

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Up to date 1,016 dog licenses have been issued. The total number last year was 1,174. Of the dogs reported by the police about 400 are still without licenses.

Francis Milligan, in the employ of M. R. A. Ltd., will become a Presbyterian missionary in the home field, and leaves for Shippegan today. He will go in the fall to Dalhousie to enter upon his ministerial duties.

A reception was tendered Rev. G. A. Kuhring and Mrs. Kuhring by the congregation of St. John's (Store) Church on Tuesday evening. Several clergymen were present and gave addresses of welcome.

Dr. March's gasoline launch was stolen on Tuesday night from Reed's Point and was found beached on the Negrovton Point breakwater yesterday. It is thought the launch was stolen by Carleton parties who missed the last trip of the ferry.

In police court yesterday, driver W. J. Cox of the fire department appeared to answer a charge brought by the S. P. C. A. for ill treating one of the horses of the department. Evidence went to show that Cox struck the animal several times with a chain trace. The S. P. C. A. did not want to have Cox fined, as he has already suffered through his conduct, and he was allowed to go. Engineer Leonard, who is also superintendent of the fire alarm, is supposed to be in charge, but he, witness, was out much of the time and the station ran itself.

The funeral of Eunice J. H. Wilson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilson, took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of her parents, 144 Carmarthen street. The service was conducted by the Rev. C. Burnett, assisted by Dr. Gates and Dr. Manning. Interment was at Fernhill. A large number of beautiful floral remembrances were received from friends, also a bouquet of roses and carnations from her Sunday school class and teacher, a basket of flowers from day school teacher and classmates, and a present of sweet peas, roses and carnations from Leinster street Sunday school.

GENERAL NEWS.

A despatch from Atlanta, Georgia, states that eight negroes have been lynched there for assaulting a white woman.

In the annual intercollegiate races held yesterday, Harvard won the four oared from Yale by three lengths, and the eight oared freshman race by one length.

The ladies attending the meeting of the National Council of Women in Charlottetown were entertained at Government House on Wednesday evening.

Canadian Northern crop bulletins for the past week show that the heavy rains along the line have not yet done any damage. The heaviest rainfall of the season was on Wednesday last.

The str. Restigouche, running between Montreal and Newfoundland ports, was ashore near St. John's on the Newfoundland coast, last week, but has been floated and is being repaired in dry dock at St. John's, Nfld.

An automobile service is to be established between Yarmouth and Port Maitland. E. G. Barker, proprietor of the Queen Hotel, Yarmouth, is at the bottom of the undertaking.

In the derailment of the Pittsburgh flyer on the Pennsylvania railroad yesterday one person was killed and several injured. In a collision on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe three people were killed and three others injured.

The six Nova Scotia sailors, members of the crew of the scho. Agnes G. Donahoe, who were imprisoned for six months by the government of the United States for fishing seals, have been released and are on their way to Halifax by the str. Beta. Capt. Ryan of the schooner, is serving a three-years' sentence and the mate one year. The crew say the vessel was fishing outside the limit.

ALL IT NEEDED.

There is more real oxygen in a liquid form in the "Solution of Ozone (the coupon kind)" than in any other preparation of a similar nature. As a prompt cure in the killing of all inside germs of throat, lungs, stomach or bowels it has no equal. It is known as "Celery King," the famous laxative. That the stringent Ozone needed a tonic of this nature to procure the best results was so apparent that the Public Drug Co. of Bridgeburg, Ont., offer through your druggist a free package of "Celery King" with every fifty cent or one dollar bottle of "Solution of Ozone (the coupon kind)."

SUSSEX PERSONALS.

SUSSEX, June 29.—Mrs. Robert Bartlow, Mrs. Robert Bartlow, and Miss Minnie Bartlow, of Fairville, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stockton, returned home today. Mrs. Black, wife of Major Black, Miss Wedderburn, sister of Col. Wedderburn, and Miss Skinner, St. John, are at the Knoll. Dr. Langstroth rested easy last night. Mrs. J. Albert McArthur, wife of Albert McArthur, is reported seriously ill. Her doctors have grave doubts as to her recovery. W. J. Leutz, contractor, commenced the erection of a large two and one-half story building on Main street, near the steam laundry. The upper flats are to be occupied by Charles F. Givan as a dwelling, while the ground floor will be used by him as a job printing office and a repair shop. Miss Sarah Staplewood, an old resident of Ward's Creek, fell down stairs last night. Her condition is serious.

