

tea and milk constitutes the diet. Part of the time the stomach would not retain the milk unless boiled. As the stomach improved in strength, farinaceous food was allowed. By the 19th November, the typhoid symptoms had subsided, but much weakness remained. Ordered tinct. nux vom. m. x. with comp. tinct. gent. and water three times a-day. Discharged well November 27th.

Alfred P., aged 21, native of England, admitted 12th October, 1870—typhoid fever. Had been under medical treatment for ten days. There were evident symptoms of profound typhoid poisoning. Was quite delirious, and unable to take much nourishment or stimulant. The hair was cut close and a blister applied to back of neck. Beef tea, whiskey and milk—a table-spoonful ordered to be given alternately every 20 or 30 minutes, except he might seem to be in a natural sleep, when he might go a longer time without either. The powers of life ebbed and flowed until the 23rd October, when he died.

Margaret B., aged 75, native of Ireland, admitted October 18th, 1870—chronic ulcers of left leg. Of some months' standing. Have several times healed, but before long would open again. For many years before ulcers first formed—two years ago—had swelling of the leg (passive congestion). There are two ulcers, one on the inner surface of the tibia a few inches above the ankle, the other just below the external malleolus. Both ulcers of the indolent kind. The skin around the ankle slightly discolored and constricted, as if fitting too closely to the bone. The case was pointed out to the students as an excellent type of the indolent ulcer, there being no attempt at granulation. Considering the history of the case and the age of the patient, the case was not regarded a very hopeful one so far as healing was concerned. Tinct. iron m. x. with tinct. columbo was ordered to be taken after each meal. A lotion composed of extract belladonna and water, to be applied frequently. This application did not have the beneficial effects it has obtained in other similar cases. But it was doubtful if she used it as directed. Zinc ointment was used with no more benefit. Then adhesive straps, in narrow pieces, were used over the ulcers, with a bandage over all to be changed and the limb well washed every second day. This had the effect of drawing together the edges of the ulcers and establishing a growth of granulations. For a time healing proceeded, but finally the lower ulcer assuming a dark, unhealthy appearance, mt. suvor suck was applied. This gave the patient offence, and she left the Hospital, December 16th. The ulcer upon the leg had healed about one-half. The other remained about the same, while a third small one had formed just below the upper one.