THE ACADIAN
One Year to Any Address for $1.00.

The Acadian.

No better advertising medium in the Valley than THE ACADIAN.

HONEST, INDEPENDENT, FEARLESS.

VOL. XXXIII. WOLFVILLE, KINGS COUNTY, N. S., FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1914. NO. 17.

THE ACADIAN.

Published every FRIDAY morning by the Proprietors,

DAVISON BROS.,
WOLFVILLE, N. S.

Subscription price is $1.00 a year in advance. If sent to the United States, $1.50.

Newsy communications from all parts of the county, or articles upon the topics of the day, are cordially solicited.

ADVERTISING RATES.

$1.00 per square (2 inches) for first insertion, 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Contract rates for yearly advertisements furnished on application.

Reading notices ten cents per line first insertion, two and a half cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

RULES.

Copy for new advertisements will be received up to Thursday noon. Copy for changes in contract advertisements must be in the office by Wednesday noon.

Advertisements in which the number of insertions is not specified will be continued and charged for until otherwise ordered.

This paper is mailed regularly to subscribers until a definite order to discontinue is received and all arrears are paid in full.

Job Printing is executed at this office in the latest styles and at moderate prices.

All postmasters and news agents are authorized agents of the ACADIAN for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, but receipts for same are only given from the office of publication.

TOWN OF WOLFVILLE.

J. D. CHAMBERS, Mayor.
W. M. BLACK, Town Clerk.

OFFICE HOURS:
9.00 to 12.30 a. m.
1.30 to 3.00 p. m.
Close on Saturday at 12 o'clock

POST OFFICE, WOLFVILLE.

OFFICE HOURS, 8.00 a. m. to 8.00 p. m. On Saturdays open until 8.30 P. M. Mails are made up as follows:

For Halifax and Windsor close at 6.05 a. m.
Express west close at 9.35 a. m.
Express east close at 4.05 p. m.
Kentville close at 5.40 p. m.

E. S. CRAWLEY, Post Master.

CHURCHES.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. E. D. Webber, Pastor. Services: Sunday, Public Worship at 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Mid-week prayer-meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30. Women's Missionary Aid Society meets on Wednesday following the first Sunday in the month, at 3.30 p. m. The Social and Benevolent Society meets the third Thursday of each month at 3.30 p. m. The Mission Band meets on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at 3.45 p. m. All seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. G. W. Miller, Pastor: Public Worship every Sunday at 11 a.m., and at 7 p.m. Sunday School at 9.45 a. m. and Adult Bible Class at 2.30 p.m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Services at Lower Horton as announced. W.F.M.S. meets on the second Tuesday of each month at 3.30. p.m. Senior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Tuesday at 7.30 p.m. Junior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Wednesday at 3.30 p m.

METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. H. Rackham, Pastor. Services on the Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 o'clock, a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.45. All the seats are free and strangers welcomed at all the services. At Greenwich, preaching at 3 p. m. on the Sabbath.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

ST. JOHN'S PARISH CHURCH, OF HORTON.—Services: Holy Communion every Sunday, 8 a. m.; first and third Sundays at 11 a. m. Matins every Sunday 11 a. m. Evensong 7.00 p. m. Wednesday Evensong, 7.30 p. m. Special services in Advent, Lent, etc., by notice in church. Sunday School, 10 a. m.; Superintendent and teacher of Bible Class, the Rector.

All seats free. Strangers heartily welcome.

REV. R. F. DIXON, Rector.

T. L. Harvey } Wardens.
R. Creighton }

ST. FRANCIS (Catholic)—Rev. William Brown, P. P.—Mass 11 a. m. the fourth Sunday of each month.

THE TABERNACLE.—During Summer months open air gospel services:—Sunday at 7 p.m., Tuesday at 7.30 p.m. Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Splendid class rooms, efficient teachers, men's bible class.

MASONIC.

ST. GEORGE'S LODGE, A. F. & A. M., meets at their Hall on the second Friday of each month at 7.30 o'clock.

A. K. BARSS, Secretary.

ODDFELLOWS.

ORPHEUS LODGE, No. 92, meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in their hall in Harris' Block. Visiting brethren always welcomed.

