

THIS STORE--THE FOREMAN
STORE--WILL BE

The Acme of Style

THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE

Fall Season 1905

YOUR inspection of the various stocks will be welcomed at any time during the present season, and at such times it will be our pleasure to show you through and discuss the new styles with you.

Dress Goods

The Dress Goods stock is fast nearing completion and we will be glad to show you the goods already to hand.

Millinery

We will be ready to announce the arrival of our purchases in a few days.

WM FOREMAN & CO.

Importers

ON THE RIVER

The other day John Bennett and Harry Groves took a ride in the former's boat down the river to Mr. Johnston's residence, and there met Mr. Fred Brisco with his launch. Mr. Brisco passed a remark in the morning that he had the fastest tub on the river and could beat all comers at any time. Mr. Brisco, accompanied by Dan Robertson, Reg. Oldershaw and Pete Cowan, were given a 75-yard handicap in a three-quarter mile stretch. The boys rounded his bow and returned home with nothing in sight. Fred blames the defeat on Pete Cowan's bad management at wheel.

SETTLERS' LOW RATES WEST.

The Chicago and North Western Ry. will sell low one-way second class settlers' tickets daily, from Sept. 15th to Oct. 31st, 1905, to points in Utah, Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California and British Columbia. Rate from Toronto to Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster, B. C., Seattle, Wash., or Portland, Ore. \$42.25; to San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., \$44.00. Correspondingly low rates from all points in Canada. Choice of routes. Best of service. For full particulars write to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. td

Minari's Lignum Curis Dandruff.

PORTER J. WHITE'S
MAGNIFICENT PRODUCTION OF
"FAUST"



Grand OPERA House
Friday, Sept. 8th

PRICES--25c, 35c, 50c. and 75c.

RUSS-JAP WAR ENDED ON TUESDAY

Envoys Sign the Treaty and
Then Shake Hands.

Hope For a Lasting Accord Expressed
By the Chief Plenipotentiaries--
Last Scenes of All in the Treaty
of Portsmouth--Salute of 21 Guns
and Ringing of Church Bells Usher
In the Peace.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 6.--The treaty of Portsmouth was signed shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the conference room of the navy general store at the navy yard. The signing of a national salute of 21 guns was the signal which told New-castle that the peace of Portsmouth was an accomplished fact, and the church bells were soon pealing forth a joyful refrain.

The Russian plenipotentiaries reached the yard at 2.45, and received an ambassadorial salute of nineteen guns. The Russians went at once to their private offices to await the arrival of the Japanese, who did not reach the navy yard until 3 o'clock. Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira were also saluted with 19 guns as they entered the yard.

It was just 3.45 when the plenipotentiaries entered the conference room from their respective offices. They bowed to each other and took their accustomed seats at the long table.

Signing the Treaty.
When the delegates were seated, Mr. Sato handed Mr. Witte the Japanese copies of the treaty. At the same time Mr. Plancon placed the Russian copies before Baron Komura. Almost at the same moment the two men selected pens from the centre of the table and signed their names, first to the French and then to the English text. The copies were then signed by Baron De Rosen and Mr. Takahira. Mr. Sato returned the Japanese copies for the signatures of Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira. Mr. Witte and Baron De Rosen affixed their signatures to the Russian copies and the treaty of Portsmouth was signed, the ceremony being completed at 3.50.

Up to this moment no word had broken the silence of the conference room. Throwing his pen aside, Mr. Witte, without a word, reached across the table and grasped Baron Komura's hand. His conferees followed, and the Russian and Japanese delegates remained for a moment in silence, their right hands tightly clasped across the conference table. The war was over--Russia and Japan were once more friends.

