

## LINEN ENDS.

MAKERS' ENDS OF TABLE LINENS—A great variety of patterns in lengths of 1½ to 2½ yards. See the little red thread on the selvage that marks a slight imperfection in weave (no holes), but doesn't hurt the wear or appearance.

Prices 1-4 to 1-2 Off Regular. Be Quick

## BAYLEY'S.

### COMMITTEE WILL MAKE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY TOE THE MARK

Must Remove Snow and Ice From Streets or City Will Do It—Macadam Plant Favored.

Unless the Street Railway Company does something within a reasonable time in the way of removing the ice and snow from the streets traversed by its cars, the city will put a force of men to work, and charge the cost to the company.

At the meeting of the board of works last night, at which Ald. Wyatt (chairman), Gerry, Abram and Forsyth, Mayor Beck, Engineer Graydon and Secretary Bell were present, a letter was read from Engineer Graydon stating that he had notified the company, but without avail, to remove the ice and snow to within six inches of the pavement, in accordance with the bylaw. The company had a number of men at work, he said, but the force was small, and at their present rate of speed, providing that a thaw did not set in in the meantime, they would not have the snow and ice cleared away before May. Mr. Graydon recommended that in view of all the circumstances the work be done by the city, and charged to the company, unless the latter shows a strong determination to do so within a reasonable time.

The committee adopted the recommendation, the mayor saying that not more than 24 hours should be allowed the company to start operations. In other cities, he said, the street railways had kept the streets in a proper condition, at an immense expense.

WILL HAVE TAR MACADAM PLANT.

The question of a tar macadam plant for the city came up in connection with a report by Engineer Graydon, as to the probable cost of the same. Mr. Graydon estimated that the cost of a first-class asphalt plant would be from \$5,000 to \$10,000, and he added that the Barber Company might be induced to dispose of its plant at a reasonable figure. The Warren Brothers might also be induced to sell their paving plant.

The committee, however, did not seriously entertain the idea of investing so many thousands in a plant for London, but favored the purchase of a tar macadam plant, the cost of which will not exceed \$150. The idea of securing such a plant will be to lay a light class of pavement in the city for streets where the traffic is not very heavy. The pavement will be similar to that laid in Hamilton, with a cement curb, on the local improvement plan.

THE OPENING OF A STREET.

Mary Ellen Parke, of South London, asked the city to open a street, 50 feet wide, from Ridout street west, between Craig street and the river. The engineer recommended that the petition be granted, provided Mrs. Parke give the city a written undertaking that such a step would not be considered an acceptance, by the city, of the street. The committee, however, was averse to such a step, as the street would be sixteen feet narrower than the majority of others in the city. Ald. Wyatt

also pointing out that the first repairs that were made to the street by the corporation would make the latter responsible for its maintenance for all time. Mr. Alex Purdon, who appeared on behalf of Mrs. Parke, explained to the committee that to make the street 50 feet wide, the same as other streets in the city, would make the lots in the survey so shallow that they would be unsaleable. The engineer desired was to have the plan accepted for the purpose of registration. The matter was deferred to ascertain from the city solicitor if the engineer's recommendation would safeguard the city.

PROTECTION OF CROSSINGS. Action was deferred on the letter of the mayor re the better protection of street railway crossings in the city. There was a general discussion as to what it was understood the Grand Trunk intended to do in the way of raising its roadbed into the city from the west, and the probable effect it would have on the crossings, but no definite notice had been received from the company as to its intentions, and the committee decided to take no action for a week, the engineer in the meantime to ascertain what steps had been taken last year by the board.

A letter was received from City Solicitor Meredith, stating that if the Dundas street sewer, between Adelaide and Wellington streets, had to be rebuilt or extended in order to give the property-owners the full benefit of it, the work could be done at the expense of the persons who were benefiting. Nothing will be done in the way of reconstructing the sewer for two years at least, a petition against the initiation of the work having been sufficient to sign.

ENEMY OF THE BYLAW.

The wide tire bylaw was also laid over for further consideration. Ald. Gerry is still an enemy of the proposed measure, and he told the committee that he wouldn't put a six-inch tire on a wagon to please any man, and he thought any body of men that would order such a step would be "big fools."

The application of C. P. Sellers and Elizabeth O'Reilly, for damages, were filed, the engineer reporting that the city was not liable. Mr. Sellers' horse ran away, injuring itself and the cutter, and Mrs. O'Reilly was injured while walking on the street.