H. M. WATSON, Secretary

TEMPERANCE.

WOLFVILLE DIVISION S. of T. meets every Monday evening in their Hall at 8 o'clock.

FORESTERS.

Court Blomidon, I. O. F., meets in Temperance Hall on the third Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m.

To the Public:

The undersigned begs to notify the public that he is now prepared to undertake painting, paper-hanging, etc., of all kinds. Having had adequate experience he guarantees first-class work and entire satisfaction in every case. Orders may be left with Wolfville Decorating Co.

F. W. GODFREY.

Wolfville, Mar. 9, 1910. 'Phone 80.

Business Announcement

Owing to the death of my partner, Mr. Lyman W. Cox, in September, a reorganization of our firm became necessary.

There has been made and in future we will be known as

The Tip Top Tea Co., Ltd.

Our friends will be pleased to hear that in the new company, I have associated several gentlemen of well-known financial responsibility, also that our facilities for serving the trade in the future will be better than before.

I shall attend to the buying and blending as heretofore. Our travellers are now out for business.

Henry Graham.

The Excelsior Life Insurance Co.
SHOWED IN 1912

FOR SECURITY—$137 assets for every $100 liability.
FOR PROFITS—Interest earned on mean net assets, 7.43%; Mortality rate, experienced to expected, 37%; Decreased in expense ratio 5%.
HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, ONT.

CAPT. S. M. BEARDSLEY, Wolfville, Prov. Mgr.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Professional Cards.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. A. J. McKenna
Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College
Office in McKenna Block, Wolfville.
Telephone No. 43.
GAS ADMINISTERED.

Dr. D. J. Munro,
Graduate Baltimore College of Dental Surgery. 47
Office Hours: 9—12 a. m.; 1—5 p. m.
Borss Building, Wolfville.

C. E. Avery deWitt
M. D., C. M. (McGILL)
One year post graduate study in Germany.
Office hours: 8—10 a. m.; 1—3, 7—9 p. m.
Tel. 81 University Ave.

M. R. ELLIOTT
A.B., M.D. (Harvard)
Office at residence of late Dr. Bowles.
Telephone 23.
Office Hours:—8-10 a.m., 1-3, 7-9 p.m.

W. E. ROSCOE, K. C. BARRY W. ROSCOE, LL.B
ROSCOE & ROSCOE
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC.
KENTVILLE, - - N. S.

Leslie R. Fairn,
ARCHITECT,
AYLESFORD, N. S.

J. B. NEWCOMBE
REPRESENTING
Sun Fire Assurance Co. of Canada
Centreville, N. S.

Wolfville Real Estate Agency.
Persons wishing to buy or sell apply to
J. W. SELFRIDGE, Manager.
Wolfville, April 27.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

A Wandering Road.

(By FREDERIC E. SNOW, in the 'Outlook,' New York.)

A wandering road winds up the hill
And disappears beyond its top;
And I sit wondering, wondering still
Whither it goes and where its stop.

For I have never walked that road;
An unkind fate has kept me here
Housed in my narrowing abode
Year after year, year after year.

Perchance it leads to Arcady!
I may not know; no traveller turns
And comes to tell what he may see,
Or, what, beyond the hill, he learns.

Perhaps it comes to storied towns
Where heroes lived in days gone by,
Or brings one straight to grassy downs
Where he in pastures green may lie.

Or may he to the rainbow's end
Attend, where pots of gold are hid,
Or yet perchance the way may tend
To some far Eldorado's bound.

Could I but walk that way which lures
My willing soul in search of weal,
I'm sure my ills would find their cures,
And all my fondest dreams prove real.

Hon. Martin Burrell.

A TYPE OF MAN OF WHICH THERE ARE TOO FEW IN THE COUNTRY.

By W. T. W.

