be impleaded, answer and be answered unto in all Courts and places whatsoever, and be answered unto in an Courts and places whatsoever, and by and under the name aforesaid, shall be able and capable in law of acquiring, taking, having, holding and enjoying by gift, grant, conveyance, devise, bequest or otherwise to them and their successors, any estate real or personal, to and for the use of the said Board, or to, for or in trust for any other use and of latting leasing. any other use and purpose whatsoever, and of letting, leasing, selling, conveying or otherwise disposing thereof, from time to

most earnestly pray, that in the settlement of the question, selling, conveying or otherwise disposing thereof, from time to time as they may deem necessary or expedient.

II. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, and for the said four Colleges, from time to time, and at their discretion severally, to remove the persons respectively appointed by them as aforesaid, and to appoint others in their stead, and in case of death to appoint a successor or successors; and that the person so from time to time appointed by the Governor, shall be ex officio Chairman of the said Board.

III. And be it enacted, That within — calendar months after the passing of this Act, the members of the Board shall meet for the purpose of organization and for the transaction of business, at the City of Toronto, after one months notice of such meeting being given in the Canada Gazette by the Chairman shall then or at any time be a quorum for the transaction of business; and that the said Board shall after the said first meeting, meet at may appoint; provided, that the said Board shall meet at least once in every — months.

III. And be it enacted, That within — calendar months after the passing of this Act, the members of the Board shall here to time appointed by the Chairman of the said Board shall then or at any time be a quorum for the transaction of business; and that the said Board shall after the said first meeting, meet at may appoint; provided, that the said Board shall meet at least once in every — months.

III. And be it enacted, That within — calendar months after the passing of this Act, the members of the Board shall meet at least the City of Toronto, after one months notice of such that the said Board shall meet at least once in every — months.

III. And be it enacted, That within — calendar months after the passing of this Act, the members of the Board shall meet at least the City of Toronto, after one months are the present by the Chairman of the said Board shall meet at least the country of th IV. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of

once in every — months.

IV. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every the lands and other real estate and effects heretofore granted by the Crown to the said University of King's College, by the name and style of "The Chancellor, President, and Scholars of King's College, at York, in the Province of Upper Canada," or by any other name or style, and all monies, debentures and securities for money, of what nature or kind soever, arising from the sale or rental of any lands so granted as aforesaid, or purchased, procured, or taken by, for, or through the means of any such lands, or any sale or leasing thereof, or for the security of any debt due to the said University of King's College, now in the possession of the said University of King's College, or to which the said University of King's College is legally or equitably entitled, shall be, and the same are hereby declared to be vested in and the property of the said University Endowment Board; always excepting therefrom, the tract and parcel of land in Toronto, whereon the University building has been lately erected, and the lands, grounds and premises belonging or attached thereto, together with the said building and all and singular the avenues, ways, privileges and appurtenances unto the said tract of land belonging or in any wise appertaining, and also excepting all books, maps, plans, philosophical apparatus and instruments now in the possession of the Chancellor. President and Scholars of King's College. wise appertaining, and also excepting all books, maps, plans, philosophical apparatus and instruments now in the possession of the Chancellor, President and Scholars of King's College, which tract or parcel of land, building and premises with the appartenances and every part and parcel thereof, together with the said books, maps, plans, philosophical apparatus and instruments shall be, remain and continue vested in the said Chancellor, President and Scholars of King's College.

V. And be it enacted, That all debts due to The Chancellor, President and Scholars of King's College, at York, in the Province of Upper Canada, shall be transferred and become due to the said University Endowment Board, and that the said University Endowment Board shall have the same power to sue for and collect and recover the same, and to bring any actions or suits whatever in respect of all or any of the aforesaid property, estate and effects, or any contract, lease, or agreement relative thereto.

state and effects, or any contract, lease, or agreement relative thereto, in their own corporate name, in like manner as if such debt had been incurred to, or such property, estate and effects had originally belonged to, or such contract, lease or agreement had been made by and with the said University Endowment Board, and to the same purpose and effect as if such action or Board, and to the same purpose and effect as if such action or suit had been brought in the name of "The Chancellor, President and Scholars of King's College, at York, in the Province of Upper Co.

VI. And be it it enacted, That all debts and liabilities, covenants, contracts, and agreements, entered into and incurred by The Chancellor, President and Scholars of King's College, at York, in Upper Canada, shall be paid, discharged, fulfilled and performed by The University Endowment Board, and that The University Endowment Board shall be liable to any suit, action or proceeding, on account of any such debt, liability, covenant, contract or agreement which could or might bave been brought against the said Chancellor. President and Schotars of King's College, at York, in Upper Canada, in respect of any such debt, liability, covenant, contract or agreement.

Such debt, liability, covenant, contract or agreement.

VII. And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be held or construed to entitle The University Endowment Board to any other lands, real estate, property and effects now betonging to or held by or in trust for The Chancellor, President and Scholars of King's College, at York, in Upper Canada, than what is set forth in the fourth and fifth sections of this Act.

VIII. And he it enacted, That on the — day of — in each and every year after the passing of this Act, the said Board shall pay to King's College the sum of —, to Queen's College the sum of —, and to the college of Regiopolis the sum of —.

IX. And he it enacted, That if the rents received by the Board and the interest annually accruing on the proceeds

aid Board and the interest annually accruing on the proceeds of the sales of lands, and the dividends received on the debentree, stocks and other investments made and held by the said loard, shall during any year be insufficient to pay the said ams to the said several Colleges, then and in such case the said shall for that year make a rateable deduction from the ayments so the said several Colleges. ments so to be made to the said and several Colleges.

And be it enacted, That after making the said annual ments to the Colleges, the Board shall, out of any surplus is, interests and dividends that may remain, annually pay the Receiver General of the Province of Canada, for the enefit of the grammar schools in Upper Canada, the sum of the said sum, then the whole of the said surplus shall not amount to the Receiver General for the purposes aforesaid.

XI. And be it enacted, That after payment of the said sums to the said.

to the said several Colleges and to the Receiver General, any dends, shall be invested by the said rents, interest and divitares bearing. dures bearing six per cent. interest, and the dividends from time to time accruing on such debentures shall in like manner beinvested, until the same shall be appropriated by the Legislatere for the endowment of any College or Colleges that may be cafter be incorporated within Upper Canada, or for the purposes of proposal description in such manner as Poses of general education within the same, in such manner as to the Legislature may hereafter seem expedient.

