

INSECTS OF THE NORTHERN PARTS OF BRITISH AMERICA.

COMPILED BY REV. C. J. S. BETHUNE, M. A.

From Kirby's Fauna Boreali-Americana : Insecta.

(Continued from Vol. x., p. 139.)

FAMILY ACANTHIADÆ.

389. ARADUS TUBERCULIFER Kirby.—Plate vi., fig. 5. Length of body $3\frac{3}{4}$ lines. A single specimen taken with preceding.

[279.] Body dull black, very flat. Head with the nose prominent and obtuse, and the front armed with a sharp tooth on each side; antennae black with the second joint rufous all but the tip; the last joint white at the tip; prothorax with a short anterior truncated lobe, widest in the middle where the sides form a rounded angle; emarginate posteriorly; edge very minutely serrulate; six longitudinal ridges occupy the disk of the thorax, the two external ones are abbreviated and rather obtuse; scutellum with a reflexed margin, and bearing on its disk a large subhemispherical tubercle; hemelytra reticulated with cinereous, especially the membrane; abdomen with a broad margin, and the last segment bilobed with incurved lobes.

This species appears to be related to *A. depressus* and *elevatus* Fabr., and to *A. quadrilineatus* of Say.

390. ARADUS AFFINIS Kirby.—Length of body $2\frac{1}{2}$ lines. Several taken with preceding.

Extremely similar to *A. tuberculifer*, but much smaller. Antennæ entirely black; prothorax not extended anteriorly, so as to form a lobe; lateral abbreviated ridge more obtuse, resembling a tubercle; margin of the abdomen with a white point at the apex of each segment; anus not lobed.

FAMILY REDUVIADÆ.

[280.] 391. REDUVIOLUS INSCRIPTUS Kirby.—Plate vi., fig. 7.—Length of body 3 lines. A single specimen taken with preceding.

Body of a pale or yellowish white, lineari-oblong, widest posteriorly. Antennae shorter than the body, rufous, three last joints very slender;