LUMBER SALE

AT FREDERICTON.

FREDERICTON, June 28.—The annual sale of "no mark" and "mixed mark" lumber of the Fredericton Boom Company took place this morning at the office of A. F. Randolph & Sons. The time a large amount of other lumber owned by the Boom Company and Fred B. Edgecombe was offered for sale. The sale was attended by a large number of prominent lumbermen along the St. John River. The first lumber offered for sale was the Fredericton Boom Company's "no mark" and "mixed mark" lumber. The amount of lumber of each kind offered, and the purchaser and the price paid were as follows: Hemlock, 450 pieces, \$4,350; cedar, 2,248 pieces, 74,150 feet, John A. Morrison, at \$6.30 per thousand; pine, 194 pieces, 12,500 feet, George Perley, at \$12.15 per thousand; spruce, 2,839 pieces, 23,146 feet, mer- chantable 20,791 feet; battens 2,070 feet, condemned, to Charles Miller, at \$14.30 per thousand; battens sold at two-thirds of bid. Below is given a comparative statement of prices paid per thousand for lumber offered at this sale in recent years: 1903, hemlock, \$4.50; cedar, \$10.25; pine, \$11.35; spruce, \$13.19; hemlock, \$3.75; cedar, \$6.90; pine, \$7.15; spruce, \$11.10. 1904, hemlock, \$4.50; cedar, \$6.90; pine, \$11.15; spruce, \$14.30. The next lumber offered was about 300,000 feet of cedar owned by the R. A. Estey estate. Of this amount up to June 17th, 2,458 pieces, or 171,220 feet, had been rafted. The terms of sale were similar to those of the Boom Company's sale. W. H. Murray bid in the lumber for Murray & Gregory at \$8.05 per thousand. Fred B. Edgecombe then offered about 3,000,000 feet of spruce owned by the R. A. Estey estate, and also a quantity of hemlock owned by Edgecombe & Eaton. The timber in the balance of unsold logs owned by the firm. Bidding on this lumber was fairly brisk. W. H. Murray's bid was \$14.30 per thousand, but Mr. Edgecombe bid \$12.20 and held the lumber. This lumber will probably be disposed of at private sale.

PRISONER ESCAPES.

Young Indian Got Away From Lock-up.

EASTPORT, Me., June 27.—A French, a young Indian from the Passamaquoddy tribe of Pleasant Point, who was here Saturday afternoon and was locked up for being intoxicated, was given a hearing Monday and being unable to pay the fine imposed, was to have been taken to Machias jail Tuesday morning for safe keeping, but the prisoner has disappeared. He had been locked up in the wooden cell, which was empty and unlocked. It was only a matter of a few minutes for the Indian to find his way into the jail room, and as the front door is not often locked, had no difficulty in getting out to the street and to liberty. It was this young Indian who had been connected with the trial for the supposed murder of Sockalexis two years ago on the railroad bridge leading into the village. Of course the officers do not like to lose a prisoner, and the county jail will be minus a guest for the next month, but what is needed is a more up to date station house, with iron cells that can be relied upon, as escapes have happened on more than one occasion in the past.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN GERMAN AFRICA.

BERLIN, June 27.—Official despatches received today from German Southwest Africa report heavy fighting resulting on June 17 in the defeat of the insurgent chief, Mowena. The native position after fourteen hours' fighting, losing 15 men killed, 25 wounded and 3 missing. Major Von Kamptz was among the German forces and pursued Mowena to his stronghold at Narsua, on the Karib river, which the Germans captured June 19. The Hotentots fled southward. An official denial is now published of the reports from Capetown of the capture of Warmbad, German Southwest Africa, by Hotentots.

Water in Your Blood? Lots of people have this watery blood—they eat plenty but don't digest. When digestion is poor, food is converted into nourishment in consequence the body rapidly loses strength. To positively renew health, nothing equals Ferrozone. It excites sharp appetite, makes the stomach digest, furnishes life sustaining blood. Abundant strength is sure to follow. If you need more vitality, extra energy, better nerves, then use Ferrozone, the medical triumph of the age. Fifty cents buys a box of fifty chocolate coated Ferrozone tablets.

MAUGERVILLE.

