOOD CONTROL MATTERS.

Dr. W. C. Kierstead was in the city Saturday consulting with the local members of the provincial executive for food control. Dr. Kierstead will devote his time for the next year to this work and will organize the province. Matters in connection with the local organization were discussed but nothing of a definite nature was done at the meeting. The pledge cards for distribution among the householders of the city are expected to arrive some time this week, and immediately on their arrival will be handed over to the Housewives' League, which have undertaken their distribution.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The East St. John Soldiers' Comfort Circle gratefully acknowledge check for eighteen dollars from local option fund, North End, through W. J. Forbes, chairman, H. D. Austin, secretary, Herbert Roberts, treasurer.

WANT SIR JOSEPH FLAVELLE TO QUIT

Riverdale Conservative Association Speakers Think He Should Leave Imperial Munitions Board.

Toronto, Sept. 23.—Sir Joseph Flavelle declined to make comment today on the demands of the speakers at last night's meeting of the Riverdale Conservative Association that his resignation from the Imperial Munitions Board be requested.

The "Financial Post" discusses the inquiry into William Davies Company business in its current issue, which is in part as follows:

"The evidence is that the investigation is not aimed at the company so much as to provide the excuse for an attack upon the individual largely concerned in its control and operation—Sir Joseph Flavelle."

The Post says that Sir Joseph sacrificed his own affairs to give his services to the nation in a crisis.

THE FIGHTING IN FLANDERS LESS SEVERE

British Repel Hostile Attacks and Raid the Enemy Posts.

TOTAL OF 3,243 HUN PRISONERS

Heavy Fighting South of Road Leading from Ypres to Menin.

GERMANS LOSE AT TOWER HAMLETS

Other Hostile Attacks Compels Advanced British to Fall Back.

London, Sept. 23.—Considerable activity was shown last night by German artillery in the Ypres sector of the Belgian front, where the British have been conducting an offensive, it was announced today. On the Somme sector, British troops raided the Tonten trenches near Gouzevaucourt, destroying dugouts and killing many of the occupants.

"The text of the British communication says: 'Glasgow troops carried out a successful raid last night northeast of Gouzevaucourt and captured several prisoners.'

"Many casualties were inflicted on the enemy and his dugouts were destroyed."

"The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity during the night in the Ypres sector."

Fighting Stagnates. The official report from British headquarters in France tonight indicates a great slackening in the fighting in Flanders, although mention is made of one hostile attack, which was repulsed. So far in the recent operations in the Ypres sector the British have captured 3,243 prisoners. The text of the statement reads: "In a fantry action has been confined to patrol encounters, resulting in the capture of a few prisoners. Our artillery activity continues."

"Another hostile attack was launched early this morning against the positions we recently captured east of Villereit but was repulsed with enemy losses. Our casualties were light."

"Since the opening of our attack on September 20 we have captured on the Ypres battle front 3,243 prisoners, including 30 officers."

Heavy Fighting. London, Sept. 23.—The official report from British headquarters tonight reads: "During the day heavy fighting has again taken place south of the Ypres-Menin road. The enemy fought with great determination, but without success to regain possession of Tower Hamlets Ridge. In the course of the day three counter-attacks north of Tower Hamlets were completely repulsed by the Durham troops."

"Repeated hostile attacks made further south compelled our advanced troops to fall back slightly from that part of the ground gained yesterday morning in this area. The whole positions captured by us on the twentieth instant are securely in our possession. On the remainder of the front the enemy made no further counter-attacks. Great artillery activity continues on this front."

"Aerial activity: On September 21, the weather improved, causing great aerial activity. Great deal of successful work was done with the artillery, our aeroplanes and balloons raising the guns on hostile batteries, troops in the trenches, shell holes and other targets."