To the Honourable the Legislative Assembly in Provincial Par-

The Petition of the Principal and Masters of Upper Cauada College, humbly Sheweth liament assembled:

College, humbly Sheweth—

That they have heard with alarm and astonishment that a bill has been introduced into the Legislature which virtually puts an end to the existence of Upper Canada College as such.

Your petitioners respectfully submit that Upper Canada it has sent out from within its walls about twelve hundred your men whose respectability and character in society present the best comment upon its efforts; that the Institution has time past it has had on its books a greater number of pupils it has any former period of its existence; and that to destroy would be to destroy it in its fullest vigour.

Your petitioners would further state that no comparison has lost in the past it has had on its looks a greater number of pupils it now would be to destroy it in its fullest vigour.

Your petitioners would further state that no comparison has lost in the present of pupils or their respective standard of to such results as generally are allowed to have their due weight in such cases as the present. That to reduce Upper College.

t results as generally are allowed to have their due weight che cases as the present. That to reduce Upper Canada to to the naturally limited resources of a District School lly to exclude all except a favoured few from the opof obtaining as extensive an education as possible, that at a University. That with the destruction of Canada College there ceases to belong to Western Canada College there ceases to belong to Western Canada College there ceases to belong to Western Canada College public school as a connecting link between the et School and the Universities. That so far from curtailipowers of usefulness, Upper Canada College should be in a position of being more extensively useful even than sent by being enabled to afford to those whose means will low them to go to a University, all proper facilities of beallow them to go to a University, all proper facilities of he-ing acquainted by experimental illustration from the use of osophical apparatus of its own with the grand features of ural and

and experimental philosophy.

ar petitioners furthermore humbly state that the provision for Upper Canada College, is wholly inadequate to meet arrent expences of the Institution in its present effective diagnostics. hdition—that the remnant of its endowment consists for a part of lands of unsaleable character, and that therefore a town upon the present Masters of Upper Canada College would be led services.

Petitioners would also humbly state that, even if ample ere provided, the plan of the "Board of Management" College as proposed by the bill is highly objectionable, ey are wholly at fault in seeking for the principle which ided its formation. That the nomination of the Superof Management of Upper Canada College is anomalous, seeks "Superintendent of Education for Common Schools" se as "Superintendent of Education for Common Schools" at the head of the Common Schools only, whereas Upper da College becoming by the bill a District School belongs of establishments of a higher grade than that of Comschools. Schools. That the objections to the Superintendent of ation for Common Schools being on the "Board of Mator of Upper Canada College apply with still greater to the Head Teacher in the Normal School, with the additional schools with the second college apply with still greater to the Head Teacher in the Normal School, with the additional schools with the second college apply with still greater to the Head Teacher in the Normal School, with the additional school bjection that two persons are taken to represent an inter-net from the College, and thus a fair opportunity is lost ding in the management of Upper Canada College some atterest which has a constant to the community with

the management of Upper Canada College some naterest which has equal claims on the community with the Normal School already represented by the Superent of Education for the Common Schools.

I petitioners also humbly submit that the management property of Upper Canada College should not be placed hands of the University endowment Board, because the pal has not a voice in that body; and because the constitution of the University of the place of the University of Upper Canada College should not be placed by the University of Upper Canada College should not be placed by the Upper Canada College should not be placed by t

Your petitioners would respectfully state that they have con-

fined their petition solely to that part of the bill relating to Upper Canada College.

Your petitioners would, however, much rejoice to see the University question, which has for too long a time convulsed the country, fairly and finally disposed of; but your petitioners most earnestly pray, that in the settlement of the question, Upper Canada College, which has faithfully done its duty to the country, may not be the only Institution which is not only not improved, but is most materially injured in its position and canabilities.

John's College, Cambridge. Mathematical Master; G. MAYNARD (Clerk), M. A., Caius College Cambridge. Second Classical Master; W. H. RIPLEY (Clerk), B.A., Uni-

versity College, Oxford.
Third Classical Master; W. STENNETT, B.A., King's College,

Thrid Classical Master; Trootto.

Toronto.

French Master; J. P. De LA HAYE.

First English Master; M. BARRETT, King's College, Toronto.

Second English Master (pro. tem.); J. GOUINLOCK.

Architectural Drawing Master; J. G. HOWARD.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE .- After giving the two (Univer-UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.—After giving the two (University Bills) a careful perusal, we do not perceive that anything material has been omitted in the summary we have given of the main features of the measures, except, indeed, as regards Upper Canada College, which, on a cursory view, would seem to have had her present position and her future prospects strangely overlooked—that is to say, if this great provincial institution, which was endowed by Sir John Colborne as a central School of learning, is to be reduced down to the meagre proportion, and comparatively insignificant character, of a District Grammar School. We cannot, however, bring ourselves to believe that such is the intention of the framers of the present measure, and we shall, therefore, suspend our judgment until this portion of the scheme has been fully explained to the Legislature. In the meantime we look to those gentlemen in the Assembly to whom meantime we look to those gentlemen in the Assembly to whom Upper Canada College has been the Alma Mater, and to whose admirable training much of the advantages they now enjoy are most assuredly owing, to protect her welfare and violicate her rights. "Esto perpetua" they must remember is her motto, and she looks to her numerous offspring to stand by her integrity, and shield her usefalness from injury or curtailment.

RESOLUTIONS To be submitted by Mr. Boulton on Monday next, 12th July, on an Address to her Majesty, relative to the removal of the Seat of Government to Upper Canada.

1. Resolved .- That by the Official Returns made to Parlia-1. Resolved.—That by the Official Returns made to Parliament, of the Census of Lower Canada in 1831, the population of that section of the Province is shown to have been 511,919; and in 1844, that population only amounted to 678,590, showing an increase in thirteen years of 106,671, giving an average annual increase of 12,813, or 2½ per cent. on the Census of 1831

2. Resolved.—That should the population of Lower Canada 2. Resolved.—That should the population of Lower Canada continue to increase in the same proportion until 1854, the population of 1844 will have advanced to 848,240, being 16,865 per annum, and 168,650 in the aggregate in ten years, 3. Resolved.—That by the like returns it appears that the population of Upper Canada, in 1832, amounted to 276,953 being little over one-half the population of Lower Canada, while in 1843 it had advanced to 506,055, in eleven years, and

at the rate of 20,829, or nearly 8 per cent, which shews a population in Upper Canada, in 1844, of 526,829

4. Resolved.—That should the population of Upper Canada continue to increase with the same rapidity until 1845, the population of 1844 of 526,829, will have advanced to 948,239, billion of 1844 of 526,829, billion of eing at the rate of 42,146 per annum, and 421,460 in the ag-

pering at the rate of 42,146 per annum, and 421,460 in the aggregate in ten years.

