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VISCOLIZED SOLES
GOODYEAR WELT
SOLID LEATHERS

Made from the same kind of leather used in making the American Army Boots. They are easily worth more per pair, but, fortunately, we are able to sell them for \$4.50 per pair.

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EMERY BROS. — 82 GERMANS ST.

Selling Agents for Gansong Bros. Ltd.

COURT AWARDS \$25,000 PRIZE MONEY TO SEAMEN

London, Feb. 5.—The President of the Admiralty Court today awarded \$25,000 to Robert Ferguson, Thomas Welch and John Smith, American sailors, for "courage, fine spirit and absence of all physical fear" in saving the American tug Vigilant, worth \$200,000, on a voyage from New York.

In the Bristol Channel in October, 1916, the tug got into trouble in a gale off the coast of Ireland. The master and crew were taken off by the Rhydian, Ferguson, the second mate, refused to abandon the vessel. Welch, a greaser, a South, a fireman, volunteered to remain aboard. Ferguson went to the wheel of the tug. Welch to the engine room, and Smith acted as fireman. A patrol vessel was sighted, but was unable to render assistance. The Vigilant continually shipped a heavy sea, which damaged the turtleback and jammed the steering gear so that the port helm could not be used, and destroyed the electric

light apparatus. An attempt to heave the tug to head the wind resulted in her being thrown on her beam ends. Eventually she heaved to, stern first. Later the weather moderated and the Vigilant, piloted by a patrol ship, reached Bantry Bay. There she narrowly escaped running on a reef. Afterwards the Vigilant went to Beach Haven, where she arrived with only two tons of coal left.

The action of the salvage court gave Ferguson \$25,000 and each of the others \$12,500, and ordered the money paid into court within seven days.

No Cure GUARANTEED

Never known to fail; acts without pain in 24 hours. Is nothing but healing; takes the sting right out. No side effects. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Sold everywhere—25c per box.

Fashion's Fancies in Jewelry

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of which we make a specialty, particularly in Gold and Platinum Set Diamonds, a select showing of which we now offer for your inspection.

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The February Records, of which we have now the entire range, includes the following numbers, which are especially popular:

"When the Boys Come Home"—Oley Sparks, baritone. Orchestral accompaniment—Frederick Wheeler.

"Here Comes the Groom"—Betty, Benjamin, Hapgood, Bure. Tenor and Orchestral Accompaniment, Billy Murray.

"How Could Washington be a Married Man?" (and "Never, Never Tell a Lie")—Al Plantado, Tenor; Orchestral Accompaniment, M. J. O'Connell.

"Hawaiian Hula Melody"—Hawaiian Guitars—Helen Louise and Frank Ferrer.

"Beneath a Balcony"—Fox Trot—(Jesse M. Winne), for dancing. Vess L. Ossman's Banjo Orchestra.

DOZENS OF OTHERS! HEAR THEM!

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ELOQUENT PLEA FOR A MOTHERS' PENSION LAW

Prominent Men and Women of Maine Urge Enactment of Bill—Disagreement Only on Amount of Appropriation—Other Committee Hearings

Augusta, Me., Feb. 1.—Prominent women and men of the state, representing all the principal women's organizations, addressed the committee on legal affairs Wednesday afternoon, on the need of the enactment of a mother's pension law in this state, to enable mothers with dependent children deprived of support from other sources to receive from the state, without pauperizing them, that degree of aid which would enable them to keep their children together and bring them up in their own home. There was no opposition to the bill, although of course of the city of Portland spoke in favor of changing some of the provisions of the proposed law, as did also Representative Charles R. Curney of Portland, who was strongly in favor of the passage of an amended law.

The bill, introduced by Rep. Gannett of Augusta, provides for aid to mothers of dependent children not to exceed \$5 a week for mothers with one such child under sixteen years of age, and not more than \$2 a week for each additional child under sixteen.

The expenses are to be borne equally by the state and the municipalities. The administration is to be under local overseers of the poor, subject to investigation and approval by the State Board of Charities. For the purposes of the act it is proposed to appropriate \$25,000 for each of the next two years.

During the hearing several members of the committee expressed themselves heartily in favor of the principles of the bill, but questioned whether it was not too generous in its provisions and whether the \$25,000 a year would cover the expense.

Mr. Dutton in opening his case for the proposition said he represented a large number of organizations interested in social work.

Mrs. Adams, president of the Maine Branch, National Congress of Mothers, which is behind this bill, said that in states where mothers' pensions have been adopted juvenile delinquency and the charges of supporting children have materially decreased. She spoke of the advantages of having children brought up by their own mothers in their own homes.

