

apparently believed that it could get on better without a Medical Faculty, and the Faculty evidently felt that they would be in a better position independent of the University. That either the University or the Faculty, or more probably both, made a mistake at this time is evidenced by the after history. A fuller realization of the fact that each was more or less dependent upon the other, and that the prosperity of one meant the prosperity of the other, would probably have prevented a rupture which was not healed for nearly thirty years. A recollection of the events of that period ought to show to both the University and the Medical Faculty that the best way to preserve that harmony between the two, which is so desirable and which so happily existed under the guidance of the late Principal Grant, is for each to show to the other a spirit of toleration and liberality. As a consequence of the rupture or rather dissolution, which took place in 1865, the Faculty had to leave its new home and for several years its classes were held in what is now the House of Industry and afterwards in a building at the foot of Princess street. The members of the first Faculty of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons consisted of: Dr. Horatio Yates, Dean; Dr. Fife Fowler, Secretary; Dr. Litchfield, Dr. Lavell, Dr. Kennedy, Dr. O. Yates, Dr. Bell, Dr. McLean, Dr. Sullivan, Dr. Reeve.

Of these only two remain, Dr. Sullivan, who is still a member of the Faculty, and Dr. Reeve, who is the Dean of the Medical Faculty of Toronto University.

In 1881, when the new Arts building was ready for occupation, the Faculty of the Royal College again held classes in the building originally erected for medical purposes. From this time up to 1892 an agitation was carried on to re-establish the Medical Faculty of the University and to induce the Faculty of the Royal College to become that Faculty. Several conferences were held between representatives of the University and the Royal College, and finally an agreement was arrived at whereby the Royal College agreed to hold its charter in abeyance so far as teaching was concerned and to become the Medical Faculty of Queen's University. By this agreement the Medical Faculty was given the use of the Medical Building