Hon. Martin Burrel, Minister of Agriculture, in the Borden Cabinet, and member for Yale-Cariboo, is a type of man of which there are too few in this country. They are common enough in Great Britain and that is the reason that the calibre of the members of the British House of Commons is far above that of any similiar Chamber in the world. He is a man with an English public school education, well read and well informed on many subjects. He has not the fault which marks so many public men both in Canada and the United States, he is not a 'one idea man.' So many people on this continent know just the business they are in and nothing else. They take no interest in anything which is not directly related to their business and are almost ignorant on all political questions excepting those which directly concern themselves. They also have only a small, if any, acquaintance with literature and art. In a word they are narrow and self-centred and find it hard to see the viewpoint of the other men where it clashes to any extent with their own interests.

To a great extent this cannot be helped in a new country. It is a condition made necessary by the fact that the majority of the people from their early youth have to make their own way in the world. They have little time for anything outside of their own business during their early years and by the time that they have got to a place where they can take a breathing spell they have become so accustomed to the one mode of living that it is hard for them to change. This, however, will be overcome as the country develops and the younger generation has more time to devote to education. Then it is to be hoped they will, like Mr. Burrell, turn their attention to public affairs and enter political life.

Mr. Burrell, who is in his 55th year, came to this country in 1883 and for six years was in the Niagara Peninsula fruit farming near St. Catharines. While in Ontario he did not take an active part in politics but shortly after he removed to British Columbia he began to manifste interest in public questions. He was Mayor of his town, Grand Forks, in 1903 and member of the British Columbia Board of Horticulture from 1904 to 1908. In 1904 he was defeated when he ran for the House of Commons in Yale-Cariboo. But he was elected in 1908 and was again returned in 1911 and on the accession of the Conservatives to power was made Minister of Agriculture.

Mr. Burrel has been a horticulturist practically all his life and has been an extensive and successful fruit grower in British Columbia. It was thought in some quarters at the time of his appointment to the office he now holds that perhaps there were other men better fitted for the position. But he has so ably administered his Department that everyone is satisfied Mr. Borden made a wise choice.

Mr. Burrell is a good campaign speaker, reasonable and sane and capable of arguing a question with any one desirous of heckling. He does not attempt to thrust his ideas down your throat but by the use of argument and example he attempts to show where he is right. If you cannot be persuaded he does not think you are insane but is always willing to concede that there can be two points on any question.

One of his greatest assets and perhaps his chief charm is his unfailing courtesy. It does not matter who the person may be or what his station in life he deals with all alike. He is never abrupt or 'short,' but always ready to hear out and his reply, either agreeing or disagreeing, is never rude or angry. His manner is delightful and one feels instinctively that no matter under what conditions or what the provocation he will always act the part of a gentleman. A public man, particularly one holding a portfolio, does not live in a bed of roses and they can not be blamed if they are a bit curt sometimes. But Mr. Burrell never is, and this fact undoubtedly accounts for the liking men on both sides of the House and the average person who comes in contact with him have for Martin Burrell.

There may be men of greater eminence in the Conservative party than the member for Yale-Cariboo, but it is doubtful if any of them makes a stronger appeal to the public than this quiet, sane Canadian citizen of English birth, and so long as Mr. Borden has about him men of his stamp he may feel sure that his Government will have the respect of the country.

Mr. Burrell has one fault and this we would rather not reveal, but it will probably come out anyway. He is a good friend. It is a disease which has but lately got its grip on him but even now we fear it is too late to rescue him. However, public men have had worse vices and still have power in the land. Perhaps he may outgrow it as we imagine he will find it rather hard to discover a golf course in that tract of mountains which he is pleased to call his constituency.

Fuel Inventions.

What next in the scientific world. Dr. Otto Lummer, Director of the Physics Institute of the University of Breslau, at a meeting of scientists informed the savants that he had succeeded in rendering coal fluid by electricity and demonstrated in their presence, in part, his method of doing this. After emptying several vials containing secret chemicals over the coal, he applied a light electric current to the mixture, and before the eyes of the astonished audience a fluid almost as thin as water was emptied into a vessel. He then applied a match to the substance, and within five minutes after the fluid coal had been lighted it was consumed by flames. Dr. Lummer expects his discovery to revolutionize the coal industry.—EX.

Henry S Blackmore, one of the most distinguished chemists in the United States, claims he has perfected a process of not only liquifying but also of solidifying natural gas. Both the liquid and the solid, he explained, could be used as motor fuel. Both also can be applied in other use of fuel whefever it is required.