Baron De Rosen was the first to break the silence. Looking straight at Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira, he began by saying that he wished, on behalf of M. Witte and himself, to say a few words. He then said, "I continued the ambassador, 'an act which will have forever a place in the annals of history. It is not for us active participants in the conclusion of this treaty to pass judgment on its import, and significance. As negotiators, we have the duty to say that we have done all that was in our power in order to bring about the peace for which the whole civilized world is longing. As plenipotentiaries of Russia, we fulfil a most agreeable duty in acknowledging that in negotiating with our hitherto adversaries and from this hour our friends, we have been dealing with true and thorough gentlemen to whom we are happy to express our high esteem and personal regard. We earnestly hope that friendly relations between the two Empires will be henceforth firmly established, and we trust that His Excellency, Baron Komura, as Minister of Foreign Affairs, and one of the leading statesmen of his country, will apply to the strengthening of these relations the wide experience and wise statesmanship he so conspicuously displayed during these negotiations which have now been so auspiciously concluded.'

A Lasting Peace.
Baron Komura replied expressing like regard for the Russian plenipotentiaries. The treaty of peace which they had just signed was in the interest of humanity and civilization and he was happy to believe that it would bring about a firm, lasting peace between two neighboring Empires. He added that it would always be pleasant for him to recall that throughout the long and serious negotiations which he and his colleagues had invariably received from the Russian plenipotentiaries the highest courtesy and consideration, and finally he begged to assure Their Excellencies, the Russian plenipotentiaries, that it would be his duty, as well as his pleasure, to do everything in his power to make the treaty in fact what it professes to be in words--a treaty of peace and amity.

In Secret.
At the conclusion of Baron Komura's remarks, M. Witte arose and said he desired to see Baron De Rosen and the Japanese plenipotentiaries alone for a few minutes. What transpired in that final conference of the peacemakers the world may never know. The plenipotentiaries had refused to discuss it even to their secretaries.

Terms of the Treaty.
The Peace Treaty opens with a preamble that His Majesty the Emperor the autocrat of all the Russias, and His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, desiring to close the war now subsisting between them, and having appointed their respective plenipotentiaries and furnished them with full powers which were found to be in form, have come to an agreement on a treaty of peace, and arranged as follows:
Article 1 stipulates for the reestablishment of peace and friendship between the Sovereigns of the two Empires and between the subjects of Russia and Japan respectively.

Article 2--His Majesty the Emperor of Russia recognizes the preponderant influence of Russia for the political, military, and economical points of view of Japan in the Empire of Corea, and stipulates that Russia will not oppose any measures for its Government, protection, or control that Japan will deem necessary to take in Corea in

conjunction with the Korean Government, but Russian subjects and Russian enterprises are to enjoy the same status as the subjects and enterprises of other countries.

Simultaneous Evacuation.
Article 3--It is mutually agreed that the territory of Manchuria be simultaneously evacuated by both Russian and Japanese troops, both countries being concerned in this evacuation, and their situations being absolutely identical. All rights acquired by private persons and companies shall remain intact.

Article 4--The rights possessed by Russia in conformity with the lease by Russia of Port Arthur and Dalny, together with the lands and waters adjacent, shall pass over in their entirety to Japan, but the properties and rights of Russian subjects are to be safeguarded and respected.

Article 5--The Governments of Russia and Japan engaged themselves reciprocally not to put any obstacles to the general measures (which shall be taken for all nations) that China may take for the development of the commerce and industry of Manchuria.

Japs Take the Mines.
Article 6--The Manchurian Railway shall be operated jointly between Russia and Japan at Koung-Tcheng-Tse. The two branch lines shall be employed only for commercial and industrial purposes. In view of Russia keeping her branch line, with all rights acquired by her convention with China for the construction of that railway, Japan acquires the mines in connection with such branch line which falls to her. However, the rights of private parties or private enterprises are to be respected. Both parties to this treaty remain absolutely free to undertake what they deem fit on expedient ground.

Article 7--Russia and Japan engaged themselves to make a conjunction of the two branch lines which they own, at Koung-Tcheng-Tse.

