THB TRUE WITNESS AND CATHOLIC OHRONICLE.

THE FISHERIES TREATY.

AUGUST S, 1888.

A TEST VOTE IN THE AMERICAN SENATE YESTERDAY.

The Likelihood of its Rejection on Stric Party Lines-Senator Morgan Pleads -An Interesting Debate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 .- In the Senate this afternuon toe presiding officer announced the appointment of the select committee under Mr. Hoar's resolution as to the relations of commerce and business between the United States and Canada, as follows :--Senator Hoar, Allison, Hale, Dolph, Pagh, Euslis and

Blodgett. Mr. Sherman moved to proceed to the conideration of the fisheries treaty in open exe-outive session. The latter motion was agreed cotive session. I no latter motion was agreed to: yeas 24, nays 32, a strict party vote, and the fisheries treaty was taken up, the ques-tion being on Mr. Morgan's motion to post-pone its further consideration till December part. next.

Mr. Riddleberger said that the vote just taken had settled conclusively the only question that could possibly be in controversy from this time on in reference to the treaty, and that was, that the Republican party of this country was opposed to the ratification the treaty and that the Democratic party was in favor of it. It was being considered as a party question on the other side of the Atiantic ocean, and it was proposed to con-sider it as such on this side. When he offered the resolution some months ago to consider the treaty in open session, he had in his the treaty in open session, he had in his hands documents which gave him the right to judge that this was a repre-sentative English or pro-English Govern-ment. He did not propose to dis-cuss the treaty in its details. He proposed to bring it to the attention of the Senate as a mention which concerned the meanly of this question which concerned the people of this country outside of the mere catching and curing of fish. If it involved that question only, he would defer to the wishes of the representatives of the eastern section of the country in both houses. It concerned not only the people of the whole Atlantic coast, only the people of the whole Atlantic coast, but also the people on the coast of Chesapeske bay, because Judgo Levi Woodbury, a Democratic jurist of acknowledged eminence, had given it as his opinion that under the 12:h splicle of the treaty Canadian fishermen would have a right to participate in all the coss', by, sound and river fish-eries of the United States, and that Congress or the States would be precluded from passing any laks on the subject without the coning any is a bit one and set without the con-sent of the British Government. He (Mr. Riddleberger) would be willing to risk the while case on that epinion, and so the Democratic party in the Senate proposed to give away the last vestige of the rights of the States to protect their own interests against Great Britain and against the Catadian fish eries, He quoted from Sir Charles Tupper's speech in the Cauadian Parliament a statement (which he said had never been denied) to the effect that Mr. Bayard had assured him

FREE INTERCHANCE OF NATURAL PRODUCTS

read a book published by the same gentleman We can shape the treaty as we choose through many years ago entitled "The Buckeys our right to amend it. If Great Britain doer conclusion Mr. Riddleberger declared that Britain. we would never be a national government till we had whipped England for the third time.

The constitution gives you no such right. It is an arrogant act of presumptuous impertinence. That is all.

Mr. Everts-I only object to your reading the text and calling it a petition. Mr. Morgan-What also is it. He read it again : "The committee cannot but hope"-It might just as well have said "pray," That rty Lines-Senator Morgan Pleads is what it means. I denounce this as pre-for Amendments to the Treaty _ fill sumptuous. The constitution of the United States fixes our functions here, and so far as we are concerned with this treaty we have nothing to do with it except to ratify, amend or rejectit.

Mr. Toller obtained the floor and the Senate resumed legislative business.

THE 1818 TREATY CONDEMNED.

Proceeding to discuss the question in de tail, and coming down to the treaty of 1818, he was asked by Mr. Hoar-Do you think that the treaty of 1818 would have been improved if it had contained a provision that the trial of our fishermen (while exercising their own right) should be before Canadian tribunals, with the burden of the proof on our fishermen ?