5. Resolved.—That the foregoing data prove conclusively that Upper Canada doubles its population in the same period that Lower Canada increases only one fourth.

6. Resolved.—That in 1864, a short period to look forward to in the age of a country, the population of the Western section of the Province will, on the foregoing calculations, have increased to 1,750,000, while the Eastern will only have attained a triple over a 1,000,000. o. Resolved.—That in 1864, a short period to look forward to in the age of a country, the population of the Western section of the Province will, on the foregoing calculations, have increased to 1,750,000, while the Eastern will only have attained a trifle over a 1,000,000.

7. Resolved.—That with these facts so forcibly exhibiting themselves to the notice of the House and to the public, it would be extremely unwise, as well as unjust and inconvenient to the great bulk of the inhabitants, permanently to establish the Seat of Government in the less populous and less increasing section of the Province.

5l.; A. T. McCord, 2l. 10s.; M. Scollard, 3l.; J. J. Hayes & Sherry, 1l. 5s.; A. Macdonald, 1l. 5s.; M. & J. O'Beirne, 5l.; A. T. McCord, 2l. 10s.; M. Scollard, 3l.; J. J. Hayes & Sherry, 1l. 5s.; A. Macdonald, 1l. 5s.; M. & J. O'Donohoc, 1l. 10s.; Mr. M'Bean, 5s.; Mr. Wiheron, 5s.; a Friend, 5s.

W. A. Baldwin, Esq., having taken the chair, the thanks of the meeting were cordially given to Mr. Gurnett, for the prompt and efficient manner in which he had met the views of the requisitionists, in calling the meeting, as also for his able and dignified conduct in the chair.

(Signed)

M. D. II. So.; M. J. O'Beirne, 5l.; A. T. McCord, 2l. 10s.; M. Scollard, 3l.; J. J. Hayes & Sherry, 1l. 5s.; A. Macdonald, 1l. 5s.; M. Scollard, 3l.; J. J. Hayes & Sherry, 1l. 5s.; A. Macdonald, 1l. 5s.; M. McCord, 2l. 10s.; Mr. M'Bean, 5s.; Mr. Wiheron, 5s.; a Friend, 5s.

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the Seat of Government in the less populous and less increasing section of the Province.

8. Resolved.—That independent of the foregoing considerations, it is the opinion of this House, that the extreme heat in summer and severe cold in winter, together with the smaller agricultural advantages for supplying the ordinary Market of the Capital of the Country, Montreal is not a desirable position for the permanent Seat of the Government of this Province; but that the same should be placed in the Western section of the country, where salubrity of climate, fertility of soil, and the great increase of population, all conspire to point it out as the proper place at which the Public Affairs of this great country may most conveniently be administered in all time to come.

may most conveniently be administered in all time to come.

9. Resolved.—That an humble Address be presented to Her Majesty, embodying the foregoing Resolutions, and praying that the Seat of Government may be permanently established in the Western section of this Province.

NAVIGATION LAWS .- The following is the address moved by the Hon. Attorney-General Sherwood: That an humble address be presented to her most Gracious Majesty, assuring her Majesty of the steadfast loyalty of the people of this Province, and their profound attachment to her person and government, representing to her Majesty that the changes which have recently been made in the commercial policy of Great Britain have produced embarrassments and difficulties in the trade of this Colony, which, unless promptly

met, may ultimately prove highly injurious to the empire.— That this Province has incurred a large debt for the construc-That this Province has incurred a large debt for the construc-tion of public improvements, chiefly for rendering our access to the ocean more easy and less expensive, and for maintaining our trade with the Mother Country and with foreign nations, through the channel of the St. Lawrence, in the hope of shortly attracting through the same route the vast products of the western portion of this Continent. That the continuance of the protection in the British markets, which her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects in this province had hitherto so advantageously enjoyed, would have fully realized their expectations in this respect, but that the commercial changes which the wisdom of the Imperial Parliament had deemed it prudent to adopt, compel us, under the existing altered circumstances of our trade to seek for changes in the Navigation laws affecting this province, which otherwise would have been unnecessary That measures have been adopted in the neighbouring Republic with a view to divert the Trade of this Province to and from with a view to divert the Trade of this Province to and from Great Britain through the Railroads and Canals of that country and thereby to secure to them a large accession of carrying trade, and from which a revenue was yielded last year of about £700,000; and that there is too much reason to fear that their attempts will prove successful, unless other and further inducements than at present exist are offered in favour of the route by the St. Lawrence. That to afford such inducements, and to prevent a calamity so much to be apprehended, this House humbly pray, that her Majesty will be most graciously pleased to sanction the free use of the Navigation of the River St. Lawrence by all nations, and that, to that end, she will be further graciously pleased to recommend to the Imperial will be further graciously pleased to recommend to the Imperial Parliament, to repeal the laws of navigation so far as they, in any manner, relate to or affect this colony .- Montreal Herald. The Bill for repealing and coasolidating the Customs' Duties was read the third time in the Assembly, on Friday last, 16th instant, and a ryder, moved by Mr. Smith of Frontenac, was negatived, on a division; the Bill was then passed on the fol-

lowing division: yeas 57, nays 12. THE MOUNTAIN AND THE MOUSE.

Mr. Baldwin moved his threatened resolutions relative to Mr. Buldwin moved his threatened resolutions relative to the Clergy Reserves. He said the subject had been the cause of great excitement throughout the whole length and breadth of Upper Canada. There was a discrepancy between a circular which had been issued by the Crown Lands' Department, stopping the sale of the Clergy Reserves, and the answer to a certain address upon the subject, which was calculated to shake public confidence. The conduct of the Administration had been disgraceful, and they should not attempt to shirk, &c.—In fact, the learned gentleman said some very hard things, and moved his resolutions, which the party had been reckoning upon during the vacation with much confidence. Mr. Cayley answered as follows:

"He said that these resolutions were got up for the purpose "He said that these resolutions were got up for the purpose of renewing a charge of deception on the part of the Ministry; but the charge was founded on a misconception of the wording of the circular in question. The sales were suspended in consequence of a despatch from the Imperial Government calling the attention of the Government here to the fact that the lands were selling far below their value, and not by order of the Imperial Government. He said that at the time when the perial Government. He said that at the time when the address was moved, for any despatch ordering the stoppage of the sale, and the answer returned, the despatch which he referred to was under consideration, and it was not possible for them to communicate it to the House."

