

Guelph Mercury

VOL. V. NO. 173.

GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 9, 1872.

PRICE ONE PENNY

Business Cards.

F. STURDY,
House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter
GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER.
Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph. 17-dwly

ROYAL HOTEL LIVERY STABLE.
The subscriber begs to notify the public that he has purchased the above livery from Mr. Geo. W. Jessop, and will continue the business as heretofore. Having made considerable improvements, he will be able at all times to meet the wants of the travelling public. First-class Turnouts ready at the shortest notice.
Guelph, 6th Dec. dtw W. J. WILSON.

O'CONNOR'S BILLIARD HALL.
IN THE
QUEEN'S HOTEL, GUELPH, OPPOSITE THE MARKET.
Re-fitted in the latest fashion. Five latest styles Phelan Tables. do

DOMINION SALOON.
Fresh Oysters in every Style

The table supplied with all the delicacies of the season in a first-class manner. At the bar will be found the choicest Brands of Liquors and Cigars.
DENIS BUNYAN,
Guelph, Nov. 21, 1871. do

SODEN'S PUBLIC CAB.
The subscriber having purchased Mr. D. Coffey's splendid Cab, begs to inform the public that it will be at their service at all times, either by the hour, the day, or any other way, at the most moderate charges. It will attend all the regular trains, also Concerts and Balls, and can be engaged for Marriages or Funerals on the shortest notice. Orders please kindly permitted at Mr. Harvey's Drug Store, Parker's Hotel, and Howar's Western Hotel.
A careful and steady driver always with the Cab. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.
Orders may also be left at the Owner's Grocery Store, Upper Wyndham Street.
Guelph, 19, 1871. dtw R. SODEN.

DUIGAN'S PUBLIC CAB.
The Subscriber begs to inform the people of Guelph that he has purchased a handsome and commodious Cab, which will always be at their service.
He will be at the Railway Stations on the arrival of all trains.
Parties wishing to hire by the hour or otherwise will be charged the most reasonable rates.
As he will make it his study to see to the comfort of all passengers he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.
Orders left at the Express Office, Mr. Hugh Walker's, and at the Post Office will be promptly attended to.
Sept. 4, 1871. do JOHN DUIGAN.

RAYMOND'S SEWING MACHINES
Family Sewing Machine (single thread); Hand Lock Stitch (double thread); No. 1, Foot Power; No. 2, for home work; Furnished with plain tables, half, or Cabinet Cases, as required.

CHARLES RAYMOND,
GUELPH, ONT. dwly
July 12, 1871

PARKER'S HOTEL,
—DIRECTLY—
OPPOSITE THE MARKET, GUELPH

First-class accommodation for travellers. Commodious stabling and an attentive hostler.
The best of Liquors and Cigars at the bar.
Wm. H. PARKER, Proprietor.
Guelph, Feb. 6, 1872. dw

NEW MILLINERY SHOW ROOMS.

MISS ELLIS
begs to inform the public that she has just received a fresh lot of

MILLINERY GOODS
In all the latest styles, and respectfully solicits an early call.
At the door east of the Royal Hotel.
Guelph, Oct. 3, 1871. do

PRIZE DENTISTRY.

DR. ROBERT CAMPBELL,
Licentiate of Dental Surgery.
Established 1841.
Office next door to the "Advertiser" of No. 5, Wyndham St., Guelph.
Residence opposite Mr. Bond's Factory, Quebec Street. Teeth extracted without pain. Refractors, Drs. Clarke, Tuck, McNeill, Herold, McGregor, and Cowan, Guelph; Drs. Buchanan and Phillips, Toronto; Drs. Elliott & Meyers, Dentists, Toronto. dw

W. M. FOSTER, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST, GUELPH.

Office over E. Harvey & Co's Drug Store, Corner of Wyndham and Macdonnell Sts., Guelph.
Nitrous Oxide administered for the extraction of teeth without pain, which is perfectly safe and reliable.
References kindly permitted to Drs. Herold, Clarke, Tuck, McNeill, Keating, Cowan and McGregor, Guelph; W. K. Graham, Dentist, Brampton. dw

