

a few left sick on board, so that we had about five hundred men in the action. We suffered in men and Officers more than any three Regiments in the field. We were commanded by Captain John Campbell; the Colonel and Captain McPherson having been unfortunately wounded on the 25th. July, of which they were not yet fully recovered.

We lay on our Arms all the night of the 13th. September.

Friday, 14th September.—We got ashore our tents and encamped our Regiment on the ground where they fought the battle yesterday. He we are within reach of the guns of the town.

Saturday, 15th September.—We were ordered to move our Camp nigh the wood, at a greater distance from the Town. We are making advanced redoubts within five hundred yards of the town.

Sunday, 16th September.—Nothing extraordinary.

Monday, 17th September.—Monsieur de Ramsay Governor of Quebec, sent out a flag of Truce with articles of capitulation for the Town, which were agreed to, and signed on the 18th in the morning, by Admiral Saunders and General Townhend, after some alteration. That night, the town was taken possession of by the Louisbourg Grenadiers, and a party of the Light Infantry. We remained encamped till the.....October, when the army marched into Town, which is to be our Quarters for the winter, most of the houses are destroyed, and we have but a very dismal prospect for seven or eight months, as fresh provisions are very scarce, and every other thing exorbitantly dear.

October the.....Admiral Saunders sailed for England with the men of war and transports; and on the..... General Monkton with the last ships sailed, having appointed Brigadier Murray, Governor of Quebec.

About the begining of November, a detachment of about seven hundred men went from the garrison, and marched to