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MANCHESTER'S
Advt. on Page 8

The Star

LATEST WEATHER REPORT
SHOWERY

VOL. 9, NO. 252

ST. JOHN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1909.

ONE CENT

English Cutlery

A Magnificent Assortment of Case Goods Just Received

Carvers

In 3 and 5 piece Sets, Stag Silver and Celluloid Handles
Prices from \$3.25 up.

Dessert Sets

Fish Knives and Forks, Fish Servers

Table and Dessert Knives of all Kinds

Without Cases

W. H. Thorne & Co. Ltd

MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Preserving Time is at Hand!



DO YOU NEED A NEW PRESERVE KETTLE?
We carry Preserve Kettles in all sizes, in Aluminum, Enamel and Cast Iron.
Prices from 25 cents to \$2.75

EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd. 25 Germain St.

Men's Black Suits

\$7.50, \$10, \$12 to \$20

These Suits are special value. The Cloths are fine All Wool Worsteds and Cheviots, made up in the very latest style, and guaranteed by us to give perfect satisfaction in wear.

American Clothing House,
11-15 Charlotte St., St. John.

MEN'S LINEN HATS

For Work or Pleasure, Cool and Light, Stiff or Soft
Brims
In Shapes to suit any face and colors to suit any Taste
Prices 25c to 75c

F. S. THOMAS 539 MAIN STREET
FASHIONABLE HATTER

"I Have Just Called To Look Through Your Clothing Stock"

Said a gentleman who called a few days ago, "I don't want to buy today." He was received with the same cordiality that has made these stores so popular. It was explained to him that all goods were marked in plain figures; that the price marked was the only price. Every garment was guaranteed to be worth the money. If any goods sold here went wrong they were cheerfully made right. He was shown the stock which he examined carefully. He was convinced, for he said: "I do want two suits. I am going to buy them here today," and he bought. A half hour later he strolled back with a friend who bought also. It is incidents like this that explain why our business is growing so rapidly. If you know of clothing, and look here, you'll be convinced, and you'll send you, etc. etc.

Men's Suit Prices, \$5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 8.75, 10.00, 12.00, 13.50, 15.00, 16.50, 18, 20 to \$25
Men's Black Pants at \$2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50
ALSO SHIRTS, TIES, UNDERWEAR, HATS, SOCKS, ETC.

J. N. Harvey, Tailoring and clothing
OPERA HOUSE BLK. --- 100 to 207 UNION STREET

RIOT ACT READ, MINERS DISPERSED BY POLICE; LIVELY TIMES AT GLACE BAY

General Manager Duggan Injured by a Stone--
Women, Mingling With Strikers, Assault Men on Their Way to Work--Serious Trouble Feared--Arrests Made.

GLACE BAY, N. S., July 7.—As a result of this morning's disturbances among the striking U. M. W. miners at the collieries of the Dominion Coal Company, the riot act was read at Dominion No. 3 colliery, where over fifteen hundred men were congregated. The strikers patrolled the streets outside the colliery all night, the crowd assembling at the gates to the colliery at five o'clock, where they remained until dispersed by the police. When the men who are working, of whom a vast number turned out today, arrived, they were again beset and struck by mud and sticks by the striking miners. General Manager Duggan, who was present with a number of his colliery officials and police, endeavored to prevent the crowd following the men through the gates, when he was struck by a stone across the face, inflicting slight injuries, while two workmen were also cut and injured by missiles thrown by the women in the crowd. Shortly after this incident Justice Campbell proceeded to read the riot act and commanded the men to disperse within thirty minutes on pain of imprisonment and heavy penalty. At the end of the time mentioned the men not having moved, the police at once proceeded to arrest those who refused to disperse, and seven men and one woman were arrested and taken to the police station, their cases being remanded until tomorrow morning. At No. 3 colliery also the police were obliged to draw their revolvers, but outside of the P. W. A. men receiving severe injuries, no serious disturbance took place. The women are creating trouble here also. The collieries of Reserve and Dominion are working with full complements of men, though the number at all other collieries is said to be much less than that of yesterday. A repetition of this morning's disturbances is expected this afternoon when the men return from the pit. (Continued on page seven)

CONFESSES MURDER; CAN'T "MAKE GOOD"

Washington Chauffeur Tells Startling Tale in Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—John Gormely, a chauffeur, employed by Ches. J. Bell, president of the American Security and Trust Company, began drinking here yesterday. He went to Baltimore, where he drank more and then made his way to a Baltimore police station and confessed to killing Otto Horn, a fellow employe, and foreman for Mr. Bell on the latter's estate in this city. A search was made of the buildings and the estate generally and the creek in the neighborhood were dragged. This afternoon Gormely on his return to Washington explained that his confession was false. He was lectured by the police and released. Horn was found at Warren, Va., where he had gone in a motor car.