The natural person to train the child, declared Mrs. Livingston, is the mother, and no institution can take her place. The children will receive the primary benefit from this measure, the city mothers in the homes and the state.

That mothers dread most when deprived of their supporters is that the state will step in and take care of the child and this fear will be obviated by such a law.

Mrs. Merrill said she spoke for the Association Opposed to Suffrage for Women. "We believe," she said, "that there is nothing more important than keeping the children in the homes and the mothers in the homes."

From personal investigations, Mrs. Whitehouse said she knew \$1.50 or \$2.00 a week more would keep many a mother together who now have to be broken up by six children, to whom the city would not pay \$12 a week to support her children, although she would take \$15 a week to bring them up, or take them to the City Home at an expense of over \$20 a week. Under the present law there is no way in which a mother dependent for aid can take care of her children in her own home. They will be taken away from her. This condition this bill is aimed to obviate.

Senator Wood of Hancock said he was heartily in sympathy with the principle of the law, but wondered if \$25,000 a year would cover the expense.

To this Secretary Bagley of the State Board of Charities and Corrections replied that judging from the experience of Massachusetts with a mother's aid law it would ultimately cost the state from \$60,000 to \$80,000 a year, but he believed the \$25,000 would be enough to start out with.

Senator Morrill of Somerset inquired about the rates and was informed that it was the intention that \$5 a week for one child and \$2 for each additional

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Try This! Hair Gets Beautiful, Wavy And Thick In Few Moments

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life, has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Dandarine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen, and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, straggly or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Dandarine.

Dandarine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed, and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Dandarine. If eventually—why not now?

child was supposed to be a maximum and not mandatory.

It's a proposition of raising the money. Mr. Bagley, said Senator Morrill.

Massachusetts Law.

In Massachusetts the maximum age of the children to be so supported is fourteen but the age was made sixteen in this state.

Mr. Bagley, to conform with the school laws and child labor laws. He stated that among the eastern states, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey now have mothers' aid acts.

Chairman Whitehouse of the Board of Charities and Corrections stated that for the protection of children, rather than break up homes are boarding children with their own mothers, although there is no warrant of law for doing anything but boarding them in other homes, in some cases the state would merely legalize what is already being done. He felt sure that \$25,000 a year would cover the first two years.

Rep. Murray of Bangor asked if the money in breaking up the homes as the proposed act would in keeping them together.

Mr. Whitehouse replied that he thought it did, and in some cases more. Twenty-eight states of the Union have such laws.

Rep. Gurney of Portland said he believed in this matter the State of Maine has a great opportunity to provide for the children, who the governor had said, are the state's most valuable asset.

He pointed out, however, that of the twenty-eight states which now have mothers' pensions only one, Wyoming, has a law that provides a payment as large for the mother of one such child as Maine would give, \$20 a month. Also in the matter of age to which the aid should be paid he urged starting with fourteen as the maximum age. Twelve states now have this as the maximum age.

The last census showed that there were 32,404 widows in Maine, but it did not show how many of them had children and might become beneficiaries under the law. There were at that time 218,000 children in the state under fourteen and 298,000 under nineteen, showing that a startling increase in percentage of children who might have to be cared for if the age were placed at sixteen instead of fourteen.

Mr. Gurney admitted a little more caution, although he believed a mother's aid bill should be passed, and said he thought \$50,000 a year, which probably be enough for the first two years.

If you had seen as many pitiable homes as I have," said Mrs. A. A. Kennerly of Portland, "with broken down mothers who work just as hard as they could to keep their families together, and yet have them taken away from her, you would certainly pass this bill." She was loudly applauded.

Mrs. Jones gave statistics and strongly urged the passage of a bill to permit dependent children to be brought up in their own homes. Mrs. Weeks spoke eloquently in favor of the bill, telling of her own experience when her husband was injured and she feared that in supporting her one child she might be separated from him, and she said she would not have hesitated to support the bill if it were not for the fact that it is a most humane method yet devised for giving children a chance in life.

A. T. Laughlin of Portland strongly urged the passage of the bill as one for the benefit of the state and its future citizens, and a good investment.

Secretary F. H. Miller told of a particular instance of a mother working to keep her children together, two of whose children had been arrested for juvenile delinquencies. The Portland Associated Charities spends \$30,000 a year and will continue its work just the same, he said, even though this bill is passed.

Percy R. Horton, secretary of the board of overseers of the poor of Portland, spoke from an investigation of the operation of the mothers' pensions law in Massachusetts. No person, he said, realized the need of such a bill more than he, but he thought some features should be changed. He thought the required time of residence two years, before a family would be entitled to such aid, too short. He also believed applying the local boards instead of the state board, as the local board was in a better position to judge the merits of cases.