The fluid is of ethereal character, like gasoline, and 1,000 cubic feet of gas can be made to yield from 8 to 10 gallons. The estimated first cost is about 2 cents per gallon. Gasoline retails at about 30 cents per gallon. The fluid, however, has an advantage over gasoline, in that it leaves no carbon deposit to clog the cylinder.

By modifying the process of manufacture, Mr. Blackmore has converted the gas into a solid. A cubic foot of this weighs about 95 pounds, and comprises the condensed product of 2,500 feet of natural gas. The solid has the appearance of crystallized paraffin, softens to putty like consistency at 212 degrees and at 312 turns to gas again. A cubic foot of it will carry an automobile 12 or 15 times as far as a cubic foot of gasoline. Both the solid and the liquid are safe to handle.

Mr. Blackmore claims to be the first man to apply chemical analysis to natural gas. His reputation, evidently, has been fairly won, for he deals with the intricacies of chemistry with as much familiarity as the average man does with his daily needs and wants. Interests controlling his invention have secured large gas fields in the United States and Canada.

Advantages of Wireless in Fishing Fleets.

Wireless telegraphy apparatus is gaining favor for use in the larger fishing vessels as well as the steam trawlers, especially in fleets under the one management. It is planned to erect sending stations on shore points near the operating grounds, so that the owner, by means of the Marconi, would be able to send instructions to his skipper to which particular port he should send his fish, and in the event of there being a short supply at one port he could order his skipper to send his fish there and thus gain the best market. The trawler owner would, by the establishment of communication with the 'mark' trawler of the fleet, be able to send outgoing trawlers away with such information as to the position of the fleet that it could be located without difficulty whereas in the past it has always been a somewhat difficult and expensive matter for outward-bound vessels to find the fleet, which shifts its position according to circumstances.

The above is from the Fish Trades Gazette, of London. We suspect it will be some time yet before we shall be able to make a similar report regarding our Nova Scotia fleet. The needs of our fleet are not the same as those of the English steam trawlers, but a wireless connection that would enable our men to keep track of the bait supply would certainly be of benefit and perhaps the time is not too far away when the federal government will think it wise to equip a certain number of the fleet for obtaining this information. These in turn would pass the word along to others.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Eclipses of Sun and Moon in 1914.

In the matter of eclipses of the sun and Moon, 1914 is to be a much more interesting one than the year which preceded it (1913), or that which follows it (1915). In the year 1915 there will be but two eclipses, both mere annual eclipses of the sun, of which no trace will be seen by observers, either in North or South America. But during the year 1914 there will be four eclipses, two of the sun and two of the moon. Of the first of these, which is an eclipse of the sun, and occurs on February 24, we will see nothing; the second will be an almost total eclipse of the moon on the evening of March 11, and this will be a striking and interesting sight, visible throughout North America. The third eclipse is a very important total eclipse of the sun, visible throughout Europe and Southern Asia, but whose very ending only will be visible to dwellers in parts of America, who will see the sun rise on the morning of August 21 with its disc partly hidden. And finally, on September 4, at 9 a. m., Eastern Standard Time, there will occur another eclipse of the moon, which, however, will only be visible from the western parts of this continent.

New Comet Is to Be Visible Soon.

Delevan's comet, the latest stranger in the sky to come within the range of the telescopes of expert star-gazers, may be visible to the naked eye soon. The faintly illumined, betailed object apparently is drawing nearer the earth, although up to last night it was not to be seen by a less powerful glass than the five inch finder of the great telescope at the naval observatory here.

Scientists here are keenly interested in the comet, which was discovered by Paul E Delevan, of the Argentine naval observatory at La Plata. It was first observed in this country by Prof. Asaph Hall, U. S N., at the naval observatory Thursday night, Dec. 18th, and observations were taken again Friday night and last night. Reports also have been received of observations in Europe Thursday.