Mr. Morgan-I think the treaty of 1818 is greatly improved by the present negotiations

Mr. Hoar-That is not an answer to my question,

Mr. Morgan-Perhaps not. I do not propose to answer any irrelevant questions. Mr. Evarta-Suppose the treaty of 1818 were abrogated by the United States or by Great Britain, what would be the subsisting arrangement between the two countries respecting the fisheries ?

Mr. Morgan-Inasmuch as ours was a per-petual renunciation of fishery rights, except as to a certain area, I judge that we should have no rights in respect to the fisheries, and that was the great misfortune with the treaty of 1818.

Mr. Evaris-I understood the Senator to say the other day that he was in favor of abrogating the treaty of 1818. Mr. Morgan-I usid and I say now, that

when a bill is brought here to abrogate the treaty of 1818 and to assert the rights which our negotiators then abandoned arising under the treaty of 1783, and which were the fruits of the revolutionary war, I would join the Senator from New York (although I know it would lead to war) in voting for and recovering our rights resulting from the revolution-

ary war. Mr. Evart:—Then it is worth while to fight for our revolutionary rights but not for our

rights under the treaty of 1818. Mr. Morgan—It is not worth while to fight about a matter which you intend to give up. It is better to try to amend the conditions and live under them. If we have to wear a yoke let us put something soft under the collar.

Mr. Evarts-In other words you would say that after the abrogation of the treaty of 1818 there would be no treaty whetever in respect to the fisheries ?

WHY NOT MAKE A NEW TREATY?

Mr. Morgan-My proposition is that while the statute of ISIS is on the statute books I am bound under my oath to stand up to it and execute it. I look upon that treaty as part to the effect that BF. Dayard new ansated and that if the fisheries irritation were allayed there would be no obstacio to arranging for a there would be no obst it and obey it as a man and legislator accordof both countries in accordance with the ing to what I believe to be a just and honest policy of the Democratic party. That muant interpretation. I will vote for its abrogation, that the figherios treaty was intended to lead Alter demouncing it as being violated by Great up to fice trade. He arraigned the adminie-tration and the Democratic party which backed it as a pro-English organization, and he proceeded to read extracts from English periodicals to prove that the Mills bill and the direction of free trade and that the presidential electoral contest was a conflict between free trade and protection, and nothing else. He read an ex-tract from the speech of S. S. Cox in the House, speaking of protectioniste as up to free trade. He arraigned the adminie- Britain (as it has been), I will with such a the House, speaking of protectioniste as mining what advice to give the President and robbers, rescale and plunderers, and said he how far we will coincide in what he has done. was not surprised at that contiment when he In this stage of our work we are negotiators.



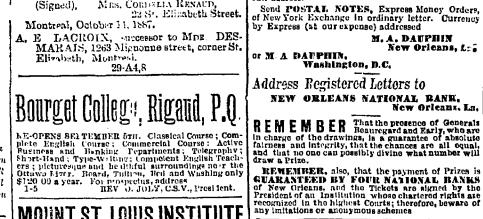
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription Known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes di-I recommend it as superior to any prescription gestion. Without injurious medication. 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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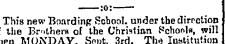


For over a year 1 had been suffering greatly from pulsa in the legs and arms and a very aunoying chuch, which reduced me to such a weak state that 1 was unable to attend to my household doties. Having patronized the physicians in vain, I was advised to visit Mdes. Desmarans & Interoix, who prescribed some of their roots, and, having followed their treatment for four weeks, I was can 1 toly cured. (Signed), Miss. CONDELLA RENAUD, 22 St. Elizabeth Street. Montreal, October 11, 1887.

Montreal, October 11, 1887.