The petition of Wortman & Ward, for a sewer on William street, between King street and the Grand Trunk tracks, was reported sufficiently signed. The work will be proceeded with at the earliest possible date.

Tenders for the year's supplies were referred to the engineer, chairman, and secretary to be tabulated. The contracts will be awarded at a meeting to be held prior to the meeting of the council on Monday.

CORNS CAUSE Intolerable pain. Holman's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it and see what amount of pain is saved.

Only one-third of the world's population use bread as a daily article of food. Nearly one-half of the people of the world subsist chiefly on rice.

## TO BE ONE-THIRD HIGHER

Missionary Allotments in Diocese of Huron Increased.

Resolution of Sympathy With Rev. Canon Smith—General Business.

The executive committee of the synod of the diocese of Huron held its regular quarterly meeting yesterday, concluding last night at 10:30 o'clock. The bishop presided and among those present were: Dean Davis, Archdeacons Richardson, Hill, Williams and Young, Rev. Rural Dean Wright, T. G. A. Wright, Canons Hinks and Craig, R. Gunne, A. G. Dunn, Canon Partridge, Rural Deans McCosh and Robinson, G. B. Sage, Rural Deans Graham and J. W. J. Andrews; Messrs. Charles Jenkins, R. Bayly, J. Hansford, Judge Holt, J. Higginbotham, J. Shiny, E. Paul and D. Noble, H. Macklin, Judge Ermatinger, J. Y. Ormsby, G. R. Harwood, Judge Woods and R. M. McElheran.

The sum of \$50 was granted Rev. Archdeacon Hill moved, seconded by Archdeacon Richardson, that the sympathy of the committee be tendered to Rev. Canon Smith in the bereavement by the death of his wife, and that a committee be appointed to draw up a resolution. The motion was carried by a standing vote.

Mr. R. M. McElheran was appointed member of the board of general mission committee in place of the late Professor Harrison.

It was decided to increase the allotment for the General Missionary Society of last year by one-third for the current year in each deanery.

The standing of Rev. E. N. English in regard to position of the funds was discussed, and it was agreed to reconsider it at the next meeting.

Mr. Franklin as a special grant on account of claims against his late mission.

Rev. E. C. Jennings was granted leave of absence for three months, owing to ill-health.

The mission committee presented a report which was adopted. The following is a synopsis: (1) The bishop having appointed the Rev. H. D. Steele to Samara, no action was taken in regard to separation; (2) St. John's Church, South Sarnia, and the Indian Reserve were constituted a parish, with a grant of \$100 for the Indian service; (3) Point Edward, Perche and Clarke's school house were formed into a separate mission, with an assessment of \$200 and a house; (4) No action was taken with regard to Euphrasia, as there was no report, the commissioners having been snowed out; (5) Claims for increase under the amended canon were granted to the incumbents of Millbank and Forest, no action being taken regarding Eoynton and Dungeness, as no report had been received from the commissioners; (6) No action was taken regarding request from Pelee Island for a commissioner; (7) The bishop was requested to appoint Rev. Jeffrey Hill to the charge of a traveling mission in the vicinity of Dundalk; (8) An application from St. Paul's Church, Mersea, was placed under the operations of the canon, the terms of the trust to be inquired into; (9) No action was taken in regard to an application from Port Stanley, the archdeacon of the district being asked to visit with a view to develop local support; (10) The usual grants to Indian teachers, interpreters, etc., were continued; (11) The grant from the Colonial and Continental Church Society ceasing with the year 1904, future arrangements with regard to the same were left with the archdeacon and rural dean.

WEDDING AT REBECCA.

A very pretty wedding occurred on Tuesday evening, March 15, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Dixon, Maple Bank, Rebecca, Ont., when their youngest daughter, Margaretta Florence, was united in marriage to Dr. Wm. H.