ELECTRO AND CARRIAGE-PLATING SHOP.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has purchased the business of the late E. J. Robinson, and that he intends to carry it on in all its branches. Prices, &c., as usual. Small articles plated from 15 cents and upwards. Country orders promptly attended to. He has also moved his

New Machine & Repairing Shop
To the same premises, where all orders in that line will be promptly attended to.
JOHN KIRKHAM, dtw
Guelph, Jan. 10, 1872

THORP'S LIVERY STABLE
STILL IN OPERATION

AT THE OLD STAND
First-class horses and rigs can be had at all hours by applying at the Stable, opposite the Grand Trunk Railway Station.
JAMES A. THORP,
Guelph, April 26th, 1871.

New Advertisements.

HOUSE WANTED.—On or near the Waterloo Road. Address stating particulars, to A. B., Drawer 30, Guelph P.O. 13-12

DOG FOUND.—Came on the premises of the undersigned, Ontario Hotel, about 5 weeks ago, a Coach Dog, with collar and name thereon. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take him away. -d-w-d- THOS. MERRILLAN.

BLACKSMITH WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Good wages and steady employment to a competent man. Apply to James Laing, Blacksmith, Morrison, dtw

TANNERY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.
The subscriber will either sell or rent his Tannery, on Surrey Street, Guelph. Possession given on the 1st of March. Apply to the proprietor, J. B. CLARKE, Proprietor, Guelph, Jan. 9, 1872. dw

FARM FOR SALE.—Being the north-west half of Lot 98, Con. C, Township of Minto, containing 50 acres, from 40 to 45 acres cleared. There are two new falling spring creeks crossing the farm. Situated on the gravel road, three miles from the flourishing village of Harrison. For terms, apply to Alex. McElroy, Harrison, or the subscriber on the premises.
Feb. 5, 1872. dtw MAL. MILLOY.

LOOK HERE.
Owners having horses suffering from Ring Bone, Bone Spavin, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints &c., can have these enlargements effectually removed in a very short space of time and at small expense by applying to JOSEPH HIBSH Union, Hotel, Guelph, Jan. 31st, 1872. dtw

BERKSHIRE BOAR "JOHN A."
The Subscriber begs to notify the breeders of Swine that he has purchased the above Boar, imported from England by Geo. Roach, Geo. of Hamilton, which will serve sows this season. Terms \$4 cash.
Pedigree—John A. was sired by Sampson out of Swindon, by 2nd Duke of Gloucester; dam Snipe L. out of Robert L. by Tim Whiffler.
W. A. BOOKLESS, Royal Hotel, Guelph, Dec. 3, 1871. dtw

CASH FOR WOOL, HIDES, SHEEP-PICKINGS.
The highest market price paid for the above at No. 4, Gordon Street, Day's old block, Guelph.
Plasterer's Hair constantly on hand for sale at D. MOULTON'S, dw
Guelph, Feb. 3, 1872

BAZAAR PRIZES ON EXHIBITION
—AT—
PETRIE'S DRUG STORE.

MONEY, MONEY, MONEY!
To lend, at reasonable rates, on security of real property, in sums to suit borrowers. Apply to G. T. PETRIE, WATT & CUTLER, Guelph, Dec. 27, 1871. 3md

WANTED.—A strong boy to learn Blacksmithing, in all its branches. Apply to WRAY & HIBSH, Hospoler. ftw

BULL FOR SALE.—For sale, a 2 year old thoroughbred Durham Bull. First-class pedigree. Apply to Alex. McPhedran, Lot 15, 4th Con. Nassagaweya. ftw

CEDAR FOR SALE.—A quantity of Cedar, suitable for rails and fence posts can be purchased from George Lush, east half of Lot 31, 5th Concession, Eramosa. Price from \$10 to \$15 per acre. ftw

THOROUGH-BRED BULL FOR SALE.
3 years old, registered pedigree. Was bred by Arthur Hogg, East Guelph Township. Apply to John G. Wright, Lot 7, 2nd Concession, Garafraxa. ftw

DURHAM STOCK FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale three thoroughbred Bull Calves, and one yearling Bull. All the above Stock are registered, and have first-class pedigrees, without star or any other flaw. WM. H. THORP, 31st-wit
Con. S. Div. C, Guelph.