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| ANVER MARINEL ANVERTAR | Parisian | |
| iln the Academy of Music, New Orleans, | Peruvian | Lt.W. H. Smith, RNR. |
| Tuesday, September 11, 1888. | Phœnician2,425 | Capt. J. G. Stephen. |
| CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000. | Polynesian 3,983 | |
| ORFIIRD FRIZE, \$500,000. | Pomeranian4,364 | |
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| each. Halves \$10: Quarters \$5; | Rosarian | |
| Tenths \$2; Twentleths \$1. | Sardinian4,376 | |
| LIST OF PRIZES | Sarmatian | |
| 1 PRIZE OF \$300,060 is \$300,000 | Scandinavian | THE THE THE TORON. |
| 1 PRIZE OF 100,000 is | S.berian | |
| 1 PRIZE OF 50,000 is | Waldensian | |
| 1 PRIZE OF 25,000 is | | " D. J. James. |
| 5 PRIZES OF 5,000 are 25,100 | — — — | |
| 25 PRIZES OF 1,000 are 25,000 | The Steamors of the L | verpool Mail Line, salling |
| 100 PRIZES OF 500 | daylight on WPDNESDAY | DAILS and from Montreal at |
| 500 PRIZES OF 200 are | On THURSDAVE CONTEN | and from Quebec at 9 a.m. |
| APPROXIMATION PRIZES. | on board and land blails | at longh Foyle to receive |
| | J ALCONING MALL COOTINN, AND | Intended to be dealed as the |

The Steamors of the Liverpool Mail Line, sailing from Liverpool on THURRDATS, and from Montreal at daylight on WEDNESDATS, and from Quebec at 9 a.m. on TilURDAYS, calling at Longa Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched as

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| | 999 Prizes of \$100 arc | Parisian |
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| | NOTE - Tickets drawing Capital Prizes are not en- | |
| 1 | titled to terminal Prizes. | i Sardinian. |
| | PW Con Duran Distant on your further information | |
| | FF FOR CIUN RATES, or any further information, | Portsion 4 30 |
| | desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly | Paristan |
| 1 | stating your residence, with State, County, Street and | Sardinian |
| | Number. More rapid return mail delivery will be | Sarinatia.n |
| 1 | assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your | |
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| | of New York North And In Street Money Orders, | 14 16 16 |
| 1 | of New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency | Rates of passage by steamers of Liverpool Hall Line |
| 1 | by Express (at our expense) addressed | from Montreal or thushout On the Liverpool Fall Line |
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| | New Orleans, f | storrakej pan. |

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The steamers of the Liverpool Extra Line sailing from Liverpool on Fridays, and from Montreal at daylight on Thursdays, and from Quebecal 9 a.m. on Fridays, call-ing at Lough Foyle to receive passengersifrom freland and Scotland on onlward voyage and proceeding to Liverpool direct on homeward voyage ure intended to be despatched as under: New Orleans, La,

| Steamships. Circassian | From Montreal. | From Quebec. |
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| Polynesian | | May 11 |
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| Rates of passage by | Liverpool Extra | Steamers from |
| Montreal or Quebec an termediate, \$30. Stee | [0]—Uabin, Sbi), SB | 0 and \$70. In- |