Clark, of Oakville, Man., son of Mr. John Clark, of Crumlin. The bride entered the drawing-room leaning on the arm of her father, while the wedding march was played by Miss Edith M. Wilson, of Crumlin. The bride was becomingly gowned in a dress of cream silk, with chiffon trimmings. She wore a wreath of orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of cream roses. The bridesmaids were Miss Jennie Wilson, cousin of the bride, and Miss Ethelyn Clark, sister of the groom, both of whom wore dresses of white organdie, and carried bouquets of pink carnations. The groom was ably supported by his brother, Leonard J. Clark, of Crumlin. After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Mr. Baker, of Thorndale, the guests, to the number of fifty, partook of the wedding breakfast. The many friends manifested their high esteem for the young couple by the great number of useful and valuable presents. The groom's present to the bride was a gold watch, and to the bridesmaids gold brooches set with emeralds and diamonds. Mr. and Mrs. Clark left at 8:40 a.m. on Wednesday by the C. P. R. for their future home at Oakville, Man., to be joined by them the best wishes of their friends, for their future success and happiness.

A Sudden Stroke Of Paralysis

ONLY RESULTS AFTER MONTHS OR YEARS OF NERVOUS EXHAUSTION—THESE ARE ALWAYS SYMPTOMS TO GIVE TIMELY WARNING.

It is a great mistake to imagine that persons of robust health and good vitality are suddenly seized with paralysis.

All nervous diseases are slow in coming on, and for this reason the victim does not often realize his danger until overtaken by prostration or paralysis.

Loss of interest in life, sleeplessness, irritability, failure of memory, inability to concentrate the mind, muscular weakness, indigestion, headache, twitching of the nerves, feelings of depression and despondency, are among the symptoms which tell of an exhausted nervous system and the approach of paralysis.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food stops the wasting process by which the nerve cells are being destroyed, and by forming new, rich blood and creating new nerve force positively and permanently restores the nervous system.

There is no other way in this world by which nervous exhaustion can be overcome and prostration and paralysis prevented.

Stimulants and narcotics merely hasten collapse. Restorative treatment is necessary.

The process of reconstruction is necessarily gradual, but you can be absolutely certain that every dose of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is doing you lasting good.

It is your duty to study your symptoms and prevent the dreadful results of neglected nervous diseases.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, at all dealers or Edmundson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

NEGROES BOYCOTT DELEGATE.

Snowhill, Md., March 18.—Delegate William G. Kerlin, of Worcester County, who has been pushing the "Jim Crow" bill in the State Legislature, has been boycotted by negroes.

Kerlin boards at a hotel here. When he returned from Annapolis and entered the dining-room he was informed that the colored cook had been told to prepare another meal for him. Hungry and angry, he traveled to Baltimore before obtaining food. His colored laundress also has joined the movement.

Within a mile of Johannesburg building contracts to the amount of over ten millions are being carried out.

## ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

## Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

Perhaps there has never been so adequate a production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" as that which Mr. Martin will offer amusement lovers at the Grand Tomorrow (matinee and night). The scenes, which are large enough to fill the most spacious stage, could not easily be improved. Those representing the Ohio River in winter, the rock passes in which George Harris protects his family, the St. Claire plantation, the levee at New Orleans, the cotton fields in full bloom, and the "Celestial City," are all notable efforts. Frank Lee, the eminent minstrel star, offers an excellent study of Uncle Tom.

SUMMERS STOCK COMPANY.

The Summers Stock Company, headed by George H. Summers and Belle Stevenson, will be at the Grand Opera House all next week, presenting an entirely new repertoire, commencing on Monday night, March 21, when the play will be "The Lights of Gotham." At each performance a number of new vaudeville features will be introduced.

On Monday evening two ladies, or one lady and one gentleman, will be admitted for one admission, if tickets are purchased at the box office before 7 p.m. that evening. Positively no cut rate tickets will be sold after 7 p.m.

At the Grand Opera House last night "The Bohemian Girl," an opera in three acts, was satisfactorily produced by the Wilbur Opera Company. Tonight, "The Two Vagabonds," which is the Wilbur's version of Ermine, in which Francis Wilton was recently seen in London, will be given.

DR. WILKIE'S CASE.

Toronto, March 18.—The Wilkie commission of the Presbyterian Assembly met Wednesday to hear a delegation of friends of Dr. Wilkie, who favored his re-appointment to the Indian mission field. It is understood that Dr. Wilkie's friends who proposed sending him to India have \$4,000. Dr. Wilkie, however, has been received from one person.

## THE NATIVES ARE LOYAL

Sergt.-Major Richmond Speaks of West Africa Protectorate.

Few Whites in the Country as They Cannot Stand the Climate.

Mr. John L. Richmond, manager of the Bell Telephone Company of this city, has as his guest his brother, Mr. Thomas Richmond, of the West Africa Protectorate who is instructor of the native regiment of that country, and speaks interestingly of the region.