Article 8--It is agreed that the branch lines of the Manchurian Railway shall be worked with a view to assure commercial traffic between them without obstruction.

The Sakhalin Clause.
Article 9--Russia cedes to Japan the southern part of Sakhalin Island as far north as the fiftieth degree north latitude. Together with the islands depending thereon. The right of free navigation is assured in the bays of La Perouse and Tartare.

Article 10--This article recites the situation of Russian subjects on the southern part of Sakhalin Island, and stipulates that Russian colonists there shall be free and shall have the right to remain without changing their nationality. Per contra, the Japanese Government shall have the right to force Russian convicts to leave the territory which is ceded to her.

Article 11--Russia engages herself to make an agreement with Japan giving Japanese subjects the right to fish in Russian territorial waters of the sea of Japan, the Sea of Okhotsk and Behring Sea.

Article 12--The two high contracting parties engage themselves to renew the commercial treaty existing between the two Governments prior to the war in all its vigor, with slight modifications in details and with a most-favored nation clause.

Pay For Prisoners.
Article 13--Russia and Japan reciprocally engage to reimburse the prisoners of war on paying the real cost of keeping the same, such claim for cost to be supported by documents.

Article 14--This peace treaty shall be drawn up in two languages, French and English, the French text being evidence for the Russians, and the English text for the Japanese. In case of difficulty of interpretation the French document to be final evidence.

Sovereigns to Sign.
Article 15--The ratification of this treaty shall be countersigned by the Sovereigns of the two States within 50 days after its signature. The French and American Embassies shall be intermediaries between the Japanese and Russian Governments to announce by telegraph the ratifications of the treaty.

Two additional articles are agreed to as follows:
A Time Limit Set.
Article 1--The evacuation of Manchuria by both armies shall be complete within 18 months from the signing of the treaty, beginning with the retirement of troops of the first line. At the expiration of the 18 months the two parties will only be able to leave as guards for the railway 15 soldiers per kilometer.

Article 2--The boundary which limits the parts owned respectively by Russia and Japan in the Sakhalin Island shall be definitely marked off on the spot by a special limitographic commission.

A Secret Treaty?
New York, Sept. 6.--The Bingham, England, Post reports that the Foreign Office has been advised of a secret treaty between the Czar and Kaiser as an answer to the extension of the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

BLOODSHED IN RUSSIA.
Elizabethopol, Caucasus, Sept. 6.--Sanguinary fighting has occurred between Tartars and Armenians in the Village of Khanke. There is great alarm here. All the Armenian shops are closed, and troops are patrolling the streets day and night.

Kutais, Caucasus, Sept. 6.--A conflict between nobles and peasants occurred to-day in the Village of Grandlet. Eleven persons were killed or wounded.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 6.--A despatch from Tiflis, received yesterday, says: The whole of the southeast Caucasus is now terrorized by Tartars. Details from Shusha show a considerable part of the town was soon in flames. According to an official estimate over 200 houses were destroyed.

Three Men Throw Bomb.
Helsingfors, Finland, Sept. 6.--A bomb was exploded early yesterday outside the head police office. Nobody was hurt and three persons concerned in the explosion escaped in the darkness. All the windows of the police office and all those of the adjoining buildings were smashed. The bomb was filled with small pieces of iron.

To Improve Cities.
Montreal, Sept. 6.--The American Society of Municipal Improvements is holding its twelfth annual meeting in Montreal.

SCHOOL SUITS..

The boy and his school suit are of the utmost importance just now. We are ready with the New Fall Styles, in all sizes from 5 years up. New Fabrics in new colorings, and all chosen with a view to nannies and strength. Some very smart suits in 3 Button Double Breasted styles, long lapels and correct in length.

2 Piece Suits, \$2.00 to \$5.00

3 Piece Suits, \$3.50 to \$7.50

All kinds of Furnishings for Boys, too.

Thornton & Douglas
LIMITED

NO BARGAIN SAY BOARD

Continued from Page 1.