MRS. CORNWALLIS-WEST PRODUCES A COMEDY

And Threatens to Write a Political Drama—Piece Staged in London.

LONDON, July 7.—Mrs. George Cornwallis West adds another to her claims to be considered one of the most versatile women in London, by launching her first play yesterday afternoon at the Hicks Theatre. The play is a comedy, entitled "His Borrowed Plumes." Mrs. Cornwallis West had the advantage of the finest possible acting and mounting, which made the most of her play. The gown was gorgeous, and the hats marvelous affairs. Mrs. Pat Campbell took the principal role that of a literary woman whose husband, also with literary ambitions, loved another woman of the adventurous type. The "Borrowed Plumes" was a plot in which the husband cribbed from his wife's manuscript of a novel which the adventurous unknown to him had stolen. The story centered about this incident and the heroine's effort to win back her husband's love was cleverly portrayed by Mrs. Campbell. The critics however say the action of the piece is slow. Mrs. Cornwallis West declared that if this effort succeeded she would write a political drama.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A ONCE PROMINENT MAN

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—Red Northrup, formerly head of the refrigerator service of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, died suddenly last night at his home. He was a cousin of George Gould and until a few years ago was prominent in Club, social and business circles. The family refused to discuss his death late last night or explain what caused it. Red Northrup had been under treatment in various sanitariums returning to his home only recently.

SEVEN HUNDRED ARE NOW HOMELESS

As the Result of Heavy Rains in Mexico

Floods Wiped Out One Town—Property Loss is Enormous—Train Service is Held Up.

MONTERRI, Mexico, July 7.—With damage of three-quarters of a million dollars the result of the recent rainfall and passenger train service still lamentably crippled, a serious situation confronts Northern Mexico. Advice from Sabalera, Hidalgo, says messengers, owing to the fact that all communication with that town is completely destroyed, but it is reported the town has been entirely wiped out and that property loss, if not total, will be great. No trains are arriving over the Mexican National. The river which skirts the northern section of the town of Hillside has left its banks. Fifty houses had been swept away yesterday and a hundred others were under water and crumbling. Several hundred persons are homeless.

MILLIONAIRE COULD NOT ESCAPE THE GALLOWS

Wealthy Mexican Will Die for Killing His Brother-in-Law—Must Give Money to Victim's Widow.

EL PASO, July 7.—News was received here last night that the supreme court of the State of San Luis Potosi, Mexico, has confirmed the death sentence of Darío Gonzalez, millionaire, who was convicted of the murder of his brother-in-law, Manuel Turce, the wealthy son of an American. In addition to the confirming the death penalty the court has issued a decree securing Gonzalez to pay the widow of the man he murdered the sum of \$300,000. The prominence, popularity and wealth of Gonzalez was relied upon to secure for him a lighter sentence.

KING PETER AFFECTED BY EXCESSIVE SMOKING

VIENNA, July 7.—A telegram received here from Belgrade says that while King Peter of Serbia was riding in the park yesterday he fainted and fell from his horse. He was taken to the palace, where it was found that except for a few bruises he was not injured, the fainting is attributed to excessive smoking. His Majesty is now quite recovered.

KATHLEEN A. ROBINSON.

The funeral of the late Kathleen A. Robinson was held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from her parents' residence, 72 City Road, Rev. S. W. Anthony conducted the services and interment was made in Fernhill cemetery.

THE TILLEY MONUMENT IS A FINE PIECE OF WORK

Model on Exhibition Today, the Subject of Favorable Comment—Statue to be Unveiled in September, 1910.