'According to the telegram from South America, Prof. Hall said to day, 'a large telescope was necessary for observations there, meaning probably the 17 inch reflector of the La Plata observatory. When the observation was taken in Washington the comet was visible in the 5 inch finder of the large telescope. It has a bright nebulosity, and on the night of December 19 it showed a fairly bright nucleus, surrounded by nebulosity, and appeared to have a faint tail following. It was not visible in the two and a half inch finder. On the night of December 22 there was considerable haze, so that no tail was to be seen.'

Amateur astronomers with small glasses may seek the comet, Prof. Hall said, by using the star Zeta Eridani for a starting point. 'The comet is approximately 14 1-2 minutes of time west of the star,' he explained, 'and north of it 2 1-3 degrees. It is moving west about fifty-four seconds of time per day, north about five and a half minutes, but there has not been enough motion so far to compute an orbit.'

This is the sixth comet discovered this year. The one that has attracted our attention most was found by Neujuin on September 3. This was a very small body, and showed only the slightest trace of nebulosity, its appearance being rather that of an asteroid.—Washington Despatch of December 30th.

Thompson was always soft-hearted. This is what he wrote:

'Dear Mrs. Jones—Your husband cannot come home to-day because his bathing suit was washed away.

'P. S.—Poor Jones was inside the suit.'

The Canadian Bankers' association will meet in Montreal, January 24 to consider amendments regarding bank note circulation.

Back Was Lame For Two Years

Stomach Troubles and Weakness of Kidneys Cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

There is an enormous amount of suffering from liver and kidney derangements and stomach troubles that could easily be avoided by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. If you could only realize the scores of everyday ills that arise from a sluggish condition of the kidneys, liver and bowels you would not be long in giving this medicine a trial.

Mrs. Edward Stewart, New Richmond West, Que., writes: 'I want to tell you how thankful I am for using your Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for stomach troubles and backache caused by weak kidneys. I was unable to wash any clothes for over two years on account of my back being lame. I read the Almanac and began using these pills. Two boxes made a complete cure. I can do my own washing and other work now, and want to say to lady friends that they do not know how much I appreciate Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.'

25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Cakes, hot biscuit, hot breads, and other pastry, are daily necessities in the American family. Royal Baking Powder will make them more digestible, wholesome, appetizing.

No Alum—No Lime Phosphates

Warm Welcome to New Pastor.

REV EDMUND D WEBBER AND MRS. WEBBER GIVEN RECEPTION AT HAVERHILL, MASS.

Parishioners of the First Baptist church and other friends throughout the city greeted its new pastor, Rev. Edmund D. Webber, and Mrs. Webber at a reception given in the vestry from 8 to 10 last evening under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society, the gathering including some of the other Haverhill ministers. The event was one of the most pleasing and successful that has been held at the church for a long time and convinced Mr. and Mrs. Webber of the loyalty of the parishioners and the hospitality of Haverhill residents.

The vestry was tastily decorated with evergreen and flowers, presenting an impressing scene. The Winnecoette orchestra, composed of Miss Marion Godfrey, cornet; Miss Florence Lockwood, violin, and Miss Ellen Lockwood, pianist, furnished music during the reception. One of the pleasing features was the visit of many of the parishioners of the Portland Street Baptist church, who at the close of its annual meeting, and headed by its pastor, Rev. Robert L. Webb, Ph. D., marched to the vestry and tendered their greetings to Mr. and Mrs. Webber.

Ma. and Mrs. Webber received in the ladies' parlor, being assisted by John F. Davis, senior deacon of the church, and Mrs. F. C. Davis, president of the Ladies' Aid society.

During the evening refreshments were served.

The installation of Mr. Webber as pastor of the church will take place about the middle of this month, arrangements being in the hands of the committee composed of William C. Evans, Mr. Webber and C B Mitchell. It is expected that all of the other local ministers will attend or as many as can, and that there will be interesting addresses delivered by well known speaker.

Mr. Webber was ordained at Wollaston, where he served as pastor of the Baptist church for some years. He went from Wollaston to Wolfville, N. S., where he was pastor for several years, or until he tendered his resignation last fall. He succeeded Rev. Dr. Frederick B. Greul as pastor of the local church, who resigned and recently accepted a call to a church in Toronto, Can.—Haverhill, Mass., paper.

Chronic Constipation Cured.