FARM TO LET.—Lots 17 and 20, in Division D, Township of Guelph, and on Town Line, 75 acres, house and outbuildings. For particulars, apply to EDWARD CARTEW, Waterloo Road. Jan. 30, 1872. wt

BULL CALVES FOR SALE.—Three pure bred Short-horned Bull Calves, eight and ten months old, with good registered pedigrees. Four miles and a half from Guelph, the Guelph and Erin Gravel Road.
JOSEPH PARKINSON, Elmbrook Farm, Eramosa P.O. 21-wit

PURE BRED BULLS FOR SALE.
By the Subscriber, two thoroughbred Bulls, one the well-known Bull Broadbent, 2 years old; the other rising two years old; pure bred. Register pedigree complete. A. CAMPBELL, Lot 26, Con. 7, Nassagaweya. ftw

IMPORTANT TO MARKET GARDENERS.
For sale, a House, lot of 2 acres, and suitable buildings. The premises are situated on the north side of the University, and are well watered. The water is pure and soft. The soil is rich and fertile. The house is situated on the corner of the York Road, 1/2 mile from the town. The premises are owned by Mr. William Stanley. Apply to John Stanley, Lot 9, 3rd Con. Eramosa. ftw

FARM AND SAWMILL FOR SALE.
Being West half of Lot 2, in the 15th Con. Township of Peel, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, with good registered pedigree, and is in good order. The sawmill is on Conestoga River, and is in good working order. This is a rare chance, as the present owner is about to retire from business. Terms may be agreed on. Apply to the undersigned, or address to Rowley's Post-office, Guelph, Jan. 24, 1872. JAMES SCROGGIE.

BLACKSMITH SHOP AND LAND TO RENT.
To rent, in the Township of Puslinch, a piece of Land, and Blacksmith Shop, where a good business can be done, and near the Puslinch Post Office. The premises will be rented for from one to five years, as may be agreed upon. For further particulars enquire, by letter, post-paid, to Robert Watson, Puslinch P.O. ftw

EDWARD OSLER, Law, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Notary Public, Land, Loan and Insurance Agent. Office, next door to E. H. Perry's Drug Store, Ferguson Street, "The Standard Life Insurance Company" of Scotland; "The Insulated Risk Fire Insurance Co. of Toronto"; "The Huron and Erie Savings and Loan Society," and "The Ontario Savings and Investment Society." Loans advanced on Farm and Village Property. \$15,000 in private funds to invest on good farm security. No commission charged. ftw

FARM FOR SALE.—Lot 41, Concession 10, Minto, containing 100 acres, about 60 cleared, well fenced, and in a good state of cultivation. There is excellent timber for rail and firewood purposes on the farm, which is situated within 2 1/2 miles of Chilton Station on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, and 7 miles from Harrison on the same line. Good log house and barn, and well watered by a spring. Terms easy. Apply to Wm. McEwan, on the premises, or James McEwan, Builder, Stratford, 21st-wit

MONEY, MONEY.
\$12,000 to Loan on Farm Security or Good Town Property, in sums ranging from \$200 to \$1000, at low rates, and on liberal terms. Also, wanted to purchase, about \$200 worth of Debentures.
THOMPSON & JACKSON, Land, Loan, and General Agents, Guelph, Jan. 25th, 1872. wt-d-w

Guelph Evening Mercury

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 9, 1872

Railway Time Table

G and Trunk Railway
Trains leave Guelph as follows:

WEST
4:22 a.m.; 9:50 a.m.; 6 p.m.; 8:30 p.m.
To London, Goderich, and Detroit. To Berlin, To London, Goderich, and Detroit. To Berlin.

EAST
3:15 a.m.; 7:30 a.m.; 11:04 a.m.; 3:45 p.m.
The 1:55 p.m. and 6:50 p.m. trains are cancelled.

