

## SUPPLIES FOR THE CARREL METHOD OF WOUND STERILIZATION.

Surgeons who are interested in the Carrel method of wound sterilization, by intermittent saturation of the wound by means of a specially devised solution of sodium hypochlorite, will find the Chlorin-Soda Ampoules the most convenient and accurate method of preparing the solution.

Following is a list of supplies for the Carrel method which are made by Johnson & Johnson, and which may be obtained from druggists and physicians' supply houses:

**Chlorin-Soda Ampoules.**—One ampoule of liquid chlorin and one tube of sodium salts contain the exact amount of material necessary to prepare one liter of Carrel-Dakin solution of standard strength—.45% to .50% sodium hypochlorite. These items are supplied only in sets containing three ampoules of liquid chlorin and three tubes of sodium salts (sufficient for three liters of Carrel-Dakin solution).

**Ampoule Holder.**—(Connected with rubber stopper) For holding the chlorin ampoule in the bottle when making the solution.

**Protective Bags.**—To cover five pint or half-gallon bottles, to protect user in case of breakage of glass bottle.

**C. D. S. Rubber Instillation Tubes.**—These are perforated, ends tied, and the perforated area covered with special absorbent Turkish toweling made for the purpose. Packed six in a box.

**Rubber Instillation Tubes (plain).**—Perforated and ends tied, but not provided with diffusers. Packed one dozen in a box.

**Diffusers.**—Made of special Turkish toweling manufactured for the purpose. Prepared in "tubes" twelve inches long, ready for application to perforated instillation tubes. These are extra diffusers to replace those removed by the surgeon and destroyed after each daily change of dressings. Packed one dozen in a box with a glass applicator to facilitate slipping them over the rubber diffusers.

**Bacterial Charts.**—As designed by Dr. Carrel for charting the bacterial "count" by which the point of approximate sterility is determined. No charge.