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| | FHERBROOKE STREET, MONTREAL. | BUCKEYE BELL FOUNDRY. Bolla of Pure Copper and Tin for Churches | termediate, \$30. Steerage, \$20. |
| | This new Boarding School, under the direction | Bella of Pure Copper and Tin for Churches, Schools, Fire Alarms, Farms, etc. FULLY WARRANTED. Catalogue seat Free. VANDUZEN & TIFT, Ciacionati. Q. | Liverpool, Queenstown, St. John's, Halifax and Balti- more Mall ServiceFrom Halifax via St. John's, Niid., to Liverpool: Nova Service |
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| | occupies a picture-que sito on the elovation known as MOUNT ST. LOUIS. | S ALLEY'S COMPOUND Ing Silver-Plated | Nova Scolian |
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| holesa | and comfort of the students. The programme embraces a complete course of Business and Scientific studies. | Halls, &c. Handsome Halls, &c. Handsome marantoed, Catalogue Ingue & price fist free. | Norwegian |
| ramps | For terms, &c., apply to | I BAILET NEFLECTOR CO., WWD U I | Grecian |
| Olic | P. O. Box 418, or 50 Cotic st. 1-3 | B-G cov | SiberianJune 5 These steamors do not carry passengers on voyage to Europe. |
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| nd all Troubles | St. Anicet, July 25th, 1888. 1-2 | KFF3 3 UUUN, | Glasgow and Philadelphia Service From Phil |
| cured by | WANTED-A Female Teacher for the Municipality of the parish St. Jean | BREAKFAST "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws | Hibernian |
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| | having a first diploms for English and French languages; reference required. Direct to I. J. | fast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution | THROUGH BILLS OF LADING. |
| | L. DEROME, SecTreas. St. Chrysostome, P.Q., July 28, 1888. 52-3 | may be gradually built up strong enough to resist | Granted to Liverpool and Clasgow, and at all Continental Ports, to all points in the United |
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| | Commission Agent, duly authorized à ester en justice, Plaintiff, | This Great Household Medicine Rapk | of the Agents of the above-named Railways. |
| - | The said JAMFS H. MICHAUD, Defendant. | Amongst the Leading Neccess- ries of Life. | For Freight, Passage or other information, apply to John M. Currie, 21 Quai d'Orleans, Havre: Alexander Hunter, 4 Rue Gluck, Paris; |
| | An action for separation as to property has been instituted this day by the Plaintiff. | I have Famous Pills Purify the BLOOD, and most powerfully, yet southingly, on the | werp; Ruys & Co., Rottordam; C. Hugo Hom- |
| | W. S. WALKER, Attorney for Plaintiff. | LIVER STOMACH KIDNEYS & BOWELS Giving tone, energy and vigor to these gree | burg ; James Moss & Co., Bordeaux ; Fischer & Behmer, Schusselkorb No. 8. Bremen : Charles |
| 2001/201 | Montreal, 3rd July, 1888. 49 5 POVINCE OF QUEBEC, 1 No. 9100 | MAIN SPRINGS OF LIFE. They are confidently recommended as a never-failing remady | Foy, Bellast; James Scott & Co., Queenstown; Montgomerie & Workman, 36 Graca.church |
| | DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. | in cases where the constitution, from what ever cause, has become impaired or weakened | Great Clyde Street, Glagow - Allan Bather |
| | SUPERIOR COURT. DAME GEORGINE GAUDETTE, of the | They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to Femalos of all ages, and, a Gen | James street, Liverpool; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Allan & Co., 112 LaSale street, Chi. cago; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Thos. Cook & Son |
| | town of St. Henry, said District, wife of | eral Family Medicine, are unsurpasse | 261 Broadway, New York, or to G. W. Robin son, 1364 St. James street, opposite St. La |
| | Narcisse Dansereau, of the same place, grocer, has instituted an action <i>cn separation de biens</i> | HOLLOWAY'S OINIMENI | rence Hall. H. & A. ALLAN |
| VE | against her said husband. Montreal, 26th July, 1888. | Its Searching and Healing Properties are Known Throughout the World, | 80 State street Boston, auf 25 Common street, Montreal. |
| · · } | P. B. LAVIOLETTE, | FOR THE OURE OF | So Common serest, MODILESI. |
| HEART, | 52-5 Attorney for Plaintiff. | Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds Sores and Ulcers | WANTED. |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,) DISTRICT OF MONTHEAL. SUPERIOR COURT. | It is an infallible remedy. If effectually rub- bed on the Neck and Ohest, as salt into meat it | Responsible parties in every Town and |
| DMACH, E SKIN, | No. 1385.) Dame Maria Alida Duval, a wife common as to pro- | Oures Sove Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Coldr, and even Asthma. For Glandular Swelling: | Country, not already represented, to sell the GOLD MEDAL WANZER. Address, |
| arising | porty of Emile J. Gauthier, a clerk, of Montreal, Dis trict of Montreal, Plaintiff in an action in separation | Abscesses, Pice, Fistulas, Gout, Rheumatisn and every kind of Skin Discase, it has nevel | TUBNER, ST. PIEBRE & CO., 1487 Notre Dame Street, |
| DNEYS, OOD. | as to property against the said Ganthier, Defondant, this day. | been kown to fail Both Pills and Ointment are sold at Professo | 45-t Montreal |
| NTO. | Montreal, 23rd July, 1883. DAVID, DEMERS & GERVAIS, | Holloway's Establishment, 533 Oxford street London, in boxes and pots, at 15, 11d., 2s. 6d. | WANTED-Active and responsible men represent the Wanzer Sewing Machines |
| FRE | 51.5 Attorneys for Flaintiff. | 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s. and 88s. each, and by al medi cine vendor throughout the civilized world. | in every county in this Province. We sell direct, hire on salary, or pay commissions. Sole |
| Pletures, 🖼 🕷 | Lines no under the borses fact. Writ | N.RAdvice graffe, shihe above address | protrietors' for Quebeo Province, Turner, St. |
| anford, Conn. | Hol:y Mich | daily between then ours of and14, or hy letter. | 1041 23-11 |
| | | | £ ³ |