Waterworks.....	6.00
The S. Hadley Co.....	4.85
J. & J. Oldershaw.....	16.53
L. R. Bock.....	4.50
Wm. Walters.....	18.10
Wm. Walters.....	39.17
John Redner.....	20.60
John H. Connibear.....	52.00

MODEL SCHOOL.

Miss S. C. Irwin.....\$ 37.50

KINDERGARTEN NO. 1.

Teachers salaries.....\$ 81.66

KINDERGARTEN NO. 2.

Teachers salaries.....\$ 51.25

FUEL ACCOUNT.

Park Bros.....\$ 13.63

W. J. Moore.....\$ 66.27

INSURANCE ACCOUNT.

W. H. Harper.....\$ 3.00

Carpenters Lien on Central.....11.80

CENTRAL SCHOOL ADDITION.

Geo. W. Rayment.....\$2990.00

J. L. Wilson.....\$ 50.00

Robert Coyle.....\$ 3.00

R. M. Paxton, inspector.....\$ 25.00

Grand total.....\$4845.49

The report was adopted. Mr. Robertson brought up a very important matter in connection with the trustees visiting the schools to get in closer touch with the work being done there. He thought that a committee of two from the different managers of the schools should be appointed at each meeting to visit their own schools at least twice a month and to report to the Board on what they saw.

His scheme was unanimously adopted by the Board, every one of the trustees present speaking in favor of it. Inspector Park also highly commended the idea. It was one that would be welcomed by the teachers and would be beneficial to the Board.

Messrs. Heyward and Morley were appointed for the McKeough school and Messrs. Paxton and Benson for the Central for the month of September.

Mr. Morley--I have always thought it unnecessary to visit the schools as we have such an excellent inspector--Hear, Hear.

Mr. Heyward--I only hope you will change oft once in awhile and send the Central school managers over to the McKeough school, because we have over there the best looking lot of teachers to be found on the face of the earth.

And not a member of the Board disputed what he said.

It was decided to have the kindergarten room at the McKeough school thoroughly cleaned and the matter of carrying it out was left with the managers of the school.

Mr. Paxton, for the special committee of himself and Mr. Robertson on the improvements to the Central reported the sewer in first class condition. New sanitary arrangements have been placed in the basement. Desks have been purchased from Coltart & Wilson, and while the new rooms are being completed

MEYNELL'S

Well dressed men come here for clothes. Not all of them--but most of them. The best dressed do at any rate. Can't see how a man can wear better clothes than we sell. The best tailors in this country, or any other country for that matter build our clothes. If you would like to see exceptional Suits in Black and Blue drop in for a look.

SUITS:
\$7.50 to \$15.00

MEYNELL'S

3 Doors West from
Market, King St.,
CHATHAM.

WEAVER'S SYRUP

It purifies the Blood and cures

Boils,
Humors,
Salt Rheum

Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Montreal.

one of the classes is being held in the auditorium of the library. The improvements to the McKeough school are almost completed.

The report was adopted. Mr. Morley--I don't know what we would do without these two members on the Board. They have acted as committee, inspectors and everything.

The Board then adjourned.

AN AMERICAN DISEASE.

Some doctors go so far as to say that indigestion is the national disease of America. There is but one national remedy for indigestion and that remedy is Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which accelerate the action of gastric glands and give tone to the digestive organs. They strengthen the kidneys and liver, cleanse and purify the blood and thus add general tone to every organ of the body. Flesh strength is fast restored and the patient can eat and digest any food he pleases. Test Dr. Hamilton's Pills yourself--25c. per box or five boxes for \$1.00 at all dealers.

A CLEAN-UP

BARGAIN SALE

25 per cent. reduction on all Baby Carriages, Co-Carts, Refrigerators, Blue Flame Oil Stoves, Hammocks, Lawn Mowers.

They must go; we want the room. Come and get a bargain.

WESTMAN BROS. Big Hardware