After a short debate, the motion was lost by a vote of 32 to 26. Six of a majority against Mr. Baldwin on these most unanswerable resolutions, which were vauntingly published in the Radi-

LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA. Easter Term, 10th and 11th Victoria.

In the present term of Easter, the following gentlemen wer called to the degree of Barrister-at-Law :-On Monday, 14th June.

Edward Epworth William Hurd, Esq., James Crowther, Esq. On Satuaday, 19th June. Charles Werley Lount, Esq. On Tuesday, 22nd June.

George Evre Henderson, Esq.,

John Majoribanks Lawder, Esq.,
John O'Hara, Esq.

And on Tuesday, 22nd June, the following gentlemen were
admitted into the Society as members thereof, and entered on
the Books as Students of Law, their examination having been

the Books as Students of Law, their examination having been classed in the following order:—

In University Class—Mr. Boulton, J. Vankoughnent, B.A. In Senior Class—Mr. John Whitelaw.

In Junior Class—Messrs. Charles Hamnett Pinney, Wm. Ambrose, Peter McGill McCutchon, Charles Magrath, Peter Ball Loug, Wm. Elliot, Barnabas Harlitt Brennan, Thomas Clarke, Neil McIntyre, Jeremiah B. Schram, John Billings, Daniel Home Lizars, Wm. E. Alma, Wm. Mercer Wilson. Daniel Home Lizars, Wm. E. Alma, Wm. Mercer Wilson.

DESTITUTE EMIGRANTS.—A public meeting was held in the Old City Hall, on Friday evening the 16th inst., for the purpose of devising means of relief for certain classes of indigent Emigrants. Alderman Gurnett was called to the Chair, and Mr. M. P. Hayes was nominated Secretary. Among those present were, the Lord Bishop, the Hon. the Chief Justice, Hon. W. Allan, Rev. Dr. Beavan, Dr. Connor, Dr. King, Dr. Telfer, Messrs. W. A. Baldwin, J. Cameron, R. Yates, H. Scobie, J. Duggan, M. Scollard, M. J. O'Beirne, J. Craig, A. T. MacCord, E. H. McSherry, A. McDonald, M. O'Donohoe, E. McElderry, E. G. O'Brien, T. J. O'Neil, J. Beatty, J. McMaster, &c.

McMaster, &c. The 1st resolution was moved by the Hon. the Chief Justice,

The 1st resolution was moved by the Hon. the Chief Justice, and seconded by Dr. Connor, viz. —

That it is highly expedient that a house of refuge should be provided in this city for the temporary reception of emigrants discharged from the hospital as convalescent, who are too weak to earn a subsistence, and for the widows and orphans of those who die; and that the the establishment of such a refuge would enable the benevolent efficiency to co-operate with the civic and government authorities in the relief of the destitute, by contributious of money, elothing and food. contributious of money, clothing and food.

That a committee be appointed for such purpose, and that such committee be requested to hold immediate communication with the government emigration agent, and the board of health, as to the best means of carrying the first resolution into effect; and that such committee shall be further requested to communicate with the Irish Relief Committee: and to express the hope that any balance of the Irish Relief Fund remaining in the treasurer's hands, or yet outstanding, should be placed at the disposal of the committee appointed by this meeting for the purposes in the first resolution mentioned.

Mr. Cameron remarked that a sum of £750 remained in the hands of the Highland Relief Committee, and that as he was

Mr. Cameron remarked that a sum of £750 remained in the hands of the Highland Relief Committee, and that as he was one of that committee would be most happy to co-operate in placing a certain portion of that fund at the disposal of the committee appointed at this meeting.

The 3rd resolution was moved by J. Duggan, Esq., and seconded by Hugh Scobie Esq., viz.:—

That George Gurnett, Esq., Viz.:—

That George Gurnett, Esq., Drs. McCaul, Connor and Hayes, and Messrs. W. A. Baldwin, John Duggan, O'Neil, O'Brien, R. H. Brett, J. Craig, and all members of the Relief Committees, together with the clergymen of all denominations, do constitute a committee for the above purposes, seven of whom shall form a quarum.

THE EMIGRANTS AGAIN .- In accordance with the Resolu-THE EMIGRANTS AGAIN.—In accordance with the Resolutions passed at a meeting recently held in this town, the Committee have made application to Government for funds to aid them in their charitable design of relieving the distresses of the poor emigrants at present relying on the charity of the inhabitants. Mr. Gardner has been appointed local agent for the purpose of investigating the state they are in, and aiding the control of the purpose of investigating the state they are in, and aiding the control of the purpose of the toward in proparing amplications. the purpose of investigating the state they are in, and aiding such as are able to work, in procuring employment: the farmers in the surrounding neighbourhood would do well to take advantage of such an opportunity, as there are many of them both willing and able to perform manual labour. Dr. Keast has very generously proffered gratuitous assistance to the sick; he visits the sheds, and the different houses where they are, so where they are the sheds, and the different houses where they are supplied and does all in his power to relieve them. It is a regularly, and does all in his power to relieve them. It is a most fortunate thing that the poor emigrants are favoured with the valuable services of this physician; and we hope that his kindness to these distressed people in the time of need will not be forgotten by the inhabitants of Brantford; and here we be forgotten by the inhabitants of Brantiora; and here we would be wanting in our duty were we to omit mention also of Mr. Higinbotham, Druggist, whose indefatigable exertions in prescribing to their wants is deserving of all praise. At a subsequent meeting a Resolution was passed to the effect that due precautions should be taken in rendering that assistance so highly essential to the interests of all concerned; and we are in opes that these destitute beings may yet be placed on a better ooting—provided Government will lend that aid so necessarily demanded. We are happy to state that the Rev. J. C. Usher, Episcopal Clergyman, is untiring in his efforts to render assistance, not only in visiting the pallets of the dying sufferers and administering to them the Word of Life, but in providing for their temporal comforts. We also understand that the Rev. J. Quinlan, R. C. P., is very actively engaged in the work of mercy. There have been 14 deaths up to last evening among emigrants .- Brantford Courier.

EMIGRANTS IN MONTREAL.—Opinion seems now so decided in favour of having the chief infirmary and sanatory depositary below this city, that it seems almost useless to discuss the question, and though there are many cogent arguments, as every candid man, who is not led away by mere clamour, must admit, for pursuing the plan recommended by the Emigrant Commis-sioners, we think the balance of reasons is against them. With near two hundred fever patients in the hospital, a great many scattered over the town, and those cases which, in spite of all scattered over the town, and those cases which, in spite of all practical precaution, will arise among emigrants, there will, we fear, be ample means of tenanting the sheds at Point St. Charles.