MAUGERVILLE, Sun. Co. June 27.—George Foster, night watch at Sewell's mill, had the misfortune to have \$37 stolen from him last Thursday night. Mrs. Dottie Carruthers left yesterday morning for Hillsboro, Albert Co., to be present at the marriage of her friend, Miss Maggie Stevens. The wedding will take place on Wednesday, June 28th. Fred Haslett of Upper Maugerville had two of his fingers cut off while working in the mill. Mrs. J. J. Creswell and Miss Hattie Brown spent Sunday with friends here. Several from the section attended the Baptist Association at Gibson.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 28.—A special to the Journal from Watkinville, Ga., says: Eight negroes were lynched by a mob here early this morning. They were in jail charged with assaulting Mrs. Weldon Dooley wife of a prosperous young farmer near here. The report says that a white man also was killed and an unconfirmed rumor says one of the nine was wounded but not killed.

PRISONER ATTEMPTED TO TAKE HIS OWN LIFE.

George Riggs Wrote Farewell Letter to His Sweetheart and Then Took Poisonous Powder—Probably Insane.

(Special to the Sun.)

FREDERICTON, N. B., June 29.—The case of the crown against George Riggs was concluded today. It took the jury not more than twelve minutes to come to a unanimous decision that the prisoner had been proven guilty of writing threatening letters to one Miss Bessie Clark. The verdict was not in the least unexpected. The result was a foregone conclusion after the accused took the stand yesterday afternoon in his own defense. It did not take an expert to see that the man condemned himself by his own contradictory statements. As the judge said today in passing sentence, it would have been much better had he acknowledged his guilt than taken the stand and telling the story he endeavored to tell. If he had been entitled to any sympathy, it was certainly by his action was not now entitled to it. His behavior showed that he was not to be trusted, and the public must be protected from such individuals. Four years in the Dorchester penitentiary was his honor's sentence, and for that period Dr. Riggs will remain behind prison bars. The sentence did not seem to worry the prisoner. All through his trial he has acted as if the affair was a most pleasing episode. A smile seldom left his face, and when the judge addressed him his features were lit up in the wooden cell. It is seldom, if ever, that a man in being sent to prison takes it so good naturedly. Riggs will be taken to Dorchester in the morning.

LATER.

FREDERICTON, N. B., June 29.—George Riggs, who was sentenced to

day to four years in the penitentiary for writing threatening letters to a Miss Bessie Clark, attempted this evening to take his life, and the attempt proved nearly successful. Jail keeper Hawthorne discovered Riggs shortly after six to be in a most serious condition, and Dr. Geo. J. McNally was summoned by telephone. Awaiting the doctor's arrival, Riggs was kept from sleeping by being rushed about the jail yard. Before the doctor arrived the prisoner had turned sick and this probably saved his life. Dr. McNally prescribed the usual remedies in a case of this kind, and Riggs gradually recovered. He expressed great regret at being restored to health, and said that he had taken too much and this caused his sickness, which saved his life. Riggs said that he was determined to have his life and he would accomplish his object. It was discovered that Riggs had taken a strong powder used for horses, and the physician said that it contained morphine. On his person were also found two lancets for bleeding animals, and he seemed much disappointed when he was dismissed of these. After recovering, Riggs again attempted to make away with himself by beating his head against the bed post. That the man fully intended to take his life was only too apparent. A note was found in his room addressed to the young lady of his affections. It was a letter most touching in its sentiments. He said in substance that he was giving up his life for her sake and in the most loving terms bade her farewell. Riggs is looking much better now, and instead of being jovial, has become most melancholy. He says he has nothing to live for now. That the man is unbalanced seems to be the prevailing impression.

Diocesan Synod Meets In St. John on Tuesday.

List of Visiting Clergymen Who Will Attend and Where They Will Stay While in the City—Trinity Sunday School to be Place of Meeting.