Great Western—Guelph Branch
Guelph South depart at 6:50 a.m., 1:05 p.m. and 4:55 p.m.; also by mixed train every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1:40 p.m.

West Guelph Branch
Guelph North depart at 11:45 a.m., 4:25 p.m., and 9:05 p.m.; also by mixed train every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1:05 p.m.

Trains leave Harrison every morning at 10 a.m., reaching Guelph at 1:05 p.m., and in addition a mixed train every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 9 a.m., reaching Guelph at 1:40 p.m. The train which passes Guelph going north at 11:45 a.m., runs every day to Clifford, arriving there at 3:15 p.m., and a mixed train which passes Guelph every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 1:10 p.m., reaches Clifford at 5:00 p.m.

Town and County News

The proposal is on foot to unite the two Presbyterian congregations in Elora, and build one large and handsome church.

Two Listowel merchants pummeled each other in the streets of that village the other day, to the great amusement of the onlookers.

The nine hours movement has spread to Brantford. A meeting was held the other night, and resolutions adopted in favor of the proposition.

The fifth annual convention of the Canadian Dairyman's Association commenced at Ingersoll on Wednesday. The proceedings are of a most interesting nature and instructive to these manufacturers.

The Galt Reporter says the demand for saw-logs by the various mills in Galt and vicinity, has made timber rise very materially in price. The prices paid, standing on the ground, have ranged from \$6 to \$9 per tree, and if all the cost of cutting and hauling to the mill and then cutting into lumber is added to this, it will be seen that lumber here, during the next season, will range high.

Y. M. C. A.—The regular weekly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association was held in their rooms last (Thursday) evening. The President, Dr. McNeil, in the Chair. After the regular business Mr. Gilbert Maddock gave a recitation, "The Ladies' Dream," and Mr. W. Strong an excellent essay, subject, "Liberty."

The staff of the new morning paper to be started in Toronto is nearly all organized. Mr. Patterson, Assistant Secretary, known as an occasional contributor to the Globe as "Quartz," has resigned his position and assumes the management. Ed. Farrer, of the Telegraph, is on the staff. Messrs. Belford and Kingsmill are joint editors. The prospectus will be out in a few days.

THE SCOTTISH AMERICAN JOURNAL.—This excellent weekly enters upon its fifteenth year and is a welcome visitor to the homes of many thousands of Scotsmen throughout the Dominion. Its independent and fair criticism of American policy as well as its known high character as a family journal should make it acceptable to Canadians generally. Mr. Galbraith, the agent, is at present in town for the purpose of increasing its circulation. He is staying at Parker's House.

PURCHASE OF PROPERTY.—Messrs. McLeod, Wood & Co. have purchased the factory which they now occupy at the Executors of the Smiley Estate, also the property adjoining from Mr. Wm. Bookless, occupied by Mr. G. M. Todd and Mr. C. Shevart. As soon as spring opens they will make important alterations in it, and fix up the portion adjoining the factory so as to enable them to have all their employees together. At present they are unable to do this on account of the small accommodation, and are obliged to do a portion of their work in the old brick building near the gas works. When these improvements and additions are made their Melodeon Factory will be one of the largest and most complete in the Dominion.

CONESTOGA FAIR.—The fat cattle fair held at the above place, like all the preceding ones was very well attended. A large number of cattle were brought out, and with very few exceptions were in splendid condition. Of the 300 head on the ground about one half were sold. In this respect the market was not quite so good as on former occasions, as more cattle were generally sold. The prices appeared too low to suit the farmers, many driving their cattle home in anticipation of better prices at the Easter market. Prices ranged from 3 to 5 cents live weight. All other kinds of business were proportionately brisk during the day.

Centre Riding Reform Convention.

Mr. James Ross, M. P., Receives the Unanimous Nomination.

The Reform Convention for the Centre Riding of Wellington met at Marsville on Thursday the 8th, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent that Riding in the Reform interest in the Dominion Parliament. The Delegates present from the different Municipalities, elected at the Township meetings previously held, were as follows:

Fergus (2)—J. Craig, W. Robertson. Elora (3)—J. Mundell, J. Clark, D. Foot. Nichol (4)—A. Munroe, Jas. Burnett, J. Cowie and I. Modellan.