At the Board of Trade rooms today the model of the monument to Sir Leonard Tilley was placed on exhibition. Numerous citizens viewed the figure and expressions of approval were heard on all sides. Phillips Hebert, brought the model to this city. This afternoon he will confer with the members of the monument committee, of which Mr. George Robertson is chairman. The model was placed on one of the large tables in the reading room. The figure itself is a very fine piece of work and bears a striking resemblance to Sir Leonard. The late statesman is shown in civilian costume addressing a gathering. The expression is very natural and has been highly commended upon. The right hand is thrust in the breast of the coat. The left, which holds a rolled manuscript, is distinguished by the figure of a soldier. The statue will be of bronze with the pedestal of grey granite. The model will remain on exhibit all afternoon. Mr. Hebert will explain the designing to the members of the committee. At 4 o'clock a conference will be held between the committee and Mr. Hebert. Arrangements will be made for the carrying out of the designing. Mr. Hebert received many compliments on his work. Mr. Robertson received the model shortly after eleven o'clock and extended his hearty congratulations to the sculptor on the perfection of the figure. Mr. Hebert states that the monument will be completed in September, 1910. The unveiling of the statue will form a feature of the Dominion Exhibition. King Square has been chosen as the site for the monument. Mr. Hebert visited the square, accompanied by Lady Tilley and Mr. Robertson. He expressed himself as thoroughly satisfied with the place. Mr. Hebert designed a handsome monument to Rev. Father Mignault, of Chambly. The statue has been erected to commemorate the memory of this distinguished priest and will be unveiled on Sunday next. Another specimen of Mr. Hebert's work in the statue to Madame Menard, the founder of the Hotel Dieu Hospital at Montreal. This lady came to Montreal in 1643 and labored among the poor and sick. Several times she was in danger of being killed by the Indians. She is represented giving relief to a wounded soldier.

DR. CURREY REPEATS THE STORY OF HIS KINDNESS

Did Not Abuse His Wife Nor Call Her Offensive Names, But Put Up With a Lot From Her—He Was Good to the Children.

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 7.—Hearing in the Curry divorce case was continued today. Almost the entire morning was taken up with the reading of the stenographic report of that part of the direct examination given by Dr. Curry last October. Dr. Curry took the stand at 11:30 and continued giving testimony where the report broke off. The witness told over again about the sickness of the child Julia. That in the illness he never spared care or expense, and everything possible both in the way of nursing and medical attendance was done for the sick child. He said that the nurse, Miss Tapley, had complained to him that Mrs. Curry was not capable of looking after the child. He, the witness, had always lived a strict moral and religious life. He had been a Sunday school superintendent and a member of the vestry of Trinity church for years and he considered that he had a good temperance. During the years from 1906 to 1908 he denied completely the statement set out in Mrs. Curry's libel that he had ill-treated her. He never in his life struck or abused his wife, the only thing he ever did was at times he put up his hands to protect himself when his wife attacked him. As to calling her names he had said to her when she got into one of her violent turns, "wife, you must be either crazy or a she-devil." He had never called his wife any vile name as she alleged, nor the children either. He had told Mrs. Curry that he did not propose to have his wife turned into a servants' bathhouse. He objected strongly to the company the children kept, but Mrs. Curry would not do as he wished. As to his using vile and abusive language it was not true, as he was most particular always in the language he used. The witness denied that he ever used liquor to excess, and as to his drinking excessively at night and keeping liquor alongside of him, it was absurd. He was troubled with gas on the stomach, and on such occasions only he used a little whiskey to relieve himself. He had never been intoxicated in his life. He was a moderate drinker at the most. He had never told his wife to go away. She used to say over and over again that she was going home to her father's and he replied to one time, "then why don't you go?" but he never told her to go. He had never called his wife a thief, but at one time he charged her with taking his money. Dr. Curry was still on the stand on adjournment at noon. The County Council today continued the committee on the county poor farm until the January session with power to continue negotiations and report. It was decided to give the secretary-treasurer and auditor of the county the same remuneration for work under the new highway act as paid under the old act.

FAKE DROWNING

Moving Picture Model Last Life in Landing Death.

PARIS, July 6.—A peculiar death occurred recently at Paris. A young acrobat was engaged to fall into the Seine and pretend to drown after a fierce struggle for life. He accordingly tumbled into the river, and on coming to the surface, splashed and threw his arms about in such realistic fashion that the operator on the bank encouragingly shouted to him: "Bravo! Keep it up! Splendid!" The crowd about the operator, taking in the situation, also cheered the model struggling in the water. A steamer loaded with passengers stopped to watch the scene. After a few minutes the man in the water threw up his arms in a last frantic outburst and disappeared. Murmurs of admiration at his acting were heard, and all made ready to applaud the performer upon his reappearance. His dead body was recovered half an hour later, and it is believed he had been seized with a cramp.

