The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

NO. 9 FRONT STREET WEST.

DOBBIE & CARRIE

Keep their

STOCK CONSTANTLY ASSORTED By fresh arrivals of

EUROPEAN.

American and Home Productions.

Orders by mail promptly and carefully filled.

DOBBIE & CARRIE.

Importers of British and Foreign Dry Goods.

M. STAUNTON

Begs re pectally to inform his customers that in consequence of

The Fire, Late

His office in connection with his

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

is at presentlover

Retail Warerooms,

Corner of King and Yonge Streets.

and that he will rebuild the factory without delay.

\$24,328,640 over 1870. The ratio of increase last year was not so large in the case of dry goods as in general merchandise. From the Bulletin, comments on these figures the following is extracted. "The year, as a whole, was signally unfavorable to importers, and very few descriptions of goods have realized a commensurate profit. The importing business has very much changed its character of late years. and there are now existent very few strictly package houses. Most of the importers are only too glad to break cases when necessary to effect sales, and this course has caused the jobbers, in self-defence to meet the competition thus established, to import their own goods. Nearly all the leading importing jobbers of this city, as well as many interior cities, are now duly represented in the British and Continental markets, where they are enabled to buy as cheaply as the regular importers, over whom they have the advantage of being able to gauge the tastes and requirements of the retailers by constant personal intercourse with them. In British staple goods more particularly the importing jobbers have become direct competitors of the importers, and many of the former have made arrangements with manufacturers in Europe to receive regularly alpacas, mohairs and other staple goods with their own trade mark affixed; hence the importers are frequently driven to the auction rooms for the disposal of their stocks and consignments."

-Book of great interest—the note shavers' ledger.

-It is stated that one dollar notes of the old Province of Canada altered to tens are in circulation in a western district of Ontario.

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

SESSIONS, COOPER & SMITH,

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

36, 38 & 40 FRONT STREET WEST.

Toronto, Ontario.

IAS. COOPER.

I. C. SMITH.

Leading Wholesale Trade of Ottawa.

BALANCE OF

d, completing Importations for Special attention is directed to

20.000 LINEN GRAIN BAGS.

3,000 PAIRS SHANTY BLANKETS EXTRA GOOD VALUE.

MAGEE & RUSSELL, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, November, 1872.

MESSRS. SAMSON, KENNEDY & GEM-MEL'S WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

The building occupied by this firm and well represented in a lithograph in another part of this paper, is situated on the corner of Scott & Colborne Streets. It comprises four spacious flats each 50x123 feet and is in every way admirably adapted for the wholesale dry goods trade. The following are the partners in this firm, Messrs. Andrew Gibb Samson, Warring Kennedy and Alexander Gemmel. Although the firm was organized so late as 1869 the gentle-men composing it have all had lengthened experience in the trade, each having filled a responsible post with credit and success. During the short term of four years a business has been built up which gives this establishment a prominent place among the wholesale dry goods houses of Toronto.

MESSRS. THOS. GRIFFITH'S & CO. WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE, TORONTO.

A Lithograph elsewhere represents the fine block of three wholesale warehouses erected for this firm and situated on Front street be-tween Church and Scott streets. Each store is 28 feet wide, five stories high and 180 feet deep.

The front of the block has a fine and substantial appearance, built of white brick and cut stone, supported with wrought iron girders and ornamental cast iron columns. The Mansard roof is covered with different colored slates. On the centre store is formed a tower with large triplet window and flag staff. All the top of the Mansard and the tower is mounted with an ornamental cast iron railing. Brick fire walls run through the roof between each store, also the back of the Mansard roof The roof windows is bricked up to the top. are arched round with brick and every precaulat Hamilton.

THOS. GRIFFITH & CO'Y,

Direct Importers

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Fruits and Spices.

Ports, Sherries, Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks and Moselles.

Hennessy's, Martell's, Pinet's, and Otard Dupuy & Co's Cognac Brandies, in Cases, Octaves, Quarter Casks. and Hogsheads.

Dunnville's (Belfast), Kinahan's and Jamieson's Irish Whiskies-in Quarter Casks, Cases, and Flasks.

Hay's, John & James Stewart's Scotch Whiskey, in Quarter Casks, Cases, and Flasks.

Jamaica, Demerara, and St. Jago Rum.

Booth's, Bernard's, and Barclay's Old Tom Gin, in Quarter Casks and Cases.

De Kuyper's and Houtman's Holland Gin, in Quarter Casks and Cases.

Bass', Younger's, and Tennent's Pale Ale. Guinness' and Blood's Dublin Stout.

Epp's Homeopathic Cocoa. Taylor's Homeopathic,

Maravilla, Soluble Cocoas, and Chocolate. Mott's Cocoa, Chocolates, and Broma.

James & Sons' Dome Black Lead, Starch, and Blues. Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, and Condiments.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Wine and Spirit Merchants.

39 Front Street,

TORONTO, Ont,

tion has been taken to render the premises a first class fire risk.

Each store is furnished with fire-proof vaults, large fine offices and improved hoists and is very well adapted for receiving and shipping goods. The building cost about \$30,000. David Roberts is the architect.

Mr. Griffith after a lengthened experience as a retail grocer in Toronto, commenced an exclusively wholesale business in 1866 on the site of the new building; and by enterprise and uncommon perseverance he has secured a large and growing trade. With the advantages which his now superior facilities give him, it is to be expected that the volume of his annual transactions will be greatly increased.

OIL MATTERS IN PETROLIA.

(From our own Correspondent.)

PETROLIA, Jan. 6, 1873.

The well near Wyoming is a failure. There is nothing new in developments, and in fact all business and everything appertaining to oil is very flat owing more particularly to the absence of operators to their homes for the holidays.

The shipments of oil from Dec. 27 to Jan. 2, 1873, both inclusive are, crude 8,640 brls, refined 782 brls, distillate 1,470 brls. Total shipments from 1st July, 1872 to 1st Jan. 1873:— Crude, 214,541 brls; refined, 6,145 brls; distillate, 35,645 brls.

This is from Petrolia and has nothing to do with London or other places.

-Application will be made to the Dominion Parliament to charter the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, with head office