Parkington (4)—J. Smith, H. Larter, Jno. Burnett and D. Wallace. Eramosa (6)—L. Parkinson, B. Royce, J. A. Armstrong, H. H. Swinford, D. Stewart, H. Dunbar.

Erin (7)—L. Currie, T. Tolton, G. Dixon, W. W. Ball, M. Henshaw, John Fletcher, Jno. McMillan.

East Garafraxa (8)—A. Nicol, M. Cook, J. Gibson.

West Garafraxa (4)—T. Buckland, C. Sargeant, A. Dyce and H. Cull. Orangeville (2)—John Green, S. McKittrick.

All present but T. Modellan, of Nichol. Mr. John Smith, Parkington was appointed Chairman, and Mr. H. H. Swinford Secretary.

After the transaction of some formal business, the Convention proceeded to elect the office bearers of the Centre Riding Reform Association as follows:—President, John Smith (Parkington); 1st vice do, Lazarus Parkinson; 2nd vice do, Alex. Dyce; Recording Secretary and Treasurer, H. H. Swinford; Corresponding Secretary, J. Craig.

It was then moved by Mr. L. Parkinson, seconded by Mr. Thomas Tolton, that James Ross, Esq., be the candidate for this Riding in the Reform interest at the next election for the House of Commons. The resolution was carried unanimously.

An American Opinion on the Geneva Conference.

The New York Tribune of Wednesday, speaking of the excitement about the Alabama claims, says:—

"What the result of all this will be, it is premature to say. Every day of this needless excitement in England makes the matter more difficult. It is not probable that our Government will withdraw its case. After Mr. Gladstone's speech, yesterday, it will be hard for the British Government to abide by the Arbitration. Both sides in Parliament are working so earnestly to get the matter decided that it is not probable that either will give up. We can only assure our excited countrymen that this is a matter which concerns them infinitely more than it does us."

One result of the incident is worth noting, as confirming the view we have taken. We suggest some days ago, that one object of the English clamor might be to influence European public opinion against us, and thus indirectly bear upon the decision of the Arbitrators. If this be so, the attempt has failed. The *Allypne Zeitung* of Augsburg severely criticises the violent tone of the English Press; and the *Neue Freie Presse* of Vienna denounces this pretension of England to make herself at once party and judge in the suit. These are two of the most influential journals of Germany and Austria, and may be taken to represent the intelligent thought of Europe upon this sudden and unexpected obstacle opposed by British susceptibility to international peace and harmony."

Trade Between Canada and the West Indies.

(From the Ottawa Free Press.)

Before Confederation, a commission was sent down to the West India Islands, having for its object the development of trade between those rich tropical regions and the Dominion of Canada. Comparatively little notice has been taken of the results of that effort to open up direct trade between Canada and the West India Islands and South America. The failure has not been by any means a failure, and it gives us no small degree of pleasure to be able to chronicle the fact that commercial men at Barbadoes announce a very considerable increase in the trade of 1871 as compared with that of 1870. It witness, as we see from the following statement, that all imports into the West Indies from Canada show a decided advance, with the exception of flour and bread. The trade in those articles has increased, although not to the same extent as the other articles; bread and biscuits went down in the preceding year. The following figures will tell the tale more strongly than any words of ours:

1870. 1871.

Bills, flour.....96,851 98,879

Bills, meal.....46,639 65,462

Bills, bread.....26,623 24,540

Bills, crackers.....7,606 2,310

Bills, crackers.....15,336 18,704

Punchoncoatsmeal.....4,303 5,322

Bags corn.....21,436 39,905

Packages lard.....21,255 37,186

Bills, pork.....6,134 6,374

Packages beef.....2,956 5,191

NEWSPAPER TRAINING.—We can safely recommend a graduate of a newspaper office for almost any station in life, at least for all such as require a pretty good knowledge of the peculiarities and characteristics of the human family. A man who can preserve the serenity of his temper, the sweetness of a Christian disposition, and an unflinching perseverance amid all the obstacles and difficulties which newspaper publication presents, deserves to be ranked with Job for patience. Baxter for goodness, and the Iron Duke for instance, for nerve, power, and Bays' determination.—*Christian World.*

The following may be of interest to parties in Ontario, who propose emigrating to Manitoba. The Secretary of the United States Treasury has decided that an emigrant from the Eastern Provinces of Canada may pass with his team, vehicle, and household effects through the Northwest States to Manitoba without payment of duty, on giving his personal transportation bond, properly secured, on any route or in any manner he chooses. Circulars to collectors at ports of entry, giving full instructions, are in course of preparation, and will be issued in a few days.