The Anglican Synod of the diocese of Fredericton will open here at Trinity church school room on Tuesday next. Nearly all the clergymen in the diocese as well as a large number of lay representatives will be present, and a number of interesting topics will be discussed. Following is a list of the visiting clergy and where they will stay while in the city: The Lord Bishop, Mrs. J. M. Robinson, 38 Queen square. Rev. H. G. Alder, Mrs. G. Fred Fisher, 54 Mecklenburg street. Rev. W. B. Armstrong, Mrs. J. R. Armstrong, 27 Wellington row. Rev. F. W. M. Bacon, Mrs. Farmer, 285 Main street. Rev. Alfred Bareham (at Clifton House), George E. Fairweather, 214 King street. Rev. W. J. Bate, Mrs. George F. Matthews, 88 Summer street. Rev. F. M. C. Bedell, G. C. Carman, Spring street. Rev. R. G. Coleman, Mrs. A. G. Dewdney, 213 Duke street. Rev. J. Roy Campbell, Mrs. J. Roy Campbell, 101 Pitt street. Rev. H. A. Cody, Mrs. A. Gordon Cowie, 28 Elliott row. Rev. R. Coleman, Mrs. Stewart Skinner, 145 Gormain street. Rev. R. W. Colston, Mrs. J. E. Edgett, 245 Charlotte street. Rev. R. G. Coleman, Mrs. A. G. Dickler, 127 Paradise row. Rev. J. R. Dew, Mrs. W. M. Jarvis, 188 Princess street. Rev. W. Daniel, S. Schofield, 138 Charlotte street. Rev. H. E. Dibblee, Charles E. Scamell, 118 Orange street. Rev. F. P. Duffy, Rev. R. Mathers, 225 St. James street. Rev. W. P. Durham, W. O. Dunham, Dufferin row, W. E. Rev. A. F. Flewelling, Rev. R. Mathers, 225 St. James street. Rev. C. W. Forster, Mrs. Joseph Finley, 30 Leinster street. Ven. Archdeacon Forsyth, Mrs. J. M. Hay, 29 Horsfield street. Rev. G. L. Freeborn, Mrs. R. E. Coupe, 147 Gormain street. Rev. E. A. Hall, Rev. G. F. Scott. Rev. H. H. Gillies, Mrs. Foster, 133 Main street. Rev. J. M. Gladstone, H. B. Schofield, 21 Seely street. Rev. E. A. Hall, Mrs. A. E. Prince, 116 Wentworth street.

ALMA.

ALMA, N. B., June 28.—J. W. King, representing W. H. Thorne & Co., of St. John, was in the village today. Schr. Alma, Tutts, sailed with deals for Grandstone Island today. C. W. Thurlow, representing the Acme Mfg. Co., of Lunenburg, N. S., was here today.

WAGE QUESTION

NOT YET SETTLED

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 28.—That the wage question in Fall River, which led to the great strike nearly a year ago, is not settled was evidenced tonight when the weavers' union, representing the organized weavers in all the cotton mills of the city at a special meeting, voted to demand the restoration of the wage scale which existed prior to the reduction of July 25th, 1904. On that date wages were reduced from 19.00 cents per cut to 17.33 cents, a decrease amounting to 8.7 per cent. The wages paid before July 25th was a reduction of 10 per cent. from those paid up to November 23, 1903, when the price of weaving was reduced from 21.75 to 19.00. Secretary James Whitte-ridge stated tonight that the weavers were very earnest in their request for a restoration.

St. Andrews.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., June 28.—Arrived by C. P. R. today were Lady Tillia and Miss de Soyres, St. John, who are in occupation of Linden Grange.

W. J. Windram, Miss Kate Windram, Mrs. Roger, W. Allen and Mr. Miss Rosemary Allen, Boston, Senator R. C. MacKay and Mrs. MacKay, Montreal; and Mrs. Anderson, two children and governess, St. Augustine, Florida, all registered at the Algonquin.

The members of the Algonquin orchestra, same as last season, viz., C. C. Suck, cello, leader; Miss Jeanette Day, pianist; Miss Edith Wimm, all of Boston, have arrived.

E. B. Coakley, barrister, with his mother, Mrs. James Coakley, returned from their visit to New York.

There also came in attached to the train two cars with three horses each and carriages for F. W. Thompson and C. R. Hosmer, Montreal.

Four horses for Sir W. Van Horne came on the train last Monday.

Mrs. T. A. Kendrick arrived home from a pleasant visit to Woodstock.

FINE WEATHER

HAILED WITH DELIGHT.

Soldiers at Camp Sussex Enjoying Themselves—Everything Running Smoothly.

SUSSEX, N. B., June 28.—The long looked for fine weather has come at last and the twenty-three hundred men under canvas at Camp Sussex are delighted. The sun rose this morning bright and clear and the camp grounds are dry one more. Everything is running like clock-work and the camp will be enjoyed this year probably more than ever before. It will take two or three days of sunshine to dry the grass underneath the tents thoroughly, but the indications are that no more rain will be seen for several days at least.

