

THE PROBLEM

The problem is to count the circles._ Every circle is The problem is to count the circles. Every circle is complete and intersects or touches one or more other circles. There are no parts of circles or shams or deceptions of any sort in the puzzle. In the event that no one counts the exact number the prizes will be awarded for the nearest correct solutions. Accuracy and patience are the main requisites for arriving at the correct or nearest correct count. Those who display these qualifications to the best advantage will solve the puzzle best.

How to Enter

This contest is restricted to people residing in the Prov-inces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

inces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. A payment on subscription to The St. John Standard of from \$1.00 to \$5.00 entitles the contestant to submit a solu-tion of the puzzle. The amount of money paid in will cover the subscription price for the paper according to the regular rate, whether the rate be for city delivery or by mail. AS MANY DIFFERENT SOLUTIONS MAY BE SUBMIT-TED AS THE CONTESTANT DESIRES UPON MAKING AN ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WITH EACH ONE, BUT NOT MORE THAN \$5.00 CAN BE PAID WITH ANY ONE SOLUTION.

It is not necessary to pay the same amount with each solution if more than one be_submitted.

As the main prizes have an added value according to what is paid in on subscription with the winning solutions, contestants should familiarize themselves with the DIVID-EI'D schedule before sending in their subscription and solu-

Remit by check, money order, registered letter or in 1 or 2-cent stamps.

What ever is paid, whether on one or a number of solu-tions, will apply on a continuous subscription to The Standard. Solutions unaccompanied by cash subscription will not be registered. This contest is open to both old and new sub-

FIVE PRIZES.

\$10.00 in gold, plus 3 times the amount paid with the winning solution. Each of these prizes may be worth \$25.00.

TEN PRIZES.

\$5.00 in gold, plus twice the amount paid with the winning solution. Value of each of these prizes may be \$15.00.

FIFTY PRIZES.

\$2.00 in gold, plus the amount paid with the winning solution. These prizes may each be worth \$7.00. The following table shows what the first and second prizes will be worth, including dividends according to amounts paid in on subscription.

| ON THE FIRST PRIZE. | | ON THE SECOND PRIZE. | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| \$1.00 wins | \$140.00 | \$1.00 wins | \$ 95.0 | | | |
| 2.00 wins | 180.00 | 2.00 wins | | | | |
| 3.00 wins | 220.00 | 3.00 wins | 135.0 | | | |
| 4.00 wins | 260.00 | 4.00 wins | 155.0 | | | |
| 5.00 wins | 300.00 | 5.00 wins | 175.0 | | | |

SPECIAL ATTENTION

While the winning of the prizes does not in any measure depend upon the time the solution is sent in, it is best to begin counting at once and send in your solution as soon as you have finished. There is no limit to the number of different solutions you may send in. A solution, once submitted, cannot be changed. All those entering the contest will be required to abide by the ruling of the Contest Manager. In the event of any questions arising the Contest Manager, if he deems wise, can appoint a committee to assist him in deciding them, and those who enter the contest do so with the understanding that such decision will be final. All charts on this page are the same.

| Contest | Clos | es | Saturday, | Jun | e 1 | 4, | 191 | 3 |
|----------------|----------|-----------------|--|------------------|---------|------|-------|------|
| Always use the | solution | blank a name | and read it carefully and address plain | y before nly. | filling | out. | Write | your |

iption allows you one solution, but \$5.00 on your subscription gives you one solution and five times as much in dividends. An additional payment of \$1.00 up to \$5.00 entitles you to another solution. Remember, that the more you pay on your subscription the larger will be your dividends should you win one of the dividend prizes. \$1.00 up to \$5.00 on your



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In case there are ties, as many prizes will be reserved as there are contestants tied before any prizes are awarded for less correct solutions. For instance, if ten people tie on the correct solution, they would receive the first ten prizes, and those having the next nearest correct answers would receive the remaining the prizes.

those having the next nearest correct answers would receive the remaining prizes. If there should be more ties than there are prizes offered a second puzzle will be presented. No money will have to accompany the solution of the second puzzle. The second puzzle will be practicable and solvable. In the event of ties on the second puzzle, a third will be presented to those that have tied. The second and third puzzles will be used only in case of ties. Their purpose will be merely to decide ties, so that in the event there is a tie, the prizes can be awarded without having to divide them or without resorting to chance. However, only three prizes will be presented, and in the seemingly impossible event of still another tie, the prizes will be equally divided. If there are no ties, there will be only one puzzle. AS TO DIVIDEND PRIZES.

AS TO DIVIDEND PRIZES. Same will be divided between those who have the cor-rect or nearest correct answers. ALL DIVIDEND prizes will be divided pro rata according to the amount paid in by the

Winner.
For example, if there are two contestants who tie having the correct or nearest correct answer, they will divide the first and second prizes of \$100.00 and \$75.00, giving them
\$87.50 each, and will also be entitled to DIVIDEND prizes, which is forty times the amount paid in for the first prize and twenty times the amount paid in on the second prize, the two tying will then be entitled to divide sixty times the amount they have paid in, making thirty times the amount paid in on the first prize and the two tying will then be entitled to divide sixty times the amount they have paid in, making thirty times the amount paid in on the first prize.

their subscription. Now, if one paid \$2.00 and the other paid in \$5.00, the one paying in \$2.00 would receive thirty times the amount paid in or \$60.00 as his DIVIDEND prize, while the one pay-ing in \$5.00 would also receive thirty times the amount paid in, or \$150.00 as a DIVIDEND prize. This same rule and example will be followed throughout