Ontario Legislature.

MR. MACKENZIE'S SPEECH
(Concluded from yesterday.)

Feb. 7.

He then proceeded to deal with the chief sources of expenditure, as shown in the estimate amounting to \$1,910,000. The largest amount required was for our public institutions. Amount expended on Central Prison \$10,925; he asked for a vote of \$200,432 necessary to complete contracts entered into. London Lunatic Asylum expended \$311,003, vote asked for \$36,195. Deaf and Dumb Institute expended \$99,215; vote asked for \$14,350. Brantford Blind Asylum expended \$69,318; vote asked for \$33,387. Toronto Lunatic Asylum expended on capital account \$184,037; vote asked for to complete the buildings \$5,000. Pentanguishin Reformatory expended \$12,081; vote asked for \$1,910. Agricultural College and Farm expended \$17,350; vote asked for \$97,424. The \$17,350 had been expended chiefly upon the purchasing of the land, and \$97,424 was required to complete the contracts entered into, and supply articles needed according to the estimate. For the school of Technology there was expended \$38,529.36, and a further sum was required to complete it of \$11,470.66. The Model School expended \$13,630; vote asked for \$3,318. Government House expended \$105,222; further sum asked for \$1,500. He referred to the estimate for the plan of being obliged to take votes for the continuance of these projects, without being able, in the short time placed at their disposal, to mature a plan for their management. His own impression was that these institutions would have been placed on a better footing had time been taken for deliberation, and thoroughly competent plans been prepared by the late Government, which in several cases were not. The cost of the maintenance of these public institutions—the did not include the central prisons—was threatening to become, before long, a serious tax upon the country. These institutions, however, were necessary, and the unfortunate classes who are inmates must be provided for. The charge on the public so imposed must be considered as requiring a large portion of the revenue for the future. The cost of their maintenance in 1869 was \$146,702; in 1870 it was \$157,947; in 1871 it was \$171,401. And we were obliged this year to take a vote—as we had one new institution—of \$208,921. Before leaving the subject of charitable institutions, he desired to refer to that class which comprised hospitals, houses of industry, and institutions for the indigent poor. We were voting for this purpose an annual sum of \$42,000. He thought the proper way to do so was to form some plan by which aid would be given in a systematic way throughout the province amongst which these institutions were established contributing their share. The Government, during the recess, would endeavour to mature some plan by which they could come to the House and ask it to do justice to the different benevolent institutions throughout the country. With regard to the next item of that Education—it would be observed that the Government had increased the vote over that of last year. He proposed to explain the reasons for that increase. The chief item under the head was an increase of twelve and a half per cent. upon the usual grant for distribution among ordinary schools. The late Government last year asked \$175,000. The present Government asked \$200,000 for the same purpose. The item for High Schools were \$2,000 larger than the vote of last year. For public schools inspection the Government asked a vote of \$26,550, instead of \$22,000, the vote of last year. For colonization roads the Government asked \$79,000. The Government had felt that it was extremely desirable to adopt some plan whereby we could direct a large stream of immigration into the country. We wanted more of the agricultural class. The Government intended to reach this class by means of local societies, and by the distribution of soil much per head. The actual number of immigrants had not as yet been decided, but would be explained on a future occasion. If regard to the expenses of civil Government he did not propose any serious change; but he proposed to have a different system of presenting the expenditure of public money to the public view. He asked a vote of \$200,000 for the present year to enable them to define the western boundary of the Province. The late Government had appointed Hon. Wm. McDougall commissioner to make a report upon this subject. This appointment had been continued by the present Government, and as soon as his report is received, the Government would adopt such other measures as was desirable in the matter. He also asked a small vote for the purpose of defining the Quebec boundary.