Company Sergeant-Major Richmond—for such is the rank he holds—was through the South African campaign with the Scottish Guards, before being sent to the West Africa Protectorate by the war department. When he went out as instructor of the native regiment, he had to learn the language of a couple of the tribes, as the men are recruited from the interior, rather than from the coast. The regiment consists of about 1,000 men, only the officers of which are white. In fact, there are few whites in the country, as they cannot stand the climate, with its malaria and other dangers. The natives, Sergeant-Major Richmond says, are bright, and learn the drills and other things very easily. They are, moreover, good British subjects, especially since the kings of the several tribes were sent to England, to attend the coronation.

The natives of that country subsist chiefly on rice. It is the staple article of cultivation. Other things, such as bananas, pineapples and tropical fruits, grow wild, so that the matter of sustenance does not bother them. The chief exports of the country are rubber, palm oil and cola nuts. There is no industry to speak of, and the chief town of the region, Freetown, the capital of Sierra Leone, has a population of but 30,000, while Wilberforce, the headquarters of the native regiment, is only a village. There is only one white company in the district—artillery. Another regiment of West Indian soldiers are there all the time.

The tribes are great fighters, says Mr. Richmond, being Mohammedans. The Sultans of Sokoto and Kano, in resisting the recent British expedition, were able to put a large army of fighters in the field, as they are Mohammedans, and are men who will stubbornly resist the "unbelievers."

The Sultan of Kano had 20,000 horsemen, but the British were able to rout this old kingdom where for a hundred years or more, cotton has been grown and a finer cloth turned out than in any other country in the world. The British, however, are gradually extending their protectorate in several directions, and annexing country which with its mining and other possibilities, is important. The regiment's chief usefulness has been the quelling of disturbances, especially on the French border, the different tribes being in the habit of raiding each other and causing trouble. Sergt.-Major Richmond will visit his brother several weeks before returning to England, and then going back to West Africa.

WOODMEN ELECT

Retiring Officers Re-Elected at the Hamilton Convention.

Hamilton, Ont., March 18.—The principal business at yesterday morning's session of the Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World was the election of officers. The retiring officers were all re-elected, as follows: C. Hodgins, Lucan, high consul; commander: D. Cinnamon, Lindsay, head; advisory lieutenant: T. H. Luscombe, London, head banker; W. C. Fitzgerald, M. D., Toronto, head physician; R. H. Blackmore, St. Thomas, head escort; J. H. Saunders, London, head watchman; D. N. Wiley, Dresden, sentry.

## WAS IN A CRITICAL CONDITION.

System was Run Down.

FELT DROWSY AND MISERABLE.

## Burdock Blood Bitters

BUILT UP THE SYSTEM AND ADDED TEN POUNDS IN WEIGHT.

Mr. Ed. J. Harris, Newbridge, Ont., was in poor health, but has now been restored to full health and vigor. Here is what he writes: "Last spring was in a very critical condition, my system was all run down. I felt drowsy and miserable, and thought I would surely die if I did not get something to build me up. After reading one of your almanacs I decided to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and before I had taken two bottles I had gained ten pounds in weight, and am now in perfect health, and I can certainly recommend Burdock Blood Bitters to build up the system."

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

In the best Spring medicine on the market to-day. You may need see this Spring, if so, get B.B.B.

J. S. Hoover, Clinton, J. T. Bain, Woodstock, L. H. Taylor, Brantford, head managers. The report of the sub-committee on the acceptance of railway employees was adopted. They will be accepted hereafter under the hazardous risk.

THE NEW MILITIA BILL PRESENTED

Imperial Officers Can Qualify For the G. O. C.

INCREASE IN PAY OF THE MEN

The Permanent Force Raised From 1,000 to 2,000—Senior Officer to Command in War-Time.

Ottawa, March 17.—The new militia bill was introduced in the House today by Sir Frederick Borden. The naval militia bill will be presented by the department of marine and fisheries, this course being agreed to by the colonial defense committee and admiralty. The most important change in the new militia bill is the clause permitting any officers in the empire to qualify for the position of general commander. An omission from the old act is the provision by which an imperial officer of the same rank as a Canadian officer, even though junior of the latter in date of appointment, was given precedence over the Canadian officers. Henceforth, imperial officers coming to Canada will rank with Canadian militia officers according to date of appointment. Still another is removed in the elimination of the clause that gives to the imperial officer in command at Halifax no matter how junior, command of the Canadian forces in times of war. Under the new act, the command will be given to the senior officer, whether he be the imperial officer in command at Halifax or the general officer commanding.

