4. Yes, five.

5. (a) Five west of the Ottawa river; (b) none east of the Ottawa river.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, DUTIES AND DRAWBACKS.

Mr. JOHN F. REID:

1. What is the percentage of duty charged Canadian Manufacturers on raw materials imported and entering into the manufacture of agricultural implements?

2. What is the percentage of drawback allowed to Canadian Manufacturers on imported raw materials manufactured into agricultural im-

plements for export trade?

3. What is the percentage of drawback allowed to Canadian Manufacturers on imported raw materials manufactured into agricultural implements for domestic trade?

Hon. Mr. SIFTON:

- 1. The full duty as specified in the Customs Tariff.
- 2. 99 per cent of the Customs duties on imported materials is allowed to Canadian manufacturers when such materials are manufactured into other articles and are exported.
- 3. The following are the provisions of the Customs Tariff respecting drawback on materials manufactured into agricultural implements for domestic trade:

Item No.	Goods.	When subject to drawback.	Portion of duty (not including special duty or dumping duty) pay- able as Drawback.
1002	Rolled iron, rolled steel and pig iron	When used in the manufacture of mowing machines, reapers, harvesters, binders and attachments for binders.	

CLERGYMEN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

Mr. ARTHURS:

1. Are certain clergymen in Canada paid as Immigration Agents, or for services in connection with Immigration or Repatriation?

2. If so, for how many years have such pay-

ments been made?

3. Does the Government intend to continue to employ these men in the service mentioned?

Hon. Mr. CALDER:

1. Yes.

2. Since December 15, 1911.

3. They will be retained unless when reorganization of Department of Immigration and Colonization is made it is found advisable to dispense with their services.

Mr. BLAIR:

1. Did the Government employ clergymen, or priests, residents of the province of Alberta, in connection with the work of immigration and colonization during the years of 1915, 1916, 1917 1918?

1917, 1918?
2. If so, what are their names and addresses?
3. If so, how much was paid to each during

the years of 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918?

4. Is it the intention of the Government to continue to employ clergymen and priests in this work?

Hon. Mr. CALDER:

1. Yes.

2. Rev. J. B. H. Giroux, Grouard, Alberta, (headquarters at Montreal); Rev. J. A. Normandeau, Edmonton, Alberta, (resigned April 30, 1917); Rev. J. M. Boucher, St. Albert, Alberta, (headquarters at Montreal).

3. Rev. J. B. H. Giroux:

	Expenses.			Salary.	Total.	
1914-15.		\$1,534	72	\$600	\$2,134	72
1915-16.		1,784	31	600	2,384	31
1916-17.		1,549	77	600	2,149	77
1917-18.		1,305	31	600	1,905	31

Rev. J. A. Normandeau:

	Expenses.			Salary.	Total.	
1914-15.		. \$1,89	1 13	\$600	\$2,491 13	
1915-16.		. 1,60	4 3.0	600	2,204 30	
1916-17.		. 1,46	6 38	600	2,066,38	
1917-18.		. 13	6 04	5.0	186 04	

Rev. J. M. Boucher:

	Expenses.	Salary.	Total.	
1917-18	\$1.493 75	\$504 84	\$1.998 59	

4. Clergymen and priests will be continued in present work unless when reorganization of the Department of Immigration and Colonization is made it is found advisable to dispense with their services.

"THE PARASITES" PROHIBITED.

*Mr. CASGRAIN:

1. Has the Government suppressed, or forbidden, the circulation of a book written by Arthur Mee, on Temperance, called "The Parasites"?

2. Did the said book contain the picture of one of the present members of the Union Gov-

ernment?

3. If so, was the said book printed with official sanction, and at the public expense, in the first instance?

Hon. Mr. BURRELL:

1. Yes.

2. No.

3. No.

VICTORY LOAN ADVERTISING.

Mr. MURPHY:

Referring to the item of \$2,919.60 contained in the Return brought down on April 24, 1918, as the amount paid the Toronto Globe for Victory Loan advertising,—