Sussex is in charge of the militiamen. No matter what time you look out on the street you will see a trooper galloping past or some infantrymen leisurely strolling to or from the depot. The sight has a certain extent lost its charms for the village folk, but visitors from other parts of the province, and there are always a number throughout the twelve or fourteen days of camp is going on, find it quite a novelty.

Major G. D. Perkins of the 67th regiment, was field officer today. Major R. Kirkpatrick, 67th regiment, is next for duty.

Leaves of absence have been granted to Lieut. C. Lionel Hanington, 74th regiment, for two days.

DEATH FOR LOVE.

Wedded Eight Months and Couldn't Bear Separation.

PATERSON, N. J., June 28.—Rather than be separated for months, Henry Eichenrodt, bandmaster on the battery Alabama, and his young wife died together this afternoon under tragic circumstances. The couple were married eight months ago. Mrs. Eichenrodt was 24 years old and her husband 35 years. She frequently told her relatives and friends that she was exceedingly happy with her husband. He has been away for a few days at a time, but recently he received orders to join his ship for a long cruise.

This afternoon a number of friends and relatives gathered at the home of Mrs. Eichenrodt, the bandmaster's wife, to give them a farewell reception. Both Mr. and Mrs. Eichenrodt appeared to enjoy the festivities. Later they retired to their room and were absent so long that Mrs. Eichenrodt became alarmed. She went to their room and found both lying on the bed. The son-in-law was dead and the daughter was dying. The couple were clasped in each other's arms.

A physician was summoned, but before he arrived Mrs. Eichenrodt died. The physician found that death was due to carbolic acid and fluorine gas. The gas in the stove was turned on and an empty phial was on the table.

It is believed that the couple had brooded over the prospect of a long separation and were unable to endure it.

HEART PALPITATION AT NIGHT

Rattles even the strongest man, but to the average woman it's nothing short of purgatory. Take a little Nervine in sweetened water and the palpitation stops quickly. Nervine tones and strengthens the heart, braces, invigorates, and thus prevents other ailments. No remedy so swift to kill pain—no treatment more prompt for headache, stomach and bowel disorders. A steadily increasing sale for nearly fifty years attests the merit of Nervine. Better try a 25c bottle.

AUTONOMY DEBATE.

Senate Has Adjourned Till

July 5th

So That Bill Cannot Come Into Force

Dominion Day—Bergerson Moves Important Amendment.

OTTAWA, June 28.—This afternoon Laurier moved the adoption of the amended clause 16 of the autonomy bill. He charged that the conservative party had no concerted policy on question of separate schools and provincial rights and asserted that under the constitution there was no such thing as absolute provincial school rights, the powers of provinces being limited by the B. N. A. act. There was not one word in section 92 of the B. N. A. act about education and yet this was the section that defined the exclusive powers of the provinces. He considered the American superior to the Canadian constitution in that there was no overlapping of federal and state rights and in a lengthy argument defended the government's policy with respect to education in the two new provinces.

Mr. Borden said Sir Wilfrid had referred to him as not speaking for the whole conservative party in his address the second reading of the bill. Sir Wilfrid's own impassioned address indicated that he was not very sure of whom he was speaking. Sir Wilfrid moreover in the second reading did not speak for his whole party. The ex-minister had the right to be accepted and if rumor was correct the minister of finance also, as to the absolute right of the provinces in regard to education. Supposing it did not exist was that any reason to invade the powers as it was?

Sir Wilfrid had declared that there was a constitutional necessity that separate schools should be continued for ever in the Northwest Territories. He would like to know where the necessity was.

Mr. Borden asked why then he did not apply section 93 instead of mangle it. He challenged Sir Wilfrid to answer this question direct. Sir Wilfrid did not do so, saying that the discussion could not be carried on fairly in this way. He would answer in due time. After further debate the government's motion was carried, 37 to 17.

After dinner Bourassa, in a characteristic speech, continued the debate on the Northwest school clauses, especially pleading for the fullest rights for Catholics in educational matters there.

Bourassa closed his speech with an amendment in effect on Laurier's line and was followed at 9:45 by Dr. Sproule in defense of provincial rights and free public schools.