The general alarm is, in itself, reason enough for removing to a distance from a populous city such a focus of infection as 1600 diseased persons who cannot be, under the circumstances, attended to as they would be in established and organised hospitals.

Nor do we believe there are any moral or physical means of established the services of the control of the con tablishing an effective cordon sanitaire, as can easily be done

The only real question appears to us to be where this sanitory station shall be located; whether on St. Helen's Island, on the nearer Boucherville Island, or the lower one, all of which are sufficiently accessible from the city. Or whether, having one at Grosse Isle, it should not be extended and put into a one at Grosse Isle, it should not be extended and put into a state of complete organization, so that emigrants may remain on it for a longer period and in greater comfort, and be despatched upwards in smaller numbers, after the lapse of a period of time, which might afford reasonable assurance that the seeds of disease were not latent in them.—Gazette.

The Hospital.—We visit the Hospital and sheds once,

twice, or thrice a-day, and know most that is going on there.

Although the Hospital is not yet by any means what it ought to be, it is very different from what it was a fortnight ought to be, it is very different from what it was a fortnight ago, when we commenced our labours in reference to it. Most of the patients, numbering (with those in the shed), about 300, have been placed on bedsteads, and on clean beds filled with straw, having a cotton sheet placed under them, and another over. Very few pillows have yet been made for them, however. The want of these will be apparent to every intelligent medical math.

Yesterday the "Sisters of Charity" visited the Hospital. It is their intention, we understand, to indulge their benevolent feelings by watching over the sick. Although little is to be feared, under ordinary circumstances, from an approach, to the poor people, whose distress they have undertaken to alleviate, yet, from the very improper manner in which they have been crowded into Hospital, and are still being crowded, in their filth, the disease has been rendered highly contagious.

The Sisters will observe that great care is taken to sprinkle the floors of the Hospital with a relation of chlorida of lime to

the floors of the Hospital with a solution of chloride of lime, to prevent as they will be told, the operation of the contagion.—
We implore them to pay no attention to this; for however inclined we might be to admit chlorine to be a disinfecting agent, the filth which is daily brought into the Hospital on the bodies and in the clothes of the patients. The floors of the Hospital must undergo a thorough ablution with boiling water and soap. The persons of the patients must be washed with warm water and soap,—beds and bedding which have been soiled, must be thrown out of the window of the building, and the straw burnt,—no patient must be admitted into Hospital without being washed and having his clothes immersed in boiling water.—

Throw away for time the straw burnt, and the stra and the control of th

Wakefield submitted to public auction 97 acres of land, situated on the 2nd concession of the township of York.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, each containing 5 acres, were knocked down to Mr. Porteus, at £23 10s. per lot. Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, a similar parcel, at £28 10s., to Mr.

Lots 13, 14, 17, 18, 21, 22, 25, 26, 29, 30, 33, and 34 each containing 15 acres, at £16 per lot,—these were situated in the rear of the two first parcels. E. F. Whitmore, Esq.,

was the purchaser.

Lots 12 and 16, each containing 2\frac{1}{2} acres, fell to Mr. G. H. Gordon, at £18 per lot.

Lots 11, 15, 19, 20, 23, 24, 27, 28, 31, 32, were knocked

down to Mr. A. Porteus, at £17 per lot of 12½ acres each.

Lots 35, 36, 37, and 38, each containing 9 acres, found purchasers in Messrs. R. Owen and F. Chapman, at £15 15s.

Lots 43 and 44 were knocked down to Mr. James Price.

cach contained 10 acres, at £16 10s.

Lots 42 and 40, of the same dimensions, were bought by Messrs. W. Burns and Geo. Thomas, at £17 10s. each.

Lot 39, containing 5 acres, was secured by Mr. T. Sanford, at the sum of £15 5s.

Lot 41, a similar plot, was knocked down to Mr. A. Porteus, at £15.

Lot 45, a parcel of 18 acres, was purchased by Mr. W. Han-

noh, for £19.—Heraid. MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—On Wednesday evening, the 14th inst., a young man named George Lowden, resident in Victoria street, and engaged in the erection of a building upon Messrs. Jacques & Hay's wharf, came to his death in the following melancholy manner:—While working at the windlass, which it appears was not properly secured, some part of it gave way, and the battering ram fell across his body, breaking his thigh bone, and so severely bruising his body, internally, that he died on Saturday morning at 5 o'clock. The deceased was a young man of strictly moral and temperate habits, and his death is deeply regretted by his employer, fellow-workmen, and all who knew him.—Herald.

CARRENGE OF A SUPPOSED MUNDERDER At the latter and the Depository of the Diocese of To MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE. - On Wednesday evening, the For Sale at the Depository of the Church Society of

all who knew him.—Herald.

CAPERING OF A SUPPLIES AT THIS CONSTRUCT, and of last week, two of the members of the Irish constabulary arrived in Toronto, bearing a warrant for the capture of one John Broughy, who had recently left Ireland, charged with the munler of his son-in-law. It appears that Broughy left Dublin in The Sisters, for Quebec. The officers having taken passage by the steamer, anticipated his arrival here by some days, and through the exertions of Mr. Ald. Gurnett, aided by the High Bailiff, and some gentlemen, whose names we do not deem it meet to mention, he was traced to the farm of his brother, in the Gore of Townut.

The 2nd resolution was moved by John Cameron, Esq., and the condidate by W. A. Baldwin, Esq., viz,:—

That a committee be appointed for such purpose, and that such committee be requested to hold immediate communication

The 2nd resolution was moved by John Cameron, Esq., and ther, in the Gore of Toronto.

The presiding Alderman immediately despatched constable Trotter and one of the officers from Ireland, to the spot, and Bloughy was brought in, late the same night, and is now in

So far as we have been enabled to gather particulars, it would seem, that on the marriage of the deceased with the prisoner's daughter, be (the deceased) paid Broughy £100 in consideration of his giving him the use of 15 acres of the land owned by the prisoner. Wishing to dispose of the land before emigrating to America, and finding the lieu of the deceased an obstacle,

he was sacrificed by Broughy.

Another son-in-law, who was an accessory after the fact, is pernitted, we believe, to give evidence on the part of the crown.

