- (b) in the case of domestic transactions, the value of the materials determined in accordance with the principles of the Customs Valuation Agreement in the same manner as international transactions, with such modifications as may be required by the circumstances.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, the value of an intermediate material shall be:
  - (a) the total cost incurred with respect to all goods produced by the producer of the good that can be reasonably allocated to that intermediate material; or
  - (b) the sum of all costs that comprise the total cost incurred with respect to that intermediate material that can be reasonably allocated to that intermediate material.

## Article 305: Intermediate Materials Used In Production

- 1. If a non-originating material satisfies the requirements set out in Article 301 in the territory of one or both of the Parties, the resulting good shall be considered as originating and no account shall be taken of the non-originating material contained therein when that good is used in the subsequent production of another good.
- 2. For purposes of determining the origin of a good, a producer of a good may designate any intermediate material as a material to be taken into account as an originating or non-originating material, as the case may be, in determining whether the good satisfies the applicable requirements of the rules of origin.

## **Article 306: Accumulation**

1. For purposes of determining whether a good is an originating good, a good originating in the territory of one or both of the Parties shall be considered as originating in the territory of either of the Parties.