OTTAWA, June 28.—This afternoon Bergeron (conservative, Beauharnois) presented an amendment to the autonomy bill. The amendment was nearly the same as the original clause 16, but some changes were made which Mr. Bergeron thought would make his propositions more clear. The effect would be to give the people of the new provinces whatever schools they desired and make them pay for them.

It was true that the Quebec and Ontario alone were mentioned in the confederation act. But the spirit of the act and the history of Canada preceding it, showed that the object was to grant a full measure of education to all classes. From whatever motive he could not say, but England in 1759 had promised free exercise of the Catholic religion, Denominational Catholic schools were a part of the Roman Catholic religion. The promise was confirmed by the treaty of Paris of 1763.

The same promise was continued by the Quebec act of 1774. The people of England did not give this promise to the French Canadians then, but to the whole race. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's amendment meant nothing. It was neither standing for the constitution nor doing justice to the minority. In 1896 Sir Wilfrid had no coercion in Ontario, and in Quebec he said the remedial bill did not go far enough. Where was he now? Today he was doing justice to the minority. In 1896 Sir Wilfrid had no coercion in Ontario, and in Quebec he said the remedial bill did not go far enough. Where was he now? Today he was doing justice to the minority.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

H. M. PICKETT, B. C. L., Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Canada Life Building, St. John, N. B. Loans Negotiated, Money to Loan.

WANTED

WANTED—Local agents and salesman to sell ornamental and fruit trees. Liberal pay, and steady work. If desired, it could be made a full-time job. Apply now, FLEMING NURSERY COMPANY, Toronto, Ont.

MEN WANTED—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up show-boards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter. Salary \$300 per year, or \$15 per month and expenses \$2.50 per week. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

THE FINLESS

WIRE CLOTHES LINE This line delights in high winds and bad weather. No pegs required. Agents put on and taken off at no time. Agents have made \$50 per week selling it. Free illustrated circulars of this and other fast selling articles. Sample line by mail 25c.

TARBOX BROS.

WANTED—A Third Class Female Teacher for School District, No. 3, Parish of Hamstead. Apply, stating salary, to Secretary, SAMUEL VAN-WART, Upper Otnabow, Queens Co.

WANTED—By trustees of Hampton Village school, district No. 3, a male teacher holding superior school license to begin as principal teacher of the school August 14th, 1905. Apply, stating terms, to A. A. MABED, Sec. to Trustees.

WANTED—A Second Class Female Teacher for Roversa District, No. 7, Parish of Perth, of the County of Victoria. Apply to CHARLES N. WILLIAMSON, Secretary to Trustees.

Wool Wanted at Once!

Cash paid for same in small or large lots.

VASSIE & COMPANY, LIMITED, Wholesale Dry Goods, COR. KING AND CANTERBURY STS., ST. JOHN, N. B.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—1000 acres of timber lands at Tynemouth Creek, St. John Co., N. B. For particulars apply to Lovatt Bros. on premises.

special attack on school policy of both the government and opposition leaders. Then Gus Porter of Hastings, gave a sensational account. McKensie of Cape Breton of holding a seat in the house when he had no right to it. Laurier objected and the chairman sustained his objection, but Porter, however, got in the statement that McKensie had been a medium of communication between the government and the papal delegate as to school clause 16 of the autonomy bill.

OTTAWA, June 28.—The senate adjourned at 10:15.

It was true that the Quebec and Ontario alone were mentioned in the confederation act. But the spirit of the act and the history of Canada preceding it, showed that the object was to grant a full measure of education to all classes. From whatever motive he could not say, but England in 1759 had promised free exercise of the Catholic religion, Denominational Catholic schools were a part of the Roman Catholic religion. The promise was confirmed by the treaty of Paris of 1763.

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It is believed that the couple had brooded over the prospect of a long separation and were unable to endure it.

Mr. Bergeron replied by reminding Mr. Fitzpatrick of what a failure he had made in his explanation of his own clause 16, number 2. Mr. Bergeron thought the meaning of his amendment was clear enough. He was not wedded to the phraseology, and would be glad to make any necessary changes provided that the principle was not altered.

Mr. Leonard (conservative, Laval) spoke in French in support of the amendment.

The debate on Bergeron's amendment to clause 16 was continued tonight by the Messrs. Monk, Bourassa, Dr. Spruce and others, Bourassa making