He also believed the appropriation of \$25,000 a year inadequate. Massachusetts had aided 2,798 families the first year and 3,141 the second. The state expenditure in Massachusetts last year was \$370,000 and an appropriation of \$25,000 is asked for this year. He didn't see how the state of Maine could get out of it much less than \$60,000 a year. He could see no good reason why the state should pay more than one-third of the amount.

The Sin That Was His.

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Free Hemming Sale and February Clothing Sale

Knitting and Crocheting YARNS

SHEETLAND FLOSS—A full line of new colors, used for jackets, sweaters, caps, turbans, skirts and gloves.

FOUR-FOLD ZEPHYR—Full line of new colors, used for sweaters, leggings, scarfs, bed socks, jackets, etc.

GOLF YARN, KNITTING WORSTED, BEEHIVE, DOUBLE KNITTING, WHITE HEATHER, LADY BETTY, VICUNA YARN, FUZZY YARN, ANGORA YARN.

FOR KNITTING SOCKS—Scotch, Princess Yarn, Mill Yarn, Sheep's Grey, Worsted Yarn, Double Knitting, Beehive.

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NEW Oilcloths, Linoleums and Inlaid

NEW OILCLOTHS—In novel patterns and attractive colors, 6 feet wide, 85c. a yard and upwards

NEW HEAVY LINOLEUMS—In neat carpet and matting effects or block designs, 6 feet wide, 80c. a sq. yard; 12 feet wide, 70c. a sq. yard and upwards

Also in special bath-room patterns.

BEST INLAID LINOLEUM—A complete range and great variety of designs, \$1.25 a yard and upwards

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ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA—This is the same delicious TEA that we have made a specialty of for some years. It is a first-class family tea with an excellent flavor.

ASK FOR PHILIPS PERFECTION TEA..... 40c. lb.

MAPLE BUTTER

Composed of Pure Maple Sugar and Cream. A wholesome and delicious food addition..... 1 lb. tin, 25c.

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CRYSTALLIZED GINGER—A most delicious confection..... 60c. lb.

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Send the Boys at the Front a few tins of GEORGE WASHINGTON COFFEE. No waiting or trouble; no boiling or straining; no coffee pot or waste, 35c. tin

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Watch this Paper Thursday for complete details

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

(Toronto Star.)

The Grain Growers Guide, of Winnipeg, in an article entitled "Demand National Government," says:

"The general tenor of these united demands is that there should be a rearrangement of the cabinet to include some of the leading members of the Liberal party, representatives of organized agriculture and organized labor, and some able business men selected entirely for their ability, and regardless of whether or not they are members of parliament. The pressure is growing stronger each day on the government, but still there is no suggestion from Ottawa that the government will sacrifice any of the glory and spoils of office for the general welfare of the state. The only objection the government can have to being nationalized is that some members of the present cabinet will lose their jobs, and naturally each one thinks the other fellow is the one who should lose his job first. It will remain to be seen whether the members of the present government are big enough to solve this problem."

The convention of Grain Growers at Brandon passed a resolution condemning profiteering, demanding an organization of national resources, and declaring that "these resources can only be organized to their full efficiency by a National government in which the interests of the political parties shall be entirely subservient to the interests of the state. The Western farmer especially has a right to representation in the government, because he is not adequately represented in parliament. The present representation was arranged ten years ago. It gave the west fifteen members, and that is the present representation in the House of Commons. But the west is entitled to at least fifty-seven members, according to the redistribution made in

EACH DOLLAR EARNED THREE

How Sears-Roebuck Profit-Sharing Fund Worked in 1916.

Julius Rosenwald, president of Sears, Roebuck & Co., in an interview in the New York Times Sunday Magazine of Dec. 31 outlining the plan of the employees' savings and profit-sharing fund inaugurated by the corporation in last July, said:

"In my opinion the plan will result in that the company will contribute \$2.20 for every dollar paid in by the employee, \$28 has been credited with an additional sum of \$80.34, representing his share of the profits of Sears Roebuck & Co.

As a matter of fact, I shall go further and say that it is my honest opinion that employees will receive back more than \$5 for every dollar they deposit in the fund."

A statement has just been issued to the Sears-Roebuck employees who have joined the savings and profit-sharing fund showing its operations from July, 1916, to Dec. 31 last. The employees are informed that their share of the profit for 1916 is in the ratio of \$2.20 for each dollar they have deposited in the fund. Thus an employee who deposited \$1 a week from July 1 to Dec. 31, a total of every dollar paid in by the employee, \$28 has been credited with an additional sum of \$80.34, representing his share of the profits of Sears Roebuck & Co.

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"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD"

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"The All-Purpose Sugar"

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