'Five years ago I had the worst case of chronic constipation I ever knew of, and Chamberlain's Tablets cured me,' writes S. F. Fish, Brooklyn, Mich. For sale by all dealers.

One of our exchanges most truthfully says that the telephone girl sits in her chair and listens to voices from everywhere. She knows who is happy and who has the blues; she knows all our sorrows; she knows all our joys; she knows every girl that is chasing the boys; she knows of our trouble, she knows of our strife; she knows every man who is mean to his wife; she knows every time we are out with the boys; she hears the excuses each fellow employs; in fact there's a secret 'neath each saucy curl of that quiet, demure looking telephone girl. If the telephone girl would tell all she knows it would turn all our friends into bitterest foes; she would sow a small wind that would soon be a gale, engulf us in trouble and land us in jail; she would let go her story which (gaining in force) would cause half our wives to sue for divorce; she would get all the churches mixed up in a fight, and turn all our days into sorrow and night; in fact she would keep the whole town in a stew, if she told the tenth of the things that she knew. Now don't it set your head in a whirl when you think what you owe the telephone girl?

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

After Effects of Dreaded LaGrippe.

OVERCOME BY THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Throught Canada la grippe (influenza) prostrates thousands of busy men and women every winter, wrecking their health and leaving behind numerous serious ailments. It is the after effects of la grippe that cause such widespread misery. Here is the reason. La grippe leaves behind it weakened vital powers, a shattered nervous system, impure and impoverished blood, and a low state of health that renders the sufferer extremely liable to rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia and nervous disorders. You can avoid la grippe entirely by keeping the blood rich and pure through the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Or if, because you have not recognized your blood weakness, la grippe fastens its fangs upon you, its disastrous after-effects can be driven out by the same medicine. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills increase and enrich the blood supply, feed the starving nerves and thus impart new health and new strength to enfeebled men and women. Mr. G. St. Clair, connected with the Sun Life Assurance Co., Halifax, N. S., says: 'I was taken down with a heavy cold and la grippe and was confined to the house for some weeks. I had the best of medical attention, and although the doctor said I was cured I was still far from well, and did not have the vim necessary for a strenuous business life, and did not attend to either office or field work. Talking with a friend he said 'Why not try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.' I decided to do so, and before I had used a box felt an improvement, and before long the Pills made me feel like a new man. I can't, therefore, say too much in favor of this valuable medicine, and hope that any who may read this and be in need of medical attention will be persuaded to try this truly wonderful medicine.'

You can get these health-renewing Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Boys will be boys, except when they are little wretches, and Tommy was no exception.

He had broken one of the school rules, and the teacher told him to tell his mother about it, and also about the punishment he had received. This was foxy of the teacher. She thought his mother might thrash him again.

The next morning she asked: 'Well, Tommy, did you tell your mother about your bad behaviour yesterday, and how I punished you?'

'Yes, miss,' replied Tommy, quickly.

'Well, what did your mother say?' was teacher's next question.

'Said she'd like to wring your darned neck, miss,' replied Tommy, calmly.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

During the month of November, 27 new branch banks were opened in Canada, which, with eight branches closed, and four sub-branches made branches, brings the total number of branches in Canada to 2 985. In Canada and elsewhere there are now 3,072 branches of Canadian banks.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

A rolling stone gathers no moss, but it's a smooth one just the same.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

His Stomach Troubles Over.

Mr. Dyspeptic, would you not like to feel that your stomach trouble was over, that you could eat any kind of food you desired without injury? That may seem so unlikely to you that you do not even hope for an ending of your trouble, but permit us to assure you that it is not altogether impossible. If others can be cured permanently, and thousands have been, why not you? John R. Baker, of Battle Creek, Mich., is one of them. He says, 'I was troubled with heart burn, indigestion, and liver complaint until I used Chamberlain's Tablets, then my trouble was over.' Sold by all dealers.

Miss Lena Hudson and Wm. Winkler were married in the main street in Stuttgart, Ark., recently. The couple drove up to the parsonage in an automobile and called out the minister, who performed the ceremony on the sidewalk.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead of pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homstead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. COREY.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

P. S. Unauthorised publications of this advertisement will not be paid for.