in her North American dominions to American vessels, and that her government will see the justice and propriety of extending to American vessels engaged in the business of fishing all the commercial rights and facilities in her North American ports that are so freely accorded to her own in the ports of the United States, and the friendship and good feeling which ought to exist between neighboring nations may be finally established and sacured.

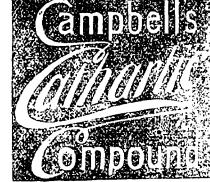
known to me."

A BEAUTIFUL REPLY.

A Bishop once went to a convent where the children had just come out of retreat. They were all gathered round him, chattering in great glee, when suddenly he exclaimed ; "What have you done with the silence of your retreat ?"

The chatter-boxes were not ready with an answer, and looked at one another in perplexity ; she Bishop repeated his question, and then the youngest of the group piped out: "We have left it with Jesus in the tabernacle." Oh, how delighted the Bishop was with that

answer. He told the story again and again, with a pleasure that lost nothing by repetition.

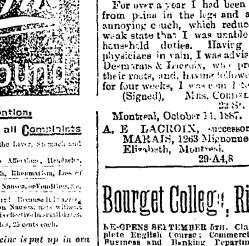


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arising from a disordered state of the Liver, Stemach and Boyels, such as Dyspep-ia or Indigestion, Billions Affections, Headarby, Bearthurn, Aridity of the Stomach, Rheumatism, Lass of Appetite, Gravel, Nervous Debility, Nausca, or Youdfirm, Lee CHILDREN LIKE IT! MOTINES LIKE IT! Because it! " here; able to the taste, does not occasion Nausea, nets without griping, is certain in its effects, and is effective in small duren. In liquid form. Large bottles, 25 cents each.

to Note.-This favorite medicine is put up in ora bottles holding three ounces each, with the name blown in the glass, and the name of the inventor, S. R Campbell, in red ink across the face of the label Boware of imitations, refuse all substitutes, and you will not be disappointed.



MORGAN PLEADS FOR JUSTICE.

Sanate. phase of the case covered by his resolution, the treaty has been properly authenticated and it is lawful and valid and the time has party that the treaty was doomed to defeat, and the purpose of his resolution was to save he were opposed to the treaty and believed get in accord. He could not conceive a more mont of the United States to make the declation (as proposed in the majority report otries were not a fit subject for negotiation, and secondly, that the time for negotiations had passed. He did not believe in either of these He desired by a vote of the Senate to free the question from any such embarrassment as that. If it was desired to reject the treaty in reform it by amendments, let it be so rejected, but let that rejection be accompanied was a proper one for negotiation. If the debe expected to make in regard to those north-Western lisherics, which it was now so necessary should be regulated by treaty agree ments. And that is signed by Senators Sherman,

Edmunds, Frye, Evarts and Dolph.