RELIEF IN SIGHT

is always glad news. To the small business man with a special appeal to make to patrons scattered throughout the city the want ad, is the street relief. Call main 25

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OPENED IN THIS CITY TODAY

Arthur A. Brown, Manager of St. John Lumber Company, Tells of Obstructions Placed in River at Van Buren—All Logs to Pass Through Their Booms and Everything Was Grist That Came to Their Mill

The first public session in this city of the International Commission appointed to inquire into the use of the St. John river by the mill owners and lumber operators was held this morning. The announcement had been made that the sessions would be open to the public, but only a few spectators were present. The entire morning was spent in a continuation of the examination of Manager Brown of the St. John Lumber Company. Under the examination of Mr. Gregory, counsel for the Canadian Commissioners, he described the way in which his company had blocked the river at Van Buren by the erection of piers and the stranding of logs owned by other operators. The details of how their logs were settled for were asked for by Mr. Gregory, but objected to by counsel for the American Commissioners, and at the time of taking recess a ruling had not been made. Mr. Brown's examination is being continued this afternoon. The commissioners have enough work ahead of them to keep them here for several days. Among the witnesses will be J. A. Morrison, of Fredericton, Mr. Chapleau, of Ottawa, who made a survey of the river for the public works department of Canada, Messrs. Rainbird and Bayler, Canadian and American respectively who made the boundary survey, J. Fraser Gregory and other local lumbermen. The International Waterways Commission was called to order in the Equity Court Chambers in the Pugsley Building at seven o'clock this morning. Hon. A. B. Barnhill presided and those present were: John Keefe, the other Canadian Commissioner; Hon. E. A. Murchie, and Hon. Peter C. Keenan, the United States Commissioners; Hon. W. P. Jones and A. J. Gregory, K. C., of Woodstock, counsel for the Canadian commissioners; Hon. O. A. Fellows, of Bangor, counsel for the American commissioners; Harold Murchie, secretary of the commission, and the official stenographers for both sides. Arthur V. Brown, manager of the St. John Lumber Co., of Van Buren, Me., who had already given evidence at previous sittings, was summoned as the first witness and his examination was continued. A large map illustrating the section of the river under dispute, was hung on the wall to illustrate the evidence. In reply to Mr. Gregory, Mr. Brown told of the organization of the St. John River Company in 1902. Its purpose was to erect mills for the manufacture of lumber. They acquired a mill site and shore rights. Their deeds were secured through the Van Buren Lumber Company, who did not know how they acquired it. Their shore rights ran to the high water mark for the whole length of the town of Van Buren extending about four miles. His company also acquired the upper half of the island of Van Buren. They also purchased the shore rights on the Crook Island. Last year and the year before they also acquired some further shore rights in the vicinity. The company also owned a farm fronting on the river where a piering gap is situated, about thirty rods in width, and stretching back about a mile and a half. They also owned a number of houses also near the mill. This constituted all their property. It had all been acquired since 1902 and before that date none of their members were financially interested in these properties. Their holdings commence about four miles above their mill at a point where a sheer boom is attached to the Canadian shore. Their only interests on the Canadian side is the rights to the point where their boom is anchored. These booms are placed about as soon as the river opens and continues as long as they think there are any of their logs coming down, which is practically all the open season. In all they maintain three sheer booms at present and during the whole season of navigation they leave no unobstructed opening for the passage of logs for a stretch of about two miles. The distance from the centre of Crook Island and the American shore is about 550 feet and to the Canadian shore about 400 feet. During the sorting season the space between Crook Island and the American shore is occupied by them exclusively for sorting purposes. The deepest water at this place on the American side in August is about six feet. On the Canadian side at that time of the year the Canadian side is all shallow or shoal waters at the head of the island and a similar condition exists on the lower end of the island on the American side. The navigable water is only about fifty feet wide at certain places on both sides and the average depth could not be more than two feet. In the spring there is sometimes a depth of thirty feet of water. In August there is a good fair current. (Continued on Page 7.)