FIRE IN GUELPH .- On Sunday night last, at 11 o'clock, a fire broke out in Guelph, in a house part of which was used as a sarpenter's shop and part of it occupied by a man named Cevis, the house being the property of the relict of the late Mr. Dyson—and which was consumed, together with the tools of the workmen, and other valuable articles; a large shed ad-That George Gurnett, Esq., Drs. McCaul, Connor and Hayes, and Messrs. W. A. Baldwin, John Duggan, O'Neil, O'Brien, 54.; A. T. McCord, 24. 10s.; M. J. O'Beirno, 54.; A. T. McCord, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; M. Scollard, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; J. J. Hayes & Sons, 54.; T. Webb, 24. 10s.; J. Fitzgerald, 34.; E. H. Mc-Sherry, 14. 5s. \*A Meadewald Mayer and other valuable articles; alarge shed adoining was also pulled down with a view to stop the progress of the frew which the voiled two working and other valuable articles; alarge shed adoining was also pulled down with a view to stop the progress of the frew which the workmen, and other valuable articles; alarge shed adoining was also pulled down with a view to stop the progress of the frew which the workmen, and other valuable articles; alarge shed adoining wa

NUMBER OF EMIGRANTS arrived at the Ports of Quebec and

ontieal, from the 26th June to this date:—	
	Steerage.
From England,	3898
Ireland,	9782
Scotland,	436
Germany,	
Lower Provinces,	45
Total,	15114
Previously reported,	32922
Total,	
To same period last year,	21921
Increase in favour of 1847,	25815
A. C. BUCHANA	N

Chief Emigrant Agent.

Commercial. (From the Circular of Messrs. Sandars & Sons.) (From the Circular of Messrs. Sandars & Sons.)

MANCHESTER AND LIVERPOOL, July 3rd, 1847.

The next two months will be a period of great general interest. The "food question" is one interesting not only to the British Islands, but to, we may almost say, the whole world to an extent never before known, the stocks of each country being so far encroached upon that existence almost depends upon the result of the coming harvest; if all goes well, we may revert to moderate but not low prices, but in the event of only partial failure in any considerable consuming country, the balance of demand or supply, now so critically adjusted may be destroyed, and much disarrangement ensue.

Already we hear from Odessa that drought has caused serious injury (in some districts almost total destruction) in the territories supplying the extensive exports of that place.

These remarks, however, upon a subject so dependent upon weather and other uncertainties, are offered merely as passing considerations.

Wheat, 70 lbs., United States White ................. 10 4 to 10 8 

NEW BOOKS, JUST RECEIVED

FROM The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, AT THE DEPOSITORY

THE CHURCH SOCIETY OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

	Col 1 The		0
	City Calendar, The	0	1
	On apprentices, The	100	101
	Criterion, The, (Bishop Douglass) Dew Drop and the Mist	10	6
9	Dew Drop and the Mist	1	8
	Davys (Bishop) on the Saving's Bank	0	11
3	Dale's (Rev. Thos.) Poems	11	101
	First Steps to General Knowledge, part 1	1	3
	Do. do. do. part 2	1	8
ä	Family Quarrel, The	0	10
	French Revolution, History of the		6
	Figures of Euclid		9
	Forest Trees of Britain, parts 1, 2, and 3, each		10
	Hat and Meathers	U	10
	Happy Hours	0	4
1	History of Greece (IV.	4	41/2
8	History of Greece (Historical Series No. 3)	1	8
	Ice Pond, Tue	0	3
,	Instructions in Household Matters	1	10}
	Johnson's Rural Spelling Book	1	10
t	Johnson's Rural Spelling Book Lessons derived from the Animal World—		
t	2500, 1 (16	0	3
t	Bee, The, parts 1, 2, and 3, each	0	5
	Stanley (Lord) on the Parables	2	1
,			5
r		1	3
	Onflines vi Loinan History		1
1	Outlines of History of England	1	8
1	Outlines of History of France	1	8
	Robin Goodfellow	1	9

Sketches of Refairs—The Fourty Lake Similitudes used in Scripture Stephens's Ecclesiastical Statutes, 2 vols. 8vo...... Trimmer's (Mrs.) Ancient History ...... do. Roman do. do. Fabulous do. Useful Arts and Manufactures-No. 7, Linen Yarn ....... 8, Woollen Goods .... " 9, Woven Goods, part 1
" 10, " " part 2. part 2. Bleaching ..... part 3, Calico Printing " part 4 ..... " 13, Silk .. " 14, Hosiery and Lace .

pries of a Fishing Village, parts 1, 2, and 3, each...

" 15, Carpets and Floor Cloths ..... Nos. 1 to 12, in cloth ....... Vanerable Bede, The Useful Arts employed in the production of-

MR. WAKEFIELD'S LAND SALE .- On Thursday week Mr. CHARLOTTE ELIZABETH'S WORKS. In Separate Volumes, 18mo.

CONFORMITY AND THE CONVENT BELL Floral Biography, or Chapters on Flowers..... Judah's Lion. Letters from Ireland ...... Osric, a Missionary Tale, and Izram, a Mexican Tale, and other Poems

Passing Thoughts, and Falsehood and Truth

Personal Recollections

Principalities and Powers in Heavenly Places Principalities and Powers in Heavenly Places
Rockite, The, an Irish Story.
Siege of Derry, or Sufferings of the Protestants
Alice Benden, or the Bowed Shilling, and other Tales
Church, The, Visible in all ages
Female Martyrs of the English Reformation
Flowers of Innocence, or Rachel, and other Tales...
Glimpses of the Past, or the Museum
Philip and his Garden, and other Tales...
Simple Flowers, and other Tales
Tales and Illustrations
Charlotte Elizabeth's Works, Complete in'3 Vols. Svo.,
cloth, bpards

cloth, boards ..... The usual Allowance to Members. For Sale at the Depository of The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto. AMY HERBERT; A Tale, Edited by the Rev. W. SEW

ELL, B.D., Cloth, 4s. 6d. Ditto, extra gilt, 6s. 3d. ALSO, BY THE SAME AUTHOR: LANETON PARSONAGE. Cloth, 1 vol., 4s. 6d. MARGARETT PERCEVAL. Cloth, 2 vols., 9s.

THE Public are hereby notified that arrangements are now in progress by Fire Engine Company, No. 2, in conjunction with the Hose Company, for getting up an Excursion to the Falls of Niagara, on Monday, the 2nd day of August next, the proceeds to be applied to the Relief of the Destitute Emitary and the contract of the proceeds to be applied to the Relief of the Destitute Emitary and the contract of the contract

NOTICE.

given as soon as the arrangements are completed.

EDWARD EVANS, Secretary, Fire Engine Company, No. 2. Toronto, July 14th, 1847.

grants now thronging our shores. More ample notice will be

COW FOUND. CAME into the Premises of the Subscriber, ten miles from Toronto, on the Lake Shore Road, in the Township of Etobicoke, on the 18th June last, a RED MILCH Cow, with broad horns and a brown face, supposed to be about 8 years old.

