

13 prisoners, and 832 wounded and missing. Lieutenant Colonel Burton, Major Dalling, and Captain Ince, were mention'd with honour in the General's account of this battle. All the officers and soldiers did their Duty. The French, by their own confession, had 2500 men kill'd and wounded. The cannon, which could not be brought off, were nail'd up. The severity of the climate, and the scurvy, had already destroy'd 1000 of the garrison, and rendred 2000 more totally unfit for any service.

Apr. 29. The Prince of Wales, a rich ship from Genoa and Leghorn, valued at 50,000 pounds, was taken by a French frigate.

May 2 and 3. — Two hundred pick'd men of the Prussian army, who were sent to mark out a camp near the Elbe, were taken prisoners by General Lasci, after a gallant defence.

May 5. The Prussians abandon'd Nossen, and set fire to their magazine; but the Austrians came up time enough to save part of it.

May 16 and 17. In the night of the 28th of April, the French open'd trenches against the town of Quebec; but retir'd with precipitation between the 16 and 17th of May, on the arrival of part of the British fleet. They left behind them, their camp standing, all their baggage, stores, magazines of provisions and ammunition; 34 pieces of battering-cannon, (4 of which were brass twelve pounders) 10 field pieces, 6 mortars, 4 petards, a large quantity of scaling ladders, and intrenching tools beyond number. The day before this retreat, Captain Schomberg of the Diana and Captain

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