They also asked a vote of \$5,000, to offer as a reward for the apprehension of the murderers of Thomas Scott.

The present Government was now proposing to follow up the expression of sympathy recorded by them, both while in Opposition and in the Government, by a direct offer of a reward in order to secure the apprehension of those who were guilty of the outrage. He believed that this would accomplish the desired result, and that the man who had acted in this manner would never again have the honour of shaking hands with Lieut.-Governor Archibald. (Cheers.)

The Government also asked for a vote of \$30,000 to enable them to make the reduction they proposed in the price of school lands on the portion of the common school lands that belonged to Ontario. In conclusion he estimated the revenue for 1872 as follows: Cash balances \$172,935, interest on investments \$296,235, revenue from public lands \$906,517, Municipal Loan Fund \$40,000, tavern licenses \$59,000, casual revenue \$20,000, stamps, education office, Algoma land tax, \$129,000, revenue from Public Institutions \$25,000. Dominion payments: Subsidy \$1,196,872 80, less interest on debt \$291,666 06, \$905,206 14; interest on special funds from do \$149,694 27, marriage licenses from do \$35,000, common school lands \$77,343 70, Municipalities fund \$70,567 70. This made total gross estimated revenue of \$2,796,999 89.

Feb. 8.

The House went into Committee of Supply on the Estimates, Mr. Wood (Victoria) in the chair.

After some discussion Mr. Mackenzie, finding that some of the members had not been supplied with the estimates, moved that the committee rise and ask leave to sit again. Carried.

The committee rose and reported progress.

Mr. Scott moved the House into Committee on his resolution for reducing the price of School Lands, which we have already published.

Mr. Scott traced the history of the Common School Lands, from the time when they were set apart, 1849, for educational purposes, under an Act of Parliament. He then moved the resolutions.

Mr. Blako said that he believed it was for the material interests of both Ontario and Quebec that these reductions should be made. He quite agreed with the opinions expressed last year, by gentlemen on the opposite side, that it might be imprudent to do anything that might affect the award. And so the Government proposed to make the abatements out of the consolidated revenue to the extent to which Ontario itself was interested.

The House discussed the resolutions till the recess, after which the debate was resumed, which continued for some time, after which the five resolutions were carried and reported without amendment.

Mr. McKellar moved the House into Committee of the whole to consider the following resolution:—

"That it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to direct the payment out of the consolidated revenue of the sum of not less than dollars, to the County Inspector of Schools, for every Mechanics' Institute which he may inspect and report upon to the Commissioner of Agriculture."

Mr. McKellar then moved his resolutions giving further encouragement to the draining of swamp and wet lands. He explained the different clauses, after which the House went into Committee, and the resolutions were reported without amendment. The House then adjourned.

Steamship Run into at Liverpool.

FIVE PASSENGERS DROWNED.

The steamship *Colorado*, which sailed for Liverpool on the 7th for New York, when just outside the Mersey, was run into with great violence by the steamship *Arabian*, inward bound, and the *Colorado* received severe damage, and was run ashore to prevent her sinking in deep water with all on board. The *Arabian*, which was comparatively uninjured, rescued all the passengers of the *Colorado* except five in the steerage, who, it is supposed, jumped overboard in the panic which followed the shock of the collision, and were lost. The passengers were brought back to Liverpool, where they will be transferred to another steamer. The *Colorado* grounded off Crosby at the mouth of the Mersey, where she lies full of water.

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

A bill to confer further corporate powers on the Canada Southern Railway Company was before the Railway Committee on Tuesday. The bill asks for power to the company to build branch lines from some point in the township of Eniskillen to some point on the St. Clair River, in the township of Sarnia; from some point in the county of Kent to Chatham; from some point in the county of Elgin to London, and from some point in the county of Norfolk to Woodstock. Each branch was put to the committee separately, and all were carried unanimously except the proposition to build a branch to London. Upon this proposition there was considerable debate.