The owner may have her upon paying expenses.

DANIEL MURPHY.

Toronto, July 19th, 1847.

Diocesan Press.

THE Subscribers to this Association are requested to pay into the hands of the undersigned, or at the office of The Church, No. 5, King-Street West, Toronto, an Instalment of Five Per Cent. (being the Seventeenth Instalment) upon the amount of their respective Shares, on or before the 10th of July part.

A DIVIDEND at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum, will be payable on the amount of the Stock paid up, at the office of The Church, on and after the 10th of July next.

H. SCADDING,

Sec'y. & Treasurer. Toronto, July 1st, 1847.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. NOTICE is hereby given, that the ANNUAL COURT OF PROPRIETORS OF THIS INSTITUTION, at which the

BUILDING SOCIETY. Incorporated by Act of Parliament. SHARES £100 EACH.

Monthly Subscriptions ....... 10s. 0d. per share. Entrance Fee. ...... 2s. 6d. per share. Directors: W. B. JARVIS, Esq., PRESIDENT.

JOSH. D. RIDOUT, Esq., VICE-PRESIDENT. E. G. O'BRIEN, T. BRUNSKILL, BOBT. BEEKMAN, Esquires. THOS. CHAMPION. J. W. MUTTLEBURY, Secretary and Treasurer: A. B. TOWNLEY. Solicitor:

J. W. MUTTLEBURY. Bankers: BANK OF UPPER CANADA. Office :

No. 2. WELLINGTON BUILDINGS, KING ST., TORONTO, (Over Mr. T. Bilton's Store.) SEA BATHING

LONG BRANCH, NEW JERSEY, THE Subscriber will open his House, for the reception of Visitors during the Summer, from the 21st June to the 10th September.

Long Branch, June 21, 1847. IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF UPWARDS OF 200 TOWN AND PARK LOTS, IN ELORA.

ELORA is situated on the main or Post Road (leading from Guelph to Fergus, Arthur, and to Owen's Sound), in the Township of Nichol, District of Wellington, and twelve miles from the District Town of Guelph; its position is very beautiful, being upon the banks of, and at the junction of, the Grand And Irvine Rivers, which, together with the "FALLS of Elora," present scenery of a most romantic description.

description.

The Town Plot is well laid out into a variety of Streets, with reservation of squares for Market and other purposes; it already contains about 150 inhabitants, with the great acquisition of Grist, Meal, Barley, Carding, Fulling, and Saw Mills; Post Office, Carown Lands Office for the District; Episcopal and a Methodist Church, a good School, an excellent Tavern, two Stores, with the various trades; it has also the convenience of the Stores, with the various trades; it has also the convenience of the Mail and a Stage three times a-week.

the Mail and a Stage three times a-week.

ELORA has likewise the advantage of being in the midst of a fine healthy, well and respectably settled country, (Fever and Ague unknown). adjacent to the millions of acres of Government lands, which are rapidly settling, while the proposed Rail Road from Toronto to Goderich will pass within a short distance. The country around is admirably watered by rapid Rivers and Creeks, in which are abundance of TROUT of most delicious flavour; while the lands in the neighbourhood, which are of excellent equity, are one for sale at reseasely the research of the same of the sale at reseasely the research of the same of the sale at reseasely the research of the same of the sale at reseasely the research of the same of the sale at reseasely the same of the same

Thus may Elora be considered as destined shortly to become a place of the highest importance, and therefore a most favourable opportunity is now presented, not only to tradesmen, (who are much required), but to capitalists and others, who may be desirous of settling in a quiet and most eligible section of the country. Sale to commence at ELORA, on THURSDAY, THE

FIFTH DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, at ELEVEN o'clock, forenoon, when Plans may be seen and terms of Sale known, on application to Andrew Geddes and Charles Allan, Esqrs., at It is requested that all notices of Births, &c., may be certified Elora; and, in the mean time, any other information may be obtained from J. T. Gilkison, Esq., Hamilton; D. M. Gilkison, Esq., Brantford; or Dr. Boys and David Gilkison,

vate bargain, with from 50 to 70 acres cleared. Elora, 1st July, 1847.

A T a Special Meeting of the Board of Directors to the indulgence in any gross sin," "TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY," held on Saturday, July, 1847:

The useful communication on the subject of Building Societies is unavoidably postponed. the 3rd July, 1847: ORDERED-That parties subscribing for Shares in the "TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY," are required to pay, in addition to the back Instalments and Fees, a Premium of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Share, after this date.

By Order, W. C. ROSS, Secretary and Treasurer.

RICHARD SCORE. MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 1. Chewett's Buildings, Toronto.

S. takes this opportunity of returning thanks to his friends, for the very liberal patronage extended to him since he commenced business, and respectfully acquaints them (and the public generally), that he keeps constantly on hand a very superior Stock of WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD-CLOTHS, CASSEMERES, DOESKINS, and Rich VEST-INGS; all of which he is prepared to make up in the best style, and on terms that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

N. B.—University work done in all the different orders; also Judges', Queen's Counsel, and Barristers' Robes, in the

most correct style, and at his customary unprecedented low Toronto, June 9th, 1847.

NEW IMPORTATIONS. SERVICE & PORTER

RESPECTFULLY inform the Public of Toronto and Vicinity that they have opened those Premises No. 8, Wellington Buildings, King Street, (a few doors West of Wellington Buildings, King Street, (a few doors West of Church Street,) with an entirely new and carefully selected Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, comprising the newest designs in Dress Muslins and Delaines, also a very large assortment of Summer Shawls, in every variety of style and texture. Their Bonnet department will be found to contain the newest London and Paris Fashions in Plain and Facor Street.

Plain and Fancy Straws.

S. & P. have determined on charging only the smallest remunerating profit, consequently no deviation from the price first stated can be made. North Side of King Street, Toronto, June 15th, 1847.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 2, Wellington Buildings,

BEGS respectfully to inform the Gentry of Canada West, that he is in receipt of his regular supply of the Best West of England Cloths, Kerseymeres, Rich Vestings, Patent Cashmeres, French Cloths, Scarfs, Opera Ties, Suspenders, Gloves, Collars, &c., &c. In fact his present Stock comprises that choice selection of Goods, only to be met with in a first-rate Establishment.

choice selection of Goods, only to be met with in a first-rate Establishment.

The Tailoring department will continue to be conducted on those principles calculated to insure a continuance of the distinguished patronage already received.

Carocks, Clergymen, and Queen's 'Counsel's Gowns, Barrister's Robes, &c., made in superior style.