By the new measure regulations enacted in the Dominion will be used in the administration of the militia. The British army act will be utilized in so far as it does not clash with the Canadian law. The permanent force will be increased to 2,000 men, and the pay increased from 40 cents a day to 50 cents a day, as at present, and increase year by year till at the end of three years, a dollar a day will be the pay of a militia man with a good record.

Provision is made for annual drill from 15 to 30 days. At present the practice is 12 days' annual drill, and this is likely to rule for some time, but as circumstances suggest a longer period, the power will be given in the hands of the Government.

A clause regarding cadet corps authorizes the formation of boys over 12 years of age, attending school, in school cadet corps. Boys from 12 to 16 may be formed into a senior cadet corps, who may be attached to the militia under command of the district officer commanding, and shall be trained and drilled under the conditions prescribed.

Power is taken to appoint officers to the rank of brigadier-general temporarily. The rank of major-general may be conferred on colonels who have held high executive positions in the headquarters staff on retirement for distinguished service.

Col. Hughes objected to the clause qualifying Canadian officers for the position of G. O. C., that it severed a little link which he held in high estimation. He admitted that Canada had had G. O. C.'s who were not fit for their position, but, on the whole, they had done more good than would have been accomplished by Canadian officers. At present there was nothing to prevent Canadian officers qualifying by becoming officers in the imperial army like Sir Percy Girouard, for instance, whose qualifications no one would for a moment dispute. The colonel also protested against the militia being called out for service in subduing riots.

The bill was read a first time.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier informed Mr. Monk that the Government of Canada was invited by Premier Sedden, of New Zealand, to join in a resolution to the Imperial Government against the employment of Chinese labor in British South Africa. The Canadian Government replied that it did not consider such a course advisable.

Mr. Kemp was informed that no money is due by the Government to the banks of Canada. There was a loan of \$600,000 for six months at 4½ per cent, and another of \$800,000 for four months at 3½ per cent. Both loans were floated in England.



# Operations Avoided.

Hospitals in our great cities are sad places to visit. Three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls. Why should this be the case? Because they have neglected themselves. Every one of these patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back. All of these things are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb. What a terrifying thought! These poor souls are lying there on those hospital beds awaiting a fearful operation. Do not drag along at home or in your place of employment until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an examination and possible operation. Build up the female system, cure the derangements which have signified themselves by danger signals, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from the hospital. Read the letters here published with the full consent of the writers, and see how they escaped the knife by a faithful reliance on Mrs. Pinkham's advice and the consistent treatment of

## Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTERS:

"I was taken sick very suddenly July 19th with severe cramps, or pain, summoned a doctor and was in bed a week lying on my back all the time. The pain was so bad that I could not get up. I was feeling better but was soon taken sick again with those pains and had another doctor. This one said I had neuralgia pains of the stomach and ovaries. He injected morphine and eased me again, but I remained sore and weak from the pains and continued to flow for one month and three days without stopping for one day.

"The doctors wanted to scrape the womb, saying the lining was inflamed. I had a pain at times in my right ovary and felt weak nearly all the time. Am only twenty years old, never was sick until this sickness in July. Menstrues never lasted more than four days and never an ache or a pain.

"I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon was feeling better. I am now well and strong again. Your medicine has relieved me of the pain in my side and stopped my flowing which the doctors could not do.

"I feel very grateful to you and can recommend your medicine to all suffering women."—LUCILLE A. GAINES, 2348 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

"I suffered with female trouble for over eight years, had womb trouble and painful menstruation. Have been under the care of doctors who said I would have to submit to an operation before I could be cured. I suffered everything.

"One day I picked up a paper and noticed your advertisement and a testimonial from a friend I knew, stating your medicine had cured her so I thought I would try it. I told my husband I would give up all doctors and try your medicine. I began using your medicine just two months ago and cannot say enough on its praise. Menstruation comes freely now without pain.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health, joy and happiness to me. My advice to all suffering women is to try your 'Vegetable Compound.'"—MRS. FRED McNAUGHTON, Box 401, Breckenridge, Minn.

**\$5000 FORFEIT** if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.