

Resolution 136 (II) - 17 November 1947 - The resolution asked for international co-operation for the prevention of immigration which is likely to disturb friendly relations between nations.

The Canadian Government has never accorded aid or protection to individuals or organizations engaged in promoting or operating illegal immigration or in activities designed to promote illegal immigration.

There are in Canada no repatriable refugees or displaced persons other than those who have come to Canada of their own accord. However, perfect freedom has been accorded to those few persons who have wished to return to their countries of origin.

The settling of a fair share of non-repatriable refugees and displaced persons and collaboration with other nations in this regard is discussed under Resolution 62 (I).

Resolution 137 (II) - 17 November, 1947 - This resolution recommended that Member Governments encourage teaching of the purposes and principles and structure and activities of the United Nations in the schools of Member States.

This Resolution was communicated to the Governments of the various Provinces within whose jurisdiction lies the control of educational matters in Canada. The Provincial Secretaries were advised that the Secretary of State for External Affairs would be glad to transmit to the Secretary-General any information which they may wish to furnish concerning measures which may have been taken to implement this Resolution.

The replies of the Provincial Governments were forwarded to the Secretary-General on 19 June, 1948.

Resolutions Adopted by the Economic and Social Council

Resolution 2/9 - June 21, 1946 - Commission on Human Rights.

This resolution asked that Member States establish, if they considered it necessary, local human rights committees. Under this resolution international treaties are to conform to the standards of human rights set forth in the Charter. Section 7 of the resolution was concerned with the drafting of an international bill of rights.

There are in Canada many active and articulate voluntary organizations which are concerned with the protection of human rights and the Canadian Government has therefore not considered it necessary or desirable to establish information groups or local human rights committees other than the Special Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Commons on Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms.

The Canadian Government is undertaking a review of treaties entered into by Canada since 21 June 1946, to ascertain if they conform to the fundamental standards relative to basic human rights as set forth in the Charter.