Toronto, June 2nd, 1847.

515-13

GOVERNESS.

A LADY accustomed to Tuition is desirous of engaging in a Family where the advantages of a liberal Education are sought.
Apply at the Office of this Paper.
June 8th, 1847.

BOARD AND EDUCATION. CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY YORK STREET.

R. LOSCOMBE respectfully announces to his Friends and the Public that he will RE-OFEN HIS SCHOOL, on Monday, the 7th September, in a new and spacious School House, on the Corner of York Street and Boulton Street West, when he trusts, by pursuing a course of unremitting attention, to merit a continuance of that support which has hitherto favoured his exertions.

Mr. L'SCOMBE has removed into a spacious brick house in Yonge Street, opposite to the new Protestant Free Church, and has vacancies for Four Private Boarders.

Sutisfactory references can be given.

Satisfactory references can be given. Toronto, August 20, 1846.

PROPRIETORS OF THIS INSTITUTION, at which the Election of Directors for the ensuing year takes place, will be held at the House of Business of the Corporation, George Street, City of Toronto, on Monday, the Second day of August next. The Chair will be taken at Twelve o'clock at noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

T. W. BIRCHALL,

Managing Director.

British America Assurance Office,

Toronto, 15th July, 1847.

Toronto, 15th July, 1847.

Toronto, 15th July unlified to Teach Music and Drawing, the former both in theory and execution.—Apply, if by letter post-paid, to Thomas Champion, Esq.

Toronto, July 9, 1847.

Toronto,

July 9, 1847.

Toronto,

July 9, 1847.

Toronto,

July 9, 1847.

Toronto,

Markers And Mechanics'

Buill Directors of the Ensurance Office, and with the science has reduced to such a form as to be within the reach of all. Far be it from us to tamper with those who are suffering from this painful disease. In offering you a remedy, we do not ask you to rely upon the representation of those who might be actuated by selfish and pecuniary motives, but we give you the deliberate cannot be assailed. Dr. Wm. A. Shaw, of Washington, N.C., writes, under date of May 1, 1846, as follows:

"I have heard of many cases of decided beneficial effects from its use, especially in Asthma and chronic cough of spasmodic character. I have used the Wild Cherry a great deal in practice, and with marked good results in those cases of gerat nervous mobility, and irritability, to which phthiscal patients are subject. I have no doubt it is the best form in which the effects of Prusic acid may be had as a sealarly on the constitution without danger to the patient. Every one knows the repusition of these principles in Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is ingenious and judicious."

Medical meu are justly distrustful of Patent Medicines in general, but candor must discriminate to between outrasecous humburs and nose the patient and patients are not provided to the patient. Every one knows the repusition of these perinciples CONSUMPTION.

Medical meu are justly distrustful of Patent Medicines in general, but candor must discriminate between outrageous humbugs and nostrums and those medicines which have proved salutary, and in many well attested cases curative. For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by LYMAN, KNEESHAW & Co., and ROBERT LOVE, Toronto; also, by Druggists generally. July, 1847.

BIRTHS. In this city, on Wednesday 14th instant, Mrs. Stanton of a daughter—still born.
On the 17th inst., Mrs. A. Foster of a daughter.

MARRIED. On the 6th instant, at Bellevue, by the Rev. Benjamin Cronyn, M. A., Rector of St. Paul's, London, C. W., James Shanley, Esq., Barrister at Law, to Eliza Emma, second daughter of Lieut. Colonel Ball.

daughter of Lieut. Colonel Ball.

In London, C. W., on Monday, 12th instant, at the residence of James Hamilton, Esq., Bank of Upper Canada, by the Rev. Benjamin Cronyn, M. A., Rector of St. Paul's, John Mulholland, Esq., Merchant, Toronto, to Miss Anna Jane Hill, of the Same place.
On the 28th ult., by the Rev. M. Harris, Rector of Perth,
Mr. Robert Wood, of North Elmsley, to Miss Margaret Wathur,

At Christ Church, Montreal, on the 8th instant, John R. Chamberlain, Esq., Merchant, to Erie Amelia, eldest daughter of the late Wm. Jephson Pardey, Esq., M. Q.

DIED. In this city, on the 18th inst., in the 29th year of her age Marie Zelie, wife of G. T. Berthon, Esq.
In Guelph, on the evening of the 15th inst., Murray, Jarvis, infant son of W. D. Powell, Esq.
At the residence of his father, in Nepean, on the 30th ult., of Consumption, Adam Dawson, Esq., some time past Editor of the Britan Cartle.

of the Bytown Gazette.
On the 26th May, at Liverpool, England, after a protracted 518-8 and painful illness, born with patience and submissive resignation to the Divine Will, Eliza Anne, youngest daughter of the late Harrison Chilton, Esq., of Whitby, Yorkshire, and sister of Mrs. Mewburn, of Danby House, Stamford, near the Falls

On Thursday evening, the 15th inst., Waddington Ogden, Esq., fourth son of the late Chas. L. Ogden, Esq., of Montreal. Capt. Justin Freniere, of the Steamer Canada, died at Lachenaie, on the 9th inst., of fever, contracted on board his boat

few months ago.

At Sheffield on the 20th June, the Rev. E. Goodwin, M.A. Assistant Minister at the Parish Church. TO OUR READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS. Our best thanks are due to the Rev. Robert Montgomery,

for his acceptable communication. We trust to hear from him as often as may suit his convenience. Canadian Colloquies, No. 2, in our next.

Our Subscribers in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick are

It is requested that all notices of Births, &c., may be certified Esq., Toronto.

N.B.—Also two or three excellent FARMS for sale by private bargain, with from 50 to 70 acres cleared.

Elora, 1st July, 1847.

S20-4

NOTICE.

Me are sorry that a passage in our brief notice of the Rev.
Mr. Shortt's pamphlet should have been misunderstood. By the expression, "those who have not felt the chastening pang and struggle of separation from babitual sin," no more was intended to be meant than that "there are some who are assisted and enabled, by Divine grace, to abstain from a course of indulgence in any gross sin."

LETTERS received to Thursday, July 22:

Chas. Brent, Esq., add. sub. and fem.; J. Grover, Esq.; A. McPherson, Esq.; Rev. Hy. Patton, add. sub.; E. Flint, Esq., rem.; Rev. A. Palmer, add. sub.: Rev. W. Macaulay; Thos. Mercer Jones, Esq.; Ven. Archdeacon Bethune; Rev. H. C. Copper.

520-tf Cooper.

Toronto, July 5, 1847.

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