Mr. Morgan-The difficulty is that five will read it: senators are not a great nation. So far from The committee cannot but hope that if denators.

of the American people.

and how do you five renetary represent the hody. Hur Majatr's Gavermont will take thinks, No folder, othe bond at a whele people in the matter of diplomacy? measures to scoure justice and fair treatment NATIONAL CARD CO., North and the second sec

Abroad," in which such sentences as this oc- not accept our emendmente, that ends the curred. "Old England I God bless her ! With matter. If she does accept them, then we tears in my eyes I hereech Heaver's best have a treaty which will be satisfactory to benizon upon ther. I remember her only as two-thirds of the Senate. The Senate cannot the land of noble deeds and generous hearts." fail to remember, as the country will remem-He (Mr. Riddleberger) knew Mr. Cox had ber, that we are clothed with all the powers pleaded the "baby act" in reference to that cf negotiators. This treaty does not suit book, and he supposed that be would plead us. Let us write one that does and addotage in reference to his later utterance. In vise the President to submit it to Great

PARTIZAN PRESUMPTION REBUKED.

Commenting upon the statement in the majority report that the time for negotiation MORGAN PLEADS FOR JUSTICE. Mad passed, Mr. Morgan characterized it as a Mr. Morgan then proceeded to address the piece of "outrageous presumption," and said The remarks which he proposed to that the Committee on Foreigu Relations had submit were, he said, in reference to the no right to instruct the President to prevent negotistions. He epoke of the committee's declaring that in the opinion of the Senate appeal to the British Government as a piece of unaccountable presumption and of affectation of authority and dignity on the part of no: passed for negotiation on the subject of this committee in setting itself up to advise fisheries. The country was already advised the British Cabinet. He paraphrased the by the action of a caucus of the Republican closing paragraph in the report in this man-party that the treaty was doomed to defeat, ner : "We begyour M_{*} jesty that you will not take this abortion, which the President of to the Government of the United the United States has negotiated with your States as good an attitude as possible commissioners, and its rejection as being an after the rejection of the treaty. If evidence of hostility on the part of the United Stater, but that you will proceed in such a it to be a sacrifice of the honor of the people way as that our fishermen shall have full of the United States, he would nevertheless commercial privileges and enjoy the same insist on the adoption of this resolution for rights and advantages in your Canadian the purpose of disembarrassing the future ports that your fishermen enjoy in ours." He diplomatic or other relations of the United said : "Look at the humiliation of that com-States with Great Britsin, and providing the mittee begging the British Queen for favors means by which the two governments could | after rejecting a treaty on the ground that she was no longer entitled to have negotiaunfortunate situation than for the Govern- tions in respect to it." Mr. Morgan went on to give a further free translation of the para graph as tollows :-- " Our offence, as you wil the Committee of Foreign Relations), firstf ploase understand it, is not against that the fisheries relations of the two coun, Your Royal Majesty at all cr Your Majesty's Government. It is against one Grover Cleveland. We want to give him a wife, and a very serious one, and we statements. The country would receive have done that by denouncing him as the such a declaration with very serious doubt. presumptuous negotiator of a treaty in the face of our law making it his duty to employ retaliation. We have done that and flattened him out, and we turn to Your Masotido, without attempting to improve it or to jesty and assure Your Majesty humbly that we did not mean any offence towards you." "I would like," said Mr. Morgan, "to see with a declaration (made necessary now by the man with the mouth big enough to gulp the majority report) that the time for nego- that down. It would have like a calendar tlation had not passed and that the subject to run from year to year. This little political finesse, this attempt to cast a claration proposed by the mojority of the slur on the President of the United States Committee on Horeign Relations were made and then turn around to the Queen of Great by the Senate, what reply could Great Britain Biltain and beg hor for favors, is one of the most humiliating attitudes that any great committee over tock. It is regular toadyism to the British power. I do not think that a record of that sort was ever made before, and I challenge the majority of members of the Committee on Foreign Relations to explain Mr. Evants suggested that such a statement why they put that address to the British was a proper one on the part of a great nation. Crown at the conclusion of their report. I

being a great nation they are merely five these ill advised negotiations, which as is Mr. Everts-It was expressed in the name commit the United States in any degree until they shall have received the assent of the Mr. Morgan-What right had you to do it, Senate, shall fail to meet the approval of this

